Open Standard Print API (PAPI): Additions for Printer Capabilities API

Version 0.1 (DRAFT)

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Version 0.1 (DRAFT) Edition

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Chapter 1. Printer Capabilities

1.1. Introduction

In the context of this document, *printer capabilities* refers to information about the features, options, limitations, etc. of a print device (either an actual device, or an abstract device which may represent a group or pool of actual devices). This includes such information as:

- Does the printer support color printing?
- At what resolution(s) can the printer print?
- What input trays are present?
- What size media is loaded in each tray?
- Which trays are manual-feed and which are auto-feed?
- Can the printer print duplex output?
- What is the printable area on each of the loaded media?
- What output bins are present?
- What finishings (staple, punch, etc.) does the printer support?
- What combinations of features are not allowed together?
- What features should be presented on the print user interface?
- ...and many others...

There are two major uses of printer capabilities by applications:

1. To control how to display print options in a print UI dialog. Examples:
   - What values to put in the bin selection pull-down list
   - Whether or not to gray-out the duplex option when a particular output bin has been selected
   - Whether or not to display a color vs. back-and-white selection
2. To control how the print datastream is generated. Examples:
   - How large an image to draw to fill the printable area
   - How much to shift the image if "3-hole punch" finishing has been selected
   - How to request that the printer print on paper from the manual envelope feeder

1.2. Definitions

Driver:

In the context of this document, this is a software program that, possibly together with some external representation of printer capabilities, can translate generic graphic/drawing commands issued from an application into a printer-specific datastream which will render those commands on paper. The driver may also be able to transform graphic/drawing commands from an input datastream into a printer- specific output datastream (e.g. translate Postscript into raster images).

PPD (Postscript Printer Description) files:

Files which contain capabilities information in a special text format that was developed by Adobe for devices which include a Postscript interpreter. In addition to capabilities information, PPD files contain information about how to present capabilities to an end-user (e.g. in a GUI dialog) and how features can be selected and settings can be changed. Postscript drivers rely heavily on PPD files to generate the correct Postscript datastream. PPD files are heavily used on both Windows and Unix platforms, and on Linux they currently represent the primary repository for

capabilities information. The specification of the PPD format can be found at http://partners.adobe.com/asn/developer/pdfs/tn/5003.PPD_Spec_v4.3.pdf.

UPDF (Universal Printer Description Format):

This is a relatively new, standard XML format for representing printer capabilities. UPDF is not tied to a particular printer datastream such as Postscript, and it is intended to support representation of dynamic printer capabilties better than PPD.

Constraint:

This is a restriction on the printer capabilities where some combination of two or more options are not allowed together. This may be due to printer hardware limitations or to the disallowing of combinations which do not make sense by the printer vendor or the print system administrator. An simple example constraint would be "transparencies cannot be selected when printing duplex".

1.3. Objectives

This section attempts to describe the objectives of the PAPI printer capabilities support. It is important to understand these objectives in order to understand why the support is structured the way that it is.

1.3.1. Standard printer capabilities API

There is no standard API which a Linux application can use to retrieve printer capabilities regardless of the device, the driver, and the print server being used. This makes it very difficult for application writers to support generating print data without writing multiple versions of the print logic or without tying the application to very specific print system environments. This specification provides the standard API, making applications which use it independent of the underlying print system.

1.3.2. Independent of underlying source of capabilities

The capabilities information returned to the application could come from many different sources and be in many different formats, including:

- PPD files
- UPDF database
- SNMP queries
- Device drivers

The API defined here must hide these differences so that the application is independent of which of the above implementation(s) are used.

1.3.3. Support returning information in context

The API must support a means for requesting capabilities information *in the context of* a particular set of job options. For example, a way is needed to request the printer capabilities given that medium and color/black-and-white selections have already been made.

* *ISSUE: Do we need BOTH this mechanism and the constraints mechanism described below?*

1.3.4. Support returning constraints

The API must support a means for returning constraints on printer capabilities (see earlier definition of "constraint"). This allows applications to not present dialogs or submit jobs with disallowed combinations of options.

1.3.5. Support returning display hints

The API should support a means for returning "display hints". This is information that the application can use to display print options in a print dialog that is easy to use. For example, returning information about which options should be displayed on the "main window", which should be displayed in an "advanced" dialog, and which should not be displayed at all.

1.3.6. Support returning composite features

The API should support a means for returning "composite features". This is information about combinations of lower-level features that can be displayed and selected as a group to make the user interface easier to use. For example, a composite feature "black-and-white-draft" could include a logical setting of the color, resolution, and print density options.

Composite features are an open, extendible way for printer vendors and print administrators to express logical and commonly used groupings of print options that make it easier for end-users to take advantage of printer features. They should *not* be used to blindly list all possible combinations of a set of options, whether or not all the combinations make sense.

1.3.7. Support Device Object

* *ISSUE: Is a Device object needed, or can all the necessary attributes be returned via the existing Printer object?*

1.4. Interface

1.4.1. Query Function

The API used by the application to retrieve printer capabilities is the papiPrinterQuery function. See the description of that function for further details.

1.4.2. Capabilities Attributes

In addition to the xxx-supported attributes defined by the IPP standard [RFC2911], this section defines new attributes needed to satisfy the objectives described earlier.

???? need help defining these ????