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The Printer Working Group Standard for IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol

Proposed Standard - Working Draft
510n.y-P0.13



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22 November 2002

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29 The Printer Working Group Standard for
30 IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol
31 Proposed Standard - Working Draft
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34
35 **Abstract:** This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are
36 derived from the requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].

37 In summary, IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image Documents between
38 clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image
39 transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305]
40 and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

41 The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a
42 subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in
43 other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL
44 scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) in all its operations. Most of the new attributes defined in this
45 document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. In addition,
46 IPPFAX/1.0 REQUIRES the support of the IPP Event Notification mechanism [ipp-ntfy] using the 'ippget'
47 Pull Delivery Method [ipp-get-method].

48 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the PDF/is S Profile as
49 specified in [ifx-pdfis] which is defined for the 'application/pdf' document format MIME type . A Print
50 System MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently, but each protocol
51 requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.
52

53 This document is available electronically at:

54
55 <ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/pwg-ifx-ippfax-P13-021122.pdf>, .doc

56 A version showing the changes from the previous version is available at:

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116 2) leave the subject line blank

117 3) put the following two lines in the message body:

118 subscribe ifx

119 end

120

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122 discussions of clarifications or review of registration proposals for additional names. Requests for additional media
123 names, for inclusion in this specification, should be sent to the IFX Mailing list for consideration.

124

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238 Introduction

239 This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from
240 the requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].

241 In summary IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between
242 clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image
243 transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305]
244 and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

245 IPPFAX is primarily intended as a method of supporting a synchronous, secure, high quality document
246 distribution protocol over the Internet. It therefore discusses paper, pages, scanning and printing, etc.
247 There is, however, no requirement that the input documents comes from actual paper nor is there a
248 requirement that the output of the process be printed paper. The only conformance requirements are those
249 associated with the exchange of data over the network.

250 The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a
251 subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in
252 other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL
253 scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) for all operations. Most of the new attributes defined in this
254 document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. Only the attributes
255 defined in this document that start with the "ippfax-" prefix MUST NOT be used in the IPP Protocol (see
256 section 1.3). In addition, IPPFAX/1.0 REQUIRES the support of the IPP Event Notification mechanism
257 [ipp-ntfy] using the 'ippget' Pull Delivery Method [ipp-get-method]. See section 20 for a comparison of
258 IPP and IPPFAX.

259 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the PDF/is <FAX>
260 Profile [ifx-pdfis] which is defined for the 'application/pdf' document format MIME type. A Print System
261 MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently for a single output device
262 (or multiple output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs. Note -
263 It is assumed that the reader is familiar with IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910], [RFC3196], and [ipp-iig-bis].
264 See section 23.

265 An IPPFAX client is called a Sender. The user of the Sender is called the Sending User. The Sending
266 User either (1a) loads the Document into the Sender or (1b) causes the Sender to generate the
267 Document data by means outside the scope of this standard, (2) indicates the Receiver's network
268 location, and (3) starts the exchange.

269 **1.1 Operations used**

270 For each IPPFAX Job, the Sender sends at least the following operations to the Receiver in the
271 following order:

- 272 1. Get-Printer-Attributes - Sender MUST verify that the Printer object is an (IPPFAX) Receiver
273 and MUST determine the Receiver's basic capabilities, such as PDF/is profiles supported.
- 274 2. Validate-Job - Sender MUST verify that the Receiver can support the Job attributes that the
275 Sender will send in the IPPFAX Job.
- 276 3. Print-Job - Sender MUST submit the IPPFAX job with a single document (or MAY send
277 Create-Job & one or more Send-Document operations if the Receiver also supports these
278 operations)
- 279 4. Get-Notifications - The Sender MUST support and MUST use this operation to check for
280 successful job completion unless the Sending User wishes otherwise.

281 **1.2 Typical exchange**

282 This section lists a typical exchange of information between a Sender and a Receiver using the four
283 operations listed in section 1.1.

- 284 1. The Sending User determines the network location of the Receiver (value of the "printer-uri"
285 operation attribute) – see section 4.1. This document does not specify how the Sending User does
286 this. Possible methods include directory lookup, search engines, business cards, network
287 enumeration protocols such as SLP, etc. See section 22 for the Generic Directory Schema for
288 IPPFAX.
- 289 2. The Sending User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to
290 generate the Document data by means outside the scope of this document, indicates the Receiver's
291 network location and starts the exchange.
- 292 3. The Sender MUST validate whether or not the Receiver is an IPPFAX-capable Printer and
293 SHOULD determine the basic capabilities of the Receiver, including document format, profiles, and
294 profile extensions – see section 7.1.
- 295 4. The Sender decides on the most appropriate data format depending on the Receiver's basic
296 capabilities. The PDF/is data formats and profiles are described in detail in the "PDF Image-
297 Streamable (PDF/is)" specification [ifx-pdfis].

- 298 5. The Sender MUST validate whether or not the Receiver will accept all of the attributes of the
299 IPPFAX Job from this Sending User using the Validate-Job operation. See section 7.2. If the
300 Receiver rejects the Validate-Job operation, the Sender can avoid sending the data.
- 301 6. The Sender either (1) scans the Document and converts it into an acceptable data format or (2)
302 generates or forwards the Document representation in an acceptable data format – see section 6.6.
- 303 7. As part of the Validation and Job Creation, the following identities are determined and exchanged:
304 Sender, Sending User, Receiver, and Receiving User – see section 8.
- 305 8. The Sender transmits the Document data to the Receiver – see section 9.
- 306 9. The Sending User receives a confirmation that the Receiver received the Document data – see
307 section 9.4.
- 308 10. In addition the Sender MUST support and the Sending User MAY choose to receive an Event
309 Notification that the Document has been successfully Delivered – see sections 9.3 and 9.6
- 310 If the Sender is unable to initiate or complete the exchange then it is assumed that the Sender will perform
311 some form of retry. The mechanisms used and the user-visible behavior in this case is an implementer's
312 choice and beyond the scope of this document.

313 **1.3 Namespace used for attributes**

314 Most of the new attributes defined in this document are intended to be used by both the IPP and IPPFAX
315 protocols. As such, these attributes have neither the “ipp-” nor the “ippfax-” prefix in their names. The
316 few attributes that are intended only for use in the IPPFAX protocol start with the “ippfax-” prefix in order
317 to indicate their limited scope of usage. Such attributes (e.g., “ippfax-versions-supported”) MUST NOT be
318 supported by the IPP Protocol, i.e., MUST NOT be supported by IPP Printer objects.

319
320 On the other hand, unless explicitly specified otherwise, all existing IPP attributes, including future IPP
321 extensions, apply to the IPPFAX Protocol as well, including attributes which have an “ipp-” prefix. For
322 example, the IPP/1.1 “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.1.2)
323 and the IPP/1.1 “ipp-versions-supported” Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.14) are
324 also used in the IPPFAX protocol, even though they have the “ipp-” prefix.

325 **2 Terminology**

326 This section defines the following additional terms that are used throughout this standard.

327 2.1 Conformance Terminology

328 Capitalized terms, such as **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **REQUIRED**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, **MAY**,
329 **NEED NOT**, and **OPTIONAL**, have special meaning relating to conformance to this specification. These
330 terms are defined in [RFC2911] section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from
331 RFC 2119 [RFC2119]. In order to help the reader compare and contrast the IPP and IPPFAX protocols,
332 this document uses lower case “must”, “may” etc., to reproduce IPP Protocol conformance requirements
333 for IPP clients and IPP Printer objects as stated in other documents. If such reproduction in this document
334 contradicts an IPP document, it is a mistake, and that IPP document prevails.

335 2.2 Other Terminology

336 This standard defines a logical model of an IPPFAX interchange. The following terms are introduced and
337 capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning:

338 **IPP Protocol** The protocol defined in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910] and any IPP Protocol Extension
339 document (see section 18). For the IPP/1.1 Protocol each operation request must use the ‘ipp’ URL
340 scheme.

341 **IPPFAX Protocol** The protocol defined in this or a future revision document and any future extension
342 document. For the IPPFAX Protocol each operation request **MUST** use the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see
343 section 4.1 and 16). Unless a specific version number is appended to “IPPFAX”, such as “IPPFAX/1.0”,
344 the term IPPFAX applies to all versions.

345 **Printer object (or Printer)** A hardware or software entity that accepts protocol operation requests and
346 returns protocol responses. A Printer object **MAY** be: (1) an IPP Printer object or (2) an IPPFAX Printer
347 object, **DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION** (see section 3.3), but **MUST NOT** be both (since they
348 support some different operations and attributes and are really two different kinds of Print Services). A
349 Printer object **MAY** support multiple URLs with different security, authentication, and/or access control
350 (see [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8). However, each URL for a Printer object **MUST**
351 support the same operations and attributes with the same values, except as restricted depending on the
352 security, authentication, and/or access control implied by the URL. In other words, each URL for a given
353 Printer object is offering the same Print Service.

354 Note: For brevity, this document uses the term “Receiver” instead of “IPPFAX Printer object”.
355 This document uses the term “Printer object” (and “Printer”) when the statement is intended to
356 apply to a Printer object that **MAY** support the IPP Protocol or the IPPFAX protocol (but not both).

357 **Print Service** The print functionality offered by a Printer object. Several different Printer objects **MAY**
358 offer the same Print Service.

- 359 **IPP Printer object** A Printer object that supports the IPP Protocol and offers the IPP Print Service (by
360 definition).
- 361 **Receiver** The Printer object that accepts IPPFAX protocol operations and receives the Document sent by
362 the Sender. A Receiver offers the IPPFAX Print Service (by definition).
- 363 **Print System** All of the Printer objects on a single managed host network node. A Print System MAY
364 support IPP and IPPFAX protocols concurrently (see section 3.3) for a single output device (or multiple
365 output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.
- 366 **client** A hardware and/or software entity that initiates protocol operation requests and accepts responses.
367 A client MAY be: (1) an IPP client, (2) an IPPFAX client, or (3) both. However, this document uses the
368 term “Sender”, instead of “IPPFAX client”. This document uses the term “client” when the statement is
369 intended to apply to a client that MAY support the IPP Protocol, the IPPFAX protocol, or both protocols.
- 370 **IPP client** A client that uses the IPP Protocol to interact with an IPP Printer object.
- 371 **Sender** A client that uses the IPPFAX Protocol to query a Receiver and transmit a Document to that
372 Receiver.
- 373 **Document** The electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that the Sender sends to the
374 Receiver.
- 375 **Sending User** The person interacting with the Sender.
- 376 **Receiving User** The intended human recipient of the Document being sent by the Sender to the Receiver.
- 377 **Attribute Coloring** The changing of attributes and/or values returned by a single Printer object in a Get-
378 Printer-Attributes response depending on operation attributes supplied in the request, specifically the
379 “document-format” (see section 5.1 and [RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1) and “pdfis-profile-requested”
380 operation attributes.
- 381 **Job Creation Operation** The IPP or IPPFAX operations that creates IPP or IPPFAX Jobs, respectively,
382 i.e., the Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job operations (see [RFC2911]).
- 383 **IPP Job** A job submitted by an IPP client to an IPP Printer object using the IPP Protocol.
- 384 **IPPFAX Job** A job submitted by a Sender to a Receiver using the IPPFAX Protocol.
- 385 **PDF/is** The file format defined by [ifx-pdfis].
- 386 **PDF/is Profile** The set of PDF profiles with higher conformance requirements and relaxed constraints for
387 improved quality (see [ifx-pdfis]).

388 **Delivered** The Receiver has either printed the Document and delivered the last sheet to the output bin or
389 has forwarded the Document to some other system.

390 The terminology defined in [RFC2911], such as **attribute, operation, request, response, operation**
391 **attribute, Printer Description attribute, Job Description attribute, integrity, and privacy** is also used
392 in this document with the same capitalization conventions and semantics.

393 The terminology defined in the IPP “Event Notifications and Subscriptions” specification [ipp-ntfy] and
394 “The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method for Event Notifications” specification [ipp-get-method], such as **Event**
395 **Notification, Event, Subscription Object, Per-Job Subscription, Per-Printer Subscription, Push**
396 **Delivery Method, and Pull Delivery Method** is also used in this document with the same capitalization
397 conventions and semantics.

398 **3 IPPFAX Model**

399 This sub-section defines the IPPFAX Model and its relationship to the IPP Protocol and Model.

400 **3.1 Printer Object Relationships**

401 A Print System MAY support one or more Printer objects on a single network host. RFC 2911 [RFC2911]
402 defines the relationship between Printer objects and output devices to be many to many (see [RFC2911]
403 section 2.1). So one Printer object can represent one or more output devices and an output device can be
404 represented by one or more Printer objects. The same relationships hold for the IPPFAX Protocol so that
405 the relationship between Receivers and output devices is many to many.

406 **3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs**

407 For a Printer object that has multiple URLs, the multiple URLs MUST only be aliases for the Printer
408 object, not connections to different Print Services. In other words, the semantics of operations and
409 attributes accessed by the different URLs for a given Printer object MUST differ only in the security,
410 authentication, and/or access control depending on the URL used.

411 The three parallel “printer-uri-supported” (1setOf uri), “uri-authentication-supported” (1setOf type2
412 keyword), and “uri-security-supported” (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attributes (see
413 [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and 4.4.3, respectively) MUST contain the URLs, authentication, and
414 security, respectively, supported by the Printer object. See also the OPTIONAL “printer-xri-supported”
415 (collection) Printer Description attribute [ipp-set-ops], which, if supported, MUST be used to set these
416 three parallel attributes using the protocol.

417 Note: For a Printer object that supports multiple URLs, neither the IPP/1.1 protocol nor the IPPFAX/1.0
418 protocol provides a way for the administrator to Set or Get the values of Printer attributes whose values
419 MAY depend on the URL used and/or MAY depend on the authenticated role of the requesting user. So,
420 for example, there is no way to set the differing values of the “operations-supported” Printer attribute (see
421 section 6.5) that depend on the URL using the IPP or IPPFAX protocol. Providing such means is left for
422 future work as a single specification for use by both IPP and IPPFAX.

423 **3.3 A Print System supporting both IPP and IPPFAX protocols**

424 From section 3.2, if a Print System supports both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST do so with separate Printer
425 objects, not with a single Printer object with IPP and IPPFAX URLs. Each such Printer object MUST
426 support either IPP or IPPFAX, but not both. In other words, each URL for a Printer object MUST have the
427 same scheme, namely, ‘ipp’ or ‘ippfax’, i.e., MUST NOT have some URLs with the ‘ipp’ scheme and other
428 URLs with the ‘ippfax’ scheme. The reason for this requirement for separate Printer objects for IPP and
429 IPPFAX is because a URL and its Printer object is intended to represent a network resource offering a
430 particular type of service, not several different types of services.

431 Note: it is possible to support IPP and IPPFAX Printer objects with a single piece of code in a Print
432 System with conditional branching to handle the differences in conformance requirements between IPP and
433 IPPFAX. For example, such conditional branching could depend on the “printer-uri” operation attribute
434 supplied by the client in each request to the Print System. See section 20 for a comparison of IPP/1.1 and
435 IPPFAX/1.0.

436 **4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics**

437 This section describes the IPPFAX/1.0 operation attribute semantics that are common to all operations.
438 IPPFAX/1.0 does not define any new operations. Instead, IPPFAX/1.0 semantics are provided using
439 existing IPP operations [RFC2911], [ipp-ntfy], [ipp-get-method], [ipp-set-ops], etc. with increased
440 conformance requirements as specified in this document.

441 **4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.1.5)**

442 This operation attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. As in IPP/1.1, the
443 client MUST supply the “printer-uri” operation attribute in every IPPFAX request (see [RFC2911] section
444 3.1.5). For IPPFAX, the attribute value MUST be a URL using the ‘ippfax’ scheme (see section 16)
445 specifying the Receiver’s network location.

446 The following is an example value of the target “printer-uri” operation attribute and “printer-uri-supported”
447 Printer Description attribute:

448 ippfax://www.acme.com/ippfax-printers/printer5

449 As in all URLs, the scheme identifies the protocol. For example, if a client supports both the IPP and
450 IPPFAX protocols, then the URL scheme in the “printer-uri” operation attribute that the client supplies
451 indicates the protocol and determines whether the client intends the Print System to use IPP or IPPFAX
452 semantics. Similarly, if a Print System supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, then the URL scheme
453 in the target “printer-uri” operation attribute that the client supplies MUST determine the protocol, the
454 Printer object, and the semantics that the Print System performs.

455 As in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] for each operation, the Receiver NEED NOT validate that the “printer-uri”
456 operation attribute is present and that the value supplied by the Sender matches one of the Receiver’s
457 “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute (see section 6.1). For URI matching rules see section
458 16.7. If the Receiver does validate the “printer-uri” operation attribute and the URI value supplied does not
459 match any value of the Receiver’s “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver
460 MUST reject the request, return the ‘client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported’ status code, and return
461 the attribute and value in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

462 **4.2 version-number parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8)**

463 This IPP/1.1 operation parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8) specifies the major and minor version number
464 of the IPP Protocol being used *as part of the IPPFAX Protocol*. As in IPP/1.1, the Sender MUST supply
465 this parameter in every request and the Receiver MUST return this parameter in every response.

466 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the value of the IPP “version-number” parameter
467 MUST be ‘1.1’ or a higher minor version number. The value is represented as 0x0101 (see [RFC2910])
468 where the major version number comes first (so-called “network byte order”).

469 If the Receiver does not support the supplied IPP major version *as part of the IPPFAX protocol*, the
470 Receiver MUST respond as specified in [RFC2911] section 3.1.8 with the ‘server-error-version-not-
471 supported’ status code. As in IPP/1.1, if the major version number is supported, but the minor version
472 number is not, the Receiver SHOULD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the
473 operation is not supported), else the Receiver MUST reject the request and returns the ‘server-error-
474 version-not-supported’ status code. In all cases as in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST return the “version-
475 number” parameter with the value that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the
476 client in the “version-number” parameter in the request.

477 **4.3 ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

478 The value of this operation attribute indicates the version of the IPPFAX Protocol and encoding that the
479 Sender is requesting and the Receiver is returning. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in

480 every request and the Receiver MUST return this operation attribute in every response. This operation
481 attribute MUST be placed in the Operation Attributes Group *immediately* after the operation attributes
482 whose order is specified in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911]. The semantics of the “ippfax-version-number” operation
483 attribute serves the same purpose for the IPPFAX Protocol as the IPP/1.1 “version-number” parameter
484 serves for the IPP Protocol (see [RFC2911] section 3.1.8).

485 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the
486 ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and SHOULD return the ‘ippfax-version-number’ attribute name
487 keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

488 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the value of the “ippfax-version-number” operation
489 attribute MUST be ‘1.0’ keyword value. By including an IPPFAX version number in the client request, it
490 allows the Sender to identify which version of IPPFAX the Sender is requesting to be used, i.e., the version
491 whose conformance requirements the Sender may be depending upon the Receiver to meet.

492 The Receiver MUST indicate the IPPFAX versions supported using the “ippfax-versions-supported”
493 (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attribute (see section 6.3).

494 As in IPP/1.1, if the Receiver does not support the major version number supplied by the Sender, i.e., the
495 major version field of the “ippfax-version-number” operation attribute does not match any of the values of
496 the Printer’s “ippfax-versions-supported” (see section 6.3), the Receiver MUST respond with a status code
497 of ‘server-error-version-not-supported’ along with the closest version number that is supported (see
498 [RFC2911] section 13.1.5.4). If the major version number is supported, but the minor version number is
499 not, the Receiver SHOULD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the operation
500 is not supported), else it rejects the request and returns the ‘server-error-version-not-supported’ status code.
501 In all cases, the Receiver MUST return the “ippfax-version-number” operation attribute in the response
502 with the value that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the Sender in the request.

503 There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a ‘server-error-version-not-supported’
504 status code from a Receiver, a Sender SHOULD try again with a different version number. A Sender MAY
505 also determine the versions supported either from a directory (see section 22) or by querying the Printer
506 object’s “ipp-versions-supported” (see section 6.2) and “ippfax-versions-supported” attributes (see section
507 6.3) to determine which IPP and IPPFAX versions are supported, respectively, as part of IPPFAX.

508 The Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST check both the IPP (see section 4.2) and IPPFAX version
509 numbers supplied by the Sender in each request, not just the IPPFAX version number.

510 **5 Get-Printer-Attributes operation semantics**

511 The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as defined in [RFC2911] as extended by
512 the semantics defined in this section.

513 **5.1 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1)**

514 This operation attribute identifies the document-format for which the Receiver MUST return the supported
515 values of the requested attributes. The semantics of this Get-Printer-Attributes operation attribute is the
516 same as for IPP ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5), with the following conformance requirement changes:

- 517 1. The Sender SHOULD supply the “document-format” operation attribute (IPP client may).
- 518 2. The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the requested (or defaulted) document
519 format (IPP Printer may).
- 520 3. Standard mimeType values are defined in section 6.6.

521 **5.2 pdfis-profile-requested (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

522 This operation attribute specifies one PDF/is Profile (see [ifx-pdfis]). The Sender SHOULD supply the
523 “pdfis-profile-requested” operation attribute in the Get-Printer-Attributes request if the document-format
524 supplied is ‘application/pdf’. The Receiver MUST support this operation attribute in a Get-Printer-
525 Attributes operation.

526 If the PDF/is Profile supplied by the Sender is not supported (value not contained in the Receiver’s “pdfis-
527 profiles-supported” Printer Description attribute - see section 6.7), the Receiver MUST reject the operation
528 and return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code.

529 The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the attributes returned as indicated in Table 1 and
530 Table 2 depending on the value of the “document-format” and “pdfis-profile-requested” operation
531 attributes supplied by the Sender in the Get-Printer-Attributes request.

532 If the Sender omits this attribute, the Receiver responds as if the Sender had supplied the PDF/is <FAX>
533 Profile (keyword value ‘pdfis-fax’) that is REQUIRED for all Receivers to support and performs Attribute
534 Coloring for that profile. Note: There is no “pdfis-profile-default” attribute defined for Get-Printer-
535 Attributes (or for Job Creation operations).

536 Standard keyword values are defined in section 6.7.

537 **6 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes**

538 This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description attributes
539 whose semantics are augmented for IPPFAX.

540 Table 1 lists all the IPPFAX conformance requirements for IPP and IPPFAX Printer Description attributes
 541 whose semantics are defined in this document. The Receiver conformance requirements for Attribute
 542 Coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the “document-format” and “pdfis-profile-
 543 requested” operation attribute values supplied by the client is indicated in the column labeled “Attribute
 544 Coloring”.

545 Table 2 lists the other Printer Description attributes defined in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] or IPP Notifications
 546 [ipp-ntfy] that are not in Table 1. The Printer Description attributes in Table 2 have the same conformance
 547 requirements as in [RFC2911] and [ipp-ntfy], as shown in Table 2. Any other Printer Description attributes
 548 defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

549 See section 9.2 for the Receiver conformance requirements for the “xxx-supported”, “xxx-default”, and
 550 “xxx-ready” Job Template Printer attributes.

551 **Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements**

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP Printer support	Receiver support	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Section
printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.1, 8.4
ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) *	must	MUST**	MUST NOT	6.2
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST NOT	MUST**	MUST NOT	6.3
printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.4
operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.5
document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.6
pdfis-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	may	MUST	MUST	6.7
pdfis-color-spaces-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	may	MUST	MUST	6.8
pdfis-data-encryption-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	may	MUST	MUST	6.9
pdfis-cache-size-k-octets-supported (integer(2048:MAX))	must	MUST	MUST	6.10
pdfis-banding-direction-supported (1setOf type2 enum)	must	MUST	MUST	

552 * These IPP/1.1 attributes are defined in [RFC2911], but have enhanced semantics defined in this
 553 document.

554 ** A Printer object that supports IPPFAX MUST NOT support IPP as well, but MUST support the “ipp-
 555 versions-supported” attribute to indicate the version(s) of IPP that are supported *as part of IPPFAX*
 556 *operations*. A Print System that supports both IPP and IPPFAX MUST support them as separate
 557 Printer objects (see section 3.3).
 558

Table 2 - Additional Printer Description attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP Printer support	Receiver support	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Spec
uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-name (name(127))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-location (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-info (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info (uri)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-driver-installer (uri)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-make-and-model (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state (type1 enum)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-message (text(MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-configured (charset)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-supported (1setOf charset)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
document-format-default (mimeMediaType)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-message-from-operator (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
color-supported (boolean)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-current-time (dateTime)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)	must	MUST	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-media-sheets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]

pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-change-time (integer(1:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]
printer-state-change-date-time (dateTime)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]

560

561 **6.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.1)**

562 This attribute contains the set of target URIs that the Receiver supports, i.e., the URI values that a client
 563 can supply as values of the “printer-uri” target operation attribute in requests. As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver
 564 MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1). However, a single Printer
 565 object MUST NOT support both ‘ipp’ and ‘ippfax’ schemed URIs. Therefore, the schemes MUST all be
 566 ‘ipp’ or all ‘ippfax’. In order for a Print System to support both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST use separate
 567 Printer objects (see section 3.3).

568 If a Print System supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, it is RECOMMENDED that the Print
 569 System support Printer objects whose target URIs differ only in the scheme. Then a client that queries the
 570 “printer-uri-supported” attribute of one of the Printer objects with one of these two protocols, can query the
 571 same Print System with the other protocol just by changing the scheme to see if the other protocol is
 572 supported (as a separate Printer object).

573 The Receiver MUST support the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see section 16) and only the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme
 574 for this attribute (see section 3.3).

575 **6.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.14)**

576 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPP Protocol that this Receiver supports as part of the
 577 IPPFAX Protocol (rather than indicating that the Receiver supports the IPP Protocol), including major and
 578 minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the conformance requirements.
 579 The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. The Receiver MUST compare the “version-
 580 number” parameter (see section 4.2), with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the
 581 Printer supports the IPP version requested by the Sender *as part of the IPPFAX Protocol*.

582 Standard keyword values are (from [RFC2911]):

583 ‘1.1’: The “IPP part” of the IPPFAX operations meets the protocol and encoding conformance
 584 requirements of IPP version 1.1 as specified in [RFC2911], [RFC2910], and IPP extensions.

585
 586 Note: As in [RFC2911] section 4.4.14, these version keyword values violate the syntax for
 587 keywords, by starting with an ASCII digit, instead of an ASCII lower case letter.

588 **6.3 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

589 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPPFAX Protocol that this Receiver supports,
590 including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the
591 conformance requirements. The support of this attribute indicates that this Printer object is a Receiver as
592 opposed to an IPP Printer object. The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. An IPP
593 Printer object MUST NOT support this attribute, since a Printer object MUST NOT support both IPP and
594 IPPFAX (see section 3.3).

595 The Receiver MUST compare the “ippfax-version-number” operation attribute (see section 4.3) supplied
596 by the Sender in each request, with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the Receiver
597 supports the IPPFAX version requested by the Sender.

598 Since a Printer object MUST NOT support both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, there is no ambiguity with
599 requiring a Receiver to support both the “ipp-versions-supported” and “ippfax-versions-supported” Printer
600 Description attributes (see sections 6.2 and 6.3). If a Printer object supports the “ipp-versions-supported”
601 attribute, but not the “ippfax-versions-supported” attribute, then by definition that Printer object supports
602 the IPP Protocol. If a Printer object supports the “ippfax-versions-supported” Printer Description attribute,
603 then by definition that Printer object is a Receiver and supports the IPPFAX Protocol and not the IPP
604 Protocol. For such a Printer object, the “ipp-versions-supported” attribute indicates the versions of IPP that
605 it supports *as part of IPPFAX operations*, rather than indicating that it supports the IPP Protocol (by itself).

606 Standard keyword values are:

607 ‘1.0’: Meets the conformance requirements of IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document.
608

609 Note: As in [RFC2911] section 4.4.14, these version keyword values violate the syntax for
610 keywords, by starting with an ASCII digit, instead of an ASCII lower case letter. However, for
611 consistency with IPP, these IPPFAX version keyword values are defined compatibly with the IPP
612 version keyword values.

613 **6.4 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.23)**

614 This attribute indicates whether or not the Receiver is currently accepting (IPPFAX) Job Creation requests.
615 As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section
616 4.4.23).

617 See section 10.4 for a discussion of how the Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer administrative operations,
618 if implemented, affect the value of this attribute.

619 6.5 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.15)

620 This attribute identifies the set of supported operations for this Receiver and contained Job objects. As in
621 IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.15).

622 The values of this attribute MAY depend on the URL supplied in the “printer-uri” operation attribute
623 and/or MAY depend on the authority of the authenticated requesting user. For example, a Receiver the
624 supports administrative operations MUST NOT support administrative operations for use by end users, but
625 such a Receiver MAY return the administrative operation enums to end users. For example, if an end user
626 queries a Printer that supports the Disable-Printer administrative operation, it MAY either (1) return the
627 Disable-Printer enum or (2) use Attribute Coloring and not return the Disable-Printer enum to the end user.
628 In either case, if an administrator queries the same Printer, it MUST return the Disable-Printer enum.

629 6.6 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.22)

630 This attribute identifies which document formats the Receiver supports. As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST
631 support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.22).

632 Since most document formats don’t give the “blind interchange” guarantee of document presentation
633 fidelity for all implementations and configurations, the IPPFAX document formats supported MUST be a
634 subset of the IPP document formats supported.

635 TODO: (Some of the following table does not apply, what should be here instead?)

636 Standard mimeType values for IPPFAX jobs is limited to ‘application/pdf’ which both the Sender
637 and Receiver MUST support.

638 6.7 pdfis-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

639 This attribute identifies which black/white, grayscale, and color PDF/is Image and Color Profiles the
640 Receiver supports. A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

641 This attribute only applies to PDF/is Image and Color profiles. Therefore, this attribute MUST NOT be
642 returned if the “document-format” operation attribute supplied by the Sender in the Get-Printer-Attributes
643 request does not support PDF/is Profiles.

644 See [ifx-pdfis] Tables 3-1 and 3-4 for the definition of each of these PDF/is Profiles and the inter-
645 dependency requirements for PDF/is Profile support. The values of this attribute MUST conform to the
646 inter-dependency requirements in [ifx-pdfis] for PDF/is Profile support (for example, PDF/is Profile
647 <FAX> MUST be supported and PDF/is Profile <JPEG> MUST be supported if PDF/is Profile <MASK>

648 is supported, so the ‘pdfis-fax’ keyword MUST always be present and the ‘pdfis-jpeg’ keyword MUST be
 649 present if the ‘pdfis-mask’ keyword is present).

650 Standard keyword values are shown in Table 3. Refer to Table 3-1 in [ifx-pdfis] for details on Sender
 651 (Creator) and Receiver (Renderer) support. All profiles have a IANA registered MIME Media Type of
 652 ‘application/pdf’ and File Name Extension Suffix of ‘.pdf’:

653 **Table 3 - PDF/is Profile keywords**

Keyword	Description (see [ifx-pdfis])
pdfis-fax	PDF/is Profile <FAX>
pdfis-jbig2	PDF/is Profile <JBIG2>
pdfis-jpeg	PDF/is Profile <JPEG>
pdfis-jpeg-g	PDF/is Profile <JPEG> with gray-scale subset
pdfis-flate	PDF/is Profile <FLATE>
pdfis-flate-g	PDF/is Profile <FLATE> with gray-scale subset
pdfis-mask	PDF/is Profile <MASK>

654

655 **6.8 pdfis-color-spaces-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

656 This attribute identifies which color spaces that the Receiver supports. A Receiver MUST support this
 657 Printer Description attribute.

658 This attribute only applies to PDF/is image profiles <JPEG> and <FLATE>. Therefore, this attribute
 659 MUST NOT be returned if the “document-format” operation attribute supplied by the Sender in the Get-
 660 Printer-Attributes request does not support PDF/is.

661 See [ifx-pdfis] for the definition of each of these color spaces and the related PDF/is Profiles and the inter-
 662 dependency requirements for the color spaces and PDF/is Profile support. The values of this attribute
 663 MUST conform to the inter-dependency requirements in [ifx-pdfis].

664 **Table 4 – Color Space keywords**

Keyword	Color Profile (see [ifx-pdfis])
“gray”	<GRAY>
“rgb”	<RGB>
“lab”	<LAB>
“icc”	<ICC>
“indexed”	<IDX>

665

666 **6.9 pdfis-data-encryption-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

667 This attribute identifies which data encryption methods are supported by the Receiver. A Receiver MUST
 668 support this Printer Description attribute.

669 See [ifx-pdfis] for the definition of each of these methods. The values of this attribute MUST conform to
 670 the requirements in [ifx-pdfis].

671 **Table 5 – Data Encryption keywords**

Keyword	Security Profile (See [ifx-pdfis])
“standard”	<STD-ENC>
“ppk-lite”	<PPK-ENC>
“digital-signature”	<DIG-SIG>

672

673 **6.10 pdfis-cache-size-k-octets-supported (integer(2048:MAX))**

674 This attribute identifies how many k-octets of RAM are guaranteed to be available to cache PDF/is objects.
 675 A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. The minimum amount of memory that a
 676 Receiver must support is 2Meg of RAM. A Sender MUST query this attribute if it wishes to cache more
 677 than 2 Meg of PDF objects before rendering a page or a band on the page (See “Banding” in [ifx-pdfis]).

678 See “MEMORY” field in Section 3.3.1.1 in [ifx-pdfis] for the definition and management of the cache.

679 **6.11 pdfis-banding-direction-supported (1setOf type2 enum)**

680 This attribute identifies the direction in which banding may be applied to the image(s) on a page. The
 681 orientation of the axis relative to the actual media is dependent on the orientation specified by the Sender.
 682 The orientation is defined in the ‘MediaBox’ field of the ‘Page’ object in the PDF/is specification [ifx-
 683 pdfis].

684 See “CHARACTERISTIC” field in Section 3.3.1.1 in [ifx-pdfis] for the definition for these values.

Keyword	Characteristic Profiles (See [ifx-pdfis])
“x-axis-banding”	< X_AXIS_BANDS> == ‘1’
“y-axis-banding”	< X_AXIS_BANDS> == ‘0’

685

686 **7 Sender Validation of the Receiver’s Capabilities**

687 This section describes how a Sender MUST first validate the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its
 688 basic capabilities (section 7.1) and then validate the IPPFAX Job (section 7.2).

689 A Sender MUST NOT use any OPTIONAL feature in PDF/is unless it first queries the Receiver to confirm
 690 that the Receiver supports the feature. If the feature is not supported in the Receiver then the Sender
 691 MUST NOT use the OPTIONAL feature. A Sender MUST NOT use any feature that is prohibited in the
 692 PDF/is [ifx-pdfis] specification.

693 **7.1 Sender Validates the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its basic capabilities**

694 The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is a valid Receiver using the Get-Printer-Attributes
 695 operation as indicated in Table 6. The Sender SHOULD determine the Receiver’s basic capabilities before
 696 generating the document data in order to ensure the best rendering the document as intended by the Sender
 697 before submitting an IPPFAX job as indicated in Table 6. The Sender MUST NOT rely solely on the
 698 IPPFAX Validate-Job operation followed by the IPPFAX Job Creation operation, since an IPP/1.1 (or
 699 IPP/1.0) Printer MAY accept both IPPFAX operations (but not perform IPPFAX semantics).

700 If the Sender requests these attributes using Get-Printer-Attributes and some of them are not returned, then
701 the Sender **MUST** query the Sending User to inform that person that the Printer does not accept IPPFAX
702 Jobs, so that the Sender has the opportunity to choose to abandon the exchange or to try an IPP URL (see
703 section 6.1) and then query the Sending User if it OK to use the IPP Protocol.

704 The order of presentation in Table 6 is the likely order that a Sender would check the values, though the
705 Sender can request all of the attributes in a single Get-Printer-Attributes operation (and the Receiver **MAY**
706 return them in any order as specified in [RFC2911]).

707

Table 6 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender validates with Get-Printer-Attributes

Attribute	Ref.	Sender action
operation attributes:		
printer-uri	4.1	Sender MUST validate whether or not the Get-Printer-Attributes operation with a “printer-uri” target URL using the ‘ippfax’ scheme locates a valid Receiver destination.
Printer Description attributes:		
ippfax-versions-supported	6.3	Sender MUST check whether the Printer supports the IPPFAX Protocol on the target URL by checking whether or not the Printer supports this attribute, i.e., validate that the Printer is a Receiver.
operations-supported	6.5	If the Sender is going to use any operations that are OPTIONAL for a Receiver to support (such as Create-Job, Send-Document), the Sender SHOULD validate that the Receiver supports such operations (though the Printer MUST return an error if the client attempts to use an operation that the Printer doesn’t support).
document-format-supported	6.6	Sender SHOULD** check which document formats the Receiver supports.
pdfis-profiles-supported	6.7	Sender SHOULD** check which PDF/is Profiles the Receiver supports, if the Sender uses any PDF/is profiles other than ‘PDF/is-f’.
Job Template Printer attributes:		
media-supported	9.2.1.1	Sender SHOULD** check which media is supported, if the Sender specifies a particular media.
media-ready	9.2.1.1	Sender SHOULD check which media is ready (loaded, i.e., needs no human intervention to use).
printer-resolutions-supported	9.2.2.1	Sender SHOULD** check which resolutions are supported, so that it can use the highest resolution supported by the Receiver.

708 ** SHOULD** indicates that the Sender SHOULD check, but that if the Sender doesn’t, then the Validate-
709 Job operation will catch any unsupported attributes or values and reject the operation.

710 7.2 Validating the Printer’s IPPFAX capabilities using the Validate-Job operation

711 After validating that the Printer is a Receiver (section 7.1), the Sender MUST validate the job attributes
712 using the Validate-Job operation (that doesn’t include any Document data) before sending the IPPFAX Job
713 with the same attributes using an IPPFAX Job Creation operation that includes the Document data. The
714 Sender MUST supply all the same operation and Job Template attributes in the Validate-Job request as it
715 will supply in the subsequent Job Creation request (see section 9).

716 The Sender MUST supply the “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute with a ‘true’ value (see
 717 [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1 and 15.1) in both the Validate-Job and the Job Creation operations. Then the
 718 Receiver will reject the request if any of the Job Template attributes and values are not supported, thereby
 719 ensuring that the document is printed as intended. If the Validate-Job is rejected because of the lack of
 720 support of one or more Job Template attributes, the Sender MUST query the user in order to proceed
 721 without these attributes. If the Validate-Job fails for more serious reasons, such as ‘server-error-not-
 722 accepting-jobs ([RFC2911] section 13.1.5.7), the Sender MUST inform the Sending User so that person has
 723 the opportunity to choose to abandon the exchange or to try an IPP URL (see section 6.1) and then query
 724 the Sending User if it is OK to use the IPP Protocol. The main IPPFAX features that MAY be missing in
 725 the IPP Protocol are:

- 726 - Guaranteed exchange: Since IPP does not mandate any data formats it is possible that the
 727 Sender MAY not be able to discover a common data format that both it and the printer support.
- 728 - Identity exchange (section 8): IPP need not provide the definitive identity exchange that
 729 IPPFAX does. In many cases this is acceptable.

730 8 Identity exchange

731 This section defines the attributes that the Sender and the Receiver use to identify each to the other and to
 732 identify the Sending User and the Receiver User. Table 7 lists these attributes and shows the Sender and
 733 Receiver conformance requirements.

734 **Table 7 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes**

Attribute	Sender supplies	Receiver supports
sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	MAY *	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	SHOULD *	MUST
sender-uri (uri)	MUST *	MUST
printer-uri-supported	MUST **	MUST

735 * Sender supplies in a Validate-Job and Job Creation operations.

736 ** Sender supplies in a Get-Printer-Attributes request.

737 8.1 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute

738 This operation attribute identifies the Sending User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] format.
 739 The Sender MAY send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation operation. The Receiver MUST
 740 support this Job Creation and Validate-Job operation attribute according to the vCard v3.0 specification
 741 and MUST populate the job’s corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX

742 (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case
743 it MUST still accept the Job Creation request and return the ‘successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-
744 attributes’ status code (see [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its
745 ignored values in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

746 For a sample vCard see section 20. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
747 value to populate the Job object’s corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

748 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.
749 As in IPP/1.1, whether or not the Receiver prints a separate job start sheet depends on the “job-sheets” Job
750 Template attribute, if supported. The Sender can request the Receiver to print a separate start sheet if the
751 Receiver’s “job-sheets-supported” Printer attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.3) contains a value other
752 than ‘none’. The Sender can suppress the Receiver’s separate start sheet if the Receiver’s “job-sheets-
753 supported” Printer attribute contains the ‘none’ value. If the Sender omits the “job-sheets” Job Template
754 attribute, the Receiver’s “job-sheets-default” value will be used.

755 **8.2 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute**

756 This operation attribute identifies the intended Receiving User in MIME vCard format[RFC2426,
757 RFC2425]. The Sender SHOULD send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation or Validate-Job
758 operation. The Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute and MUST populate the job’s
759 corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text.
760 However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case it MUST still accept
761 the Job Creation request and return the ‘successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes’ status code (see
762 [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored values in the Unsupported
763 Attributes Group.

764 For a sample vCard see section 20. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
765 value to populate the Job object’s corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

766 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.
767 See discussion under section 8.1.

768 **8.3 sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute**

769 This operation attribute identifies the Sender in a similar manner to the way a Sending Station ID is used in
770 a GSTN fax device. The value of this identity is not specified in this document but MUST uniquely
771 identify the Sender device and be traceable to the Sender. The manufacturer of the Sender MUST ensure
772 that the customer configures the Sender with a value for this attribute that is a syntactically valid URI
773 before first attempt to send an IPPFAX Job.

774 The Sender **MUST** send this operation attribute with the configured value in an IPPFAX Job Creation
775 operation. The Receiver **MUST** support this Job Creation operation attribute and **MUST** populate the job's
776 corresponding Job Description attribute.

777 The Receiver **MUST** use its value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of
778 the same name. This value is only a comment (since it can be spoofed) and is used for logging purposes
779 and has nothing to do with authentication (for which see section 11). This attribute is more akin to an
780 email 'Reply-To' field.

781 **8.4 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.4.1)**

782 This IPP/1.1 Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1) identifies the Receiving device, so
783 that no new IPPFAX Printer Description attribute is needed. See section 6.1 for additional IPPFAX
784 semantics for this attribute. The Sender **MUST** query this attribute using the Get-Printer-Attributes
785 operation as specified in section 7.1 while supplying a target "printer-uri" operation attribute with the
786 'ippfax' scheme.

787 **9 Transmission using the Print-Job or Create-Job/Send-Document operations**

788 The Sender and Receiver **MUST** support creating IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job operation and **MAY**
789 support creating IPPFAX Jobs using Create-Job and Send-Document, as well. The Sender and Receiver
790 **MUST NOT** support print by reference, i.e., **MUST NOT** support the Print-URI and Send-URI operations,
791 since they do not provide the same security and assurance of accessibility as pushing the document data
792 does.

793 **9.1 IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes**

794 Table 8 lists the operation attributes for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations for Senders, IPP/1.1
795 Printers, and Receivers. Differences in Sender conformance from IPP/1.1 clients are indicated with
796 footnotes. Any other IPP operation attributes defined in other documents are **OPTIONAL** for IPPFAX.

797

Table 8 - IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes

Operation attribute	Section	Sender supplies	IPP/1.1 Printer supports	Receiver supports
attributes-charset (charset)		MUST	must	MUST
attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)		MUST	must	MUST
printer-uri (uri) *	4.1	MUST	must	MUST
requesting-user-name (name(MAX)) *		SHOULD	must	MUST
job-name (name(MAX))		MAY	must	MUST
ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean) *	9.1.1	MUST with 'true' value ¹	must	MUST
document-name (name(MAX)) *		MAY	must	MUST
compression (type3 keyword) *		MAY	must	MUST
document-format (mimeType) *	9.1.2	MUST ²	must	MUST
document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) *		MAY	may	MAY
job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
sending-user-vcard (1setOf text(MAX))	8.1	MAY	may	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	8.2	SHOULD	may	MUST
sender-uri (name(MAX))	8.3	MUST	may	MUST
pdfis-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) *	9.1.3	MUST	may	MUST

798
799
800

* As in IPP/1.1, these attributes are NOT Job Description attributes, only Operation attributes for Job Creation and Validate-Job operations.

801

9.1.1 ipp-attribute-fidelity operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)

802
803
804
805
806

In IPP/1.1, this operation attribute indicates whether or not the client requires the Printer to support all Job Template attributes and values supplied. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations and the value MUST be 'true'. A Receiver MUST validate and support this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client to supply this operation attribute and allows the client to supply the 'false' value.

¹ [RFC2911] does not require the client to supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and allows the client to supply either the 'true' or 'false' value.

² The [RFC2911] does not require the IPP client to supply the "document-format" operation attribute.

807 If the Sender does not supply this attribute or supplies the ‘false’ value, the Receiver MUST reject the
808 operation, MUST return the ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and SHOULD return the ‘ipp-attribute-
809 fidelity’ attribute name keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

810 **9.1.2 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)**

811 This operation attribute identifies the MIME Media Type of the document that the Sender is sending. The
812 Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations. A Receiver
813 MUST validate and support this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client
814 to supply this operation attribute.

815 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the
816 ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and SHOULD return the ‘document-format’ attribute name keyword
817 in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

818 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver’s
819 “document-format-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation and
820 return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code (IPP conformance).

821 Standard mimeType values are defined in section 6.6.

822 **9.1.3 pdfis-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) Job Creation operation attribute**

823 This attribute identifies the PDF/is Profiles of the document that the Sender is sending. The Sender
824 SHOULD supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations as a hint to the
825 Receiver as to what the PDF/is Profiles are. A Receiver MUST validate and support this operation
826 attribute.

827 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver’s “pdfis-
828 profiles-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation and return the
829 ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code (IPP conformance extended to PDF/is profiles -
830 see section 14.2).

831 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST accept the job anyway and validate as soon
832 as possible that the Receiver can successfully render the document data. If possible, it is
833 RECOMMENDED that such validation happen by examining the first part of the data before returning the
834 Job Creation response. Note: there is no “pdfis-profiles-default” attribute defined.

835 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver determines later is incorrect when processing the document
836 data, the document data takes precedence. Only if the Receiver does not support the discovered profile,
837 MUST the Receiver abort the job.

838 Standard keyword values are defined in section 6.7.

839 **9.2 Job Template Attributes (for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations)**

840 Table 9 lists all of the Job Template attributes defined in other IPP documents for use in Validate-Job and
841 Job Creation operations and shows their conformance for IPPFAX Jobs. As in [RFC2911], the term “Job
842 Template attribute” is actually up to four attributes: the “xxx” Job attribute, and the “xxx-default”, “xxx-
843 supported”, and possibly the “xxx-ready” Printer attributes. Any other IPP Job Template attributes defined
844 in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

845 As in IPP/1.1, if a Receiver supports the “xxx” Job Template attribute, then it MUST support the
846 corresponding “xxx-default” (if defined) and “xxx-supported” Printer attributes as well, and MAY support
847 the “xxx-ready” attribute (if defined).

848 In Table 9, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain an explicit single value, the
849 Sender MAY send and the Receiver MAY support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job, but
850 MUST support only the indicated value. Note: Each such single value has been selected as the value for
851 the attribute that would correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all. If
852 these attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job with any other value, the Receiver MUST reject the Job
853 Creation operation (since the value isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’). If the
854 Receiver supports this attribute, the Receiver MUST return only the indicated value in the Get-Printer-
855 Attributes response for the corresponding “xxx-supported”, “xxx-default” Printer attributes. Note: These
856 are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or provide a significantly non-FAX
857 feature if the non-default value were supplied and supported, such as “number-up” = 2 or “job-priority” =
858 100, respectively.

859 In Table 9, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain “MUST NOT”, the Sender
860 MUST NOT supply and the Receiver MUST NOT support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job.
861 If these attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job, the Receiver MUST reject the Job Creation operation
862 (since the attribute isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’). When querying the
863 Receiver with the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, the corresponding “xxx-default” and “xxx-supported”
864 MUST NOT be returned. Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document
865 or provide a significantly non-FAX feature and do not have an obvious value which corresponds to the
866 behavior when the attribute is not supported at all, such as media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword |
867 name(MAX)) or output-bin (type2 keyword | name(MAX)).

868 In Table 9, the “Receiver Attribute Coloring” column indicates the Receiver conformance requirements for
869 Attribute Coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the “document-format” and
870 “pdfis-profile-requested” operation attribute values supplied by the Sender. The ‘n/a’ value indicates not
871 applicable, since the attribute either MUST NOT be supported or MUST have only the indicated single
872 value.

873

Table 9 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
copies (integer(1:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
cover-back (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
cover-front (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
document-overrides (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-coll]
finishings (1setOf type2 enum)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
finishings-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
force-front-side (1setOf integer(1:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
imposition-template (type2 keyword name(MAX))	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
insert-sheet (1setOf collection)	'insert-count' = 0	'insert-count' = 0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
job-account-id (name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-accounting-sheets (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-accounting-user-id (name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-error-sheet (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-hold-until (type3 keyword name(MAX))	'no-hold'	'no-hold'	n/a	[RFC2911]
job-message-to-operator (text(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-priority (integer(1:100))	50	50	n/a	[RFC2911]
job-sheet-message (text(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-sheets (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-sheets-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
media (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST (see section 9.2.1)	MUST (see section 9.2.1)	MAY	[RFC2911]
media-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
number-up (integer(1:MAX))	1	1	n/a	[RFC2911]
orientation-requested (type2 enum)	'portrait'	'portrait'	n/a	[RFC2911]
output-bin (type2 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-output-bin]
page-delivery (type2 keyword)	'system-specified'	'system-specified'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
page-order-received (type2 keyword)	'1-to-n-order'	'1-to-n-order'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
page-overrides (1setOf collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-coll]

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger(1:MAX))	1:MAX	1:MAX	n/a	[RFC2911]
pages-per-subset (1setOf integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
presentation-direction-number-up (type2 keyword)	'toright-tobottom'	'toright-tobottom'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
print-quality (type2 enum)	'high'	'high'	n/a	[RFC2911]
printer-resolution (resolution)	MAY (see section 9.2.2)	MUST (see section 9.2.2)	MUST	[RFC2911]
separator-sheets (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
sheet-collate (type2 keyword)	'collated'	'collated'	n/a	[ipp-job-prog]
sides (type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
x-image-position (type2 keyword)	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side1-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side2-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-position (type2 keyword)	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side1-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side2-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]

874 * If a single value is indicated, then a Receiver MAY support the indicated Job Template attribute, but
875 MUST support only the indicated value. Note: Each such single value has been selected as the value for
876 the attribute that would correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all.

877 **9.2.1 media (type2 keyword | name(MAX)) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section** 878 **4.2.11)**

879 This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11) identifies the medium to be used for all sheets of
880 the job. The Sender MUST supply the “media” Job Template attribute in the Validate-Job and Job
881 Creation requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the “media-default”, “media-ready”, and
882 “media-supported” Printer attributes.

883 The PDF/is Profiles standard [ifx-pdfis] REQUIRES that both the Sender and the Receiver be able to
884 determine the dimensions from the keyword value. Therefore, the keyword values MUST be Media Size
885 Self Describing names defined in the PWG Standardized Name standard [pwg-media].

886 Standard keyword values (see [pwg-media]) include:

887 'na_letter_8.5x11in'
888 'iso_a4_210x297mm'

889 **9.2.1.1 media-supported and media-ready Job Template Printer attributes**

890 The Sender MUST query the values of the “media-supported” and “media-ready” attributes ([RFC2911]
891 section 4.2.11), since the Sender MUST supply the “media” Job Template attribute in the Job Creation
892 operation. The “media-ready” attribute indicates which media are currently loaded and will not require
893 human intervention in order to be used.

894 Standard keyword values are defined in section 9.2.1.

895 **9.2.2 printer-resolution (resolution) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12)**

896 This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12) identifies the cross-feed and feed direction
897 resolutions that Printer uses for the Job. The Sender MAY supply the “printer-resolution” Job Template
898 attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the
899 “printer-resolution-default”, and “printer-resolution-supported” Printer attributes.

900 For PDF/is Documents, if the Sender supplies the “printer-resolution” (resolution) Job Template attribute,
901 the value MUST agree with the resolution of each of the pages of the PDF/is Document. If the supplied
902 value disagrees with the resolution of any of the pages of the PDF/is Document, the Receiver MUST obey
903 the resolution in the PDF/is document, on a page by page basis.

904 Note: The main purpose of requiring the Receiver to support the “printer-resolution” Job Template
905 attribute is so that the Sender can query the corresponding “printer-resolution-supported” (1setOf
906 resolution) Printer attribute to see what resolutions are supported in addition to the ones REQUIRED for
907 the PDF/is Profiles supported. See section 9.2.2.1.

908 **9.2.2.1 printer-resolution-supported Job Template Printer attribute**

909 If the Sender is using a resolution for a PDF/is Profile that is not the REQUIRED minimum resolution for
910 the PDF/is Profile being used, then the Sender SHOULD query the “printer-resolution-supported” Printer
911 attribute. Thus this attribute allows the Sender to determine the resolution(s) supported in addition to the
912 minimum resolution required for support of each of the PDF/is Profiles.

913 **9.3 Subscription Template Attributes Conformance Requirements**

914 Table 10 lists the conformance requirements for Subscription attributes on the Job Creation and Validate-
 915 Job requests. The attributes in Subscription Objects are shown immediately followed (indented) by their
 916 corresponding Default and Supported Printer Attributes.

917 **Table 10 - Subscription Template attributes conformance requirements**

Attribute Name (attribute syntax) Attribute in Subscription Object Default and Supported Printer Attributes	Sender Conformance in Job Creation operations	Receiver Conformance	Reference
notify-recipient-uri (uri)	MAY *	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)	n/a	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-pull-method (type2 keyword)	MUST **	MUST	section 9.3.1
notify-pull-method-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-events (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MUST	section 9.3.2
notify-events-default (1setOf type2 keyword) notify-events-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) notify-max-events-supported (integer(2:MAX))	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-attributes (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-attributes-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	n/a	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-user-data (octetString(63))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-charset (charset)	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
charset-supported (1setOf charset)	n/a	MUST	[RFC2911]
notify-natural-language (naturalLanguage)	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)	n/a	MUST	[RFC2911]
notify-lease-duration (integer(0:67108863))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-lease-duration-default (integer(0:67108863)) notify-lease-duration-supported (1setOf (integer(0: 67108863) rangeOfInteger(0:67108863)))	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-time-interval (integer(0:MAX))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]

918 * The Sender MUST supply at least the “notify-recipient-uri” attribute for any Push Delivery Method.

919 ** The Sender MUST supply at least the “notify-pull-method” attribute for any Pull Delivery Method,
 920 such as the REQUIRED ‘ippget’ Delivery Method.
 921

922 9.3.1 notify-pull-method (type2 keyword) Subscription Template attribute [ipp-ntfy]

923 This Subscription Template attribute defined in [ipp-ntfy] indicates the Pull Delivery Method. A Sender
924 MUST supply this attribute with the ‘ippget’ Delivery Method keyword value [ipp-get-method] in order to
925 determine when the Document has been Delivered so that the Sender can give a positive acknowledgement
926 to the Sending User. A Receiver MUST support the subset of the IPP Notification specification [ipp-ntfy]
927 indicated in this document and the ‘ippget’ Notification Delivery Method [ipp-get-method].

928 9.3.2 Notification Event Conformance Requirements

929 Table 11 lists the conformance requirements for notification events.

930 The Receiver MUST support the ‘job-progress’ event (which is OPTIONAL in [ipp-ntfy]), as well as all of
931 the REQUIRED events in [ipp-ntfy] (‘none’, ‘printer-state-change’, ‘printer-stopped’, ‘job-state-change’,
932 ‘job-created’, and ‘job-completed’). However, the Receiver MUST NOT support any Printer Events in
933 Per-Job Subscriptions, since that would give an IPPFAX Sender information about the Printer while the
934 Printer was printing other IPPFAX Jobs. If the Sender subscribes to the ‘job-progress’ event, the Receiver
935 MUST generate an event for every sheet, as moderated by the Printer’s “notify-time-interval” attribute
936 [ipp-ntfy], which the Sender can obtain using the Get-Notifications request.

937 For the purposes of IPPFAX, the ‘job-completed’ event notifications means that the Receiver has delivered
938 the IPPFAX Job somewhere; either actually delivered printed sheets to the output bin or forwarded the job
939 and document to some other system.

940

Table 11 - Notification Events conformance requirements

Event	IPP/1.1 Printer Conformance	Sender Conformance for Job Creation support	Sender Use	Receiver Conformance per-Job	Receiver Conformance Per-Printer	Section
none	must	MAY	MAY	MUST	MUST	9.3.2
Job Events:						
job-state-changed	must	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST	9.3.2
job-created	must	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST	9.3.2
job-completed	must	MUST	MAY	MUST	MUST	9.3.2
job-stopped	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	
job-config-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	
job-progress	may	MAY	MAY	MUST	MAY	9.3.2
Printer Events:						
printer-state-changed	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	9.3.2
printer-restarted	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-shutdown	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-stopped	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	9.3.2
printer-config-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-media- changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-finishings- changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-queue-order- changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	

941

942 **9.4 Confirmation using the Document Creation response**

943 The Sender knows when the Receiver has successfully received the entire Document when the Receiver
 944 returns the 'successful-ok' status code in the Print-Job, or Send-Document. The Sender MUST then inform
 945 the Sending User by means outside the scope of this standard that the document has successfully been
 946 received. See section 9.3.2 for informing the Sending User when the document has been successfully
 947 printed.

948 **9.5 Sender URI Stamping**

949 The Sender **MUST** place the Sender's URI, i.e., the value of the "sender-uri" attribute (see section 8.3),
950 along with the date and time, in one of the following places, **DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION**:

- 951 1. On a cover page automatically generated by the Sender that is sent before the rest of the
952 document.
- 953 2. Merged with the first page of the document.
- 954 3. At the top of every page of the sent Document.

955 The Sender **MAY** include additional data (Sending User, Receiver identity, etc.). As for regular FAX, it is
956 **RECOMMENDED** that this information be represented as bit map data, so that it is more difficult for it to
957 be modified before it gets to the Receiver.

958 **9.6 Get-Notifications operation to get Event Notifications**

959 The Sender **MUST** support the Get-Notifications operation with at least the 'job-completed' event (see
960 section 9.3.2). Furthermore, the Sender **MUST** use the Get-Notifications operations to get at least the 'job-
961 completed' event for any IPPFAX job it submits, unless the Sending User has explicitly indicated
962 otherwise to the Sender (by means outside the scope of this document). The Receiver **MUST** support the
963 Get-Notifications operation as defined in [ipp-get-method]. See section 9.3.2 for the events that **MUST** be
964 supported, since the IPPFAX conformance requirements differ from those of [ipp-ntfy].

965 **10 IPPFAX Implementation of other IPP operations**

966 Section 5 defined the semantic requirements for the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, section 7 defined the
967 semantic requirements for Validate-Job, and section 9 defined the semantic requirements for Job Creation
968 operations for IPPFAX. This section defines the IPPFAX semantics and conformance requirements for the
969 other IPP operations.

970 IPPFAX restricts the use of IPP in certain cases in order to make attaching a Receiver to the Internet a safe
971 option – see section 11.

972 The Receiver **MUST** fully support the Print-Job, Validate-Job, Get-Printer-Attributes and Get-Notifications
973 operations, as defined by this document. The following subsections define restrictions and conformance
974 requirements placed on the Cancel-Job, Get-Job-Attributes, Get-Jobs, Enable-Printer, Disable-Printer, Set-
975 Printer-Attributes, and Get-Printer-Attributes operations. For a conforming IPPFAX Receiver
976 implementation, the support for each of the IPP operations is indicated in Table 12 and Table 13.

977 There is no requirement for the Receiver to implement any of the OPTIONAL features of IPP unless
978 explicitly stated elsewhere in this document. If a Receiver implementation supports administrative
979 operations, such as Create-Printer-Subscriptions, Disable-Printer, etc., then it MUST provide a method of
980 restricting available operations for non-authorized clients to the operations specified herein.

981 **10.1 Operation Conformance Requirements**

982 Table 12 lists the conformance requirements for Printer operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp' URL),
983 (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender, (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from a non-privileged
984 User, and (4) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from an authenticated and authorized operator or
985 administrator, if the Receiver supports operator/administrator authentication and authorization.

986 Table 13 lists the conformance requirements for Job and Subscription operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer
987 ('ipp') URL, (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender which MUST be on the same URL as the job was
988 created (the target "printer-uri" MUST match the Job's "job-printer-uri" Job Description attribute), (3) an
989 IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from the Job or Subscription Object Owner, (4) from some other
990 non-privileged user, and (5) if the operation is supported at all - from an authenticated and authorized
991 operator or administrator.

992 The Receiver MUST support Subscription Creation for the Job-Creations operations that it supports, but
993 NEED NOT support any other notification operations, such as Create-Job-Subscriptions, Create-Printer-
994 Subscriptions, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Renew-Subscription, or Cancel-
995 Subscription, even though [ipp-ntfy] requires all but the Create-Job-Subscriptions operation.

996 If a Receiver chooses to allow other IPP notification operations then it SHOULD provide a method of
997 restricting all other notification operations to authenticated administrators.

998

Table 12 - Conformance for Printer Operations

Operation Name	IPP/1.1 Printer support	IPPFAX Sender support for a User	IPPFAX Receiver from a User	IPPFAX Receiver from an Operator, if supported	Reference
Print-Job	must	MUST	MUST	MUST	section 9
Print-URI	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Validate-Job	must	MUST	MUST	MUST	section 7.2
Create-Job	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
Get-Jobs	must	MAY	MAY*	MAY	section 10.3
Get-Printer-Attributes	must	MUST	MUST	MUST	sections 5, 6
Pause-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Resume-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Purge-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Set-Printer-Attributes	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.5
Get-Printer-Supported-Values	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.5
Create-Printer-Subscription	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Send-Notifications	may	MUST NOT	MAY **	MAY	[ipp-indp-method]
Get-Print-Support-Files	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-install]
Enable-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.4
Disable-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.4
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Hold-New-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Release-Held-New-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Deactivate-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Activate-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Restart-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Shutdown-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Startup-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Cancel-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ipp-ops-set2]
Suspend-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]

Legend:

MAY* - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as “job-name”, and “job-originating-user-name”. See section 10.3.

MAY** - For Send-Notifications, the Receiver *sends to* a User or Operator (rather than *receives from*).

999
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1001
1002
1003

1004

Table 13 - Conformance for Job and Subscription Operations

Operation Name	IPP/1.1 Printer support	IPPFAX Sender support for a User	IPPFAX Receiver from Owner***	IPPFAX Receiver from Other User	IPPFAX Receiver from Operator, if supported	Reference
Send-Document	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Send-URI	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Cancel-Job	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	section 10.2
Get-Job-Attributes	must	MAY	MAY	MAY*	MAY	section 10.3
Set-Job-Attributes	must	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-set-ops]
Hold-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Release-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Restart-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[RFC2911]
Create-Job-Subscription	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscription-Attributes	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Renew-Subscription	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Cancel-Subscription	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY***	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Notifications	may	MUST	MUST	MUST NOT	MAY	section 9.6
Reprocess-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[ipp-ops-set2]
Resume-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Promote-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Schedule-Job-After	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ipp-ops-set2]

1005

Legend:

1006

MAY* - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as “job-name”, and “job-originating-user-name”. See section 10.3.

1007

1008

MAY** - Restart-Job and Reprocess-Job are for the operator to recover from a problem with the job, not to make additional copies.

1009

1010

MAY*** - Operators MAY cancel their own subscriptions, but MUST NOT cancel subscriptions belonging to others.

1011

Owner refers to the owner of the Job or Subscription object.

1012

10.2 Cancel-Job operation ([RFC2911] section 3.3.3)

1013

It is inappropriate for a Sender or an operator to Cancel an IPPFAX Job, i.e., to transmit a Document as an IPPFAX Job, receive confirmation of its arrival and then cancel it. Therefore:

1014

1015

The Sender MUST NOT attempt to cancel the print job once it has been sent to the Receiver.

1016 The Receiver **MUST** reject Cancel-Job operations whether issued by a user or an administrator targeted at
1017 IPPFAX Jobs. The Cancel-Job operation therefore **MUST** be an unsupported operation for a Receiver and
1018 **MUST** be reflected in the value of the “operations-supported” Printer attribute (see section 6.5). Note:
1019 Non-support of the Cancel-Job operation is a change from the IPP behavior where Cancel-Job is required.

1020 **10.3 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations ([RFC2911] sections 3.3.4 and 3.2.6)**

1021 The public nature of IPPFAX interactions make it inappropriate for a client to be able to query a Receiver
1022 for certain information about jobs that it did not send.

1023 The Receiver **SHOULD** restrict the job attributes that any Sender can request for any IPPFAX Job in a Get-
1024 Jobs or a Get-Job-Attributes operation to appropriate ones for a public service. For example, a Receiver
1025 **MAY** return only the following Job attributes:

1026 job-id, job-uri
1027 job-k-octets, job-k-octets-completed
1028 job-media-sheets, job-media-sheets-completed,
1029 time-at-creation, time-at-processing
1030 job-state, job-state-reasons
1031 number-of-intervening-jobs

1032
1033 The exact choice of Job attributes that a client can query for IPPFAX Jobs, including not returning any,
1034 **DEPENDS ON IMPLEMENTATION** and the security policy in force and is outside the scope of this
1035 standard (as in IPP/1.1).

1036 This attribute set allows a client to determine the load on a Receiver (and perhaps choose an alternative
1037 destination or warn the Sending User).

1038 See the discussion in [RFC2911] section 8.4 for a description of how a Receiver **MUST** behave if it
1039 receives a request for an attribute outside this set.

1040 An IPP administrator **MAY** read all attributes.

1041 **10.4 Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-ops-set2]**

1042 The Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-ops-set2] allow a remote operator to change the
1043 value of the Receiver’s “printer-is-accepting-jobs” (boolean) Printer Description attribute (see section 6.4)
1044 to ‘true’ or ‘false’, respectively. These operations are **OPTIONAL** for a Receiver to support.

1045 These operations affect all jobs that can be submitted to the Printer object. If a Print System supports both
1046 IPP and IPPFAX, then it **MUST** support them with separate Printer objects (see section 3.3). Therefore, a

1047 client MUST issue separate operations to each Printer object in order to affect both IPP and IPPFAX jobs
1048 on the same Print System, the 'ipp' URL scheme or the 'ippfax' URL scheme in the "printer-uri" target
1049 operation attribute for the IPP Printer object or the Receiver (IPPFAX Printer object), respectively.

1050 **10.5 Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [ipp-set-ops]**

1051 The Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [ipp-set-ops] are OPTIONAL
1052 administrative operation for IPPFAX, as for IPP. If a Receiver supports these operations, then the
1053 "document-format" and "pdfis-profile-requested" operation attributes MUST be supported for these
1054 operations as well so that the administrator can set values that require Attribute Coloring (by document
1055 format and PDF/is profile). See the description of the Get-Printer-Attributes operation in section 5 which
1056 also REQUIRES these operation attributes to be supported.

1057 **11 Security considerations**

1058 IPPFAX presents an interesting challenge of balancing security and openness. Many of the envisaged uses
1059 of IPPFAX require confidentiality of the data – at the same time the Receiver typically has no prior
1060 knowledge of the Sender or the Sending User. This last point will normally rule out all user-based
1061 authentication and access control. This is the reason for the restriction placed on querying and canceling
1062 IPPFAX Jobs.

1063 **11.1 Privacy**

1064 Any exchange between a Sender and a Receiver MUST be carried using the privacy mechanism specified
1065 in IPP/1.1 namely TLS [RFC2246]. In some cases this will also result in mutual authentication of the
1066 Sender and Receiver (in the case where both sides have certificates).

1067 The Receiver MUST have a TLS certificate.

1068 The Sender MAY have a certificate. A Receiver MAY decide to reject requests that come from Senders
1069 that do not have a certificate and return the 'client-error-not-authenticated' status code.

1070 A Sender can either use its own certificate or it can use one associated with the Sending User.

1071 Senders and Receivers SHOULD do what current browsers do, namely, be deployed with the public keys
1072 of a number of the top Certificate Authorities. If a Sender gets a public key from a Receiver that it doesn't
1073 recognize, the Sender MUST query the Sending User to see if the Sending User trusts the Receiver before
1074 sending the IPPFAX job to the Receiver.

1075 The distribution of private keys to Senders or Receivers is outside the scope of this document, but it is done
1076 over the network, it MUST be over a secure channel. See Internet Key Exchange (IKE) [RFC2409].

1077 **11.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.2)**

1078 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.2) identifies the Client Authentication mechanism associated
1079 with each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 6.1).

1080 **Table 14 - Authentication Requirements**

“uri-authentication-supported” keyword	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MAY support and MAY use	MAY support and MAY use. If the ‘none’ value is supported by an implementation, then the administrator MUST be able to configure the Printer to not support the ‘none’ value (by means outside the scope of this document)
requesting-user-name	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
basic	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger.	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger
digest	MUST support and MUST use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity, unless using ‘certificate’ or ‘negotiate’	MUST support and MAY use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity
certificate	SHOULD support and MAY use when not using any of the above	MUST support and MAY use. For this value, the Receiver MUST validate the certificate for all client requests.

1081 * TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA mandated by [RFC2246].

1082 Table 15 compares the Digest Authentication requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX
 1083 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

1084 **Table 15 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements**

Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
MD5 and MD5-sess	must support must use	should support should use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
The Message Integrity feature	must support may use	should support may use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use

1085

1086 **11.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.3)**

1087 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.3) identifies the security (Integrity and Privacy) mechanisms
 1088 used for each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 6.1).

1089 **Table 16 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements**

uri-security-supported	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl2	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl3	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
tls	TLS Data Integrity - MUST support and MUST use	MUST support and MUST use
	TLS Data Privacy - MUST support and MAY use. The Sender (device) MUST query the Sending User (human) before omitting Privacy (encryption).	MUST support and MAY use

1090

1091 Table 17 compares the TLS conformance requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX
1092 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

1093 **Table 17 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements**

TLS Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
Server Authentication	must support should use	should support may use	MUST use	MUST support
Client Authentication*	may support may use	may support may use	SHOULD support	MUST support MAY use
Data Integrity	may support may use	should support should use	MUST use	MUST support
Data Privacy	may support may use	should support may use	MUST support MAY** use.	MUST support

1094 * The 'certificate' keyword value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute [RFC2911].

1095 ** The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting the Data Privacy encryption.

1096 Senders and Receivers MUST support the TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite as
1097 mandated by RFC 2246 [RFC2246]. All stronger cipher suites are OPTIONAL; weaker cipher suites
1098 MUST NOT be supported or used by Senders or Receivers.

1099 A Receiver MAY support Basic Authentication (described in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2617]) for Client
1100 Authentication if the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy. TLS with the above mandated cipher suite
1101 or stronger can provide such a secure channel.

1102 **11.4 Using IPPFAX with TLS**

1103 The Sender MUST use only TLS for all IPPFAX operations on the IPPFAX URL. The client MUST start
1104 the transaction in TLS, rather than using HTTP upgrade requests. The following paragraph of [RFC2818]
1105 further explains:

1106 The agent acting as the HTTP client should also act as the TLS client. It should initiate a
1107 connection to the server on the appropriate port and then send the TLS ClientHello to begin the TLS
1108 handshake. When the TLS handshake has finished. The client may then initiate the first HTTP
1109 request. All HTTP data MUST be sent as TLS "application data". Normal HTTP behavior,
1110 including retained connections should be followed.

1111 Contrast this IPPFAX requirement with the IPP requirement in section 8.2 of [RFC2910]. The following
1112 client actions compare IPP with IPPFAX from a client's point of view:

1113 IPP/1.1 sequence:

- 1114 1. Start TCP connection
- 1115 2. Zero or more HTTP/IPP requests
- 1116 3. HTTP/IPP request with Upgrade to TLS header
- 1117 4. TLS handshake
- 1118 5. finish the HTTP/IPP request securely
- 1119 6. Send more HTTP/IPP requests securely ...

1120

1121 IPPFAX sequence:

- 1122 1. Start TCP connection
- 1123 2. Send TLS ClientHello
- 1124 3. rest of TLS handshake
- 1125 4. Send HTTP/IPPFAX requests securely ... (which usually will be a Get-Printer-Attributes,
1126 followed by Validate-Job and Print-Job operations).

1127

1128 **11.5 Access control**

1129 It is expected that the majority of IPPFAX Receivers will operate in a public mode when operating on the
1130 Internet, so that anonymous users can send documents without requiring client authentication
1131 (corresponding to the 'none' value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute - see section 11.2).
1132 However a Receiver MAY protect itself using any Client Authentication method specified in [RFC2911]
1133 (digest authentication [RFC2069] for example) to restrict access to any or all of its functionality.

1134 However, the primary intent of IPPFAX is to create a controlled public access mode. It therefore does not
1135 really make much sense to combine IPPFAX and user authentication; they are achieving the same thing.

1136 **11.6 Reduced feature set**

1137 An administrator or device implementer MAY choose to setup up a Print Service so that it only works as a
1138 IPPFAX Receiver (i.e., offers no 'native' IPP operations and does not accept IPP Jobs). In this mode it
1139 offers a restricted set of features and MAY be more safely connected to the Internet.

1140 A Receiver that is operating in this mode MUST do so by rejecting any non-IPPFAX request and return a
1141 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' error status code as indicated in section 4.1 for an
1142 unsupported value of the "printer-uri" operation attribute. For job operations attempted on IPPFAX Jobs,
1143 the Receiver MUST return the 'client-error-not-authorized' error status code, unless the Sender is
1144 authenticated as the system administrator and the Receiver supports such access.

1145 **12 Gateways to other systems**

1146 A common scenario will be where IPPFAX acts as an on-ramp or off-ramp to other Document transmission
1147 systems.

1148 **12.1 Off-Ramps**

1149 In the IPPFAX 'Off-ramp' scenario the user with a Document to send uses an IPPFAX Sender to transmit a
1150 Document to an IPPFAX Receiver within a gateway that in turn transmits it to some other destination, i.e.
1151 GSTN FAX. Handling Off-ramps is beyond the scope of this document, but may be a future IPPFAX
1152 extensions building on the Off-ramp work of the Internet FAX WG.

1153 **12.2 On-Ramps**

1154 In the IPPFAX On-Ramp scenario the user originally sent the Document using some other mechanism to
1155 some intermediate agent. The intermediate agent, acting as an IPPFAX Sender, then uses the IPPFAX
1156 Protocol to transmit the Document to an Receiver which MAY be either a final destination or an Off-Ramp.
1157 IPPFAX has no specific support for on-ramps.

1158 **13 Attribute Syntaxes**

1159 No new attribute syntaxes are defined.

1160 **14 Status codes**

1161 In addition to the semantics of the status codes defined in [RFC2911] and [ipp-get-method], the following
1162 additional semantics are defined for [RFC2911] status codes:

1163 **14.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.1]**

1164 The client has failed to supply one or more attributes in a request which are REQUIRED to be supplied.
1165 The requirement can be because of the Printer's current configuration or because of some other attributes
1166 that the client supplied. The Printer MUST reject the request, MUST return the 'client-error-bad-request'
1167 status code, and SHOULD return the keyword attribute name(s) (but not the values) of the missing
1168 attribute(s) in the Unsupported Attributes Group in the response.

1169 14.2 document-format-not-supported (0x040A) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.11]

1170 The concept of a document format is extended to include the PDF/is Profile. This status code is returned if
1171 the document format is not supported, including the indicated PDF/is Profile.

1172 15 Conformance Requirements

1173 This section summarizes the conformance requirements for Senders and Receivers that are defined
1174 elsewhere in this document.

- 1175 1. A Sender and Receiver MUST observe the attribute name space conventions specified in section
1176 1.3.
- 1177 2. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support (1) the “printer-uri” operation attribute
1178 with the ‘ippfax’ scheme, (2) the “version-number” parameter with the IPP/1.1 ‘1.1’ (or higher
1179 minor version) value, and (3) the “ippfax-version-number” operation attribute with the IPPFAX/1.0
1180 ‘1.0’ keyword value in all operations to get the IPPFAX semantics as described in section 4.
- 1181 3. The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as described in sections 5.
- 1182 4. The Receiver MUST support the Printer Description attributes as specified in section 6.
- 1183 5. The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is IPPFAX-capable using the Get-Printer-
1184 Attributes operation and validate that the Receiver supports the job using the Validate-Job operation
1185 as specified in section 7.
- 1186 6. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the operation/Job Description attributes
1187 for Identify Exchange as described in section 8.
- 1188 7. The Sender MUST support submitting and the Receiver MUST accept IPPFAX Jobs as defined in
1189 section 9.
- 1190 8. The Sender MUST place the Sender’s identity in the document according to section 9.5.
- 1191 9. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the IPP Notification for Job Creation operations, the
1192 ‘ippget’ Delivery Method, the Get-Notifications operation for the events indicated in sections 9.6,
1193 9.3, and 9.3.2, respectively.
- 1194 10. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the operations as indicated in section 10.
- 1195 11. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the security mechanisms indicated in section 11, including
1196 TLS.

1197 **16 IPPFAX URL Scheme**

1198 This section is intended for use in registering the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme with IANA and fully conforms to
1199 the requirements in [RFC2717].

1200 **16.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage**

1201 This document defines the ‘ippfax’ URL (Uniform Resource Locator) scheme for specifying the location of
1202 an IPPFAX Receiver which implements the IPPFAX Protocol specified in this document.

1203 The ‘ippfax’ URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the basic hierarchical URL
1204 syntax in [RFC2396]; however relative URL forms, parameters, and/or query parts are NOT allowed in an
1205 IPPFAX URL. The ‘ippfax’ URL scheme is case-insensitive in the host name or host address part;
1206 however the path part is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Codepoints outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex
1207 escaped by the mechanism defined in [RFC2396].

1208 The intended usage of the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme is COMMON.

1209 **16.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port**

1210 All IPPFAX URLs which do NOT explicitly specify a port MUST be used over IANA-assigned well-
1211 known port **xxx [TBA by IANA]** for the IPPFAX Protocol.

1212 See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [IANA-PORTREG].

1213 **16.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type**

1214 All IPPFAX protocol operations (requests and responses) MUST be conveyed in an ‘application/ipp’
1215 MIME media type [RFC2910] as registered in [IANA-MT]. IPPFAX URLs MUST refer to IPPFAX
1216 Receivers which support this ‘application/ipp’ operation encoding.

1217 See: IANA MIME Media Types Registry [IANA-MT].

1218 **16.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding**

1219 The IPPFAX URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the HTTP URL scheme
1220 defined in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616], which is derived from the URI Generic Syntax [RFC2396] and further
1221 updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs). The IPPFAX URL scheme is case-
1222 insensitive in the ‘scheme’ and ‘host’ (host name or host address) part; however, the ‘abs_path’ part is

1223 case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Code points outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by the
1224 mechanism specified in [RFC2396].

1225 **16.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF**

1226 The IPP protocol places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the length of a URI (see section 4.1.5
1227 ‘uri’ in [RFC2911]). An IPPFAX Receiver MUST return ‘client-error-request-value-too-long’ (see section
1228 13.1.4.10 in [RFC2911]) when a URI received in a request is too long.

1229 Note: IPPFAX Receivers ought to be cautious about depending on URI lengths above 255 bytes, because
1230 some older client or proxy implementations might not properly support these lengths.

1231 IPPFAX URLs MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URLs always begin with a scheme name
1232 followed by a colon. For definitive information on URL syntax and semantics, see “Uniform Resource
1233 Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax and Semantics” [RFC2396]. This specification adopts the definitions of
1234 “port”, “host”, “abs_path”, and “query” from [RFC2396], as updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for
1235 IPv6 addresses in URLs).

1236 The IPPFAX URL scheme syntax in ABNF is as follows:

```
1237     ippfax_URL = "ippfax:" "//" host [ ":" port ] [ abs_path [ "?" query ] ]  
1238
```

1239 If the port is empty or not given, the IANA-assigned port as defined in section 16.2 is assumed. The
1240 semantics are that the identified resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]) is located at the IPPFAX
1241 Notification Recipient listening for HTTP connections on that port of that host, and the Request-URI for
1242 the identified resource is ‘abs_path’.

1243 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

1244 If the ‘abs_path’ is not present in the URL, it MUST be given as “/” when used as a Request-URI for a
1245 resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]). If a proxy receives a host name which is not a fully qualified
1246 domain name, it MAY add its domain to the host name it received. If a proxy receives a fully qualified
1247 domain name, the proxy MUST NOT change the host name.

1248 **16.6 IPPFAX URL Examples**

1249 The following are examples of valid IPPFAX URLs for Notification Recipient objects (using DNS host
1250 names):

```
1251     ippfax://abc.com  
1252     ippfax://abc.com/listener
```

1253

1254 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

1255 The following literal IPv4 addresses:

1256 192.9.5.5 ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style

1257 186.7.8.9 ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style

1258

1259 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

1260 ippfax://192.9.5.5/listener

1261 ippfax://186.7.8.9/listeners/tom

1262

1263 The following literal IPv6 addresses (conformant to [RFC2373]):

1264 ::192.9.5.5 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style

1265 ::FFFF:129.144.52.38 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style

1266 2010:836B:4179::836B:4179 ; IPv6 address per RFC 2373

1267

1268 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

1269 ippfax://[::192.9.5.5]/listener

1270 ippfax://[::FFFF:129.144.52.38]/listener

1271 ippfax://[2010:836B:4179::836B:4179]/listeners/tom

1272

1273 16.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons

1274 When comparing two IPPFAX URLs to decide if they match or not, the comparer MUST use the same
1275 rules as those defined for HTTP URI comparisons in [RFC2616], with the sole following exception:

- 1276 • A port that is empty or not given MUST be treated as equivalent to the port as defined in section
1277 16.2 for that IPPFAX URL;

1278 17 IANA Considerations

1279 IANA shall register the ippfax URL scheme as defined in section 16 according to the procedures of
1280 [RFC2717] and assign a well known port.

1281 Operation Attributes:

1282 ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 4.3

1283 pdfis-profile-requested (type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 5.2

1284	pdfis-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword)	IEEE-ISTO 510n.y
1285	9.1.3	
1286		
1287	Operation/Job Description attributes:	
1288	sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 8.1
1289	receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 8.2
1290	sender-uri (uri)	IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 8.3
1291		
1292	Printer Description Attributes:	
1293	ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 6.3
1294	pdfis-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 6.7

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1410

1411 Contact Information:

1412

1413 IPP Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/ipp/>1414 IPP Mailing List: ipp@pwg.org

1415

1416 To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the following email:

1417 1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org

1418 2) leave the subject line blank

1419 3) put the following two lines in the message body:

1420 subscribe ipp

1421 end

1422

1423 Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join the IPP Mailing List in order to
 1424 participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional
 1425 attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-subscribers, so
 1426 you must subscribe to the mailing list in order to send a question or comment to the mailing list.

1427
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1429 **20 Appendix A: Comparison of IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 (Informative)**

1430 This informative appendix compares IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 with references to the appropriate sections
 1431 for details. If this appendix contradicts or omits any differences, it is a mistake and the body of this
 1432 document still prevails. Most of the differences are in conformance requirements only. Therefore, for
 1433 most of the differences, it is possible to implement both with the same code (without conditional branches).

1434 Legend:

1435 ** Where IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 have a real difference, such as IPP/1.1 must and IPPFAX/1.0
 1436 MUST NOT, (indicated below by leading **), would a conditional branch be needed in the
 1437 implementation code in order to support both IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0.

1438 * Where IPP/1.1 is a may and IPPFAX/1.0 is a MUST NOT (indicated below by a leading *),
1439 would a conditional branch be needed in the implementation code in order to support both IPP/1.1
1440 and IPPFAX/1.0, *but only if the IPP/1.1 part supports the feature.*

1441 Differences between the IPP/1.1 protocol and the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol:

- 1442 1. ** IPP uses the ‘ipp’ URL scheme with a default port of 631, while IPPFAX uses the ‘ippfax’ URL
1443 scheme with a default port of xxx [TBA by IANA] (section 4.1 and 16).
- 1444 2. ** IPP has only one version number parameter, while IPPFAX has two version numbers: the
1445 “version-number” parameter for IPP (section 4.2) and the “ippfax-version-number” operation
1446 attribute for IPPFAX (section 4.3).

1447 Differences between an IPP client and a Sender:

- 1448 1. An IPP Client may use any IPP operation, while a Sender MUST use at least Get-Printer-Attributes
1449 (sections 5 and 7.1), Validate-Job (section 7.2), and Print-Job operations (section 9). A Sender
1450 MUST use the Get-Notifications operation, unless the Sending User has explicitly indicated
1451 otherwise (section 9.6).
- 1452 2. In the Get-Printer-Attributes request, an IPP Client may supply the “document-format” and “pdfis-
1453 profile-requested” operation attributes, while a Sender SHOULD (sections 5.1 and 5.2) in order to
1454 get Attribute Coloring.
- 1455 3. ** In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the
1456 “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute with either the ‘true’ or ‘false’ value or may omit the
1457 attribute entirely, while the Sender MUST always supply the attribute and with the ‘true’ value
1458 (sections 7.2 and 9.1.1).
- 1459 4. In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the
1460 “document-format” operation attribute, while the Sender MUST supply it (section 9.1.2).
- 1461 5. * An IPP Client may support any MIME Media Type as the value of the “document-format”
1462 operation attribute, while the Sender MUST support the ‘application/pdf’ MIME Media Type.
- 1463 6. In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the
1464 “media” Job Template attribute, while the Sender MUST supply it (section 9.2.1).
- 1465 7. * An IPP Client may supply any keyword listed in [RFC2911] section 14 (Appendix C) for the
1466 “media” Job Template attribute or the Media Size Self Describing Name keyword values defined
1467 in the IEEE-ISTO 5101.1 “Media Standardized Names” [pwg-media], while the Sender MUST use
1468 the keyword values from [pwg-media] (section 9.2.1).

- 1469 8. There are no requirements for an IPP Client to indicate the client or the client user in the document,
1470 while the Sender MUST supply the “sender-uri” value along with a date and time, on at least the
1471 cover page (section 9.5).
- 1472 9. An IPP Client need not support Event Notification, while the Sender MUST support at least the
1473 ‘ippget’ Pull Delivery Method (section 9.3), which REQUIRES using the Get-Notifications
1474 operation (section 9.6).
- 1475 10. An IPP Client may support any events, while a Sender MUST NOT support the ‘job-config-
1476 changed’ event and MUST NOT support any Printer events (section 9.3.2).
- 1477 11. An IPP Client may support Client Authentication, while a Sender MUST support at least ‘digest’
1478 and ‘certificate’ (section 11.2).
- 1479 12. An IPP Client may support Data Integrity and Data Privacy, while a Sender MUST support Data
1480 Integrity and may use Data Privacy with at least the
1481 TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite (section 11.2).

1482 Differences between an IPP Printer and a Receiver:

- 1483 1. In the Get-Printer-Attributes response, an IPP Printer may color the attribute values returned
1484 according to the “document-format” supplied, while a Receiver MUST color the values returned
1485 according to both the “document-format” and “pdfis-profile-requested” operation attributes
1486 supplied (sections 5 and 6), including the “printer-resolutions-supported” attribute (section
1487 9.2.2.1).
- 1488 2. * An IPP Printer is not required to support any particular document formats, while a Receiver
1489 MUST support the PDF/is ‘application/pdf’ format with profile pdfis-fax.
- 1490 3. * An IPP Printer may support ‘application/octet-stream’ (auto-sensing - [RFC2911] 4.1.9.1), while
1491 a Receiver MUST NOT (section 6.6).
- 1492 4. An IPP Printer may support the IPPFAX attributes: “pdfis-profile-requested”, “pdfis-profiles-
1493 supported”, “sending-user-vcard”, “receiving-user-vcard”, “sender-uri”, and “pdfis-profiles”, while
1494 a Receiver MUST (sections 5.2, 6, 8, and 9.1.3).
- 1495 5. ** An IPP Printer MUST NOT support the “ippfax-versions” and “ippfax-versions-supported”
1496 attributes, while a Receiver MUST (sections 4.3 and 6.3).
- 1497 6. ** An IPP Printer must support both values of the “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute, while
1498 the Receiver MUST only support the ‘true’ value (section 9.1.1).

- 1499 7. ** An IPP Printer must assume a value of ‘false’ if the IPP Client omits the “ipp-attribute-fidelity”
1500 operation attribute, while the Receiver MUST reject the request with the ‘client-error-bad-request’
1501 status code (section 9.1.1).
- 1502 8. An IPP Printer is not required to support any particular Job Template attributes, while a Receiver
1503 MUST support at least the “media” and “printer-resolution” Job Template attributes, including the
1504 “media-ready” Printer attribute (section 9.2).
- 1505 9. * An IPP Printer may supply any keyword listed in [RFC2911] section 14 (Appendix C) for the
1506 “media” Job Template attribute or the Media Size Self Describing Name keyword values defined
1507 in the IEEE-ISTO 5101.1 “Media Standardized Names” [pwg-media], while the Receiver MUST
1508 support a subset of the keyword values from [pwg-media] (section 9.2.1).
- 1509 10. * An IPP Printer may support any Job Template attribute values, while a Receiver is restricted to a
1510 single value for many Job Template attributes for which other values would alter the appearance of
1511 the document or provide a non-FAX-like feature (section 9.2).
- 1512 11. * An IPP Printer may support Print-URI and Send-URI operations, while a Receiver MUST NOT
1513 (section 10.1).
- 1514 12. An IPP Printer must support Get-Jobs and Get-Job-Attributes operations, while a Receiver NEED
1515 NOT (section 10.1).
- 1516 13. ** An IPP Printer must support Cancel-Job operation, while a Receiver MUST NOT (section
1517 10.2).
- 1518 14. An IPP Printer may support administrative operations without authentication, while a Receiver
1519 MUST authenticate administrative operations, if administrative operations are supported (section
1520 10.1).
- 1521 15. * An IPP Printer may support the following operations from an authenticated operator or
1522 administrator: Purge-Jobs, Cancel-Current-Job, Cancel-Job, and Schedule-Job-After, while a
1523 Receiver MUST reject such operations from an authenticated operator or administrator.
- 1524 16. An IPP Printer may support Event Notification, while a Receiver MUST support Event
1525 Notification (sections 9.3 and 10.1) and at least the ‘ippget’ Delivery Method (section 9.6), which
1526 REQUIRES support for the Get-Notifications operation.
- 1527 17. If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it must support the ‘job-state-changed’ and ‘job-
1528 created’ events for Per-Job Subscriptions, while a Receiver NEED NOT (section 9.3.2).

- 1529 18. ** If an IPP Printer supports Printer Events, then it MUST support them for both Per-Job and Per-
 1530 Printer Subscriptions, while a Receiver MUST NOT support them for Per-Job Subscriptions
 1531 (section 9.3.2).
- 1532 19. If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it may support the ‘job-progress’ event, while a
 1533 Receiver MUST for Per-Job Subscriptions (section 9.3.2).
- 1534 20. * If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it may support the ‘job-config-changed’ event,
 1535 while a Receiver MUST NOT (section 9.3.2).
- 1536 21. If an IPP Printer supports the Set-Printer-Attributes operation, then it may support setting the
 1537 Attribute Coloring values according to the “document-format” operation attribute, while the
 1538 Receiver, if it supports the Set-Printer-Attributes operation, MUST support setting the Attribute
 1539 Coloring values according to the “document-format” and “pdfis-profile-requested” operation
 1540 attributes (section 10.5).
- 1541 22. An IPP Printer should support and may use TLS, while a Receiver MUST support and MUST use
 1542 TLS (section 11.3).
- 1543 23. An IPP Printer may support Client Authentication, while a Receiver MUST support at least
 1544 ‘digest’ and ‘certificate’ (section 11.2).
- 1545 24. An IPP Printer may support Data Integrity and Data Privacy and support them with any cipher
 1546 suite, while a Receiver MUST support both Data Integrity and Data Privacy with at least the
 1547 TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite (section 11.2).

1548 **21 Appendix B: vCard Example**

1549 The following ASCII text is a complete vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] example:

```

1550 BEGIN:VCARD
1551 VERSION:3.0
1552 N:Moore;Paul
1553 FN:Paul Moore
1554 ORG:Netreon
1555 TEL;CELL;VOICE:1+206-251-7008
1556 ADR;WORK;;;10900 NE 8th St;Bellvue;WA;98004;United States of America
1557 EMAIL;PREF;INTERNET:pmoore@netreon.com
1558 REV:19991207T215341Z
1559 END:VCARD
1560
```

1561 **22 Appendix C: Generic Directory Schema for an IPPFAX Receiver**

1562 This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means by
1563 which service users can locate service providers. In IPPFAX environments, this means that Receivers
1564 (IPPFAX Printers) can be registered (either automatically or with the help of an administrator) as entries of
1565 type PRINTER in the directory using an IMPLEMENTATION SPECIFIC mechanism such as entry
1566 attributes, entry type fields, specific branches, etc. Directory clients can search or browse for entries of
1567 type PRINTER. Clients use the directory service to find entries based on naming, organizational contexts,
1568 or filtered searches on attribute values of entries. For example, a client can find all printers in the “Local
1569 Department” context. Authentication and authorization are also often part of a directory service so that an
1570 administrator can place limits on end users so that they are only allowed to find entries to which they have
1571 certain access rights. IPPFAX itself does not require any specific directory service protocol or provider.

1572 Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of “aliasing”. That is, one directory entry
1573 object can appear as multiple directory entry objects with different names for each object. In each case,
1574 each alias refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPPFAX Printer object.

1575 The generic IPPFAX schema is a subset of IPPFAX Job Template and Printer Description attributes (Table
1576 1, Table 2, and [RFC2911] sections 4.2 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either
1577 RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the directory entry itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the
1578 same conformance labeling applied to the attributes of IPPFAX Printers objects. The conformance labeling
1579 in this Appendix is intended to apply to directory templates and to Receivers that subscribe by adding one
1580 or more entries to a directory. RECOMMENDED attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory
1581 entry. OPTIONAL attributes MAY be associated with the directory entry (if known or supported). In
1582 addition, all directory entry attributes SHOULD reflect the current attribute values for the corresponding
1583 IPPFAX Printer object.

1584 The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPPFAX Printer
1585 attribute names as shown, as much as possible.

1586 In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPPFAX Printer object, one of the
1587 RECOMMENDED directory entry attributes is the Printer object’s “printer-uri-supported” attribute. The
1588 directory client queries the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (or its equivalent) in the directory entry and
1589 then the IPPFAX client addresses the IPPFAX Printer object using one of its URIs. The “uri-security-
1590 supported” attribute identifies the protocol (if any) used to secure a channel. If a Printer object supports
1591 both IPP and IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to represent these two
1592 services.

1593 Table 18 defines the generic schema for directory entries of abstract type PRINTER. In the future this
1594 schema could also be directory entries of type FAX. In either case, the concrete type MUST be IPPFAX.
1595 If a Printer object supports both IPP and IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to
1596 represent these two services, one with concrete type IPP and the other with concrete type IPPFAX,
1597 respectively.

1598

Table 18 - Generic Schema Directory Entries

Attribute	Conformance	Reference
All of the attributes in [RFC2911] section 16 Appendix E Generic Directory Schema (including “ipp-versions-supported” - see section 6.2), plus:	As stated in [RFC2911] section 16	[RFC2911]
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 6.3
pdfis-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 6.7

1599

1600 **23 Appendix D: Summary of other IPP documents**

1601 The full set of IPP documents includes:

- 1602 1. Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- 1603 2. Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- 1604 3. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
- 1605 4. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [RFC2910]
- 1606 5. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer’s Guide [RFC3196] and [ipp-iig-bis]
- 1607 6. Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

1608

1609 The “Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol” document takes a broad look at distributed printing
 1610 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included
 1611 in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,
 1612 operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A
 1613 few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

1614 The “Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol” document
 1615 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
 1616 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group’s major
 1617 decisions.

1618 The “Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport” document is a formal mapping of the abstract
 1619 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
 1620 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called “application/ipp”. This document also defines
 1621 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is “application/ipp”. This
 1622 document defines a new scheme named ‘ipp’ for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

1623 The “Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer’s Guide” document gives insight and advice to
 1624 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of
 1625 the considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For

1626 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
1627 the specification decisions is also included.

1628 The “Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols” document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
1629 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

1630 **24 Appendix E: Description of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology** 1631 **(ISTO)**

1632 The IEEE-ISTO is a not-for-profit corporation offering industry groups an innovative and flexible
1633 operational forum and support services. The IEEE-ISTO provides a forum not only to develop standards,
1634 but also to facilitate activities that support the implementation and acceptance of standards in the
1635 marketplace. The organization is affiliated with the IEEE (<http://www.ieee.org/>) and the IEEE Standards
1636 Association (<http://standards.ieee.org/>).

1637 For additional information regarding the IEEE-ISTO and its industry programs visit:

1638 <http://www.ieee-isto.org>.

1639 **25 Appendix F: Description of the IEEE-ISTO PWG**

1640 The Printer Working Group (or PWG) is a Program of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology
1641 Organization (ISTO) and is an alliance among printer manufacturers, print server developers, operating
1642 system providers, network operating systems providers, network connectivity vendors, and print
1643 management application developers chartered to make printers and the applications and operating systems
1644 supporting them work together better. All references to the PWG in this document implicitly mean “The
1645 Printer Working Group, a Program of the IEEE ISTO.” In order to meet this objective, the PWG will
1646 document the results of their work as open standards that define print related protocols, interfaces,
1647 procedures and conventions. Printer manufacturers and vendors of printer related software will benefit from
1648 the interoperability provided by voluntary conformance to these standards.

1649 In general, a PWG standard is a specification that is stable, well understood and is technically competent,
1650 has multiple, independent and interoperable implementations with substantial operational experience, and
1651 enjoys significant public support.

1652 For additional information regarding the Printer Working Group visit:

1653 <http://www.pwg.org>

1654 **26 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)**

Revision	Date	Author	Notes
1	1/16/01	Paul Moore, Neteon	Initial version
2	2/27/01	Paul Moore, Gail Songer, Neteon	Specify TLS as MUST Removed Cover page and combined device Added need for big text types
3	4/11/01	Gail Songer, Neteon	Move attribute definition to first reference
4	5/24/01	Tom Hastings	Editorially updated the document to follow the style of the IPP standard documents. Added 23 issues to be reviewed. Capitalized the special terms throughout without showing revisions in order to make the document with revisions more readable.
5	5/21/01	Tom Hastings, John Pulera, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/6/01 telecon agreements on most of the 23 issues. There are 20 issues remaining, mostly new.
6	7/27/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/29/01 telecon. There are 41 issues remaining, mostly new.
7	10/8/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated with all the resolutions to the 41 ISSUES from the August 1, 2001 IPPFAX WG meeting in Toronto, and the subsequent telecons: August, 9, 14, and 17, 2001. There are 4 (new) issues remaining.
8	11/17/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements from the IPPFAX WG meeting, 10/24/01, Texas. See minutes. There are 5 issues remaining.
9	12/31/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached at the 12/14/01 telecon.
10	2/19/02	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached as the 2/5/02 IPPFAX WG meeting. There are no remaining issues.
11	9/20/02	Tom Hastings	Replaced all occurrences of UIF with PDFax and uif with PDFax.
12	10/16/02 10/24/02	Rick Seeler Gail Songer	Updated to reflect PDF/is as file format. Replace CONNEG with UPDF. Attributes for OPTIONAL PDF/is functionality.
13	11/22/02	Rick Seeler	Replaced 'PDFax' with 'PDF/is' or 'pdfis'. Updated spec to match 0.3 PDF/is specification.

1655