

1 A Project of the PWG IPPFAX Working Group 2 The IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol 3 ISSUES are highlighted like this. 3 4 **IEEE-ISTO Printer Working Group** 5 Draft Standard 5102.1-D0.9 6 December 31, 2001 7 ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/ifx-spec-09.pdf, .doc, .rtf 8 9 **Abstract** 10 This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived 11 from the requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals]. 12 In summary, IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image Documents between clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a 13 synchronous image transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX 14 15 protocol specified in [RFC2305] and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport. 16 The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol 17 supporting a subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, 18 some restrictions in other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX 19 Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) in all its operations. 20 Most of the new attributes defined in this document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as 21 OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. In addition, IPPFAX/1.0 REQUIRES the support of the 22 IPP Event Notification mechanism [ipp-ntfy] using the 'ippget' Pull Delivery Method [ipp-get-23 method]. 24 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the UIF S 25 Profile as specified in [ifx-uif] which is defined for the 'image/tiff' document format MIME type 26 [image-tiff] and MAY support additional UIF Profiles for the 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiff-fx' 27 [image-tiff-fx] document format MIME types. A Print System MAY be configured to support both 28 the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently, but each protocol requires separate Printer objects 29 with distinct URLs. 30 This document is a draft of an IEEE-ISTO PWG Proposed Standard and is in full conformance with all

provisions of the PWG Process (see: ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/general/pwg-process.pdf). PWG Proposed

- 32 Standards are working documents of the IEEE-ISTO PWG and its working groups. The list of current
- PWG projects and drafts can be obtained at http://www.pwg.org.
- When approved as a PWG standard, this document will be available from:
- 35 ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/standards/pwg5102.1.pdf, .doc, .rtf

- 37 Copyright (C) 2001, IEEE Industry Standards and Technology Organization. All rights reserved.
- 38 This document may be copied and furnished to others, and derivative works that comment on, or otherwise
- 39 explain it or assist in its implementation may be prepared, copied, published and distributed, in whole or in
- 40 part, without restriction of any kind, provided that the above copyright notice, this paragraph and the title of
- 41 the Document as referenced below are included on all such copies and derivative works. However, this
- document itself may not be modified in any way, such as by removing the copyright notice or references to
- 43 the IEEE-ISTO and the Printer Working Group, a program of the IEEE-ISTO.
- 44 Title: The IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol
- 45 The IEEE-ISTO and the Printer Working Group DISCLAIM ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES,
- 46 WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED INCLUDING (WITHOUT LIMITATION) ANY IMPLIED
- 47 WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
- The Printer Working Group, a program of the IEEE-ISTO, reserves the right to make changes to the
- 49 document without further notice. The document may be updated, replaced or made obsolete by other
- documents at any time.
- The IEEE-ISTO takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual property or other rights
- 52 that might be claimed to pertain to the implementation or use of the technology described in this document
- or the extent to which any license under such rights might or might not be available; neither does it represent
- that it has made any effort to identify any such rights.
- The IEEE-ISTO invites any interested party to bring to its attention any copyrights, patents, or patent
- applications, or other proprietary rights which may cover technology that may be required to implement the
- 57 contents of this document. The IEEE-ISTO and its programs shall not be responsible for identifying patents
- for which a license may be required by a document and/or IEEE-ISTO Industry Group Standard or for
- 59 conducting inquiries into the legal validity or scope of those patents that are brought to its attention.
- Inquiries may be submitted to the IEEE-ISTO by e-mail at:
- ieee-isto@ieee.org.
- 62 The Printer Working Group acknowledges that the IEEE-ISTO (acting itself or through its designees) is,
- and shall at all times, be the sole entity that may authorize the use of certification marks, trademarks, or
- other special designations to indicate compliance with these materials.
- 65 Use of this document is wholly voluntary. The existence of this document does not imply that there are no
- other ways to produce, test, measure, purchase, market, or provide other goods and services related to its
- 67 scope.

Table of Contents

69	1 Introduction	
70	1.1 Operations used	
71	1.2 Typical exchange	
72	1.3 Namespace used for attributes	8
73	2 Terminology	8
74	2.1 Conformance Terminology	
75	2.2 Other Terminology	9
76	3 IPPFAX Model	11
77	3.1 Printer Object Relationships	11
78	3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs	
79	3.3 A Print System supporting both IPP and IPPFAX protocols	11
80	4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics	12
81	4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.1.5)	12
82	4.2 version-number parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8)	12
83	4.3 ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword) operation attribute	13
84	5 Get-Printer-Attributes operation semantics	14
85	5.1 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1)	14
86	5.2 uif-profile-requested (type2 keyword) operation attribute	14
87	6 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes	15
88	6.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.1)	17
89	6.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.14)	17
90	6.3 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	17
91	6.4 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.23)	18
92	6.5 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.15)	18
93	6.6 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeMediaType) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.22)	18
94	6.7 uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	19
95	6.8 uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))	
96	6.9 auto-notify (boolean)	21
97	7 Sender Validation of the Receiver's Capabilities	22
98	7.1 Sender Validates the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its basic capabilities	22
99	7.2 Validating the Printer's IPPFAX capabilities using the Validate-Job operation	23
100	8 Identity exchange	
101	8.1 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute	
102	8.2 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute	25
103	8.3 sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute	
104	8.4 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.4.1)	26

105	9 Transmission using the Print-Job or Create-Job/Send-Document operations	26
106	9.1 IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes	
107	9.1.1 ipp-attribute-fidelity operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)	27
108	9.1.2 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)	
109	9.1.3 uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) Job Creation operation attribute	
110	9.2 Job Template Attributes (for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations)	28
111	9.2.1 media (type2 keyword name(MAX)) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11)	31
112	9.2.1.1 media-supported and media-ready Job Template Printer attributes	31
113	9.2.2 printer-resolution (resolution) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12)	31
114	9.2.2.1 printer-resolution-supported Job Template Printer attribute	32
115	9.3 Subscription Template Attributes Conformance Requirements	32
116	9.3.1 notify-pull-method (type2 keyword) Subscription Template attribute [ipp-ntfy]	33
117	9.3.2 Notification Event Conformance Requirements	33
118	9.4 Confirmation using the Document Creation response	34
119	9.5 Sender URI Stamping	
120	9.6 Get-Notifications operation to get Event Notifications	35
121	10 IPPFAX Implementation of other IPP operations	35
122	10.1 Operation Conformance Requirements	36
123	10.2 Cancel-Job operation ([RFC2911] section 3.3.3)	38
124	10.3 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations ([RFC2911] sections 3.3.4 and 3.2.6)	39
125	10.4 Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-ops-set2]	
126	10.5 Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [ipp-set-ops]	39
127	11 Security considerations	40
128	11.1 Privacy	40
129	11.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.2)	
130	11.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.3)	42
131	11.4 Using IPPFAX with TLS	43
132	11.5 Access control.	43
133	11.6 Reduced feature set	44
134	12 Gateways to other systems	44
135	12.1 Off-Ramps	44
136	12.2 On-Ramps	44
137	13 Attribute Syntaxes	44
138	14 Status codes	44
139	14.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.1]	45
140	14.2 document-format-not-supported (0x040A) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.11]	45
141	15 Conformance Requirements	45
142	16 IPPFAX URL Scheme	
143	16.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage	46

144	16.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port	46
145	16.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type	46
146	16.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding	46
147	16.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF	47
148	16.6 IPPFAX URL Examples	47
149	16.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons	48
150	17 IANA Considerations	48
151	18 References	49
152	19 Authors' addresses	52
153	20 Appendix A: Comparison of IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 (Informative)	54
154	21 Appendix B: vCard Example	57
155	22 Appendix C: Generic Directory Schema for an IPPFAX Receiver	58
156	23 Appendix D: Summary of other IPP documents	59
157	24 Appendix E: Description of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology (ISTO)	60
158	25 Appendix F: Description of the IEEE-ISTO PWG	60
159 160	26 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)	60
161	Table of Tables	
162	Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements	15
163	Table 2 - Additional Printer Description attributes conformance requirements	16
164	Table 3 - Document Format MIME Media Types	19
165	Table 4 - UIF Profile keywords	
166	Table 5 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender validates with Get-Printer-Attributes	23
167	Table 6 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes	
168	Table 7 - IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes	
169	Table 8 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes	
170	Table 9 - Subscription Template attributes conformance requirements	
171	Table 10 - Notification Events conformance requirements	
172	Table 11 - Conformance for Printer Operations	
173	Table 12 - Conformance for Job and Subscription Operations	
174	Table 13 - Authentication Requirements	
175	Table 14 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements	
176	Table 15 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements	
177	Table 16 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements	
178	Table 17 - Generic Schema Directory Entries	59
179		

180

1 Introduction

- This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from the
- requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].
- In summary IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between
- clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image
- transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305]
- and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.
- 187 IPPFAX is primarily intended as a method of supporting a synchronous, secure, high quality document
- distribution protocol over the Internet. It therefore discusses paper, pages, scanning and printing, etc. There
- is, however, no requirement that the input documents comes from actual paper nor is there a requirement
- that the output of the process be printed paper. The only conformance requirements are those associated
- with the exchange of data over the network.
- The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a
- subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in
- other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL
- scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) for all operations. Most of the new attributes defined in this
- document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. Only the attributes
- defined in this document that start with the "ippfax-" prefix MUST NOT be used in the IPP Protocol (see
- section 1.3). In addition, IPPFAX/1.0 REQUIRES the support of the IPP Event Notification mechanism
- 199 [ipp-ntfy] using the 'ippget' Pull Delivery Method [ipp-get-method]. See section 20 for a comparison of
- 200 IPP and IPPFAX.
- 201 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the UIF (Universal
- Image Format) S Profile [ifx-uif] which is defined for the 'image/tiff' document format MIME type [image-
- 203 tiff] and MAY support additional UIF Profiles for the 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx]
- 204 document format MIME types. A Print System MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP
- 205 protocols concurrently for a single output device (or multiple output devices), but each protocol requires
- separate Printer objects with distinct URLs. Note It is assumed that the reader is familiar with IPP/1.1
- 207 [RFC2911], [RFC2910], [RFC3196], and [ipp-iig-bis]. See section 23.
- 208 An IPPFAX client is called a Sender. The user of the Sender is called the Sending User. The Sending
- 209 User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to generate the Document
- 210 data by means outside the scope of this standard, indicates the Receiver's network location, and starts
- the exchange.

1.1 Operations used

- For each IPPFAX Job, the Sender sends at least the following operations to the Receiver in the
- 214 following order:

212

225

- Get-Printer-Attributes Sender MUST verify that the Printer object is an (IPPFAX) Receiver
 and SHOULD determine some of the Receiver's basic capabilities, such as UIF profiles
 supported.
- 2. Validate-Job Sender MUST verify that the Receiver can support the Job attributes that the Sender will send in the IPPFAX Job.
- 220 3. Print-Job Sender MUST submit the IPPFAX job with a single document (or MAY send Create-Job & one or more Send-Document operations if the Receiver also supports these operations)
- 4. Get-Notifications The Sender MUST support and MUST use this operation to check for successful job completion unless the Sending User wishes otherwise.

1.2 Typical exchange

- This section lists a typical exchange of information between a Sender and a Receiver using the four operations listed in section 1.1.
- 1. The Sending User determines the network location of the Receiver (value of the "printer-uri" operation attribute) see section 4.1. This document does not specify how the Sending User does this. Possible methods include directory lookup, search engines, business cards, network enumeration protocols such as SLP, etc. See section 22 for the Generic Directory Schema for IPPFAX.
- 233 2. The Sending User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to generate the Document data by means outside the scope of this document, indicates the Receiver's network location and starts the exchange.
- 3. The Sender MUST validate whether or not the Receiver is an IPPFAX-capable Printer and SHOULD determine the basic capabilities of the Receiver, including document format, profiles, and profile extensions see section 7.1.
- 4. The Sender decides on the most appropriate data format depending on the Receiver's basic capabilities. The UIF data formats and profiles are described in detail in the "Universal Image Format (UIF)" specification [ifx-uif].
- 5. The Sender MUST validate whether or not the Receiver will accept all of the attributes of the IPPFAX Job from this Sending User using the Validate-Job operation. See section 7.2. If the Receiver rejects the Validate-Job operation, the Sender can avoid sending the data.

- 245 6. The Sender either (1) scans the Document and converts it into an acceptable data format or (2) generates or forwards the Document representation in an acceptable data format see section 6.6.
- 7. As part of the Validation and Job Creation, the following identities are determined and exchanged: Sender, Sending User, Receiver, and Receiving User – see section 8.
- 8. The Sender transmits the Document data to the Receiver see section 9.
- 9. The Sending User receives a confirmation that the Receiver received the Document data see section 9.4.
- 252 10. In addition the Sender MUST support and the Sending User MAY choose to receive an Event Notification that the Document has been successfully Delivered see sections 9.3 and 9.6
- 254 If the Sender is unable to initiate or complete the exchange then it is assumed that the Sender will perform
- some form of retry. The mechanisms used and the user-visible behavior in this case is an implementer's
- 256 choice and beyond the scope of this document.

1.3 Namespace used for attributes

- 258 Most of the new attributes defined in this document are intended to be used by both the IPP and IPPFAX
- protocols. As such, these attributes have neither the "ipp-" nor the "ippfax-" prefix in their names. The few
- attributes that are intended only for use in the IPPFAX protocol start with the "ippfax-" prefix in order to
- indicate their limited scope of usage. Such attributes (e.g., "ippfax-versions-supported") MUST NOT be
- supported by the IPP Protocol, i.e., MUST NOT be supported by IPP Printer objects.
- On the other hand, unless explicitly specified otherwise, all existing IPP attributes, including future IPP
- extensions, apply to the IPPFAX Protocol as well, including attributes which have an "ipp-" prefix. For
- example, the IPP/1.1 "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.1.2)
- and the IPP/1.1 "ipp-versions-supported" Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.14) are
- also used in the IPPFAX protocol, even though they have the "ipp-" prefix.

2 Terminology

257

263

269

271

270 This section defines the following additional terms that are used throughout this standard.

2.1 Conformance Terminology

- Capitalized terms, such as MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, MAY,
- NEED NOT, and OPTIONAL, have special meaning relating to conformance to this specification. These
- terms are defined in [RFC2911] section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from RFC
- 275 2119 [RFC2119]. In order to help the reader compare and contrast the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, this
- document uses lower case "must", "may" etc., to reproduce IPP Protocol conformance requirements for IPP

- 277 clients and IPP Printer objects as stated in other documents. If such reproduction in this document
- contradicts an IPP document, it is a mistake, and that IPP document prevails.

2.2 Other Terminology

- 280 This standard defines a logical model of an IPPFAX interchange. The following terms are introduced and
- 281 capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning:
- **IPP Protocol** The protocol defined in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910] and any IPP Protocol Extension
- document (see section 18). For the IPP/1.1 Protocol each operation request must use the 'ipp' URL
- 284 scheme.

- 285 **IPPFAX Protocol** The protocol defined in this or a future revision document and any future extension
- document. For the IPPFAX Protocol each operation request MUST use the 'ippfax' URL scheme (see
- section 4.1 and 16). Unless a specific version number is appended to "IPPFAX", such as "IPPFAX/1.0", the
- term IPPFAX applies to all versions.
- 289 **Printer object (or Printer)** A hardware or software entity that accepts protocol operation requests and
- 290 returns protocol responses. A Printer object MAY be: (1) an IPP Printer object or (2) an IPPFAX Printer
- object, DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION (see section 3.3), but MUST NOT be both (since they
- support some different operations and attributes and are really two different kinds of services). A Printer
- object MAY support multiple URLs with different security, authentication, and/or access control (see
- 294 [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8). However, each URL for a Printer object MUST support the
- same operations and attributes with the same values, except as restricted depending on the security,
- authentication, and/or access control implied by the URL.
- Note: For brevity, this document uses the term "Receiver" instead of "IPPFAX Printer object". This
- document uses the term "Printer object" (and "Printer") when the statement is intended to apply to a
- 299 Printer object that MAY support the IPP Protocol or the IPPFAX protocol (but not both).
- 300 **IPP Printer object** A Printer object that supports the IPP Protocol.
- 301 **Receiver** The Printer object that accepts IPPFAX protocol operations and receives the Document sent by
- 302 the Sender.
- 303 **Print System** All of the Printer objects on a single managed host network node. A Print System MAY
- 304 support IPP and IPPFAX protocols concurrently (see section 3.3) for a single output device (or multiple
- output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.
- 306 **client** A hardware and/or software entity that initiates protocol operation requests and accepts responses.
- A client MAY be: (1) an IPP client, (2) an IPPFAX client, or (3) both. However, this document uses the
- 308 term "Sender", instead of "IPPFAX client". This document uses the term "client" when the statement is
- intended to apply to a client that MAY support the IPP Protocol, the IPPFAX protocol, or both protocols.
- 310 **IPP client** A client that uses the IPP Protocol to interact with an IPP Printer object.

- 311 **Sender** A client that uses the IPPFAX Protocol to query a Receiver and transmit a Document to that
- 312 Receiver.
- 313 **Document** The electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that the Sender sends to the
- 314 Receiver.
- 315 **Sending User** The person interacting with the Sender.
- 316 **Receiving User** The intended human recipient of the Document being sent by the Sender to the Receiver.
- 317 **Attribute Coloring** The changing of attributes and/or values returned by a single Printer object in a Get-
- Printer-Attributes response depending on operation attributes supplied in the request, specifically the
- "document-format" (see section 5.1 and [RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1) and "uif-profile-requested" operation
- 320 attributes.
- 321 **Job Creation Operation** The IPP or IPPFAX operations that creates IPP or IPPFAX Jobs, respectively,
- i.e., the Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job operations (see [RFC2911]).
- 323 **IPP Job** A job submitted by an IPP client to an IPP Printer object using the IPP Protocol.
- 324 **IPPFAX Job** A job submitted by a Sender to a Receiver using the IPPFAX Protocol.
- 325 **TIFF** The Tag Image File Format defined by [TIFF] and identified by the 'image/tiff' MIME Media type
- 326 (see [image-tiff]).
- 327 **TIFF-FX** The file format defined in [RFC2301], [tiff-fx], and [tiff-fx-ext1] as extensions to [TIFF]
- 328 commonly known as TIFF-FX and identified by the 'image/tiff-fx' MIME Media type (see [image-tiff-fx]).
- 329 [RFC2301] formally defines minimal, extended and lossless JBIG modes (Profiles S, F, J) for black-and-
- white fax, and base JPEG, lossless JBIG and Mixed Raster Content modes (Profiles C, L, M) for color and
- 331 grayscale fax. These modes or profiles correspond to the content of the applicable ITU-T
- Recommendations (see the References section in [ifx-uif]).
- 333 **UIF Profile (Universal Image Format Profile)** The set of TIFF-FX profiles with higher conformance
- requirements and relaxed constraints for improved quality (see [ifx-uif]).
- 335 **Delivered** The Receiver has either printed the Document and delivered the last sheet to the output bin or
- has forwarded the Document to some other system.
- 337 The terminology defined in [RFC2911], such as attribute, operation, request, response, operation
- attribute. Printer Description attribute, and Job Description attribute is also used in this document with
- the same capitalization conventions and semantics.
- The terminology defined in the IPP "Event Notifications and Subscriptions" specification [ipp-ntfy] and
- 341 "The 'ippget' Delivery Method for Event Notifications" specification [ipp-get-method], such as **Event**
- Notification, Event, Subscription Object, Per-Job Subscription, Per-Printer Subscription, Push
- 343 **Delivery Method**, and **Pull Delivery Method** is also used in this document with the same capitalization
- 344 conventions and semantics.

345 3 IPPFAX Model

347

353

This sub-section defines the IPPFAX Model and its relationship to the IPP Protocol and Model.

3.1 Printer Object Relationships

- A Print System MAY support one or more Printer objects on a single network host. RFC 2911 [RFC2911]
- defines the relationship between Printer objects and output devices to be many to many (see [RFC2301]
- section 2.1). So one Printer object can represent one or more output devices and an output device can be
- 351 represented by one or more Printer objects. The same relationships hold for the IPPFAX Protocol so that
- 352 the relationship between Receivers and output devices is many to many.

3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs

- For a Printer object that has multiple URLs, the multiple URLs MUST only be aliases for the Printer object,
- not connections to different services. In other words, the semantics of operations and attributes accessed by
- 356 the different URLs for a given Printer object MUST differ only in the security, authentication, and/or access
- 357 control depending on the URL used.
- 358 The three parallel "printer-uri-supported" (1setOf uri), "uri-authentication-supported" (1setOf type2
- keyword), and "uri-security-supported" (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attributes (see
- 360 [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and 4.4.3, respectively) MUST contain the URLs, authentication, and
- security, respectively, supported by the Printer object. See also the OPTIONAL "printer-xri-supported"
- 362 (collection) Printer Description attribute [ipp-set-ops], which, if supported, MUST be used to set these three
- parallel attributes using the protocol.
- Note: For a Printer object that supports multiple URLs, neither the IPP/1.1 protocol nor the IPPFAX/1.0
- protocol provides a way for the administrator to Set or Get the values of Printer attributes whose values
- depend on the URL used and/or the authenticated role of the requesting user. So, for example, there is no
- way to set the differing values of the "operations-supported" Printer attribute (see section 6.5) using the IPP
- or IPPFAX protocol. Providing such means is left for future work as a single specification for use by both
- 369 IPP and IPPFAX.

370

3.3 A Print System supporting both IPP and IPPFAX protocols

- 371 From section 3.2, if a Print System supports both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST do so with separate Printer
- objects, not with a single Printer object with IPP and IPPFAX URLs. Each such Printer object MUST
- support either IPP or IPPFAX, but not both. In other words, each URL for a Printer object MUST have the
- same scheme, namely, 'ipp' or 'ippfax', i.e., MUST NOT have some URLs with the 'ipp' scheme and other
- 375 URLs with the 'ippfax' scheme. The reason for this requirement for separate Printer objects for IPP and
- 376 IPPFAX is because a URL and its Printer object is intended to represent a network resource offering a
- particular type of service, not several different types of services.

- Note: it is possible to support IPP and IPPFAX Printer objects with a single piece of code in a Print System
- with conditional branching to handle the differences in conformance requirements between IPP and IPPFAX.
- For example, such conditional branching could depend on the "printer-uri" operation attribute supplied by
- the client in each request to the Print System. See section 20 for a comparison of IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0.

4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics

- This section describes the IPPFAX/1.0 operation attribute semantics that are common to all operations.
- 384 IPPFAX/1.0 does not define any new operations. Instead, IPPFAX/1.0 semantics are provided using
- existing IPP operations [RFC2911], [ipp-ntfy], [ipp-get-method], [ipp-set-ops], etc. with increased
- 386 conformance requirements as specified in this document.

4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.1.5)

- This operation attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. As in IPP/1.1, the client
- 389 MUST supply the "printer-uri" operation attribute in every IPPFAX request (see [RFC2911] section 3.1.5).
- For IPPFAX, the attribute value MUST be a URL using the 'ippfax' scheme (see section 16) specifying the
- 391 Receiver's network location.

382

387

408

- The following is an example value of the target "printer-uri" operation attribute and "printer-uri-supported"
- 393 Printer Description attribute:
- ippfax://www.acme.com/ippfax-printers/printer5
- As in all URLs, the scheme identifies the protocol. For example, if a client supports both the IPP and
- 396 IPPFAX protocols, then the URL scheme in the "printer-uri" operation attribute that the client supplies
- indicates the protocol and determines whether the client intends the Print System to use IPP or IPPFAX
- semantics. Similarly, if a Print System supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, then the URL scheme
- in the target "printer-uri" operation attribute that the client supplies MUST determine the protocol, the
- 400 Printer object, and the semantics that the Print System performs.
- 401 As in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] for each operation, the Receiver NEED NOT validate that the "printer-uri"
- operation attribute is present and that the value supplied by the Sender matches one of the Receiver's
- 403 "printer-uri-supported" Printer Description attribute (see section 6.1). For URI matching rules see section
- 404 16.7. If the Receiver does validate the "printer-uri" operation attribute and the URI value supplied does not
- 405 match any value of the Receiver's "printer-uri-supported" Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST
- 406 reject the request, return the 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code, and return the
- attribute and value in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

4.2 version-number parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8)

- This IPP/1.1 operation parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8) specifies the major and minor version number
- of the IPP Protocol being used as part of the IPPFAX Protocol. As in IPP/1.1, the Sender MUST supply
- 411 this parameter in every request and the Receiver MUST return this parameter in every response.

- For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the value of the IPP "version-number" parameter
- 413 MUST be '1.1' or a higher minor version number. The value is represented as 0x0101 (see [RFC2910])
- where the major version number comes first (so-called "network byte order").
- 415 If the Receiver does not support the supplied IPP major version as part of the IPPFAX protocol, the
- Receiver MUST respond as specified in [RFC2911] section 3.1.8 with the 'server-error-version-not-
- supported' status code. As in IPP/1.1, if the major version number is supported, but the minor version
- number is not, the Receiver SHOULD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the
- operation is not supported), else the Receiver MUST reject the request and returns the 'server-error-
- version-not-supported' status code. In all cases as in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST return the "version-
- number" parameter with the value that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the client
- in the "version-number" parameter in the request.

4.3 ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword) operation attribute

- The value of this operation attribute indicates the version of the IPPFAX Protocol and encoding that the
- Sender is requesting and the Receiver is returning. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in
- every request and the Receiver MUST return this operation attribute in every response. This operation
- 427 attribute MUST be placed in the Operation Attributes Group *immediately* after the operation attributes
- whose order is specified in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911]. The semantics of the "ippfax-version-number" operation
- attribute serves the same purpose for the IPPFAX Protocol as the IPP/1.1 "version-number" parameter
- serves for the IPP Protocol (see [RFC2911] section 3.1.8).
- 431 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the
- 432 'client-error-bad-request' status code, and SHOULD return the 'ippfax-version-number' attribute name
- keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).
- For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the value of the "ippfax-version-number" operation
- attribute MUST be '1.0' keyword value. By including an IPPFAX version number in the client request, it
- allows the Sender to identify which version of IPPFAX the Sender is requesting to be used, i.e., the version
- whose conformance requirements the Sender may be depending upon the Receiver to meet.
- The Receiver MUST indicate the IPPFAX versions supported using the "ippfax-versions-supported" (1setOf
- 439 type2 keyword) Printer Description attribute (see section 6.3).
- As in IPP/1.1, if the Receiver does not support the major version number supplied by the Sender, i.e., the
- major version field of the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute does not match any of the values of
- the Printer's "ippfax-versions-supported" (see section 6.3), the Receiver MUST respond with a status code
- of 'server-error-version-not-supported' along with the closest version number that is supported (see
- 444 [RFC2911] section 13.1.5.4). If the major version number is supported, but the minor version number is
- not, the Receiver SHOULD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the operation
- is not supported), else it rejects the request and returns the 'server-error-version-not-supported' status code.
- In all cases, the Receiver MUST return the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute in the response with
- the value that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the Sender in the request.

- There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a 'server-error-version-not-supported'
- 450 status code from a Receiver, a Sender SHOULD try again with a different version number. A Sender MAY
- also determine the versions supported either from a directory (see section 22) or by querying the Printer
- object's "ipp-versions-supported" (see section 6.2) and "ippfax-versions-supported" attributes (see section
- 453 6.3) to determine which IPP and IPPFAX versions are supported, respectively, as part of IPPFAX.
- The Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST check both the IPP (see section 4.2) and IPPFAX version
- numbers supplied by the Sender in each request, not just the IPPFAX version number.

5 Get-Printer-Attributes operation semantics

- The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as defined in [RFC2911] as extended by
- 458 the semantics defined in this section.

456

459

466

467

5.1 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1)

- This operation attribute identifies the document-format for which the Receiver MUST return the supported
- values of the requested attributes. The semantics of this Get-Printer-Attributes operation attribute is the
- same as for IPP ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5), with the following conformance requirement changes:
- 1. The Sender SHOULD supply the "document-format" operation attribute (IPP client may).
- 2. The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the requested (or defaulted) document format (IPP Printer may).
 - 3. Standard mimeMediaType values are defined in section 6.6.

5.2 uif-profile-requested (type2 keyword) operation attribute

- 468 This operation attribute specifies one UIF Profile (see [ifx-uif]). The Sender SHOULD supply the "uif-
- 469 profile-requested" operation attribute in the Get-Printer-Attributes request if the document-format supplied
- 470 is either 'image/tiff' [image-tiff] or 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx]. The Receiver MUST support this
- 471 operation attribute in a Get-Printer-Attributes operation.
- 472 If the UIF Profile supplied by the Sender is not supported (value not contained in the Receiver's "uif-
- 473 profiles-supported" Printer Description attribute see section 6.7), the Receiver MUST reject the operation
- and return the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code.
- 475 The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the attributes returned as indicated in Table 1 and Table
- 476 2 depending on the value of the "document-format" and "uif-profile-requested" operation attributes supplied
- by the Sender in the Get-Printer-Attributes request.
- 478 If the Sender omits this attribute, the Receiver responds as if the Sender had supplied the UIF S Profile
- 479 (keyword value 'uif-s') that is REQUIRED for all Receivers to support and performs Attribute Coloring for

- 480 that profile. Note: There is no "uif-profile-default" attribute defined for Get-Printer-Attributes (or for Job
- 481 Creation operations).
- 482 Standard keyword values are defined in section 6.7.

6 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes

- This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description attributes
- whose semantics are augmented for IPPFAX.
- 486 Table 1 lists all the IPPFAX conformance requirements for IPP and IPPFAX Printer Description attributes
- 487 whose semantics are defined in this document. The Receiver conformance requirements for Attribute
- 488 Coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the "document-format" and "uif-profile-
- requested" operation attribute values supplied by the client is indicated in the column labeled "Attribute
- 490 Coloring".

483

497

498

499

500

501

- Table 2 lists the other Printer Description attributes defined in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] or IPP Notifications [ipp-
- 492 ntfy] that are not in Table 1. The Printer Description attributes in Table 2 have the same conformance
- requirements as in [RFC2911] and [ipp-ntfy], as shown in Table 2. Any other Printer Description attributes
- defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.
- See section 9.2 for the Receiver conformance requirements for the "xxx-supported", "xxx-default", and
- 496 "xxx-ready" Job Template Printer attributes.

Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP	Receiver	Receiver	Section
	Printer	support	Attribute	
	support		Coloring	
printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.1, 8.4
ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) *	must	MUST**	MUST NOT	6.2
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	MUST**	MUST NOT	6.3
	NOT			
printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.4
operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.5
document-format-supported (1setOf mimeMediaType) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.6
uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	may	MUST	MUST	6.7
uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))	may	MUST	MUST	6.8
auto-notify (boolean)	may	MUST	MUST NOT	6.9

^{*} These IPP/1.1 attributes are defined in [RFC2911], but have enhanced semantics defined in this document.

^{**} A Printer object that supports IPPFAX MUST NOT support IPP as well, but MUST support the "ipp-versions-supported" attribute to indicate the version(s) of IPP that are supported *as part of IPPFAX operations*. A Print System that supports both IPP and IPPFAX MUST support them as separate Printer objects (see section 3.3).

Table 2 - Additional Printer Description attributes conformance requirements

	1		T	ı
Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP	Receiver	Receiver	Spec
	Printer	support	Attribute	
	support		Coloring	
uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-name (name(127))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-location (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-info (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info (uri)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-driver-installer (uri)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-make-and-model (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state (type1 enum)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-message (text(MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-configured (charset)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-supported (1setOf charset)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
naturalLanguage)				
document-format-default (mimeMediaType)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-message-from-operator (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
color-supported (boolean)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-current-time (dateTime)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)	must	MUST	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-media-sheets-supported	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
(rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))				
pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-change-time (integer(1:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]
printer-state-change-date-time (dateTime)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]
F State sumb can mile (auto 1mie)				

506 **6.1 printer**

6.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.1)

- This attribute contains the set of target URIs that the Receiver supports, i.e., the URI values that a client can
- supply as values of the "printer-uri" target operation attribute in requests. As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver
- MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1). However, a single Printer
- object MUST NOT support both 'ipp' and 'ippfax' schemed URIs. Therefore, the schemes MUST all be
- 511 'ipp' or all 'ippfax'. In order for a Print System to support both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST use separate
- 512 Printer objects (see section 3.3).
- If a Print System supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, it is RECOMMENDED that the Print
- 514 System support Printer objects whose target URIs differ only in the scheme. Then a client that queries the
- 515 "printer-uri-supported" attribute of one of the Printer objects with one of these two protocols, can query the
- same Print System with the other protocol just by changing the scheme to see if the other protocol is
- 517 supported (as a separate Printer object).
- The Receiver MUST support the 'ippfax' URL scheme (see section 16) and only the 'ippfax' URL scheme
- 519 for this attribute.

520

530

6.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.14)

- This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPP Protocol that this Receiver supports as part of the
- 522 IPPFAX Protocol (rather than indicating that the Receiver supports the IPP Protocol), including major and
- minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the conformance requirements. The
- Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. The Receiver MUST compare the "version-
- number" parameter (see section 4.2), with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the
- Printer supports the IPP version requested by the Sender as part of the IPPFAX Protocol.
- 527 Standard keyword values are (from [RFC2911]:
- 528 '1.1': The "IPP part" of the IPPFAX operations meets the protocol and encoding conformance
- requirements of IPP version 1.1 as specified in [RFC2911], [RFC2910], and IPP extensions.

531 6.3 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

- This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPPFAX Protocol that this Receiver supports,
- including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the conformance
- requirements. The support of this attribute indicates that this Printer object is a Receiver as opposed to an
- 535 IPP Printer object. The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. An IPP Printer object
- MUST NOT support this attribute, since a Printer object MUST NOT support both IPP and IPPFAX (see
- 537 section 3.3).
- The Receiver MUST compare the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute (see section 4.3) supplied by
- the Sender in each request, with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the Receiver
- supports the IPPFAX version requested by the Sender.

- Since a Printer object MUST NOT support both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, there is no ambiguity with
- requiring a Receiver to support both the "ipp-versions-supported" and "ippfax-versions-supported" Printer
- Description attributes (see sections 6.2 and 6.3). If a Printer object supports the "ipp-versions-supported"
- attribute, but not the "ippfax-versions-supported" attribute, then by definition that Printer object supports
- 545 the IPP Protocol. If a Printer object supports the "ippfax-versions-supported" Printer Description attribute,
- 546 then by definition that Printer object is a Receiver and supports the IPPFAX Protocol and not the IPP
- Protocol. For such a Printer object, the "ipp-versions-supported" attribute indicates the versions of IPP that
- 548 it supports as part of IPPFAX operations, rather than indicating that it supports the IPP Protocol (by itself).
- 549 Standard keyword values are:
- 550 '1.0': Meets the conformance requirements of IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document.
- 551
- Note: As in [RFC2911] these version keyword values violate the syntax for keywords, by starting
- with an ASCII digit, instead of an ASCII lower case letter. However, for consistency with IPP, these
- IPPFAX version keyword values are defined compatibly with the IPP version keyword values.
- 555 6.4 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.23)
- This attribute indicates whether or not the Receiver is currently accepting (IPPFAX) Job Creation requests.
- As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section
- 558 4.4.23).
- See section 10.4 for a discussion of how the Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer administrative operations, if
- implemented, affect the value of this attribute.
- 6.5 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.15)
- This attribute identifies the set of supported operations for this Receiver and contained Job objects. As in
- 563 IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.15).
- The values of this attribute MUST depend on the URL supplied in the "printer-uri" operation attribute and
- the role of the authenticated requesting user. For example, end users are not allowed to use administrative
- operations, so that the Receiver MUST NOT return the administrative operation enums, such as "Disable-
- Printer" enum, to end users. Conversely, administrators are not allowed to submit IPPFAX jobs, so that the
- Receiver MUST NOT return the Print-Job operation enum to operators (see section 10.1). ISSUE 01: For
- the "operations-supported" Printer Description attribute should we remove the "MUST depend on the role
- of the authenticated requesting user" or change to SHOULD or MAY?
- 571 6.6 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeMediaType) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.22)
- 572 This attribute identifies which document formats the Receiver supports. As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST
- support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.22).

581

582

583

- 574 Since most document formats don't give the "blind interchange" guarantee of document presentation fidelity
- 575 for all implementations and configurations, the IPPFAX document formats supported MUST be a subset of
- 576 the IPP document formats supported.
- 577 Standard mimeMediaType values for IPPFAX jobs include:

578 Table 3 - Document Format MIME Media Types

mimeMediaType	Description	Sender support	Receiver support
image/tiff [image-tiff]	TIFF format [TIFF]	MUST	MUST
image/tiff-fx [image-tiff-fx]	TIFF-FX format [tiff-fx], [tiff-fx-ext1]	MAY	MAY
application/octet-stream	auto-sensing ([RFC2911] section	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
	4.1.9.1)		
any other MIME types	such as 'application/pdf'** (see	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
	[IANA-MT])		

** Note: The recent ANSI and ISO PDF/X-1:1999, PDF/X:2001, and PDF/X-1a formats and under development PDF/X-2 and PDF/X-3 formats which are specializations of 'application/pdf' MIME type do not have registered MIME types, though some of these have the same "blind interchange" guarantee of document presentation fidelity as 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiff-fx' MIME types.

6.7 uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

- This attribute identifies which black/white, grayscale, and color UIF Profiles the Receiver supports. A
- Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.
- This attribute does not apply to additional document formats and profiles besides the UIF Profiles of the
- 587 'image/tiff' [image-tiff] and 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx] document formats. Therefore, this attribute
- MUST NOT be returned if the "document-format" operation attribute supplied by the Sender in the Get-
- Printer-Attributes request does not support UIF Profiles.
- 590 See [ifx-uif] Appendix A for the definition of each of these UIF Profiles and the inter-dependency
- 591 requirements for UIF Profile support. The values of this attribute MUST conform to the inter-dependency
- requirements in [ifx-uif] for UIF Profile support (for example, UIF Profile S MUST be supported and UIF
- Profile C MUST be supported if UIF Profile L is supported, so the 'uif-s' keyword MUST always be present
- and the 'uif-c' keyword MUST be present if the 'uif-l' keyword is present).
- 595 Standard keyword values are shown in Table 4 along with the IANA registered MIME Media Type and File
- 596 Name Extension Suffix:

599

Table 4 - UIF Profile keywords

Keyword	MIME Type	File name suffix	Description (see [ifx-uif])	Sender support	Receiver support
uif-s	image/tiff	.tif	UIF Profile S	MUST	MUST
uif-f	image/tiff	.tif	UIF Profile F	MAY	MAY, MUST if uif-j supported
uif-j	image/tiff-fx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile J	MAY	MAY
uif-c	image/tiff-fx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile C	MAY	MAY, MUST if uif-1 or uif-m supported
uif-cg	image/tiff-fx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile C with gray-scale subset	MAY	MAY, MUST if uif-lg or uif-m supported
uif-l	image/tiff-fx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile L	MAY	MAY, MUST if uif-m supported
uif-lg	image/tiff-fx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile L with gray-scale subset	MAY	MAY, MUST if uif-m supported
uif-m	image/tiff-fx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile M	MAY	MAY

* See [image-tiff-fx]

6.8 uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))

- This attribute contains a CONNEG capability string expression as defined in [ifx-uif] Appendix A for UIF Profiles. A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.
- This attribute does not apply to additional document formats and profiles besides the UIF Profiles of the
- 'image/tiff' [image-tiff] and 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx] document formats. Therefore, this attribute
- MUST NOT be returned if the "document-format" operation attribute supplied by the Sender in the Get-
- Printer-Attributes request does not support UIF Profiles.
- Each value MUST end with explicit White Space where CONNEG allows White Space to occur. However,
- there is no need to break a CONNEG expression into more than one value if it all fits into 1023 octets of a
- single text value (MAX = 1023).
- The values taken together MUST conform to the minimum value in [ifx-uif], plus any additional capabilities
- that the Receiver supports. Thus a Sender can determine additional capabilities above the minimum for the
- 611 UIF Profiles that the Receiver supports (see section 6.7).
- 612 ISSUE 02: Can we simplify "uif-profile-capabilities" (1setOf text(MAX)) by making it single-valued,
- especially now that UIF provides some short hand equivalents for common CONNEG capabilities? UIF
- 614 CONNEG capabilities above the minimum should now fit in 1023 ASCII octets.

615 **6.9 auto-notify (boolean)**

- This attribute indicates whether or not the Receiver automatically notifies the Receiving User when the
- 617 IPPFAX Job completes in some IMPLEMENTATION DEFINED manner. A Receiver MUST support this
- attribute with at least the 'false' value. ISSUE 03: OK that the Receiver MUST support "auto-notify" with
- at least the 'false' value, so that all new attributes defined by this document are REQUIRED?
- 620 Examples of the IMPLEMENTATION DEFINED Receiver notification include:
- 1. Each Printer URL is configured for a Receiving User or a Group of Receiving Users and has a configured Per-Printer Subscription object or equivalent that is subscribed to 'job-completed' events and uses a supported Event Notification Delivery Method to deliver the notification to the configured user or a designated individual for the Group, respectively.
- 2. Each Printer object has a pre-allocated Per-Printer Subscription Object that is subscribed to 'job-completed' events and that an operator application uses to examine Job attributes, such as the "job-printer-uri" Job Description attribute and/or any fields in the Job's "receiving-user-vcard" operation/Job Description attribute and automatically notifies the Receiving User by email, telephone, or pager.
- 3. An operator/secretary launches an application that creates a Per-Printer Subscription object that notifies the operator/secretary by some supported Delivery Method (e.g., ippget, indp, or mailto).
- 4. That application (see #3 above) could examine Job attributes, such as the "job-printer-uri" Job
 Description attribute and/or any fields in the Job's "receiving-user-vcard" operation/Job Description
 attribute (see section 8.2) supplied by the Sender and automatically notify the Receiving User by
 email, telephone, or pager.
- 5. That application (see #3 above) could access a central data base or directory for the Receiving User as indicated in the "receiving-user-vcard" attribute (see section 8.2) supplied by the Sender and use the method indicated in the data base.
- 6. A person sits next to the Receiver and reads the start page and delivers the documents to the Receiving User.
- If the Receiver returns the 'true' value, then the Receiver MUST notify the Receiving User by any means
- when an IPPFAX Job completes and the Sender SHOULD NOT also notify the Receiving User, thereby
- causing annoying duplicate notifications to the Receiving User.
- If the Receiver returns the 'false' value, then the Receiver MUST NOT automatically notify recipients when
- 645 IPPFAX Jobs complete. Then the Sender knows that that it has the responsibility for notifying the
- Receiving User in some manner, such as:
- 1. by sending an email message to the Receiving User (before or after the IPPFAX job completes, depending on the wishes of the Sending User)

654

649	2.	if the Receiver supports an appropriate Push Event Notification delivery method, such as 'mailto'
650		[ipp-mailto-method] or 'indp' [ipp-indp-method], use IPP Event Notification as part of the Job
651		Creation operation (see section 9.3) supplying the "notify-recipient-uri" (uri) attribute with the value
652		of the Receiving User.

3. indicating to the Sending User to notify the Receiving User by some means, such as a telephone call.

7 Sender Validation of the Receiver's Capabilities

- This section describes how a Sender MUST first validate the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its
- basic capabilities (section 7.1) and then validate the IPPFAX Job (section 7.2).

7.1 Sender Validates the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its basic capabilities

- The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is a valid Receiver using the Get-Printer-Attributes
- operation as indicated in Table 5. The Sender SHOULD determine the Receiver's basic capabilities before
- generating the document data in order to ensure the best rendering the document as intended by the Sender
- before submitting an IPPFAX job as indicated in Table 5. The Sender MUST NOT rely solely on the
- 662 IPPFAX Validate-Job operation followed by the IPPFAX Job Creation operation, since an IPP/1.1 (or
- 663 IPP/1.0) Printer MAY accept both IPPFAX operations (but not perform IPPFAX semantics).
- If the Sender requests these attributes using Get-Printer-Attributes and some of them are not returned, then
- the Sender MUST query the Sending User to inform that person that the Printer does not accept IPPFAX
- Jobs, so that the Sender has the opportunity to choose to abandon the exchange or to try an IPP URL (see
- section 6.1) and then query the Sending User if it OK to use the IPP Protocol.
- The order of presentation in Table 5 is the likely order that a Sender would check the values, though the
- Sender can request all of the attributes in a single Get-Printer-Attributes operation (and the Receiver MAY
- return them in any order as specified in [RFC2911]).

Table 5 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender validates with Get-Printer-Attributes

Attribute	Ref.	Sender action			
operation attributes:					
printer-uri	4.1	Sender MUST validate whether or not the Get-Printer-Attributes operation with a "printer-uri" target URL using the 'ippfax' scheme locates a valid Receiver destination.			
Printer Description attributes:					
ippfax-versions- supported	6.3	Sender MUST check whether the Printer supports the IPPFAX Protocol on the target URL by checking whether or not the Printer supports this attribute, i.e., validate that the Printer is a Receiver.			
operations-supported	6.5	If the Sender is going to use any operations that are OPTIONAL for a Receiver to support (such as Create-Job, Send-Document), the Sende SHOULD validate that the Receiver supports such operations (though the Printer will return an error if the client attempts to use an operation that the Printer doesn't support.			
document-format- supported	6.6	Sender SHOULD** check which document formats the Receiver supports.			
uif-profiles-supported	6.7	Sender SHOULD** check which UIF Profiles of the 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiff-fx' document formats the Receiver supports, if the Sender uses any UIF profiles other than 'uif-s'.			
uif-profile-capabilities	6.8	Sender MUST check which OPTIONAL capabilities of each UIF Profile the Receiver supports if the Sender uses any feature that is OPTIONAL for a UIF Profile. The Sender MUST make this check, since profile capabilities are represented as CONNEG expressions (see [ifs-uif]) which the Validate-Job operation cannot check.			
auto-notify	6.9	Sender MUST check whether or not the Receiver automatically notifies the intended Receiving User when the IPPFAX Job completes, if the Sender would otherwise notify the Receiving User in some way.			
Job Template Printer attributes:					
media-supported	9.2.1.1	Sender SHOULD** check which media is supported, if the Sender specifies a particular media.			
media-ready	9.2.1.1				
printer-resolutions- supported	9.2.2.1	Sender SHOULD** check which resolutions are supported, so that it can use the highest resolution supported by the Receiver.			

^{**} SHOULD** indicates that the Sender SHOULD check, but that if the Sender doesn't, then the Validate-Job operation will catch any unsupported attributes or values and reject the operation.

7.2 Validating the Printer's IPPFAX capabilities using the Validate-Job operation

- After validating that the Printer is a Receiver (section 7.1), the Sender MUST validate the job attributes
- using the Validate-Job operation (that doesn't include any Document data) before sending the IPPFAX Job
- with the same attributes using an IPPFAX Job Creation operation that includes the Document data. The
- 678 Sender MUST supply all the same operation and Job Template attributes in the Validate-Job request as it
- will supply in the subsequent Job Creation request (see section 9).
- The Sender MUST supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute with a 'true' value (see [RFC2911]
- section 3.2.1.1 and 15.1) in both the Validate-Job and the Job Creation operations. Then the Receiver will
- reject the request if any of the Job Template attributes and values are not supported, thereby ensuring that
- the document is printed as intended. If the Validate-Job is rejected because of the lack of support of one or
- more Job Template attributes, the Sender MUST query the user in order to proceed without these attributes.
- If the Validate-Job fails for more serious reasons, such as 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs ([RFC2911]
- section 13.1.5.7), the Sender MUST inform the Sending User so that person has the opportunity to choose
- to abandon the exchange or to try an IPP URL (see section 6.1) and then query the Sending User if it is OK
- to use the IPP Protocol. The main IPPFAX features that MAY be missing in the IPP Protocol are:
- Guaranteed exchange: Since IPP does not mandate any data formats it is possible that the Sender MAY not be able to discover a common data format that both it and the printer support.
 - Identity exchange (section 8): IPP need not provide the definitive identity exchange that IPPFAX does. In many cases this is acceptable.

8 Identity exchange

691

692

693

697

698

699

700

- This section defines the attributes that the Sender and the Receiver use to identify each to the other and to
- 695 identify the Sending User and the Receiver User. Table 6 lists these attributes and shows the Sender and
- 696 Receiver conformance requirements.

Table 6 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes

Attribute	Sender supplies	Receiver supports
sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	MAY *	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	SHOULD *	MUST
sender-uri (uri)	MUST *	MUST
printer-uri-supported	MUST **	MUST

^{*} Sender supplies in a Validate-Job and Job Creation operations.

8.1 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute

- 701 This operation attribute identifies the Sending User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] format.
- The Sender MAY send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation operation. The Receiver MUST
- support this Job Creation and Validate-Job operation attribute according to the vCard v3.0 specification and
- 704 MUST populate the job's corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX

^{**} Sender supplies in a Get-Printer-Attributes request.

- 705 (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case
- it MUST still accept the Job Creation request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-
- attributes' status code (see [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its
- 708 ignored values in the Unsupported Attributes Group.
- For a sample vCard see section 20. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
- value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.
- The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job. As
- in IPP/1.1, whether or not the Receiver prints a separate job start sheet depends on the "job-sheets" Job
- 713 Template attribute, if supported. The Sender can request the Receiver to print a separate start sheet if the
- Receiver's "job-sheets-supported" Printer attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.3) contains a value other
- than 'none'. The Sender can suppress the Receiver's separate start sheet if the Receiver's "job-sheets-
- supported" Printer attribute contains the 'none' value. If the Sender omits the "job-sheets" Job Template
- attribute, the Receiver's "job-sheets-default" value will be used.

8.2 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute

- 719 This operation attribute identifies the intended Receiving User in MIME vCard format[RFC2426,
- 720 RFC2425]. The Sender SHOULD send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation or Validate-Job
- operation. The Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute and MUST populate the job's
- 722 corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text.
- However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case it MUST still accept
- the Job Creation request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see
- 725 [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored values in the Unsupported
- 726 Attributes Group.

718

731

- For a sample vCard see section 20. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
- value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.
- The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.
- 730 See discussion under section 8.1.

8.3 sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute

- 732 This operation attribute identifies the Sender in a similar manner to the way a Sending Station ID is used in a
- 733 GSTN fax device. The value of this identity is not specified in this document but MUST uniquely identify
- the Sender device and be traceable to the Sender. The manufacturer of the Sender MUST ensure that the
- customer configures the Sender with a value for this attribute that is a syntactically valid URI before first
- attempt to send an IPPFAX Job.
- 737 The Sender MUST send this operation attribute with the configured value in an IPPFAX Job Creation
- operation. The Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute and MUST populate the job's
- 739 corresponding Job Description attribute.

- 740 The Receiver MUST use its value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of
- the same name. This value is only a comment (since it can be spoofed) and is used for logging purposes and
- has nothing to do with authentication (for which see section 11). This attribute is more akin to an email
- 743 'Reply-To' field.

744 8.4 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.4.1)

- 745 This IPP/1.1 Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1) identifies the Receiving device, so
- that no new IPPFAX Printer Description attribute is needed. See section 6.1 for additional IPPFAX
- semantics for this attribute. The Sender MUST query this attribute using the Get-Printer-Attributes
- operation as specified in section 7.1 while supplying a target "printer-uri" operation attribute with the
- 749 'ippfax' scheme.

9 Transmission using the Print-Job or Create-Job/Send-Document operations

- 751 The Sender and Receiver MUST support creating IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job operation and MAY
- support creating IPPFAX Jobs using Create-Job and Send-Document, as well. The Sender and Receiver
- 753 MUST NOT support print by reference, i.e., MUST NOT support the Print-URI and Send-URI operations,
- since they do not provide the same security and assurance of accessibility as pushing the document data
- 755 does.

750

756 9.1 IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes

- 757 Table 7 lists the operation attributes for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations for Senders, IPP/1.1
- Printers, and Receivers. Differences in Sender conformance from IPP/1.1 clients are indicated with
- footnotes. Any other IPP operation attributes defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

762

763

764

770

771

772

Table 7 - IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes

Operation attribute	Section	Sender supplies	IPP/1.1 Printer supports	Receiver supports
attributes-charset (charset)		MUST	must	MUST
attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)		MUST	must	MUST
printer-uri (uri) *	4.1	MUST	must	MUST
requesting-user-name (name(MAX)) *		SHOULD	must	MUST
job-name (name(MAX))		MAY	must	MUST
ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean) *	9.1.1	MUST with 'true' value ¹	must	MUST
document-name (name(MAX)) *		MAY	must	MUST
compression (type3 keyword) *		MAY	must	MUST
document-format (mimeMediaType) *	9.1.2	MUST ²	must	MUST
document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) *		MAY	may	MAY
job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
sending-user-vcard (1setOf text(MAX))	8.1	MAY	may	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	8.2	SHOULD	may	MUST
sender-uri (name(MAX))	8.3	MUST	may	MUST
uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) *	9.1.3	MUST	may	MUST

^{*} As in IPP/1.1, these attributes are NOT Job Description attributes, only Operation attributes for Job Creation and Validate-Job operations.

9.1.1 ipp-attribute-fidelity operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)

In IPP/1.1, this operation attribute indicates whether or not the client requires the Printer to support all Job
Template attributes and values supplied. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the ValidateJob and Job Creation operations and the value MUST be 'true'. A Receiver MUST validate and support
this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client to supply this operation
attribute and allows the client to supply the 'false' value.

If the Sender does not supply this attribute or supplies the 'false' value, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the 'client-error-bad-request' status code, and SHOULD return the 'ipp-attribute-fidelity' attribute name keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

¹ [RFC2911] does not require the client to supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and allows the client to supply either the 'true' or 'false' value.

² The [RFC2911] does not require the IPP client to supply the "document-format" operation attribute.

9.1.2 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)

- 774 This operation attribute identifies the MIME Media Type of the document that the Sender is sending. The
- 775 Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations. A Receiver
- 776 MUST validate and support this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client
- 777 to supply this operation attribute.
- 1778 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the
- 'client-error-bad-request' status code, and SHOULD return the 'document-format' attribute name keyword
- 780 in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).
- 781 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receive does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver's
- 782 "document-format-supported" Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation and
- return the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code (IPP conformance).
- 784 Standard mimeMediaType values are defined in section 6.6.

9.1.3 uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) Job Creation operation attribute

- 786 This attribute identifies the UIF Profiles of the document that the Sender is sending. The Sender SHOULD
- supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations as a hint to the Receiver as to
- what the UIF Profiles are when the document format is 'image/tiff' [image-tiff] or 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-
- 789 fx]. A Receiver MUST validate and support this operation attribute.
- 790 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receive does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver's "uif-
- 791 profiles-supported" Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation and return the
- 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code (IPP conformance extended to UIF profiles see
- 793 section 14.2).

785

- 794 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST accept the job anyway and validate as soon
- as possible that the Receiver can successfully render the document data. If possible, it is RECOMMENDED
- that such validation happen by examining the first part of the data before returning the Job Creation
- 797 response. Note: there is no "uif-profiles-default" attribute defined.
- 798 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver determines later is incorrect when processing the document
- data, the document data takes precedence. Only if the Receiver does not support the discovered profile,
- 800 MUST the Receiver abort the job.
- 801 Standard keyword values are defined in section 6.7.

9.2 Job Template Attributes (for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations)

- Table 8 lists all of the Job Template attributes defined in other IPP documents for use in Validate-Job and
- Job Creation operations and shows their conformance for IPPFAX Jobs. As in [RFC2911], the term "Job
- 805 Template attribute" is actually up to four attributes: the "xxx" Job attribute, and the "xxx-default", "xxx-

- supported", and possibly the "xxx-ready" Printer attributes. Any other IPP Job Template attributes defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.
- As in IPP/1.1, if a Receiver supports the "xxx" Job Template attribute, then it MUST support the
- corresponding "xxx-default" (if defined) and "xxx-supported" Printer attributes as well, and MAY support
- 810 the "xxx-ready" attribute (if defined).
- In Table 8, if the "Sender supply" and "Receiver support" columns contain an explicit single value, the
- Sender MAY send and the Receiver MAY support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job, but
- MUST support only the indicated value. Note: Each such single value has been selected as the value for the
- attribute that would correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all. If these
- attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job with any other value, the Receiver MUST reject the Job Creation
- operation (since the value isn't supported and "ipp-attribute-fidelity" MUST be 'true'). If the Receiver
- 817 supports this attribute, the Receiver MUST return only the indicated value in the Get-Printer-Attributes
- response for the corresponding "xxx-supported", "xxx-default" Printer attributes. Note: These are attributes
- which might degrade the appearance of the document or provide a significantly non-FAX feature if the non-
- default value were supplied and supported, such as "number-up" = 2 or "job-priority" = 100, respectively.
- In Table 8, if the "Sender supply" and "Receiver support" columns contain "MUST NOT", the Sender
- MUST NOT supply and the Receiver MUST NOT support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job.
- 823 If these attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job, the Receiver MUST reject the Job Creation operation
- 824 (since the attribute isn't supported and "ipp-attribute-fidelity" MUST be 'true'). When querying the
- Receiver with the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, the corresponding "xxx-default" and "xxx-supported"
- 826 MUST NOT be returned. Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document
- or provide a significantly non-FAX feature and do not have an obvious value which corresponds to the
- behavior when the attribute is not supported at all, such as media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword |
- name(MAX)) or output-bin (type2 keyword | name(MAX)).
- 830 In Table 8, the "Receiver Attribute Coloring" column indicates the Receiver conformance requirements for
- Attribute Coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the "document-format" and "uif-
- profile-requested" operation attribute values supplied by the Sender. The 'n/a' value indicates not
- applicable, since the attribute either MUST NOT be supported or MUST have only the indicated single
- value.

Table 8 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
copies (integer(1:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
cover-back (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
cover-front (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
document-overrides (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-coll]
finishings (1setOf type2 enum)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
finishings-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference	
force-front-side (1setOf integer(1:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]	
imposition-template (type2 keyword name(MAX))	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]	
insert-sheet (1setOf collection)	'insert-	'insert-	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]	
	count' = 0	count' = 0	3.5.55		
job-account-id (name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]	
job-accounting-sheets (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]	
job-accounting-user-id (name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]	
job-error-sheet (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]	
job-hold-until (type3 keyword name(MAX))	'no-hold'	'no-hold'	n/a	[RFC2911]	
job-message-to-operator (text(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]	
job-priority (integer(1:100)	50	50	n/a	[RFC2911]	
job-sheet-message (text(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]	
job-sheets (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]	
job-sheets-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]	
media (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST (see	MUST (see	MAY	[RFC2911]	
	section	section			
1' 1 / 11 / '	9.2.1) MAY	9.2.1) MAY	MAY	[inn mad maint]	
media-col (collection)				[ipp-prod-print]	
media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]	
name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[DEC2011]	
multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)				[RFC2911]	
number-up (integer(1:MAX)	1	1	n/a	[RFC2911]	
orientation-requested (type2 enum)	'portrait'	'portrait'	n/a	[RFC2911]	
output-bin (type2 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-output-bin]	
page-delivery (type2 keyword)	'system- specified'	'system- specified'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]	
page-order-received (type2 keyword)	'1-to-n-	'1-to-n-	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]	
11 (1 (0) 11 (1)	order'	order'	MAN	Ft	
page-overrides (1setOf collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-coll]	
page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger(1:MAX))	1:MAX	1:MAX	n/a	[RFC2911]	
pages-per-subset (1setOf integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]	
presentation-direction-number-up (type2 keyword)	'toright- tobottom'	'toright- tobottom'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]	
print-quality (type2 enum)			n/a	[RFC2911]	
printer-resolution (resolution)			MUST	[RFC2911]	
	section 9.2.2)	section 9.2.2)			
separator-sheets (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]	
sheet-collate (type2 keyword)			n/a	[ipp-job-prog]	
sides (type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]	
x-image-position (type2 keyword)	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]	
x-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]	
11 111116 Sillit (11110 Sci (11111 1111 1111))	1 -			crr r . " rl	

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
x-side1-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side2-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-position (type2 keyword)	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side1-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side2-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]

^{*} If a single value is indicated, then a Receiver MAY support the indicated Job Template attribute, but
MUST support only the indicated value. Note: Each such single value has been selected as the value for the
attribute that would correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all.

9.2.1 media (type2 keyword | name(MAX)) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11)

- This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11) identifies the medium to be used for all sheets of the job. The Sender MUST supply the "media" Job Template attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the "media-default", "media-ready", and "media-
- 844 supported" Printer attributes.

839 840

851

857

- The UIF Profiles standard [ifx-uif] REQUIRES that both the Sender and the Receiver be able to determine
- the dimensions from the keyword value. Therefore, the keyword values MUST be Media Size Self
- Describing names defined in the PWG Standardized Name standard [pwg-media].
- 848 Standard keyword values (see [pwg-media]) include:
- 849 'na letter 8.5x11in'
- 850 'iso_a4_210x297mm'

9.2.1.1 media-supported and media-ready Job Template Printer attributes

- The Sender MUST query the values of the "media-supported" and "media-ready" attributes ([RFC2911]
- section 4.2.11), since the Sender MUST supply the "media" Job Template attribute in the Job Creation
- operation. The "media-ready" attribute indicates which media are currently loaded and will not require
- human intervention in order to be used.
- 856 Standard keyword values are defined in section 9.2.1.

9.2.2 printer-resolution (resolution) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12)

- 858 This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12) identifies the cross-feed and feed direction
- 859 resolutions that Printer uses for the Job. The Sender MAY supply the "printer-resolution" Job Template

- attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the
- "printer-resolution-default", and "printer-resolution-supported" Printer attributes.
- If the Sender supplies the "printer-resolution" (resolution) Job Template attribute, the value MUST agree
- with the resolution of each of the pages of the UIF Profiles document. If the supplied value disagrees with
- the resolution of any of the pages of the UIF Profiles document, the Receiver MUST obey the resolution in
- the UIF document, on a page by page basis.
- Note: The main purpose of requiring the Receiver to support the "printer-resolution" Job Template attribute
- is so that the Sender can query the corresponding "printer-resolution-supported" (1setOf resolution) Printer
- attribute to see what resolutions are supported in addition to the ones REQUIRED for the UIF Profiles
- supported. See section 9.2.2.1.

878

9.2.2.1 printer-resolution-supported Job Template Printer attribute

- 871 If the Sender is using a resolution for a UIF Profile that is not one of the REQUIRED resolutions for the
- UIF Profile being used, then the Sender SHOULD query the "printer-resolution-supported" Printer attribute.
- The Receiver MUST support Attribute Coloring (by document format and by UIF profile) for the
- 674 'image/tiff' [image-tiff] and 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx] document-formats. Thus this attribute allows the
- 875 Sender to determine the additional resolutions supported in addition to the resolutions required for support
- of each of the UIF Profiles without having to interpret the CONNEG expression values of the "uif-profile-
- 877 capabilities" Printer Description attribute (see section 6.8).

9.3 Subscription Template Attributes Conformance Requirements

- Table 9 lists the conformance requirements for Subscription attributes on the Job Creation and Validate-Job
- requests. The attributes in Subscription Objects are shown immediately followed (indented) by their
- corresponding Default and Supported Printer Attributes.

885 886

887

888

889

890

891892

893

Table 9 - Subscription Template attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	Sender Conformance	Receiver	Reference
Attribute in Subscription Object	in Job Creation	Conformance	
Default and Supported Printer Attributes	operations		
notify-recipient-uri (uri)	MAY *	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)	n/a	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-pull-method (type2 keyword)	MUST **	MUST	section 9.3.1
notify-pull-method-supported (1setOf type2	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
keyword)			
notify-events (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MUST	section 9.3.2
notify-events-default (1setOf type2 keyword)	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-events-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)			
notify-max-events-supported (integer(2:MAX))			
notify-attributes (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-attributes-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	n/a	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-user-data (octetString(63))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-charset (charset)	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
charset-supported (1setOf charset)	n/a	MUST	[RFC2911]
notify-natural-language (naturalLanguage)	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
generated-natural-language-supported	n/a	MUST	[RFC2911]
(1setOf naturalLanguage)			
notify-lease-duration (integer(0:67108863))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-lease-duration-default (integer(0:67108863))	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-lease-duration-supported (1setOf (integer(0:			
67108863) rangeOfInteger(0:67108863)))			
notify-time-interval (integer(0:MAX))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]

^{*} The Sender MUST supply at least the "notify-recipient-uri" attribute for any Push Delivery Method.

9.3.1 notify-pull-method (type2 keyword) Subscription Template attribute [ipp-ntfy]

This Subscription Template attribute defined in [ipp-ntfy] indicates the Pull Delivery Method. A Sender MUST supply this attribute with the 'ippget' Delivery Method keyword value [ipp-get-method] in order to determine when the Document has been Delivered so that the Sender can give a positive acknowledgement to the Sending User. A Receiver MUST support the subset of the IPP Notification specification [ipp-ntfy] indicated in this document and the 'ippget' Notification Delivery Method [ipp-get-method].

9.3.2 Notification Event Conformance Requirements

Table 10 lists the conformance requirements for notification events.

^{**} The Sender MUST supply at least the "notify-pull-method" attribute for any Pull Delivery Method, such as the REQUIRED 'ippget' Delivery Method.

903

904

905

906

907

908

909

The Receiver MUST support the 'job-progress' event (which is OPTIONAL in [ipp-ntfy]), as well as all of the REQUIRED events in [ipp-ntfy] ('none', 'printer-state-change', 'printer-stopped', 'job-state-change', 'job-created', and 'job-completed'). However, the Receiver MUST NOT support any Printer Events in Per-Job Subscriptions, since that would give an IPPFAX Sender information about the Printer was printing other IPPFAX Jobs. If the Sender subscribes to the 'job-progress' event, the Receiver MUST generate an event for every sheet, as moderated by the Printer's "notify-time-interval" attribute [ipp-ntfy], which the Sender can obtain using the Get-Notifications request.

For the purposes of IPPFAX, the 'job-completed' event notifications means that the Receiver has delivered the IPPFAX Job somewhere; either actually delivered printed sheets to the output bin or forwarded the job and document to some other system.

Table 10 - Notification Events conformance requirements

Event	IPP/1.1 Printer Conformance	Sender Conformance for Job Creation support	Sender Use	Receiver Conformance per-Job	Receiver Conformance Per-Printer	Section
none	must	MAY	MAY	MUST	MUST	9.3.2
Job Events:						
job-state-changed	must	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST	9.3.2
job-created	must	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST	9.3.2
job-completed	must	MUST	MAY	MUST	MUST	9.3.2
job-stopped	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	
job-config-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	
job-progress	may	MAY	MAY	MUST	MAY	9.3.2
Printer Events:						
printer-state-changed	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	9.3.2
printer-restarted	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-shutdown	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-stopped	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	9.3.2
printer-config-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-media- changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-finishings- changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-queue-order- changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	

9.4 Confirmation using the Document Creation response

The Sender knows when the Receiver has successfully received the entire Document when the Receiver returns the 'successful-ok' status code in the Print-Job, or Send-Document. The Sender MUST then inform

- 910 the Sending User by means outside the scope of this standard that the document has successfully been
- 911 received. See section 9.3.2 for informing the Sending User when the document has been successfully
- 912 printed.

923

930

9.5 Sender URI Stamping

- The Sender MUST place the Sender's URI, i.e., the value of the "sender-uri" attribute (see section 8.3),
- along with the date and time, in one of the following places, DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION:
- 916 1. On a cover page automatically generated by the Sender that is sent before the rest of the document.
- 918 2. Merged with the first page of the document.
- 3. At the top of every page of the sent Document.
- 920 The Sender MAY include additional data (Sending User, Receiver identity, etc.). As for regular FAX, it is
- 921 RECOMMENDED that this information be represented as bit map data, so that it is more difficult for it to
- be modified before it gets to the Receiver.

9.6 Get-Notifications operation to get Event Notifications

- The Sender MUST support the Get-Notifications operation with at least the 'job-completed' event (see
- 925 section 9.3.2). Furthermore, the Sender MUST use the Get-Notifications operations to get at least the 'job-
- 926 completed' event for any IPPFAX job it submits, unless the Sending User has explicitly indicated otherwise
- to the Sender (by means outside the scope of this document). The Receiver MUST support the Get-
- Notifications operation as defined in [ipp-get-method]. See section 9.3.2 for the events that MUST be
- supported, since the IPPFAX conformance requirements differ from those of [ipp-ntfy].

10 IPPFAX Implementation of other IPP operations

- 931 Section 5 defined the semantic requirements for the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, section 7 defined the
- 932 semantic requirements for Validate-Job, and section 9 defined the semantic requirements for Job Creation
- 933 operations for IPPFAX. This section defines the IPPFAX semantics and conformance requirements for the
- other IPP operations.
- 935 IPPFAX restricts the use of IPP in certain cases in order to make attaching a Receiver to the Internet a safe
- 936 option see section 11.
- 937 The Receiver MUST fully support the Print-Job, Validate-Job, Get-Printer-Attributes and Get-Notifications
- operations, as defined by this document. The following subsections define restrictions placed on the Cancel-
- Job, Get-Job-Attributes, and Get-Jobs operations. For a conforming IPPFAX Receiver implementation, all
- other operations MUST NOT be accepted unless the issuer of the operation can be identified as an
- 941 administrator.

- There is no requirement for the Receiver to implement any of the OPTIONAL features of IPP unless
- explicitly stated elsewhere in this document. If a Receiver implementation supports administrative
- operations, such as Create-Printer-Subscriptions, Disable-Printer, etc., then it MUST provide a method of
- 945 restricting available operations for non-authorized clients to the operations specified herein.

10.1 Operation Conformance Requirements

- Table 11 lists the conformance requirements for Printer operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp' URL),
- 948 (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender, (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from a non-privileged
- 949 User, and (4) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from an authenticated and authorized operator or
- 950 administrator.

- Table 12 lists the conformance requirements for Job and Subscription operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer
- 952 ('ipp') URL, (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender which MUST be on the same URL as the job was
- created (the target "printer-uri" MUST match the Job's "job-printer-uri" Job Description attribute), (3) an
- 954 IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from the Job or Subscription Object Owner, (4) from some other non-
- privileged user, and (5) if the operation is supported as all from an authenticated and authorized operator
- 956 or administrator.
- 957 The Receiver MUST support Subscription Creation for the Job-Creations operations that it supports, but
- NEED NOT support any other notification operations, such as Create-Job-Subscriptions, Create-Printer-
- 959 Subscriptions, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Renew-Subscription, or Cancel-
- Subscription, even though [ipp-ntfy] requires all but the Create-Job-Subscriptions operation.
- 961 If a Receiver chooses to allow other IPP notification operations then it SHOULD provide a method of
- 962 restricting all other notification operations to authenticated administrators.

Table 11 - Conformance for Printer Operations

Operation Name	IPP/1.1	IPPFAX	IPPFAX	IPPFAX	Reference
	Printer	Sender	Receiver	Receiver	
	support	support for	from a User	from an	
		a User		Operator	
Print-Job	must	MUST	MUST	MUST NOT	section 9
Print-URI	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Validate-Job	must	MUST	MUST	MUST NOT	section 7.2
Create-Job	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Get-Jobs	must	MAY	MAY*	MAY	section 10.3
Get-Printer-Attributes	must	MUST	MUST	MAY	sections 5, 6
Pause-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Resume-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Purge-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Set-Printer-Attributes	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.5
Get-Printer-Supported-Values	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.5
Create-Printer-Subscription	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Send-Notifications	may	MUST NOT	MAY **	MAY	[ipp-indp- method]
Get-Print-Support-Files	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-install]
Enable-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.4
Disable-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.4
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Hold-New-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Release-Held-New-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Deactivate-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Activate-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Restart-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Shutdown-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Startup-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Cancel-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ipp-ops-set2]
Suspend-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]

964 965

Legend:

MAY* - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as "job-name", and "job-originating-user-name". See section 10.3. **MAY**** - For Send-Notifications, the Receiver *sends to* a User or Operator (rather than *receives from*).

,

967 968

Table 12 - Conformance for Job and Subscription Operations

Operation Name	IPP/1.1	IPPFAX	IPPFAX	IPPFAX	IPPFAX	Reference
	Printer	Sender	Receiver	Receiver	Receiver	
	support	support	from	from	from	
		for a User	Owner***	Other	Operator	
				User		
		26477	26477	MARCHAN) diam Non	EDEC20443
Send-Document	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Send-URI	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Cancel-Job	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	section 10.2
Get-Job-Attributes	must	MAY	MAY	MAY*	MAY	section 10.3
Set-Job-Attributes	must	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-set-ops]
Hold-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Release-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Restart-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[RFC2911]
Create-Job-Subscription	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscription-Attributes	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Renew-Subscription	may	MUST NOT	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Cancel-Subscription	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Notifications	may	MUST	MUST	MUST NOT	MAY	section 9.6
Reprocess-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[ipp-ops-set2]
Resume-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Promote-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Schedule-Job-After	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ipp-ops-set2]

Legend:

970

971

972

973

974

975

976

MAY* - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as "job-name", and "job-originating-user-name". See section 10.3.

MAY** - Restart-Job and Reprocess-Job are for the operator to recover from a problem with the job, not to make additional copies.

Owner refers to the owner of the Job or Subscription object.

10.2 Cancel-Job operation ([RFC2911] section 3.3.3)

- It is inappropriate for a Sender or an operator to Cancel an IPPFAX Job, i.e., to transmit a Document as an IPPFAX Job, receive confirmation of its arrival and then cancel it. Therefore:
- The Sender MUST NOT attempt to cancel the print job once it has been sent to the Receiver.
- The Receiver MUST reject Cancel-Job operations whether issued by a user or an administrator targeted at
- 981 IPPFAX Jobs. The Cancel-Job operation therefore MUST be an unsupported operation for a Receiver and
- 982 MUST be reflected in the value of the "operations-supported" Printer attribute (see section 6.5). Note:
- Non-support of the Cancel-Job operation is a change from the IPP behavior where Cancel-Job is required.

10.3 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations ([RFC2911] sections 3.3.4 and 3.2.6)

- The public nature of IPPFAX interactions make it inappropriate for a client to be able to query a Receiver
- 986 for certain information about jobs that it did not send.
- The Receiver SHOULD restrict the job attributes that any Sender can request for any IPPFAX Job in a Get-
- Jobs or a Get-Job-Attributes operation to appropriate ones for a public service. For example, a Receiver
- 989 MAY return only the following Job attributes:
- 990 job-id, job-uri

984

996

1005

1014

- job-k-octets, job-k-octets-completed
- job-media-sheets, job-media-sheets-completed,
- 993 time-at-creation, time-at-processing
- job-state, job-state-reasons
- 995 number-of-intervening-jobs
- The exact choice of Job attributes that a client can query for IPPFAX Jobs, including not returning any,
- 998 DEPENDS ON IMPLEMENTATION and the security policy in force and is outside the scope of this
- 999 standard (as in IPP/1.1).
- 1000 This attribute set allows a client to determine the load on a Receiver (and perhaps choose an alternative
- destination or warn the Sending User).
- See the discussion in [RFC2911] section 8.4 for a description of how a Receiver MUST behave if it receives
- a request for an attribute outside this set.
- 1004 An IPP administrator MAY read all attributes.

10.4 Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-ops-set2]

- The Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-ops-set2] allow a remote operator to change the
- value of the Receiver's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" (boolean) Printer Description attribute (see section 6.4)
- to 'true' or 'false', respectively. These operations are OPTIONAL for a Receiver to support.
- These operations affect all jobs that can be submitted to the Printer object. If a Print System supports both
- 1010 IPP and IPPFAX, then it MUST support them with separate Printer objects (see section 3.3). Therefore, a
- 1011 client MUST issue separate operations to each Printer object in order to affect both IPP and IPPFAX jobs
- on the same Print System, the 'ipp' URL scheme or the 'ippfax' URL scheme in the "printer-uri" target
- operation attribute for the IPP Printer object or the Receiver (IPPFAX Printer object), respectively.

10.5 Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [ipp-set-ops]

- The Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [ipp-set-ops] are OPTIONAL
- administrative operation for IPPFAX, as for IPP. If a Receiver supports these operations, then the
- "document-format" and "uif-profile-requested" operation attributes MUST be supported for these

1039

1018 operations as well so that the administrator can set values that require Attribute Coloring (by document 1019 format and UIF profile). See the description of the Get-Printer-Attributes operation in section 5 which also 1020 REQUIRES these operation attributes to be supported. 11 Security considerations 1021 1022 IPPFAX presents an interesting challenge of balancing security and openness. Many of the envisaged uses of 1023 IPPFAX require confidentiality of the data – at the same time the Receiver typically has no prior knowledge 1024 of the Sender or the Sending User. This last point will normally rule out all user-based authentication and 1025 access control. This is the reason for the restriction placed on querying and canceling IPPFAX Jobs. 1026 11.1 Privacy 1027 Any exchange between a Sender and a Receiver MUST be carried using the privacy mechanism specified in IPP/1.1 namely TLS [RFC2246]. In some cases this will also result in mutual authentication of the Sender 1028 1029 and Receiver (in the case where both sides have certificates). 1030 The Receiver MUST have a TLS certificate. 1031 The Sender MAY have a certificate. A Receiver MAY decide to reject requests that come from Senders 1032 that do not have a certificate and return the 'client-error-not-authenticated' status code. 1033 A Sender can either use its own certificate or it can use one associated with the Sending User. 1034 Senders and Receivers SHOULD do what current browsers do, namely, be deployed with the public keys of 1035 a number of the top Certificate Authorities. If a Sender gets a public key from a Receiver that it doesn't 1036 recognize, the Sender MUST query the Sending User to see if the Sending User trusts the Receiver before 1037 sending the IPPFAX job to the Receiver.

The distribution of private keys to Senders or Receivers is outside the scope of this document, but it is done

over the network, it MUST be over a secure channel. See Internet Key Exchange (IKE) [RFC2409].

This is an unapproved IEEE-ISTO PWG Proposed Standard, subject to change. Copyright (C) 2001, IEEE Industry Standards and Technology Organization. All rights reserved

11.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.2)

This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.2) identifies the Client Authentication mechanism associated with each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (see section 6.1).

Table 13 - Authentication Requirements

"uri-authentication- supported" keyword	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none MAY support and MAY use		MAY support and MAY use. If the 'none' value is supported by an implementation, then the administrator MUST be able to configure the Printer to not support the 'none' value (by means outsides the scope of this document)
requesting-user-name	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
basic	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger.	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger
digest	MUST support and MUST use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity, unless using 'certificate' or 'negotiate'	MUST support and MAY use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity
certificate	SHOULD support and MAY use when not using any of the above	MUST support and MAY use. For this value, the Receiver MUST validate the certificate for all client requests.

^{*} TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA mandated by [RFC2246].

Table 14 compares the Digest Authentication requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

Table 14 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements

Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
MD5 and MD5-sess	must support	should support	MUST support	MUST support
	must use	should use	MUST use	MUST use
The Message	must support	should support	MUST support	MUST support
Integrity feature	may use	may use	MUST use	MUST use

1048

1044

11.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.3)

1050 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.3) identifies the security (Integrity and Privacy) mechanisms used 1051 for each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (see section 6.1).

1052

Table 15 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements

uri-security- supported	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl2	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl3	MAY support and use for compatibility with deployed infrastructure	MAY support and use for compatibility with deployed infrastructure
tls	TLS Data Integrity - MUST support and MUST use	MUST support and MUST use
	TLS Data Privacy - MUST support and MAY	MUST support and MAY use
	use. The Sender MUST query the Sending User	
	before omitting	

1053

1054

1055

Table 16 compares the TLS conformance requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

1056

1057

Table 16 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements

TLS Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX
				Receiver
Server	must support	should support	MUST support	MUST support
Authentication	should use	may use	MUST use	MUST use
Client	may support	may support	SHOULD support	MUST support
Authentication*	may use	may use	MAY use	MAY use
Data Integrity	may support	should support	MUST support	MUST support
	may use	should use	MUST use	MUST use
Data Privacy	may support	should support	MUST support	MUST support
	may use	may use	MAY** use.	MAY use

* The 'certificate' keyword value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute [RFC2911].

1058 ** The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting the Data Privacy encryption.

1059 Senders and Receivers MUST support the TLS DHE DSS WITH 3DES EDE CBC SHA cipher suite as 1060

mandated by RFC 2246 [RFC2246]. All stronger cipher suites are OPTIONAL; weaker cipher suites

1061 MUST NOT be supported or used by Senders or Receivers.

- 1062 A Receiver MAY support Basic Authentication (described in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2617]) for Client 1063 Authentication if the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy. TLS with the above mandated cipher suite 1064 or stronger can provide such a secure channel. 1065 11.4 Using IPPFAX with TLS The Sender MUST use only TLS for all IPPFAX operations on the IPPFAX URL. The client MUST start 1066 the transaction in TLS, rather than using HTTP upgrade requests. The following paragraph of [RFC2818] 1067 1068 further explains: 1069 The agent acting as the HTTP client should also act as the TLS client. It should initiate a connection 1070 to the server on the appropriate port and then send the TLS ClientHello to begin the TLS handshake. 1071 When the TLS handshake has finished. The client may then initiate the first HTTP request. All 1072 HTTP data MUST be sent as TLS "application data". Normal HTTP behavior, including retained 1073 connections should be followed. 1074 Contrast this IPPFAX requirement with the IPP requirement in section 8.2 of [RFC2910]. The following 1075 client actions compare IPP with IPPFAX from a client's point of view: 1076 IPP/1.1 sequence: 1077 1. Start TCP connection 1078 2. Zero or more HTTP/IPP requests 1079
 - 3. HTTP/IPP request with Upgrade to TLS header
 - 4. TLS handshake
 - 5. finish the HTTP/IPP request securely
 - 6. Send more HTTP/IPP requests securely ...
- 1084 IPPFAX sequence:

1081

1082

1083

1085

1086

- 1. Start TCP connection
- 2. Send TLS ClientHello
- 1087 3. rest of TLS handshake
- 4. Send HTTP/IPPFAX requests securely ... (which usually will be a Get-Printer-Attributes, 1088 1089 followed by Validate-Job and Print-Job operations).
- 1091 11.5 Access control
- 1092 It is expected that the majority of IPPFAX Receivers will operate in a public mode when operating on the
- 1093 Internet, so that anonymous users can send documents without requiring client authentication
- 1094 (corresponding to the 'none' value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute (see section 11.2).
- 1095 However a Receiver MAY protect itself using any Client Authentication method specified in [RFC2911]
- 1096 (digest authentication [RFC2069] for example) to restrict access to any or all of its functionality.
- 1097 However, the primary intent of IPPFAX is to create a controlled public access mode. It therefore does not
- 1098 really make much sense to combine IPPFAX and user authentication; they are achieving the same thing.

1099 11.6 Reduced feature set

- An administrator or device implementer MAY choose to setup up a Print Service so that it only works as a
- 1101 IPPFAX Receiver (i.e., offers no 'native' IPP operations and does not accept IPP Jobs). In this mode it
- offers a restricted set of features and MAY be more safely connected to the Internet.
- 1103 A Receiver that is operating in this mode MUST do so by rejecting any non-IPPFAX request and return a
- 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' error status code as indicated in section 4.1 for an
- unsupported value of the "printer-uri" operation attribute. For job operations attempted on IPPFAX Jobs,
- the Receiver MUST return the 'client-error-not-authorized' error status code, unless the Sender is
- authenticated as the system administrator and the Receiver supports such access.

12 Gateways to other systems

- 1109 A common scenario will be where IPPFAX acts as an on-ramp or off-ramp to other Document transmission
- 1110 systems.

1108

1121

1123

1111 **12.1 Off-Ramps**

- In the IPPFAX 'Off-ramp' scenario the user with a Document to send uses an IPPFAX Sender to transmit a
- Document to an IPPFAX Receiver within a gateway that in turn transmits it to some other destination, i.e.
- 1114 GSTN FAX. Handling Off-ramps is beyond the scope of this document, but may be a future IPPFAX
- extensions building on the Off-ramp work of the Internet FAX WG.

1116 **12.2 On-Ramps**

- 1117 In the IPPFAX On-Ramp scenario the user originally sent the Document using some other mechanism to
- some intermediate agent. The intermediate agent, acting as an IPPFAX Sender, then uses the IPPFAX
- 1119 Protocol to transmit the Document to an Receiver which MAY be either a final destination or an Off-Ramp.
- 1120 IPPFAX has no specific support for on-ramps.

13 Attribute Syntaxes

No new attribute syntaxes are defined.

14 Status codes

- In addition to the semantics of the status codes defined in [RFC2911] and [ipp-get-method], the following
- additional semantics are defined for [RFC2911] status codes:

1126 14.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.1]

- 1127 The client has failed to supply one or more attributes in a request which are REQUIRED to be supplied.
- 1128 The requirement can be because of the Printer's current configuration or because of some other attributes
- that the client supplied. The Printer MUST reject the request, MUST return the 'client-error-bad-request' 1129
- 1130 status code, and SHOULD return the keyword attribute name(s) (but not the values) of the missing
- 1131 attribute(s) in the Unsupported Attributes Group in the response.

14.2 document-format-not-supported (0x040A) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.11]

- The concept of a document format is extended to include the UIF Profile. This status code is returned if the 1133
- 1134 document format is not supported, including the indicated UIF Profile.

15 Conformance Requirements

- 1136 This section summarizes the conformance requirements for Senders and Receivers that are defined elsewhere
- in this document. 1137

1132

1135

- 1138 1. A Sender and Receiver MUST observe the attribute name space conventions specified in section 1.3.
- 1139 2. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support (1) the "printer-uri" operation attribute with the 'ippfax' scheme, (2) the "version-number" parameter with the IPP/1.1 '1.1' (or higher minor 1140 1141 version) value, and (3) the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute with the IPPFAX/1.0 '1.0'
- 1142 keyword value in all operations to get the IPPFAX semantics as described in section 4.
- 1143 3. The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as described in sections 5.
- 1144 4. The Receiver MUST support the Printer Description attributes as specified in section 6.
- 1145 5. The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer's is IPPFAX-capable using the Get-Printer-Attributes operation and validate that the Receiver supports the job using the Validate-Job operation 1146
- 1147 as specified in section 7.
- 1148 6. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the operation/Job Description attributes 1149 for Identify Exchange as described in section 8.
- 1150 7. The Sender MUST support submitting and the Receiver MUST accept IPPFAX Jobs as defined in 1151 section 9.
- 1152 8. The Sender MUST place the Sender's identity in the document according to section 9.5.
- 1153 9. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the IPP Notification for Job Creation operations, the 'ippget' Delivery Method, the Get-Notifications operation for the events indicated in sections 9.6, 1154 9.3, and 9.3.2, respectively.

- 1156 10. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the operations as indicated in section 10.
- 11. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the security mechanisms indicated in section 11, including TLS.

1159 **16 IPPFAX URL Scheme**

- 1160 This section is intended for use in registering the 'ippfax' URL scheme with IANA and fully conforms to the
- requirements in [RFC2717].

1162

1180

16.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage

- 1163 This document defines the 'ippfax' URL (Uniform Resource Locator) scheme for specifying the location of
- an IPPFAX Receiver which implements the IPPFAX Protocol specified in this document.
- The 'ippfax' URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the basic hierarchical URL
- syntax in [RFC2396]; however relative URL forms, parameters, and/or query parts are NOT allowed in an
- 1167 IPPFAX URL. The 'ippfax' URL scheme is case-insensitive in the host name or host address part; however
- the path part is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Codepoints outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by
- the mechanism defined in [RFC2396].
- 1170 The intended usage of the 'ippfax' URL scheme is COMMON.

1171 **16.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port**

- All IPPFAX URLs which do NOT explicitly specify a port MUST be used over IANA-assigned well-known
- system port xxx [TBA by IANA] for the IPPFAX Protocol.
- 1174 See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [IANA-PORTREG].

1175 **16.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type**

- All IPPFAX protocol operations (requests and responses) MUST be conveyed in an 'application/ipp' MIME
- media type [RFC2910] as registered in [IANA-MT]. IPPFAX URLs MUST refer to IPPFAX Receivers
- which support this 'application/ipp' operation encoding.
- 1179 See: IANA MIME Media Types Registry [IANA-MT].

16.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding

- 1181 The IPPFAX URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the HTTP URL scheme
- defined in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616], which is derived from the URI Generic Syntax [RFC2396] and further
- updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs). The IPPFAX URL scheme is case-

1187

- insensitive in the 'scheme' and 'host' (host name or host address) part; however, the 'abs path' part is case-
- 1185 sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Code points outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by the mechanism
- specified in [RFC2396]. 1186

16.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF

- The IPP protocol places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the length of a URI (see section 4.1.5 1188
- 'uri' in [RFC2911]). An IPPFAX Receiver MUST return 'client-error-request-value-too-long' (see section 1189
- 1190 13.1.4.10 in [RFC2911]) when a URI received in a request is too long.
- 1191 Note: IPPFAX Receivers ought to be cautious about depending on URI lengths above 255 bytes, because
- 1192 some older client or proxy implementations might not properly support these lengths.
- 1193 IPPFAX URLs MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URLs always begin with a scheme name
- 1194 followed by a colon. For definitive information on URL syntax and semantics, see "Uniform Resource
- 1195 Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax and Semantics" [RFC2396]. This specification adopts the definitions of
- "port", "host", "abs path", and "query" from [RFC2396], as updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for 1196
- 1197 IPv6 addresses in URLs).
- 1198 The IPPFAX URL scheme syntax in ABNF is as follows:
- 1199 ippfax URL = "ippfax:" "//" host [":" port] [abs path ["?" query]] 1200
- 1201 If the port is empty or not given, IANA-assigned well-known system port xxx [TBA by IANA] is assumed.
- 1202 The semantics are that the identified resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]) is located at the IPPFAX
- 1203 Notification Recipient listening for HTTP connections on that port of that host, and the Request-URI for the
- 1204 identified resource is 'abs path'.
- 1205 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).
- 1206 If the 'abs path' is not present in the URL, it MUST be given as "/" when used as a Request-URI for a
- 1207 resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]). If a proxy receives a host name which is not a fully qualified
- 1208 domain name, it MAY add its domain to the host name it received. If a proxy receives a fully qualified
- 1209 domain name, the proxy MUST NOT change the host name.

1210 **16.6 IPPFAX URL Examples**

- The following are examples of valid IPPFAX URLs for Notification Recipient objects (using DNS host 1211
- 1212 names):
- 1213 ippfax://abc.com
- 1214 ippfax://abc.com/listener
- 1215
- 1216 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).
- 1217 The following literal IPv4 addresses:

```
1218
                                                 ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
             192.9.5.5
1219
             186.7.8.9
                                                 ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
1220
1221
      are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:
1222
             ippfax://192.9.5.5/listener
1223
             ippfax://186.7.8.9/listeners/tom
1224
1225
      The following literal IPv6 addresses (conformant to [RFC2373]):
1226
             ::192.9.5.5
                                                 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
1227
             ::FFFF:129.144.52.38
                                                 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
1228
             2010:836B:4179::836B:4179
                                                ; IPv6 address per RFC 2373
1229
1230
      are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:
1231
             ippfax://[::192.9.5.5]/listener
1232
             ippfax://[::FFFF:129.144.52.38]/listener
             ippfax://[2010:836B:4179::836B:4179]/listeners/tom
1233
1234
1235
      16.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons
1236
      When comparing two IPPFAX URLs to decide if they match or not, the comparer MUST use the same rules
1237
      as those defined for HTTP URI comparisons in [RFC2616], with the sole following exception:
1238
             • A port that is empty or not given MUST be treated as equivalent to the well-known registered
1239
                port (> 1024) xxx [TBA by IANA] for that IPPFAX URL;
      17 IANA Considerations
1240
1241
      IANA shall register the ippfax URL scheme as defined in section 16 according to the procedures of
1242
```

[RFC2717] and assign a registered (>1024) system port.

```
1243
     Operation Attributes:
1244
     ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword)
                                                         IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 4.3
1245
     uif-profile-requested (type2 keyword)
                                                         IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 5.2
1246
     uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword)
                                                         IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 9.1.3
1247
1248
     Operation/Job Description attributes:
1249
     sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))
                                                         IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 8.1
1250
     receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX
                                                         IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 8.2
1251
     sender-uri (uri)
                                                         IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 8.3
1252
1253
     Printer Description Attributes:
1254
     ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 6.3
1255
     uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)
                                                         IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 6.7
                                                         IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 6.8
1256
     uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))
```

1257	auto-notify (boolean)	IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 6.9
1258	18 References	
1259 1260	[IANA-MT] IANA Registry of Media Types: ftp://ftp.ia	na.orgisi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/media-types/
1261 1262	[IANA-PORTREG] IANA Port Numbers Registry. ftp://ftp.isi.o	edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/port-numbers
1263 1264 1265	[ifx-req] Moore, P., "IPP Fax transport requirements ftp://ftp.pwg.org//pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/re	s", October 16, 2000, quirements/ifx-transport-requirements-01.pdf
1266 1267 1268	[ifx-uif] Moore, Pulera, Songer, "Universal Image F ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/uir	
1269 1270 1271 1272		e Format (TIFF) - image/tiff MIME Sub-type xt>, work in progress, intended to obsolete RFC 2302
1273 1274 1275	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Tag Image File Format Fax eXtended (TIFF-FX) - - draft-ietf-fax-tiff-fx-reg-01.txt, November 21, 2001.
1276 1277 1278 1279	fax-tiff-fx-extension1-02.txt>, July, 2001, p	W. and R. Buckley, "TIFF-FX Extensions 1", <draft-ietf-osted 2001="" 23,="" _fax="" august="" draft-mcintyre-tiff-fx-extension1-02.txt.<="" for="" ietf="" in="" july="" meeting="" td="" the=""></draft-ietf-osted>
1280 1281	[internet-fax-goals] Masinter, "Terminology and Goals for Inte	ernet Fax", RFC2542
1282 1283 1284	[ipp-ops-set2] Kugler, C, Hastings, T., Lewis, H., "Internot Operations", <draft-ietf-ipp-ops-set2-03.txt< td=""><td>et Printing Protocol (IPP): Job and Printer Administrative >, July 17, 2001.</td></draft-ietf-ipp-ops-set2-03.txt<>	et Printing Protocol (IPP): Job and Printer Administrative >, July 17, 2001.
1285 1286 1287	[ipp-coll] deBry, R., , Hastings, T., Herriot, R., "Inter- <draft-ietf-ipp-collection-05.txt>, work in p</draft-ietf-ipp-collection-05.txt>	rnet Printing Protocol (IPP): collection attribute syntax", progress, July 17, 2001.
1288 1289 1290	[ipp-get-method] Herriot, Kugler, and Lewis, "The 'ippget' I notify-get-06.txt>, November 19, 2001	Delivery Method for Event Notifications", <draft-ietf-ipp-< td=""></draft-ietf-ipp-<>

1291 1292 1293 1294	[ipp-iig-bis] Hastings, T., Manros, C., Zehler, P., Kugler, C., and H. Holst, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide", draft-ietf-ipp-implementers-guide-v11-04.txt, work in progress, intended to obsolete RFC 3196 [RFC3196], October 8, 2001.
1295 1296 1297 1298	[ipp-indp-method] Parra, H., and T. Hastings, "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): The 'indp' Delivery Method for Event Notifications and Protocol/1.0", <draft-ietf-ipp-indp-method-06.txt>, work in progress, July 17, 2001.</draft-ietf-ipp-indp-method-06.txt>
1299 1300 1301	[ipp-job-prog] Hastings, T., Bergman, R., Lewis, H., "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): Job Progress Attributes", <draft-ietf-ipp-job-prog-03.txt> work in progress, July 17, 2001.</draft-ietf-ipp-job-prog-03.txt>
1302 1303 1304 1305	[ipp-mailto-method] Herriot, R., Hastings, T., Manros, C. and H. Holst, "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): The 'mailto' Delivery Method for Event Notifications", <draft-ietf-ipp-notify-mailto-04.txt>, work in progress, July 17, 2001.</draft-ietf-ipp-notify-mailto-04.txt>
1306 1307 1308 1309	[ipp-ntfy] Isaacson, S., Martin, J., deBry, R., Hastings, T., Shepherd, M., Bergman, R., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: IPP Event Notification Specification", <draft-ietf-ipp-not-spec-08.txt>, November 19, 2001.</draft-ietf-ipp-not-spec-08.txt>
1310 1311 1312	[ipp-output-bin] Hastings, T., and R. Bergman, "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): output-bin attribute extension", IEEE-ISTO 5100.2-2001, February 7, 2001, ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/standards/pwg5100.2.pdf.
1313 1314 1315	[ipp-prod-print] Ocke, K., Hastings, T., "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): Production Printing Attributes - Set1", IEEE-ISTO 5100.3-2001, February 12, 2001, ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/standards/pwg5100.3.pdf.
1316 1317 1318	[ipp-set-ops] Hastings, Herriot, Kugler, and Lewis, "Job and Printer Set Operations", <draft-ietf-ipp-job-printer-set-ops-05.txt>, August 28, 2001.</draft-ietf-ipp-job-printer-set-ops-05.txt>
1319 1320	[ipp-uri-scheme] Herriot, McDonald, "IPP URL Scheme", <draft-ietf-ipp-url-scheme-03.txt>,April 3, 2001</draft-ietf-ipp-url-scheme-03.txt>
1321 1322 1323 1324	[pwg-media] Bergman, Hastings, "Media Standardized Names", work in progress, when approved: ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/standards/pwg5101.1.pdf; current draft: ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/media-sizes/pwg-media-12.pdf, September 24, 2001.
1325 1326	[RFC1900] B. Carpenter, Y. Rekhter. Renumbering Needs Work, RFC 1900, February 1996.

1327 1328	[RFC2069] Franks, Hallam-Baker, Hostetler, Leach, Luotonen, Sink, Stewart, "An Extension to HTTP: Digest
1329	Access Authentication", RFC2069
1330	[RFC2119]
1331	Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Level", RFC2119
1332	[RFC2246]
1333	Dierks, Allen "The TLS Protocol Version 1.0", RFC 2246
1334	[RFC2301]
1335 1336	McIntyre, L., Zilles, S., Buckley, R., Venable, D., Parsons, G., and G. Rafferty, "File Format for Internet Fax", RFC2301, March 1998.
1337	[RFC2302]
1338 1339	Parsons, G., Rafferty, G., and S. Zilles, "Tag Image File Format (TIFF) - image/tiff MIME Sub-type Registration, RFC 2302, March 1998.
1340	[RFC2305]
1341	Toyoda, Ohno, Murai, Wing "A Simple Mode of Facsimile Using Internet Mail" RFC2305
1342	[RFC2373]
1343	R. Hinden, S. Deering. IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture, RFC 2373, July 1998.
1344	[RFC2396]
1345	Berners-Lee, T. et al. Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax, RFC 2396, August 1998
1346	[RFC2409]
1347	Harkins, D., and D. Carrel, "The Internet Key Exchange (IKE)", RFC 2409, November 1998
1348	[RFC2425]
1349 1350	T. Howes, M. Smith, F. Dawson, "A MIME Content-Type for Directory Information", RFC 2425, September 1998
1351	[RFC2426]
1352	Dawson, Howes, "vCard MIME Directory Profile", RFC 2426, September 1998 [version v3.0].
1353	[RFC2532]
1354	Masinter, Wing, "Extended Facsimile Using Internet Mail", RFC2532
1355	[RFC2616]
1356 1357	R. Fielding, J. Gettys, J. Mogul, H. Frystyk, L. Masinter, P. Leach, T. Berners-Lee, "Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1", RFC 2616, June 1999.
1358	[RFC2617]
1359	J. Franks, P. Hallam-Baker, J. Hostetler, S. Lawrence, P. Leach, A. Luotonen, L. Stewart, "HTTP
1360	Authentication: Basic and Digest Access Authentication", RFC 2617, June 1999.

PWG-DRAFT	IPPFAX/1.0 protocol	December 31, 2001
-----------	---------------------	-------------------

1361 1362 1363	[RFC2732]R. Hinden, B. Carpenter, L. Masinter. Format for Literal IPv6 Addresses in URL's, RFC 2732, December 1999.
1364 1365	[RFC2818] E. Rescorla, "HTTP Over TLS", May 2000
1366 1367 1368	[RFC2910] Herriot, Butler, Moore, Turner, Wenn, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport", RFC2910, September 2000
1369 1370 1371	[RFC2911] deBry, Hastings, Herriot, Isaacson, Powell, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics", RFC2911, September 2000.
1372 1373 1374	[RFC3196] Hastings, T., Manros, C., Zehler, P., Kugler, C., and H. Holst, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide", RFC 3196, November, 2001.
1375 1376 1377	[TIFF] "Tag Image File Format", Revision 6.0, Adobe Developers Association, June 3, 1992, tp://ftp.adobe.com/pub/adobe/devrelations/devtechnotes/pdffiles/tiff6.pdf
1378 1379	The TIFF 6.0 specification dated June 3, 1992 specification (c) 1986-1988, 1992 Adobe Systems Incorporated. All Rights Reserved.
1380 1381 1382 1383	[tiff-fx] McIntyre, L., Zilles, S., Buckley, R., Venable, D., Parsons, G., and G. Rafferty, "File Format for Internet Fax", <draft-ietf-fax-tiff-fx-11.txt>, work in progress, intended to obsolete RFC 2301 [RFC2301], November 21, 2001.</draft-ietf-fax-tiff-fx-11.txt>
1384	[X509]

1386 19 Authors' addresses

1385

Thomas N. Hastings	Ira McDonald
Xerox Corporation	High North Inc
701 Aviation Blvd.	221 Ridge Ave
El Segundo, CA 90245	Grand Marais, MI 49839
Phone: +1 310-333-6413	Phone: +1 906-494-2434
FAX: +1 310-333-5514	Email: imcdonald@crt.xerox.com
email: hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com	

CCITT. Recommendation X.509: "The Directory - Authentication Framework". 1988.

Paul Moore	Gail Songer
Netreon	Netreon
Phone: +1 <u>425-462-5852</u> Email: pmoore@peerless.com	Phone: +1 650-237-5324 Email: gsonger@netreon.com
John Pulera Minolta System Labs Irvine, CA	
Phone: +1 949 737-4520 x348 Email: jpulera@minolta-mil.com	

Contact Information:

1389 1390

IPP Web Page: http://www.pwg.org/ipp/

1391

IPP Mailing List: ipp@pwg.org

1392 1393

To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the following email:

- 1394 1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org 1395
 - 2) leave the subject line blank
 - 3) put the following two lines in the message body:

subscribe ipp

end

1398 1399 1400

1401

1402

1396 1397

> Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join the IPP Mailing List in order to participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-subscribers, so you must subscribe to the mailing list in order to send a question or comment to the mailing list.

1403 1404 1405

Other Participants:

Ron Bergman - Hitachi Koki	Dan Calle - Digital Paper
Jeff Christensen - Novell	Lee Farrell - Canon Info Systems
Satoshi Fujitani - Ricoh	Roelop Hamberg - Oce
Rich Heckelmann - Panasonic USA	Robert Herriot - Xerox
Koichi "Hurry" Izuhara - Minolta	Charles Kong - Panasonic
Mike Kuindersma - PrinterOn	Marty Joel - Netreon
Harry Lewis - IBM	Toru Maeda - Cannon
Carl-Uno Manros - Xerox	Frank Martin - Brother
Lloyd McIntyre - Xerox	Hugo Parra - Novell
Patrick Pidduck - PrinterOn	Stuart Rowley - Kyocera
Yuji Sasaki - JCI	Norbert Schade - Oak Technology
Richard Shockey - Newstar	Howard Sidorski - Netreon

Gail Songer - Netreon	Geoff Soord - Software 2000
John Thomas - Sharp Labs	Jerry Thrasher - Lexmark
Shinichi Tsuruyama - Epson	Aisushi Uchino - Epson
Shigeru Udea - Canon	Mark VanderWiele - IBM
Bill Wagner - NetSilicon/DPI	Don Wright - Lexmark
Michael Wu - Heidelberg Digital	Peter Zehler - Xerox

1406 **20** Appendix A: Comparison of IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 (Informative)

- 1407 This informative appendix compares IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 with references to the appropriate sections for
- details. If this appendix contradicts or omits any differences, it is a mistake and the body of this document
- still prevails. Most of the differences are in conformance requirements only. Therefore, for most of the
- differences, it is possible to implement both with the same code (without conditional branches).
- 1411 Legend:
- ** Where IPP/1.1 is a must and IPPFAX/1.0 is a MUST NOT (indicated below by leading **),
- would a conditional branch be needed in the implementation code in order to support both IPP/1.1
- 1414 and IPPFAX/1.0.
- * Where IPP/1.1 is a may and IPPFAX/1.0 is a MUST NOT (indicated below by a leading *), would a conditional branch be needed in the implementation code in order to support both IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0, but only if the IPP/1.1 part supports the feature.
- Differences between the IPP/1.1 protocol and the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol:
- 1. ** IPP uses the 'ipp' URL scheme with a default port of 631, while IPPFAX uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme with a default port of xxx [TBA by IANA] (section 4.1 and 16).
- 1421 2. ** IPP has only one version number parameter, while IPPFAX has two version numbers: the "version-number" parameter (section 4.2) and the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute (section 4.3).
- 1424 Differences between an IPP client and a Sender:
- 1. An IPP Client may use any IPP operation, while a Sender MUST use at least Get-Printer-Attributes (sections 5 and 7.1), Validate-Job (section 7.2), and Print-Job operations (section 9). A Sender MUST use the Get-Notifications operation, unless the Sending User has explicitly indicated otherwise (section 9.6).
- 1429 2. In the Get-Printer-Attributes request, an IPP Client may supply the "document-format" and "uif-1430 profile-requested" operation attributes, while a Sender SHOULD (sections 5.1 and 5.2).
- 3. ** In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute with either the 'true' or 'false' value or may omit the

- attribute entirely, while the Sender MUST always supply the attribute and with the 'true' value (sections 7.2 and 9.1.1).
- 4. In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the "document-format" operation attribute, while the Sender MUST supply it (section 9.1.2).
- 5. * An IPP Client may support any MIME Media Type as the value of the "document-format" operation attribute, while the Sender MUST support at least the 'image/tiff' MIME Media Type, MAY support the 'image/tiff-fx' MIME Media Type, and MUST NOT support any MIME Media Type unless it has the same "blind interchange" guarantee of document presentation fidelity as TIFF-FX [tiff-fx] (section 6.6).
- 6. In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the "media" Job Template attribute, while the Sender MUST supply it (section 9.2.1).
- 7. * An IPP Client may supply any keyword listed in [RFC2911] section 14 (Appendix C) for the "media" Job Template attribute or the Media Size Self Describing Name keyword values defined in the IEEE-ISTO 5101.1 "Media Standardized Names" [pwg-media], while the Sender MUST use the keyword values from [pwg-media] (section 9.2.1).
- 1448 8. There are no requirements for an IPP Client to indicate the client or the client user in the document, while the Sender MUST supply the "sender-uri" value along with a date and time, on at least the cover page (section 9.5).
- 9. An IPP Client need not support Event Notification, while the Sender MUST support at least the 'ippget' Pull Delivery Method (section 9.3), which REQUIRES using the Get-Notifications operation (section 9.6).
- 10. An IPP Client may support any events, while a Sender MUST NOT support the 'job-configchanged' and any Printer events (section 9.3.2).
- 11. An IPP Client may support Client Authentication, while a Sender MUST support at least 'digest' and 'certificate' (section 11.2).
- 12. An IPP Client may support Data Integrity and Data Privacy, while a Sender MUST support with at least the 128-bit TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite (section 11.2).
- 1460 Differences between an IPP Printer and a Receiver:
- 1. In the Get-Printer-Attributes response, an IPP Printer may color the attribute values returned according to the "document-format" supplied, while a Receiver MUST color the values returned according to both the "document-format" and "uif-profile-requested" operation attributes supplied (sections 5 and 6), including the "printer-resolutions-supported" attribute (section 9.2.2.1).
- 1465 2. * An IPP Printer is not required to support any particular document formats, while a Receiver MUST support the UIF 'image/tiff' format with profile uif-s, MAY support 'image/tiff-fx', and

- MUST NOT support any others, unless they have the same level of "blind interchange" guarantee for document presentation fidelity as TIFF-FX (section 6.6).
- 3. * An IPP Printer may support 'application/octet-stream' (auto-sensing [RFC2911] 4.1.9.1), while a Receiver MUST NOT (section 6.6).
- 4. An IPP Printer may support the IPPFAX attributes: "uif-profile-requested", "uif-profiles-supported", "uif-profile-capabilities", "auto-notify", "sending-user-vcard", "receiving-user-vcard", "sender-uri", and "uif-profiles", while a Receiver MUST (sections 5.2, 6, 8, and 9.1.3).
- 5. ** An IPP Printer MUST NOT support the "ippfax-versions" and "ippfax-versions-supported" attributes, while a Receiver MUST (sections 4.3 and 6.3).
- 6. ** An IPP Printer must support both values of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute, while the Receiver MUST support only the 'true' value (section 9.1.1).
- 1478 7. ** An IPP Printer must assume a value of 'false' if the IPP Client omits the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute, while the Receiver MUST reject the request with the 'client-error-bad-request' status code (section 9.1.1).
- 8. An IPP Printer is not required to support any particular Job Template attributes, while a Receiver MUST support at least the "media" and "printer-resolution" Job Template attributes, including the "media-ready" Printer attribute (section 9.2).
- 9. * An IPP Printer may supply any keyword listed in [RFC2911] section 14 (Appendix C) for the "media" Job Template attribute or the Media Size Self Describing Name keyword values defined in the IEEE-ISTO 5101.1 "Media Standardized Names" [pwg-media], while the Receiver MUST support a subset of the keyword values from [pwg-media] (section 9.2.1).
- 10. * An IPP Printer may support any Job Template attribute values, while a Receiver is restricted to a single value for many Job Template attributes that would alter the appearance of the document or provide a non-FAX-like feature (section 9.2).
- 11. * An IPP Printer may support Print-URI and Send-URI operations, while a Receiver MUST NOT (section 10.1).
- 12. An IPP Printer must support Get-Jobs and Get-Job-Attributes operations, while a Receiver NEED NOT (section 10.1).
- 13. ** An IPP Printer must support Cancel-Job operation, while a Receiver MUST NOT (section 10.2).
- 14. An IPP Printer may support administrative operations without authentication, while a Receiver MUST authenticate administrative operations, if they are supported (section 10.1).
- 15. * An IPP Printer may support the following operations from an authenticated operator or administrator: Print-Job, Print-URI, Validate-Job, Create-Job, Purge-Jobs, Cancel-Current-Job,

- Send-Document, Send-URI, Cancel-Job, Cancel-Subscription, and Schedule-Job-After, while a Receiver MUST reject such operations from an authenticated operator or administrator.
- 1502 16. An IPP Printer may support Event Notification, while a Receiver MUST support Event Notification (sections 9.3 and 10.1) and at least the 'ippget' Delivery Method (section 9.6), which REQUIRES support for the Get-Notifications operation.
- 17. If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it must support the 'job-state-changed' and 'job-state-changed' events for Per-Job Subscriptions, while a Receiver NEED NOT (section 9.3.2).
- 18. ** If an IPP Printer supports Printer Events, then it MUST support them for both Per-Job and Per-Printer Subscriptions, while a Receiver MUST NOT support them for Per-Job Subscriptions (section 9.3.2).
- 1510 19. If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it may support the 'job-progress' event, while a Receiver MUST for Per-Job Subscriptions (section 9.3.2).
- 1512 20. * If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it may support the 'job-config-changed' event, while a Receiver MUST NOT (section 9.3.2).
- 21. If an IPP Printer supports the Set-Printer-Attributes operation, then it may support setting the
 Attribute Coloring values according to the "document-format" operation attribute, while the
 Receiver, if it supports the Set-Printer-Attributes operation, MUST support setting the Attribute
 Coloring values according to the "document-format" and "uif-profile-requested" operation
 attributes (section 10.5).
- 1519 22. An IPP Printer should support and may use TLS, while a Receiver MUST support and MUST use TLS (section 11.3).
- 1521 23. An IPP Printer may support Client Authentication, while a Receiver MUST support at least 'digest' and 'certificate' (section 11.2).
- 24. An IPP Printer may support Data Integrity and Data Privacy and support them with any cipher suite,
 while a Receiver MUST support both Data Integrity and Data Privacy with at least the 128-bit
 TLS DHE DSS WITH 3DES EDE CBC SHA cipher suite (section 11.2).

21 Appendix B: vCard Example

- 1527 The following ASCII text is a complete vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] example:
- 1528 BEGIN:VCARD
 1529 VERSION:3.0
 1530 N:Moore;Paul
 1531 FN:Paul Moore

1526

ORG:Peerless Systems Networking
TEL;CELL;VOICE:1+206-251-7008

1534	ADR; WORK:;;10900 NE 8th St; Bellvue; WA; 98004; United States of America
1535	EMAIL;PREF;INTERNET:pmoore@peerless.com
1506	DEM 1000100770170117

1536 REV:19991207T215341Z

END:VCARD

15371538

1539

22 Appendix C: Generic Directory Schema for an IPPFAX Receiver

- 1540 This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means by
- 1541 which service users can locate service providers. In IPPFAX environments, this means that Receivers
- 1542 (IPPFAX Printers) can be registered (either automatically or with the help of an administrator) as entries of
- type PRINTER in the directory using an IMPLEMENTATION SPECIFIC mechanism such as entry
- 1544 attributes, entry type fields, specific branches, etc. Directory clients can search or browse for entries of type
- PRINTER. Clients use the directory service to find entries based on naming, organizational contexts, or
- 1546 filtered searches on attribute values of entries. For example, a client can find all printers in the "Local
- Department" context. Authentication and authorization are also often part of a directory service so that an
- 1548 administrator can place limits on end users so that they are only allowed to find entries to which they have
- 1549 certain access rights. IPPFAX itself does not require any specific directory service protocol or provider.
- Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of "aliasing". That is, one directory entry object
- can appear as multiple directory entry objects with different names for each object. In each case, each alias
- refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPPFAX Printer object.
- 1553 The generic IPPFAX schema is a subset of IPPFAX Job Template and Printer Description attributes (Table
- 1, Table 2, and [RFC2911] sections 4.2 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either
- 1555 RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the directory entry itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the
- same conformance labeling applied to the attributes of IPPFAX Printers objects. The conformance labeling
- in this Appendix is intended to apply to directory templates and to Receivers that subscribe by adding one or
- 1558 more entries to a directory. RECOMMENDED attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory
- entry. OPTIONAL attributes MAY be associated with the directory entry (if known or supported). In
- addition, all directory entry attributes SHOULD reflect the current attribute values for the corresponding
- 1561 IPPFAX Printer object.
- The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPPFAX Printer
- attribute names as shown, as much as possible.
- In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPPFAX Printer object, one of the
- RECOMMENDED directory entry attributes is the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The
- directory client queries the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (or its equivalent) in the directory entry and then
- the IPPFAX client addresses the IPPFAX Printer object using one of its URIs. The "uri-security-supported"
- attribute identifies the protocol (if any) used to secure a channel. If a Printer object supports both IPP and
- 1569 IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to represent these two services.
- 1570 Table 17 defines the generic schema for directory entries of abstract type PRINTER. In the future this
- schema could also be directory entries of type FAX. In either case, the concrete type MUST be IPPFAX. If
- a Printer object supports both IPP and IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to
- represent these two services, one with concrete type IPP and the other with concrete type IPPFAX,
- respectively.

Table 17 - Generic Schema Directory Entries

Attribute	Conformance	Reference
All of the attributes in [RFC2911] section 16 Appendix E Generic Directory Schema (including "ipp-versions-supported" - see section 6.2), plus:	As stated in [RFC2911] section 16	[RFC2911]
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 6.3
uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 6.7

1576

1577

23 Appendix D: Summary of other IPP documents

- 1578 The full set of IPP documents includes:
- 1. Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- 15802. Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol[RFC2568]
 - 3. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
 - 4. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [RFC2910]
 - 5. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [RFC3196] and [ipp-iig-bis]
 - 6. Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

1585 1586

1582

1583

- The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users, operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.
- 1592 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document
- describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of IPP
- specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major decisions.
- 1595 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
- operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
- encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines
- the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This
- document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.
- 1600 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to
- implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the
- 1602 considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For
- example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
- the specification decisions is also included.
- 1605 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
- between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

1608

1616

1631

24 Appendix E: Description of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technol	ogy
(ISTO)	

- 1609 The IEEE-ISTO is a not-for-profit corporation offering industry groups an innovative and flexible
- operational forum and support services. The IEEE-ISTO provides a forum not only to develop standards,
- but also to facilitate activities that support the implementation and acceptance of standards in the
- marketplace. The organization is affiliated with the IEEE (http://www.ieee.org/) and the IEEE Standards
- 1613 Association (http://standards.ieee.org/).
- 1614 For additional information regarding the IEEE-ISTO and its industry programs visit:
- 1615 <u>http://www.ieee-isto.org</u>.

25 Appendix F: Description of the IEEE-ISTO PWG

- 1617 The Printer Working Group (or PWG) is a Program of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology
- Organization (ISTO) and is an alliance among printer manufacturers, print server developers, operating
- 1619 system providers, network operating systems providers, network connectivity vendors, and print
- 1620 management application developers chartered to make printers and the applications and operating systems
- supporting them work together better. All references to the PWG in this document implicitly mean "The
- Printer Working Group, a Program of the IEEE ISTO." In order to meet this objective, the PWG will
- document the results of their work as open standards that define print related protocols, interfaces,
- procedures and conventions. Printer manufacturers and vendors of printer related software will benefit from
- the interoperability provided by voluntary conformance to these standards.
- In general, a PWG standard is a specification that is stable, well understood and is technically competent, has
- multiple, independent and interoperable implementations with substantial operational experience, and enjoys
- significant public support.
- 1629 For additional information regarding the Printer Working Group visit:
- 1630 http://www.pwg.org

26 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)

Revision	Date	Author	Notes
1	1/16/01	Paul Moore, Netreon	Initial version
2	2/27/01	Paul Moore, Gail	Specify TLS as MUST
		Songer, Netreon	Removed Cover page and combined device
			Added need for big text types
3	4/11/01	Gail Songer, Netreon	Move attribute definition to first reference
4	5/24/01	Tom Hastings	Editorially updated the document to follow the style
			of the IPP standard documents. Added 23 issues to

			be reviewed. Capitalized the special terms throughout without showing revisions in order to make the
			document with revisions more readable.
5	5/21/01	Tom Hastings, John	Updated from the 6/6/01 telecon agreements on most
		Pulera, Ira McDonald	of the 23 issues. There are 20 issues remaining,
			mostly new.
6	7/27/01	Tom Hastings, Ira	Updated from the 6/29/01 telecon. There are 41
		McDonald	issues remaining, mostly new.
7	10/8/01	Tom Hastings, Ira	Updated with all the resolutions to the 41 ISSUES
		McDonald	from the August 1, 2001 IPPFAX WG meeting in
			Toronto, and the subsequent telecons: August, 9, 14,
			and 17, 2001. There are 4 (new) issues remaining.
8	11/17/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements from the IPPFAX WG
			meeting, 10/24/01, Texas. See minutes. There are 5
			issues remaining.
9	12/31/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached at the 12/14/01
			telecon. There are 3 minor issues remaining.