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IEEE-ISTO

Printer Working Group

IPP Fax Project

Standard for IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol

Working Draft

Maturity: Initial



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Abstract: This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from the requirements for Internet Fax [RFC2542].

In summary, IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image Documents between clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305] and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) in all its operations. Most of the new attributes defined in this document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the PDF/IS as specified in [PWG5102.3-2004] which is defined for the 'application/pdf' document format MIME type. A Print System MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently, but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.

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87 2) leave the subject line blank

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89 subscribe ifx

90 end

91

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93 discussions of clarifications or review of registration proposals for additional names.

94

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175 **1 Introduction**

176 This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from
177 the requirements for Internet Fax [RFC2542].

178 In summary IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between
179 clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image
180 transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305]
181 and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

182 IPPFAX is primarily intended as a method of supporting a synchronous, secure, high quality document
183 distribution protocol over the Internet. It therefore discusses paper, pages, scanning and printing, etc.
184 There is, however, no requirement that the input documents come from actual paper nor is there a
185 requirement that the output of the process be printed paper. The only conformance requirements are those
186 associated with the exchange of data over the network.

187 The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a
188 subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in
189 other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL
190 scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) for all operations.

191 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least PDF/is [PWG5102.3-
192 2004] which is defined for the 'application/pdf' document format MIME type. A Print System MAY be
193 configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently for a single output device (or
194 multiple output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs. Note - It
195 is assumed that the reader is familiar with IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910], [RFC3196], and [ipp-iig-bis].

196 An IPPFAX client is called a Sender. The user of the Sender is called the Sending User. The Sending
197 User either (1a) loads the Document into the Sender or (1b) causes the Sender to generate the
198 Document data by means outside the scope of this standard, (2) indicates the Receiver's network
199 location, and (3) starts the exchange.

200 The target market for an IPPFAX receiver is a midrange imaging device that can support the minimum
201 memory requirements that are required by the data format PDF/is, but the image format is structured in
202 such a way that the Receiver is not required to include a disk or other permanent storage.

203 **1.1 Operations Supported**

204 All IPPFax Senders and Receivers MUST support the following operations:

205

- 206 1. Get-Printer-Attributes - If the document-format-version is not PDF/is or the media is not
207 iso_a4_210x297mm or na_letter_8.5x11in, then the Sender MUST verify that the Receiver can
208 support the alternate attributes. Rational: Using Get-Printer-Attributes would avoid rejection of
209 the job which is important if the document data is very large.
- 210 2. Print-Job - Sender MUST submit the IPPFAX job with a single document (Create-Job, Send-
211 document and Send-URI and Print-URI MUST NOT be supported by Senders or Receivers).
- 212 3. Get-Job-Attributes - The Sender MUST support and MUST use this operation to check for
213 successful job completion unless the Sending User wishes otherwise. Job-History MUST be
214 retained by the Receiver for at least 5 minutes after job completion. See 4.3.7.2 of RFC2911 for
215 printer object Job-History discussion.
- 216 4. Job-Cancel – Receivers MUST support this operation but only for authenticated Administrators
217 or Operators.
- 218 All IPPFax Senders and Receivers MUST NOT support any other IPP operations including job
219 operations and administrative operation.

220 1.2 Typical exchange

221 This section lists a typical exchange of information between a Sender and a Receiver using the four
222 operations listed in section 1.1.

- 223 1. The Sending User determines the network location of the Receiver (value of the “printer-uri”
224 operation attribute) – see section 4.1. This document does not specify how the Sending User does
225 this. Possible methods include directory lookup, search engines, business cards, network discovery
226 protocols such as SLP, etc. See Appendix E Generic Directory Schema of IPP/1.1 [RFC 2911].
- 227 2. The Sending User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to
228 generate the Document data by means outside the scope of this document, indicates the Receiver’s
229 network location and starts the exchange.
- 230 3. The Sender MAY determine other PDF versions supported by the Receiver and the Sender MAY
231 discover “media-supported” and “media-ready”.
- 232 4. The Sender converts the document, if necessary, into PDF/is or another PDF subset depending on
233 the Receiver’s capabilities. The PDF/is data format is described in detail in the “PDF Image-
234 Streamable (PDF/is)” specification [PWG5102.3-2004].

- 235 5. The Sender submits the document in a Print-Job request to the Receiver. The Sender SHOULD
236 include the sending user vCard[RFC2426, RFC2425] and receiving user vCard in the Print-Job
237 operations.
- 238 6. The Receiver returns a Print-Job response to the Sender. The Sender in turn MUST inform the
239 Sending-User.
- 240 7. The Sender MUST use Get-Job-Attributes to check for successful job completion unless the
241 Sending User requests otherwise.

242 **2 Terminology**

243 This section defines the following additional terms that are used throughout this standard.

244 **2.1 Conformance Terminology**

245 Capitalized terms, such as **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **REQUIRED**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, **MAY**,
246 **NEED NOT**, and **OPTIONAL**, have special meaning relating to conformance to this specification. These
247 terms are defined in [RFC2911] section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from
248 RFC 2119 [RFC2119]. In order to help the reader compare and contrast the IPP and IPPFAX protocols,
249 this document uses lower case “must”, “may” etc., to reproduce IPP Protocol conformance requirements
250 for IPP clients and IPP Printer objects as stated in other documents. If such reproduction in this document
251 contradicts an IPP document, it is a mistake, and that IPP document prevails.

252 **2.2 Other Terminology**

253 This standard defines a logical model of an IPPFAX interchange. The following terms are introduced and
254 capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning:

255 **IPP Protocol** The protocol defined in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910] and any IPP Protocol Extension
256 document (see section 15). For the IPP/1.1 Protocol each operation request must use the ‘ipp’ URL
257 scheme.

258 **IPPFAX Protocol** The protocol defined in this or a future revision document and any future extension
259 document. For the IPPFAX Protocol each operation request MUST use the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see
260 section 4.1 and 13). Unless a specific version number is appended to “IPPFAX”, such as “IPPFAX/1.0”,
261 the term IPPFAX applies to all versions.

262 **Printer object (or Printer)** A hardware or software entity that accepts protocol operation requests and
263 returns protocol responses. A Printer object MAY be: (1) an IPP Printer object or (2) an IPPFAX Printer

264 object, DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION (see section **Error! Reference source not found.**), but
265 MUST NOT be both (since they support some different operations and attributes and are really two
266 different kinds of Print Services). A Printer object MAY support multiple URLs with different security,
267 authentication, and/or access control (see [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8). However, each
268 URL for a Printer object MUST support the same operations and attributes with the same values, except as
269 restricted depending on the security, authentication, and/or access control implied by the URL. In other
270 words, each URL for a given Printer object is offering the same Print Service.

271 Note: For brevity, this document uses the term “Receiver” instead of “IPPFAX Printer object”.
272 This document uses the term “Printer object” (and “Printer”) when the statement is intended to
273 apply to a Printer object that MAY support the IPP Protocol or the IPPFAX protocol (but not both).

274 **Print Service** The print functionality offered by a Printer object. Several different Printer objects MAY
275 offer the same Print Service. A Print Service MUST support only one printer object.

276 **IPP Printer object** A Printer object that supports the IPP Protocol and offers the IPP Print Service (by
277 definition).

278 **Receiver** The Printer object that accepts IPPFAX protocol operations and receives the Document sent by
279 the Sender. A Receiver offers the IPPFAX Print Service (by definition).

280 **Print System** All of the Printer objects on a single managed host network node. A Print System MAY
281 support IPP and IPPFAX protocols concurrently (see section **Error! Reference source not found.**) for a
282 single output device (or multiple output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with
283 distinct URLs.

284 **client** A hardware and/or software entity that initiates protocol operation requests and accepts responses.
285 A client MAY be: (1) an IPP client, (2) an IPPFAX client, or (3) both. However, this document uses the
286 term “Sender”, instead of “IPPFAX client”. This document uses the term “client” when the statement is
287 intended to apply to a client that MAY support the IPP Protocol, the IPPFAX protocol, or both protocols.

288 **IPP client** A client that uses the IPP Protocol to interact with an IPP Printer object.

289 **Sender** A client that uses the IPPFAX Protocol to query a Receiver and transmit a Document to that
290 Receiver.

291 **Document** The electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that the Sender sends to the
292 Receiver.

293 **Sending User** The person interacting with the Sender.

294 **Receiving User** The intended human recipient of the Document being sent by the Sender to the Receiver.

295 **IPP Job** A job submitted by an IPP client to an IPP Printer object using the IPP Protocol.

296 **IPPFAX Job** A job submitted by a Sender to a Receiver using the IPPFAX Protocol.

297 **PDF/is** The file format defined by [PWG5102.3-2004].

298 The terminology defined in [RFC2911], such as **attribute**, **operation**, **request**, **response**, **operation**
299 **attribute**, **Printer Description attribute**, **Job Description attribute**, **integrity**, and **privacy** is also used
300 in this document with the same capitalization conventions and semantics.

301 **3 IPPFAX Model**

302 This sub-section defines the IPPFAX Model and its relationship to the IPP Protocol and Model.

303 **3.1 Printer Object Relationships**

304 A Print System MAY support one or more Printer objects on a single network host. RFC 2911 [RFC2911]
305 defines the relationship between Printer objects and output devices to be many to many (see [RFC2911]
306 section 2.1). So one Printer object can represent one or more output devices and an output device can be
307 represented by one or more Printer objects. The same relationships hold for the IPPFAX Protocol so that
308 the relationship between Receivers and output devices is many to many.

309 **3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs**

310 For a Printer object that has multiple URLs, the multiple URLs MUST only be aliases for the Printer
311 object, not connections to different Print Services. In other words, the semantics of operations and
312 attributes accessed by the different URLs for a given Printer object MUST differ only in the security,
313 authentication, and/or access control depending on the URL used.

314 The three parallel “printer-uri-supported” (1setOf uri), “uri-authentication-supported” (1setOf type2
315 keyword), and “uri-security-supported” (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attributes (see
316 [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and 4.4.3, respectively) MUST contain the URLs, authentication, and
317 security, respectively, supported by the Printer object.

318

319 **4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics**

320 This section describes the IPPFAX/1.0 operation attribute semantics that are common to all operations.
321 IPPFAX/1.0 does not define any new operations. Instead, IPPFAX/1.0 semantics are provided using
322 existing IPP operations in [RFC2911], with increased conformance requirements as specified in this
323 document.

324 **4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute**

325 This operation attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. As in IPP/1.1, the
326 client **MUST** supply the “printer-uri” operation attribute in every IPPFAX request (see [RFC2911] section
327 3.1.5). For IPPFAX, the attribute value **MUST** be a URL using the ‘ippfax’ scheme (see section 13)
328 specifying the Receiver’s network location.

329 The following is an example value of the target “printer-uri” operation attribute and “printer-uri-supported”
330 Printer Description attribute:

331 `ippfax://www.acme.com/ippfax-printers/printer5`

332 As in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] for each operation, the Receiver **NEED NOT** validate that the “printer-uri”
333 operation attribute is present and that the value supplied by the Sender matches one of the Receiver’s
334 “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute (see section 5.1). For URI matching rules see section
335 13.7. If the Receiver does validate the “printer-uri” operation attribute and the URI value supplied does not
336 match any value of the Receiver’s “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver
337 **MUST** reject the request, return the ‘client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported’ status code, and return
338 the attribute and value in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

339 **4.2 version-number parameter**

340 This IPP/1.1 operation parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8) specifies the major and minor version number
341 of the IPP Protocol being used *as part of the IPPFAX Protocol*. As in IPP/1.1, the Sender **MUST** supply
342 this parameter in every request and the Receiver **MUST** return this parameter in every response.

343 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the Sender **MUST** supply the IPP version number
344 parameter with a value of ‘1.1’ or a higher minor version number.

345

346 **4.3 ippfax-version (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

347 The value of this operation attribute indicates the version of the IPPFAX Protocol and encoding that the
348 Sender is requesting and the Receiver is returning. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in
349 every request and the Receiver MUST return this operation attribute in every response. This operation
350 attribute MUST be placed in the Operation Attributes Group *immediately* after the operation attributes
351 whose order is specified in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911]. The semantics of the “ippfax-version” operation attribute
352 are the same for the IPPFAX Protocol as the “version-number” parameter for IPP 1.1(see [RFC2911]
353 section 3.1.8).

354 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the Sender MUST supply the IPPFax version
355 operation attribute with the keyword value of ‘1.0’.

356 The Receiver MUST list the IPPFAX versions supported in the “ippfax-versions-supported” (1setOf type2
357 keyword) Printer Description attribute (see section 5.3).

358 The Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST check both the IPP (see section 4.2) and IPPFAX version
359 numbers supplied by the Sender in each request, not just the IPPFAX version number.

360 **5 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes**

361 This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description attributes
362 whose semantics are augmented for IPPFAX.

363 Table 1 lists all the IPPFAX conformance requirements for IPP and IPPFAX Printer Description attributes
364 whose semantics are defined in this document.

365 All Printer Description attributes not listed in Table 1 have the same conformance requirements as defined
366 in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] or other IETF or PWG standards track IPP documents.

367 See section 7.2 for the Receiver conformance requirements for the “xxx-supported”, “xxx-default”, and
368 “xxx-ready” Job Template Printer attributes.

369

Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP Fax Receiver support	Section
printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) *	MUST	5.1
ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) *	MUST	5.2
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	5.3
operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) *	MUST	5.4
document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) *	MUST	5.5
document-format-version-supported (1setOf text(127)) **	MUST	5.6
digital-signature-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) **	MUST	5.7
pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword) *	MUST	5.8

370 * These IPP/1.1 attributes are defined in [RFC2911], but have enhanced semantics defined in this
371 document.

372 ** These IPP attributes are defined in [PWG 5100.7], but have enhanced or constrained semantics defined
373 in this document.

374 5.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri)

375 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1) contains the set of target URIs that the Receiver supports, i.e.,
376 the URI values that a client can supply as values of the “printer-uri” target operation attribute in requests.
377 A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. This attribute MUST only contain URIs
378 using the ‘ippfax’ scheme.

379 5.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

380 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1.4) identifies the version or versions of the IPP encoding that
381 this Receiver supports as part of the IPPFAX Protocol (rather than indicating that the Receiver supports the
382 IPP Protocol), including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets
383 the conformance requirements. The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. The
384 Receiver MUST compare the “version-number” parameter (see section 4.2), with the values of this
385 attribute in order to determine whether the Printer supports the IPP version requested by the Sender *as part*
386 *of the IPPFAX Protocol*.

387 Standard keyword values are (from [RFC2911]):

388 ‘1.1’: The IPPFAX operations meets encoding conformance requirements of IPP version 1/1 as specified
389 in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910].

390

391 **5.3 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

392 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPPFAX Protocol that this Receiver supports,
393 including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the
394 conformance requirements. The support of this attribute indicates that this Printer object is a Receiver as
395 opposed to a regular IPP Printer object

396 The Receiver MUST compare the “ippfax-version” operation attribute (see section 4.3) supplied by the
397 Sender in each request, with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the Receiver supports
398 the IPPFAX version requested by the Sender.

399 Standard keyword values are:

400 ‘1.0’: Meets the conformance requirements of IPPFAX 1/0 as specified in this document.

401

402 **5.4 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)**

403 This attribute (see [RFC 2911] section 4.4.15) identifies the set of supported operations for this Receiver
404 and contained Job objects. A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

405 The values of this attribute MAY depend on the URL supplied in the “printer-uri” operation attribute
406 and/or MAY depend on the authority of the authenticated requesting user. For example, a Receiver that
407 supports administrative operations MUST NOT support administrative operations for use by end users, but
408 such a Receiver MAY return the administrative operation enums to end users. See section 9 for
409 conformance requirements for these operations.

410 **A receiver MUST only support the following operations:**

411 • **get-printer-attributes**

412 • **print-job**

413 • **cancel-job**

414 • **get-jobs**

415 • **get-job-attributes**

416 A receiver MUST NOT support any other operation.

417 **5.5 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType)**

418 This attribute (see [RFC 2911] section 4.4.22) identifies which document formats the Receiver supports.
419 The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. Both the Sender and Receiver MUST only
420 support 'application/pdf'.

421 **5.6 document-format-version-supported (1setOf text(127))**

422 This attribute (see [PWG 5100.7] section 7.8) identifies which PDF subsets the Receiver supports. A
423 Receiver MUST support this attribute and a Sender MAY support this attribute. Both the Sender and
424 Receiver MUST support the 'PDF/is-1.0' subset of PDF. The Receiver MAY support other subsets of PDF
425 and if it does then the Receiver MUST only list subsets that it fully supports.

426 **5.7 digital-signatures-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

427 This attribute (see [PWG 5100.7] section 7.4) identifies which digital signature technologies are supported
428 by the Receiver. A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

429 If the Receiver cannot validate the digital signature or if the digital signature fails to verify, then the
430 Receiver MUST notify the Receiving User using an implementation specific method.

431 **5.8 pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)**

432 This attribute (see [RFC 2911] section 4.4.28) identifies Receiver implementation support for overriding
433 document data instructions with IPPFax job attributes. A Receiver MUST support this printer subscription
434 attribute with the value 'attempted'. . A Receiver MUST attempt to override at least the media attribute.
435
436

437 **6 Identity exchange**

438 **Need to move these attributes and the contents of section 7 in with the other operation attributes (section 8)**

439 This section defines the attributes that the Sender and the Receiver can use to identify each to the other and
440 to identify the Sending User and the Receiver User. Table 2 lists these attributes and shows the Sender and
441 Receiver conformance requirements.

442 **Table 2 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes**

Attribute	Sender supplies *	Receiver supports
sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	MAY	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	SHOULD	MUST
sender-uri (uri)	MUST	MUST

443 * Sender supplies in a Print-Job,operation.

444 **6.1 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute**

445 This operation attribute identifies the Sending User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] format.
 446 The Sender MAY send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Print-Job operation. The Receiver MUST
 447 support this Print-Job operation attribute according to the vCard v3.0 specification and MUST populate the
 448 job's corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text.
 449 However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case it MUST still accept
 450 the Print-Job request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see
 451 [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored values in the Unsupported
 452 Attributes Group.

453 For a sample vCard see section 1. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
 454 value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

455 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.
 456 As in IPP/1.1, whether or not the Receiver prints a separate job start sheet depends on the "job-sheets" Job
 457 Template attribute, if supported. The Sender can request the Receiver to print a separate start sheet if the
 458 Receiver's "job-sheets-supported" Printer attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.3) contains a value other
 459 than 'none'. The Sender can suppress the Receiver's separate start sheet if the Receiver's "job-sheets-
 460 supported" Printer attribute contains the 'none' value. If the Sender omits the "job-sheets" Job Template
 461 attribute, the Receiver's "job-sheets-default" value will be used.

462 **6.2 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute**

463 This operation attribute identifies the intended Receiving User in MIME vCard format [RFC2426,
 464 RFC2425]. The Sender SHOULD send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Print-Job operation. The
 465 Receiver MUST support this Print-Job operation attribute and MUST populate the job's corresponding Job
 466 Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver
 467 MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case it MUST still accept the Print-Job request and
 468 return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2),
 469 but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored values in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

470 For a sample vCard see section 1. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
471 value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

472 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.
473 See discussion under section 6.1.

474 **6.3 sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute**

475 This operation attribute identifies the Sender in a similar manner to the way a Sending Station ID is used in
476 a GSTN fax device. The value of this identity is not specified in this document but MUST uniquely
477 identify the Sender device and be traceable to the Sender. The manufacturer of the Sender MUST ensure
478 that the customer configures the Sender with a value for this attribute that is a syntactically valid URI
479 before first attempt to send an IPPFAX Job.

480 The Sender MUST send this operation attribute with the configured value in an IPPFAX Print-Job
481 operation. The Receiver MUST support this Print-Job operation attribute and MUST populate the job's
482 corresponding Job Description attribute.

483 The Receiver MUST use its value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of
484 the same name. This value is only a comment (since it can be spoofed) and is used for logging purposes
485 and has nothing to do with authentication (for which, see section 9). This attribute is more akin to an email
486 'Reply-To' field.

487 **7 Submission using Print-Job**

488 The Sender and Receiver MUST support creating IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job. The Sender and
489 Receiver MUST NOT support print by reference, i.e., MUST NOT support the Print-URI and Send-URI
490 operations, since they do not provide the same security and assurance of accessibility as pushing the
491 document data does.

492 **7.1 IPP/1.1 Print-Job operation attributes**

493 Table 3 lists the operation attributes for Print-Job operations for Senders, IPP/1.1 Printers, and Receivers.
494 Differences in Sender conformance from IPP/1.1 clients are indicated with footnotes. Any other IPP
495 operation attributes defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

496

Table 3 - [RFC 2911] Print-Job operation attributes

Operation attribute	Section	Sender supplies	Receiver supports
attributes-charset (charset)		MUST	MUST
attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)		MUST	MUST
printer-uri (uri) *	4.1	MUST	MUST
requesting-user-name (name(MAX)) *		SHOULD	MUST
job-name (name(MAX))		MAY	MUST
ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean) *	7.1.1	MUST with 'true' value ¹	MUST
document-name (name(MAX)) *		MAY	MUST
compression (type3 keyword) *		MAY	MUST
document-format (mimeMediaType) *	7.1.2	MUST ²	MUST
document-format-version (type2 keyword)	7.1.3	MUST ³	MUST
document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) *		MAY	MAY
job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	MAY
job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	MAY
job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	MAY
sending-user-vcard (1setOf text(MAX))	6.1	MAY ³	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	6.2	SHOULD ³	MUST
sender-uri (name(MAX))	6.3	MUST ³	MUST

497 * As in IPP/1.1, these attributes are NOT Job Description attributes, only Operation attributes.

498

499 7.1.1 ipp-attribute-fidelity operation attribute

500 This operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1) indicates whether or not the client requires the
 501 Printer to support all Job Template attributes and values supplied. The Sender MUST supply this operation
 502 attribute in the Print-Job operations and the value MUST be 'true'. A Receiver MUST validate and support
 503 this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client to supply this operation
 504 attribute and allows the client to supply the 'false' value.

¹ [RFC2911] does not require the client to supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and allows the client to supply either the 'true' or 'false' value.

² The [RFC2911] does not require the IPP client to supply the "document-format" operation attribute.

³ These attributes were not defined in [RFC2911].

505 If the Sender does not supply this attribute or supplies the ‘false’ value, the Receiver MUST reject the
506 operation, MUST return the ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and SHOULD return the ‘ipp-attribute-
507 fidelity’ attribute name keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section **Error! Reference
508 source not found.**).

509 **7.1.2 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute**

510 This operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1) identifies the MIME Media Type of the document
511 that the Sender is sending. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Print-Job operation and
512 the value MUST be “application/PDF”. A Receiver MUST validate that the value of attribute is
513 “application/pdf”. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client to supply this operation attribute.

514 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the
515 ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and SHOULD return the ‘document-format’ attribute name keyword
516 in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section **Error! Reference source not found.**).

517 Because only one document-format MAY be supported, attribute coloring is not relevant for IPPFax. If the
518 Sender desires to send a different format, then it should use a different transmission protocol than IPPFax.

519 **7.1.3 document-format-version (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

520 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1) should be taken from the JobX specification. **Revise this
521 section.Reference the JobX spec.**

522 **(Add somewhere a mention that Sender must support generating and transmitting PDF/is-1.0. Maybe in
523 section 1 to make it clear that it is a basic part of IPPFAX?)**

524 This operation attribute identifies the type2 keyword of the pdf document that the Sender is sending. The
525 Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Print-Job operation. A Receiver MUST validate and
526 support this operation attribute.

527 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver’s
528 “document-format-versions-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the
529 operation and return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code.

530 Standard keyword values are defined in section 5.6.

531 7.2 Job Template Attributes (for Print-Job)

532 Table 4 lists all of the Job Template attributes that have enhanced or constrained semantics for IPP Fax.
533 IPP Fax Senders SHOULD NOT supply Job Template attributes except Media[RFC2911].

534 As in [RFC2911], the term “Job Template attribute” is actually up to four attributes: the “xxx” Job
535 attribute, and the “xxx-default”, “xxx-supported”, and possibly the “xxx-ready” Printer attributes. Any
536 other IPP Job Template attributes defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

537 As in IPP/1.1, if a Receiver supports the “xxx” Job Template attribute, then it MUST support the
538 corresponding “xxx-default” (if defined) and “xxx-supported” Printer attributes as well, and MAY support
539 the “xxx-ready” attribute (if defined).

540 In Table 4, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain an explicit single value, the
541 Sender MAY send and the Receiver MAY support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job. When
542 supported, the Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST support only the indicated value; that is, there
543 is only one allowed value. Each such single value has been selected as the value for the attribute that would
544 correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all. If these attributes are
545 supplied in an IPPFAX Job with any other value, the Receiver MUST reject the Print-Job operation (since
546 the value isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’).

547 If the Receiver supports this attribute, the Receiver MUST return only the indicated value in the Get-
548 Printer-Attributes response for the corresponding “xxx-supported” and “xxx-default” Printer attributes.
549 Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or provide a significantly
550 non-FAX feature if the non-default value were supplied and supported, such as “number-up” = 2 or “job-
551 priority” = 100, respectively.

552 In Table 4, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain “MUST NOT”, the Sender
553 MUST NOT supply and the Receiver MUST NOT support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job.
554 If these attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job, the Receiver MUST reject the Print-Job operation (since
555 the attribute isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’). When querying the Receiver
556 with the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, the corresponding “xxx-default” and “xxx-supported” MUST
557 NOT be returned. Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or
558 provide a significantly non-FAX feature and do not have an obvious value which corresponds to the
559 behavior when the attribute is not supported at all, such as media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword |
560 name(MAX)) or output-bin (type2 keyword | name(MAX)).

561

562

563

Table 4 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes

Job Template attribute	Sender supply /Receiver support	IPP Fax behavior	Reference
copies (integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	1 copy	[RFC2911]
finishings (1setOf type2 enum)	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]
job-hold-until (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	'no-hold'	[RFC2911]
job-priority (integer(1:100))	MUST NOT	50	[RFC2911]
job-sheets (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]
media (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST (see section 7.2.1)		[RFC2911]
multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)	MUST NOT	No multiple document jobs	[RFC2911]
number-up (integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	1	[RFC2911]
orientation-requested (type2 enum)	MUST NOT		[RFC2911]
page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	1:MAX	[RFC2911]
print-quality (type2 enum)	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]
printer-resolution (resolution)	MUST NOT (see section Error! Reference source not found.)		[RFC2911]
sides (type2 keyword)	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]

564 **7.2.1 media (type2 keyword | name(MAX)) Job Template**

565 This Job Template attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.11) identifies the medium to be used for all sheets
566 of the job. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the "media" Job Template attribute
567 in the Print-Job requests. The Receiver MUST support the "media-default", and "media-supported" Printer
568 attributes and SHOULD support the "media-ready" Printer attribute.

569 The keyword values MUST be Media Size Self Describing names defined in the PWG Standardized Name
570 standard [pwg-media].

571 At a minimum, an IPPFAX receiver MUST be able to render the sizes ‘na_letter_8.5x11in’
572 ‘iso_a4_210x297mm’ and be able to print on at least one of those two sizes. The Receiver MAY
573 scale down at most 10% (PDF/is directives may prohibit this scaling), overflow to another page, or
574 truncate. If the Receiver does truncate then it MUST notify the Receiving User. Any scaling
575 performed MUST be isomorphic.
576 PDF Crop boxes SHOULD be used when the Sender knows that the imageable region is less than the
577 media size. If the crop box is the union of the lesser size of iso_a4_210x297mm and na_letter_8.5x11in
578 minus ¼ of an inch, then the Sender can be sure that the majority of Receivers can print the complete image
579 without loss of data. However, this does mean that there is the possibility that data may lost.
580

581 Standard keyword values are defined in section 9.2.1.1.

582 **7.2.1.1 media-supported Job Template Printer attributes**

583 The following standard keywords MUST be supported. Any other paper sizes supported MUST use the
584 self-describing names as defined in ([5101.1]):

585 ‘na_letter_8.5x11in’
586 ‘iso_a4_210x297mm’
587 ‘choice_iso_a4_210x297mm_na_letter_8.5x11in’ - represents both ‘na_letter_8.5x11in’ and
588 ‘iso_a4_210x297mm’ and indicates that either is acceptable. See [jobx].

589 **7.3 Delivery Confirmation using the Print-job response**

590 The Sender knows when the Receiver has successfully received the entire Document when the Receiver
591 returns the ‘successful-ok’ status code in the Print-Job Response. The Sender MUST then inform the
592 Sending User by means outside the scope of this standard that the document has successfully been
593 received, unless the Sending User requests otherwise.

594 **7.4 Originator identifier image**

595 The Sender MUST place an originator identifier, i.e., the value of the “sender-uri” attribute (see section
596 6.3), along with the date and time, in one of the following places, DEPENDING ON
597 IMPLEMENTATION:

- 598 1. On a cover page automatically generated by the Sender that is pre-pended before the first page
599 of user data in the PDF document.
- 600 2. Merged with the first page of the document.

601 3. At the top of every page of the sent Document.

602 The Sender MAY include additional data (Sending User, Receiver identity, etc.).

603 **Reference PDF/is method.**

604 **8 IPPFAX operations**

605 **Other IPP operations? I think not!**

606 Section **Error! Reference source not found.** defined the semantic requirements for the Get-Printer-
607 Attributes operation, section 1 defined the semantic requirements for Validate-Job, and section 7 defined
608 the semantic requirements for Print-Job operations for IPPFAX. This section defines the IPPFAX
609 semantics and conformance requirements for the other IPP operations.

610 IPPFAX restricts the use of IPP in certain cases in order to make attaching a Receiver to the Internet a safe
611 option – see section 9.

612 The Receiver MUST fully support the Print-Job, and Get-Printer-Attributes operations, as defined by this
613 document. The following subsections define restrictions and conformance requirements placed on the
614 Cancel-Job, Get-Job-Attributes, and Get-Jobs, operations. For a conforming IPPFAX Receiver
615 implementation, the support for each of the IPP operations is indicated in Table 5 and **Error! Reference**
616 **source not found.**

617 An IPPFax receiver MUST NOT support any optional features of IPP unless explicitly stated in this
618 document.

619 **8.1 Operation Conformance Requirements**

620 Table 5 lists the conformance requirements for Printer operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp' URL), (2)
621 the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender, (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from a non-privileged
622 User, and (4) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from an authenticated and authorized operator or
623 administrator, if the Receiver supports operator/administrator authentication and authorization.

624 **Error! Reference source not found.** lists the conformance requirements for Job and Subscription
625 operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp') URL, (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender which MUST be
626 on the same URL as the job was created (the target "printer-uri" MUST match the Job's "job-printer-uri"
627 Job Description attribute), (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from the Job or Subscription Object
628 Owner, (4) from some other non-privileged user, and (5) if the operation is supported at all - from an
629 authenticated and authorized operator or administrator.

Table 5 - Conformance for IPPFax/1.0 Operations

Operation Name	IPPFAX Sender support for a User	IPPFAX Receiver from a User	IPPFAX Receiver from an Operator	Reference
Print-Job	MUST	MUST	MUST	section
Get-Jobs	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	section 8.4
Get-Printer-Attributes	MUST	MUST	MUST	sections Error! Reference source not found., 5
Cancel-Job				
Get-Job-Attributes				

631 Legend:

632

633 Legend:

634 **MAY*** - Get-Job-Attributes restricts certain. See section 8.4.635 **Owner** refers to the owner of the Job or Subscription object.636 **8.2 Print-Job operation**637 **8.3 Cancel-Job operation**638 **Only Operators/Administrators can cancel IPPFax jobs.**639 **8.4 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations**640 **Separate into two sections! Get-Jobs is Operator/Admin only operation**

641 The public nature of IPPFAX interactions make it inappropriate for a client to be able to query a Receiver
642 for certain information about jobs that it did not send.

643 The Receiver SHOULD restrict the job attributes that any Sender can request for any IPPFAX Job in a Get-
644 Jobs or a Get-Job-Attributes operation to appropriate ones for a public service. For example, a Receiver
645 MAY return only the following Job attributes:

646 job-id, job-uri

647 job-k-octets, job-k-octets-completed

648 job-media-sheets, job-media-sheets-completed,
649 time-at-creation, time-at-processing
650 job-state, job-state-reasons
651 **number-of-intervening-jobs – NOT!!!!**
652

653 The exact choice of Job attributes that a client can query for IPPFAX Jobs, including not returning any,
654 DEPENDS ON IMPLEMENTATION and the security policy in force and is outside the scope of this
655 standard (as in IPP/1.1).

656 This attribute set allows a client to determine the load on a Receiver (and perhaps choose an alternative
657 destination or warn the Sending User).

658 See the discussion in [RFC2911] section 8.4 for a description of how a Receiver MUST behave if it
659 receives a request for an attribute outside this set.

660 An IPP administrator MAY read all attributes.

661 **9 Security considerations**

662 **IPPFAX presents an interesting challenge of balancing security and openness.** Many of the envisaged uses
663 of IPPFAX require confidentiality of the data – at the same time the Receiver typically has no prior
664 knowledge of the Sender or the Sending User. This last point will normally rule out all user-based
665 authentication and access control. This is the reason for the restrictions placed on querying and canceling
666 IPPFAX Jobs.

667 **9.1 Data Integrity and authentication**

668 Any exchange between a Sender and a Receiver MUST be carried using the data integrity mechanism
669 specified in IPP/1.1 namely TLS/1.0 [RFC2246] or later versions of TLS.

670 A Receiver MUST have a TLS certificate and be authenticated by the sender.

671 A Sender MAY have a TLS certificate for client authentication. A Receiver MAY decide to reject
672 requests that come from Senders that do not have a TLS certificate and return the ‘client-error-not-
673 authenticated’ status code.

674 A Sender MAY use its own TLS certificate or it can use one associated with the Sending User.

675 A Receiver MUST have a TLS certificate, and the Send MUST have the public keys of the top level public
676 key Certificate Authorities (as current browsers do). If a Sender gets a public key from a Receiver that is

677 doesn't recognize, the Sender **MUST** resolve the unrecognized key or inform the Sending User that data
678 integrity has been lost and **MUST** abort the job.

679 The distribution of private keys to Senders or Receivers is outside the scope of this document, but if it is
680 done over the network, it **MUST** be over a secure channel. See Internet Key Exchange (IKE) [RFC2409].

681 **9.2 Data Privacy (encryption)**

682 A Sender **MAY** chose use data privacy (encryption) as defined in TLS/1.0 [RFC2246].

683 **9.3 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

684 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.2) identifies the Client Authentication mechanism associated
 685 with each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 5.1).

686 **Table 6 - Authentication Requirements**

“uri-authentication-supported” keyword	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MAY support and MAY use	MAY support and MAY use. If the ‘none’ value is supported by an implementation, then the administrator MUST be able to configure the Printer to not support the ‘none’ value (by means outside the scope of this document)
requesting-user-name	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
basic	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger
digest	MUST support and MUST use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity, unless using ‘certificate’ or ‘negotiate’	MUST support and MAY use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity
certificate	SHOULD support and MAY use when not using any of the above	MUST support and MAY use. For this value, the Receiver MUST validate the certificate for all client requests

687 * TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA mandated by [RFC2246].

688 Table 7 compares the Digest Authentication requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX
 689 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

690 **Table 7 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements**

Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
MD5 and MD5-sess	must support must use	should support should use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
The Message Integrity feature	must support may use	should support may use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use

691

692 **9.4 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

693 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.3) identifies the security (Integrity and Privacy) mechanisms
 694 used for each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 5.1).

695 **Table 8 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements**

uri-security-supported	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl2	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl3	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
tls	TLS Data Integrity - MUST support and MUST use	MUST support and MUST use
	TLS Data Privacy - MUST support and MAY use. The Sender (device) MUST query the Sending User (human) before omitting Privacy (encryption).	MUST support and MAY use

696

697 Table 9 compares the TLS conformance requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX
698 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

699 **Table 9 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements**

TLS Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
Server Authentication	must support should use	should support may use	MUST use	MUST support
Client Authentication*	may support may use	may support may use	SHOULD support	MUST support MAY use
Data Integrity	may support may use	should support should use	MUST use	MUST support
Data Privacy	may support may use	should support may use	MUST support MAY** use.	MUST support

700 * The 'certificate' keyword value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute [RFC2911].

701 ** The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting the Data Privacy encryption.

702 Senders and Receivers MUST support the TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite as
703 mandated by RFC 2246 [RFC2246]. All stronger cipher suites are OPTIONAL; weaker cipher suites
704 MUST NOT be supported or used by Senders or Receivers.

705 A Receiver MAY support Basic Authentication (described in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2617]) for Client
706 Authentication if the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy. TLS with the above mandated cipher suite
707 or stronger can provide such a secure channel.

708 9.5 Using IPPFAX with TLS

709 The Sender MUST use only TLS for all IPPFAX operations on the IPPFAX URL. The client MUST start
710 the transaction in TLS, rather than using HTTP upgrade requests. The following paragraph of [RFC2818]
711 further explains:

712 The agent acting as the HTTP client should also act as the TLS client. It should initiate a
713 connection to the server on the appropriate port and then send the TLS ClientHello to begin the TLS
714 handshake. When the TLS handshake has finished. The client may then initiate the first HTTP
715 request. All HTTP data MUST be sent as TLS "application data". Normal HTTP behavior,
716 including retained connections should be followed.

717 Contrast this IPPFAX requirement with the IPP requirement in section 8.2 of [RFC2910]. The following
718 client actions compare IPP with IPPFAX from a client's point of view:

- 719 IPP/1.1 sequence:
720 1. Start TCP connection
721 2. Zero or more HTTP/IPP requests
722 3. HTTP/IPP request with Upgrade to TLS header
723 4. TLS handshake
724 5. Finish the HTTP/IPP request securely
725 6. Send more HTTP/IPP requests securely ...
726

- 727 IPPFAX sequence:
728 1. Start TCP connection
729 2. Send TLS ClientHello
730 3. Rest of TLS handshake
731 4. Send HTTP/IPPFAX requests securely ... (which usually will be a Get-Printer-Attributes,
732 followed by the Print-Job operation).
733

734 9.6 Access control

735 Needs re-writing

736 It is expected that the majority of IPPFAX Receivers will operate in a public mode when operating on the
737 Internet, so that anonymous users can send documents without requiring client authentication
738 (corresponding to the 'none' value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute - see section 9.3).
739 However a Receiver MAY protect itself using any Client Authentication method specified in [RFC2911]
740 (digest authentication [RFC2069] for example) to restrict access to any or all of its functionality.

741 However, the primary intent of IPPFAX is to create a controlled public access mode. It therefore does not
742 really make much sense to combine IPPFAX and user authentication; they are achieving the same thing.

743 9.7 Reduced feature set

744 Needs re-writing

745 An administrator or device implementer MAY choose to setup up a Print Service so that it only works as an
746 IPPFAX Receiver (i.e., offers no 'native' IPP operations and does not accept IPP Jobs). In this mode it
747 offers a restricted set of features and MAY be more safely connected to the Internet.

748 A Receiver that is operating in this mode MUST do so by rejecting any non-IPPFAX request and return a
749 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' error status code as indicated in section 4.1 for an
750 unsupported value of the "printer-uri" operation attribute. For job operations attempted on IPPFAX Jobs,

751 the Receiver MUST return the ‘client-error-not-authorized’ error status code, unless the Sender is
752 authenticated as the system administrator and the Receiver supports such access.

753 **10 Attribute Syntaxes**

754 No new attribute syntaxes are defined.

755 **11 Status codes**

756 No new Status codes are defined and semantics for existing status codes have not been modified.

757 .

758 **12 Conformance Requirements**

759 **Need to be re-worked.**

760 This section summarizes the conformance requirements for Senders and Receivers that are defined
761 elsewhere in this document.

- 762 1. A Sender and Receiver MUST observe the attribute name space conventions specified in section
763 **Error! Reference source not found..**
- 764 2. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support (1) the “printer-uri” operation attribute
765 with the ‘ippfax’ scheme, (2) the “version-number” parameter with the IPP/1.1 ‘1.1’ (or higher
766 minor version) value, and (3) the “ippfax-version” operation attribute with the IPPFAX/1.0 ‘1.0’
767 keyword value in all operations to get the IPPFAX semantics as described in section 4.
- 768 3. The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as described in sections **Error!**
769 **Reference source not found..**
- 770 4. The Receiver MUST support the Printer Description attributes as specified in section 5.
- 771 **5. The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is IPPFAX-capable using the Get-Printer-**
772 **Attributes operation and validate that the Receiver supports the job using the Validate-Job operation**
773 **as specified in section 1.**
- 774 6. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the operation/Job Description attributes
775 for Identify Exchange as described in section 6.

- 776 7. The Sender MUST support submitting and the Receiver MUST accept IPPFAX Jobs as defined in
777 section 7.
- 778 8. The Sender MUST place the Sender's identity in the document according to section **Error!**
779 **Reference source not found.**
- 780 9. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the operations as indicated in section 8.
- 781 10. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the security mechanisms indicated in section 9, including
782 TLS.
- 783 The [set-ops], enable-printer and disable-printer operations MUST only be preformed on a connection that
784 has been authenticated by TLS and the user has the rights to perform them.

785 **13 IPPFAX URL Scheme**

786 **Need to be re-worked to be consistent RFC 3510**

787 **Need to register a port with IANA for IPPFax.**

788 This section is intended for use in registering the 'ippfax' URL scheme with IANA and fully conforms to
789 the requirements in [RFC2717].

790 **13.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage**

791 This document defines the 'ippfax' URL (Uniform Resource Locator) scheme for specifying the location of
792 an IPPFAX Receiver which implements the IPPFAX Protocol specified in this document.

793 The 'ippfax' URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the basic hierarchical URL
794 syntax in [RFC2396]; however relative URL forms, parameters, and/or query parts are NOT allowed in an
795 IPPFAX URL. The 'ippfax' URL scheme is case-insensitive in the host name or host address part;
796 however the path part is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Codepoints outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex
797 escaped by the mechanism defined in [RFC2396].

798 The intended usage of the 'ippfax' URL scheme is COMMON.

799 **13.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port**

800 All IPPFAX URLs which do NOT explicitly specify a port MUST be used over IANA-assigned well-
801 known port **xxx [TBA by IANA]** for the IPPFAX Protocol.

802 See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [IANA-PORTREG].

803 **13.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type**

804 All IPPFAX protocol operations (requests and responses) MUST be conveyed in an ‘application/ipp’
805 MIME media type [RFC2910] as registered in [IANA-MT]. IPPFAX URLs MUST refer to IPPFAX
806 Receivers which support this ‘application/ipp’ operation encoding.

807 See: IANA MIME Media Types Registry [IANA-MT].

808 **13.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding**

809 The IPPFAX URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the HTTP URL scheme
810 defined in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616], which is derived from the URI Generic Syntax [RFC2396] and further
811 updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs). The IPPFAX URL scheme is case-
812 insensitive in the ‘scheme’ and ‘host’ (host name or host address) part; however, the ‘abs_path’ part is
813 case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Code points outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by the
814 mechanism specified in [RFC2396].

815 **13.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF**

816 The IPP protocol places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the length of a URI (see section 4.1.5
817 ‘uri’ in [RFC2911]). An IPPFAX Receiver MUST return ‘client-error-request-value-too-long’ (see section
818 13.1.4.10 in [RFC2911]) when a URI received in a request is too long.

819 Note: IPPFAX Receivers ought to be cautious about depending on URI lengths above 255 bytes, because
820 some older client or proxy implementations might not properly support these lengths.

821 IPPFAX URLs MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URLs always begin with a scheme name
822 followed by a colon. For definitive information on URL syntax and semantics, see “Uniform Resource
823 Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax and Semantics” [RFC2396]. This specification adopts the definitions of
824 “port”, “host”, “abs_path”, and “query” from [RFC2396], as updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for
825 IPv6 addresses in URLs).

826 The IPPFAX URL scheme syntax in ABNF is as follows:

```
827   ippfax_URL = "ippfax:" "//" host [ ":" port ] [ abs_path [ "?" query ] ]
828
```

829 If the port is empty or not given, the IANA-assigned port as defined in section 13.2 is assumed. The
830 semantics are that the identified resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]) is located at the IPPFAX

831 Notification Recipient listening for HTTP connections on that port of that host, and the Request-URI for
 832 the identified resource is 'abs_path'.

833 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

834 If the 'abs_path' is not present in the URL, it MUST be given as "/" when used as a Request-URI for a
 835 resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]). If a proxy receives a host name which is not a fully qualified
 836 domain name, it MAY add its domain to the host name it received. If a proxy receives a fully qualified
 837 domain name, the proxy MUST NOT change the host name.

838 13.6 IPPFAX URL Examples

839 The following are examples of valid IPPFAX URLs for Notification Recipient objects (using DNS host
 840 names):

```
841     ippfax://abc.com
842     ippfax://abc.com/listener
843
```

844 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

845 The following literal IPv4 addresses:

```
846     192.9.5.5           ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
847     186.7.8.9          ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
848
```

849 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

```
850     ippfax://192.9.5.5/listener
851     ippfax://186.7.8.9/listeners/tom
852
```

853 The following literal IPv6 addresses (conformant to [RFC2373]):

```
854     ::192.9.5.5         ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
855     ::FFFF:129.144.52.38 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
856     2010:836B:4179::836B:4179 ; IPv6 address per RFC 2373
857
```

858 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

```
859     ippfax://[::192.9.5.5]/listener
860     ippfax://[::FFFF:129.144.52.38]/listener
861     ippfax://[2010:836B:4179::836B:4179]/listeners/tom
862
```

863 13.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons

864 When comparing two IPPFAX URLs to decide if they match or not, the comparer MUST use the same
865 rules as those defined for HTTP URI comparisons in [RFC2616], with the sole following exception:

- 866 • A port that is empty or not given MUST be treated as equivalent to the port as defined in section
867 13.2 for that IPPFAX URL;

868 14 IANA Considerations

869 IANA shall register the ippfax URL scheme as defined in section 13 according to the procedures of
870 [RFC2717] and assign a well known port.

871 Operation Attributes:

872 ippfax-version (type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 4.3

873

874 Operation/Job Description attributes:

875 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 6.1

876 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 6.2

877 sender-uri (uri) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 6.3

878

879 Printer Description Attributes:

880 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 5.3

881 15 References

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Contact Information:

IPPFAX Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/qualdocs/>
IPPFAX Mailing List: ifx@pwg.org

To subscribe to the IPPFAX mailing list, send the following email:

- 1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org
- 2) leave the subject line blank

996 3) put the following two lines in the message body:
 997 subscribe ifx
 998 end
 999

1000 Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join the IPPFAX Mailing List in order
 1001 to participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for
 1002 additional attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-
 1003 subscribers, so you must subscribe to the mailing list in order to send a question or comment to the
 1004 mailing list.

1005
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1007
 1008 1. Appendix A:

1009 **17 Appendix B: vCard Example**1010 **Update the example**

1011 The following ASCII text is a complete vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] example:

```

1012 BEGIN:VCARD
1013 VERSION:3.0
1014 N:Moore;Paul
1015 FN:Paul Moore
1016 ORG:Netreon
1017 TEL;CELL;VOICE:1+206-251-7008
1018 ADR;WORK;;;10900 NE 8th St,Bellvue;WA;98004;United States of America
1019 EMAIL;PREF;INTERNET:pmoore@netreon.com
1020 REV:19991207T215341Z
1021 END:VCARD

```

1024 **18 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)**

Revision	Date	Author	Notes
1	1/16/01	Paul Moore, Netreon	Initial version
2	2/27/01	Paul Moore, Gail Songer, Netreon	Specify TLS as MUST Removed Cover page and combined device Added need for big text types
3	4/11/01	Gail Songer, Netreon	Move attribute definition to first reference
4	5/24/01	Tom Hastings	Editorially updated the document to follow the style of the IPP standard documents. Added 23 issues to be reviewed. Capitalized the special terms throughout without showing revisions in order to make the document with revisions more readable.
5	5/21/01	Tom Hastings, John Pulera, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/6/01 telecon agreements on most of the 23 issues. There are 20 issues remaining, mostly new.
6	7/27/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/29/01 telecon. There are 41 issues remaining, mostly new.
7	10/8/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated with all the resolutions to the 41 ISSUES from the August 1, 2001 IPPFAX WG meeting in

			Toronto, and the subsequent telecons: August, 9, 14, and 17, 2001. There are 4 (new) issues remaining.
8	11/17/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements from the IPPFAX WG meeting, 10/24/01, Texas. See minutes. There are 5 issues remaining.
9	12/31/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached at the 12/14/01 telecon.
10	2/19/02	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached as the 2/5/02 IPPFAX WG meeting. There are no remaining issues.
11	9/20/02	Tom Hastings	Replaced all occurrences of UIF with PDFax and uif with PDFax.
12	10/16/02 10/24/02	Rick Seeler Gail Songer	Updated to reflect PDF/is as file format. Replace CONNEG with UPDF. Attributes for OPTIONAL PDF/is functionality.
13	11/22/02	Rick Seeler	Replaced 'PDFax' with 'PDF/is' or 'pdfis'. Updated spec to match 0.3 PDF/is specification.
14	03/18/03	Gail Songer	Removed pdfis-profile-requested and pdfis-profile-supported and pdfis-profiles; all image formats are required Removed pdfis-cache-size-k-octets (now fixed value) Removed pdfis-banding-direction-supported Started to split references into two sections, "normative" and "informative" and update descriptions to references Other editorial changes
15	03/24/03	Gail Songer	Added digital-signatures-supported. Added pdf-format and pdf-format supported. Put "coloring" back to optional. Removed PDF data encryption (leave for a future version of PDF/is and IPPFax)
16		Gail Songer Dennis Carney	Remove all references to coloring Changed pdf-format to document-format-version Remove the requirement that [set-ops] supports document-format coloring (we only allow document-format==PDF) ALL admin operations require TLS to have authenticated the user and the user has admin rights Other editorial changes
17	05/21/03	Dennis Carney	Editorial updates

	05/28/03	Tom Hastings	Added new 'choice_iso_a4_210x297mm_na_letter_8.5x11in' value for "media" and a reference to [jobx]. Fixed conformance for "media-ready".
18	10/03 11/03	Gail Songer	Reviewed in light of the Requirements specification. Noted lots of places in which the document MUST be changed.

1025

1026

Allow Cancel-job for Administrators.