| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | INTERNET-DRAFT There are 3 issues highlighted like this. <pre></pre> |
|---|--|
| 13 | Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): |
| 14 | The 'collection' attribute syntax |
| 15 | Copyright (C) The Internet Society (2000). All Rights Reserved. |
| 16 17 | Status of this Memo: |
| 18 19 20 21 | This document is an Internet-Draft and is in full conformance with all provisions of Section 10 of [RFC2026]. Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF), its areas, and its working groups. Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-Drafts. |
| 22 23 24 | Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress". |
| 25 | The list of current Internet-Drafts can be accessed at http://www.ietf.org/ietf/1id-abstracts.txt |
| 26 | The list of Internet-Draft Shadow Directories can be accessed as http://www.ietf.org/shadow.html . |
| 27 | Abstract |
| 28 29 30 31 32 | This document specifies an OPTIONAL attribute syntax called 'collection' for use with the Internet Printing Protocol/1.0 (IPP) [RFC2565, RFC2566], IPP/1.1 [ipp-mod, ipp-pro], and subsequent versions. A 'collection' is a container holding one or more named values, which are called "member" attributes. A collection allows data to be grouped like a PostScript dictionary or a Java Map. |

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- 33 The full set of IPP documents includes:
- Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
- Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
- Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]
- 39 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

- 41 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing
- 42 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included
- in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,
- operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A
- 45 few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.
- 46 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document
- describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
- 48 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major
- 49 decisions.
- The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
- operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
- 52 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines
- 53 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This
- document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.
- 55 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to
- 56 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the
- 57 considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For
- 58 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
- 59 the specification decisions is also included.
- The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
- between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

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1 Problem Statement

- 91 The IPP Model and Semantics [ipp-mod] supports most of the common data structures that are available in
- 92 programming languages. It lacks a mechanism for grouping several attributes of different types. The Java
- language uses the Map to solve this problem and PostScript has a dictionary. The new mechanism for
- 94 grouping attributes together must allow for optional members and subsequent extension of the collection.
- The mechanism must be encoded in a manner consistent with existing 1.0 and 1.1 parsing rules (see [ipp-
- pro]). Current 1.0 and 1.1 parsers that don't support collections should not confuse collections they receive
- 97 with attributes that they do support.

2 Solution

- 99 The new mechanism is a new IPP attribute syntax called a 'collection'. As such each collection value is a
- value of an attribute whose attribute syntax type is defined to be a 'collection'. Such an attribute is called a
- 101 collection attribute. The name of the collection attribute serves to identify the collection value in an
- operation request or response, as with any attribute value.
- The 'collection' attribute syntax is a container holding one or more named values (i.e., attributes), which are
- 104 called member attributes. Each collection attribute definition document lists the mandatory and optional
- member attributes of each collection value. A collection value is similar to an IPP attribute group in a
- request or a response, such as the operation attributes group. They both consist of a set of attributes.
- As with any attribute syntax, the collection attribute definition document specifies whether the attribute is
- single-value (collection) or multi-valued (1setOf collection).
- The name of each member attribute MUST be unique, but MAY be the same as the name of a member
- attribute in another collection type and/or MAY be the same as the name of an attribute that is not a
- member of a collection. The rules for naming member attributes are given in section 3.1.
- Each member attribute can have any attribute syntax type, including 'collection', and can be either single-
- valued or multi-valued. The length of a collection value is not limited. However, the length of each
- member attribute MUST NOT exceed the limit of its attribute syntax.
- The member attributes in a collection MAY be in any order in a request or response. When a client sends a
- 116 collection attribute to the Printer, the order that the Printer stores the member attributes of the collection
- value and the order returned in a response MAY be different from the order sent by the client.
- 118 A collection value MUST NOT contains two or more member attributes with the same attribute name.
- 119 Such a collection is mal-formed. Clients MUST NOT submit such malformed requests and Printers MUST

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- NOT return such malformed responses. If such a malformed request is submitted to a Printer, the Printer
- MUST reject the request with the 'client-error-bad-request' status code (see section 13.1.4.1)
- 122 ISSUE 01: In attribute groups [ipp-mod] allows a Printer either (1) to reject a request with duplicate named
- attributes OR (2) to choose exactly one of the attributes as the one to be used. Should we REQUIRE the
- Printer to reject duplicate named attributes in a collection value as stated above or allow the Printer to
- choose one member attribute as a second alternative as we do with attribute groups?

3 Definition of a Collection Attribute

127 This section describes the requirements for any collection attribute definition.

3.1 Member Attribute Naming Rules

- Each collection attribute MUST have a unique name within the scope in which the collection attribute
- occurs. If the collection attribute occurs as a member of a request or response attribute group, it MUST be
- unique within that group, same as for any other attribute. If a collection attribute occurs as a member
- attribute of another collection, the collection attribute MUST have a unique name within that collection
- value, same as for any other attribute.
- Each member attribute in a collection value MUST have unique name within that collection value.
- Member attribute names MAY be reused between different collection attributes. An example is the
- "media" attribute which MAY be used as a job template attribute (see [ipp-mod]) and in a collection. All
- attribute names that are reused MUST have an identical syntax. All attribute names that are reused MUST
- have a similar semantics. The semantic difference MUST be limited to boundary conditions and constraints
- placed on the reused attributes. All attributes that are not reused from elsewhere in the IPP model MUST
- have a globally unique name.
- 141 Assume that it is desirable to extend IPP by adding a Job Template attribute that allows the client to select
- the media by its properties, e.g., weight, color, size, etc., instead of by name as the "media (type3 keyword |
- name) Job Template attribute in IPP/1.1 (see [ipp-mod]). The first rule is that the existing attribute MUST
- NOT be extended by adding the 'collection' attribute syntax to the existing "media" attribute. That would
- cause too many interoperability problems and complicates the validation and defaulting rules as well.
- Instead, a new attribute will be defined with a suffix of "-col" (for collection), e.g., "media-col" (collection).
- 147 For a second example, suppose it is desirable to extend IPP by allowing the client to select the media for the
- job start sheet. Again, this would not be done by adding the 'collection' attribute syntax to the existing "job-
- sheets" (type2 keyword | name) Job Template attribute. Instead, a new "job-sheet-col" (collection) Job
- 150 Template attribute MUST be introduced. The member of the "job-sheet-col" collection might be:
- "job-sheet-format" (type3 keyword | name)
- "media" (type3 keyword | name)
- if any of the "media-supported" (1setOf (type3 keyword | name)) Printer attribute values could be specified
- for job sheets. The reason that the "job-sheet-format" member attribute isn't named simply, "job-sheet", is

- because its values only indicate the format, and don't imply any media, while the "job-sheets" (type2
- keyword | name) Job Template attribute do imply a media. This example illustrates when a member
- attribute can be the same as another attribute (in this case a Job Template attribute) and when the member
- attribute MUST have a different name.
- 159 If the definers of the "job-sheet-col" (collection) attribute intended that the System Administrator be
- allowed to have a different set of media values for job sheets than documents, then the definition document
- 161 for the "job-sheet-col" collection attribute would have the following member attributes instead:
- "job-sheet-format" (type3 keyword | name)
- "job-sheet-media" (type3 keyword | name)
- Then the supported values would be include in a separate "job-sheet-media-supported" (1setOf (type3))
- keyword | name)) Printer attribute.

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3.2 Remaining rules for a collection attribute definition

- When a specification document defines an "xxx" collection attribute, i.e., an attribute whose attribute
- syntax type is 'collection' or '1setOf collection'; the definition document MUST include the following
- aspects of the attribute semantics. Suppose the "xxx" collection attribute contains an "aaa" member
- attribute. A simplified example of a collection specification is given in section 6
- 171 1. The name of the collection attribute MUST be specified. (e.g. "xxx")
- 172 2. The collection attribute syntax MUST be of type 'collection' or '1setOf collection'.
 - 3. The context of the collection attribute MUST be specified, i.e., whether the attribute is an operation attribute, a Job Template attribute, a Job Description attribute, a Printer Description attribute, a member attribute of a particular collection attribute, etc.
 - 4. The member attributes MUST be defined. For each member attribute the definition document MUST provide the following:
 - a) The member attribute's name, "aaa", MUST either (1) reuse the attribute name of another attribute if the member attribute shares the syntax and semantics with the other attribute or (2) be unique across the entire IPP attribute name space
 - b) Whether the member attribute is REQUIRED or OPTIONAL for the Printer to support
 - c) Whether the member attribute is REQUIRED or OPTIONAL for the client to supply in a request
- d) The member attribute's syntax type, which can be any attribute syntax, including '1setOf X', 'collection', and '1setOf collection'. If this attribute name is the same as another attribute (case of option a-1 above), it MUST have the same attribute syntax, including cardinality (1setOf or not).

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- e) The semantics of the "aaa" member attribute. The semantic definition MUST include a description of any constraint or boundary conditions the member attribute places on the associated attribute, especially if the attribute is the same as another attribute used in a different context (case of option a-1 above)
 - f) the supported values for the "aaa" member attribute, either enumerated explicitly or specified by the values of a referenced attribute which may be specified by either:
 - the attribute's definition
 - a Printer attribute, such as "aaa-supported", which contains the explicit values supported.
 The "aaa-supported" attribute is a Printer attribute and not in a collection. For example, if a collection contains the "media" attribute and its supported values are specified by the "media-supported" attribute, the "media-supported" attribute is the same Printer attribute that the "media" attribute uses.
 - g) the default value of "aaa" member attribute if it is OPTIONAL for a client to supply the "aaa" member attribute in a request. The default value is specified by either:
 - the attribute's definition
 - a Printer attribute, such as "aaa-default", which may have a collection value
 - or an implementation defined algorithm that takes into account the values of the other member attributes of the collection value
 - h) Depending on the collection attributes context, it MUST follow the additional rules specified below for the various contexts.

3.3 Nested Collections

- A member attribute may have a syntax type of 'collection' or '1setOf collection'. The following example assumes a "yyy" collection attribute is a member attribute of the preceding "xxx" collection attribute. The "yyy" collection attribute contains "bbb" member attribute. The definition document for the nested collection MUST include:
- 211 1. The name of the collection attribute, e.g., "yyy"
- 2. The collection attribute syntax MUST be of type 'collection' or '1setOf collection'
- 3. The member attributes MUST be defined. For each member attribute the definition document MUST provide the following:

- 215 a) The member attribute's name, "bbb", MUST either (1) reuse the attribute name of another attribute if 216 the member attribute shares the syntax and semantics with the other attribute or (2) be unique across 217 the entire IPP attribute name space
 - b) Whether the member attribute is REQUIRED or OPTIONAL for the Printer to support
- 219 c) Whether the member attribute is REQUIRED or OPTIONAL for the client to supply in a request
- d) The member attribute's syntax type, which can be any attribute syntax, including '1setOf X',

 'collection', and '1setOf collection'. If this attribute name is the same as another attribute (case of option a-1 above), it MUST have the same attribute syntax, including cardinality (1setOf or not)
- 223 e) The semantics of the member attribute. The semantic definition MUST include a description of any constraint or boundary conditions the member attribute places on the associated attribute, especially if the attribute is the same as another attribute used in a different context (case of option a-1 above)
- 226 f)

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227 g) Depending on the collection attributes context, it MUST follow the additional rules specified below for the various contexts.

3.4 Collection Attributes as Operation Attributes

- The definition documents that define a collection attribute for use as an operation attribute MUST follow these additional rules:
 - a) Define in which operation requests the collection attribute is intended to be used.
- b) Define in which operation responses the collection attribute is intended to be used.

3.5 Collections as Job Template Attributes

- 235 The definition documents for collection attributes that are specified to be Job Template attributes (see [ipp-
- 236 mod] section 4.2) MUST have associated printer attributes with suffixes of "-supported" and "-default" (or
- indicate that there is no "-default"), just as for any Job Template attribute. Certain Job Template collection
- attributes also have an associated Printer attribute with "-ready" (for example, see the "media-ready"
- attribute in [ipp-mod]). Furthermore member attributes of job template attributes are addressed using the
- same suffix convention.
- See also section 3.6 on the interaction of collections and the Get-Printer-Attributes and Get-Jobs-Attributes.
- For the following rules assume the "xxx" (collection) example from section 3.2 is a job template attribute.
- 243 1) There MUST be two associated printer attributes. The attributes are "xxx-supported" and "xxx-default"

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- 244 2) The "xxx-default" is a collection with a syntax identical to the "xxx" specification in section 3.2.
- 245 Each member attribute has the same name as in the "xxx" definition.
- A Get-Printer-Attributes operation MUST return the "xxx-default" (collection) Printer attribute
 and all the member attributes. Any default values that have been set MUST be returned. Any
 default values that have not been set MUST return an out of band attribute of 'no-value'.
- 3. If the definition of the collection does not mention an "xxx-ready" attribute than it is assumed that one is not defined, though implementer's are free to support an "xxx-ready" as an extension.
- 4. The collection attribute definition document MUST define an "xxx-supported" attribute with either a syntax of '1setOf type2 keyword' or '1setOf collection':
 - If the definition uses the '1setOf type2 keyword' attribute syntax, it MUST be the attribute keyword names of all of the member attributes that the Printer implementation supports in a Job Creation operation. Furthermore, the definition MUST include corresponding definitions of each of the "aaa-supported" attributes that correspond to each "aaa" member attribute. Then a client can determine the supported values of each member attribute in the Job Template collection attribute
 - If the definition uses the '1setOf collection' attribute syntax, then the values are the supported instances of the "xxx" (collection) attribute that a client can supply in a Job Creation operation. It is expected that this second approach will be used for small collections whether the number of possible collection values is small. For example, a "media-size" (collection) member attribute in which the member attributes are "x-dimension" (integer) and "y-dimension" (integer). The pairs of integers are just like keywords as far as the client localization is concerned, except that if the client doesn't recognize a size pair of numbers, it can display the numbers.
 - a) The keywords returned lists all the contained member attribute names. This example would return the "aaa" keyword.
 - b) The list is recursive and lists all the member attributes of the contained collections. In section 3.3 the printer would return "aaa" and "bbb" for collection "xxx"
 - c) The encoding convention allows the reconstruction of the collection structure. The will allow the client to reconstruct the collections. The client would know that "aaa" is a member of collection "xxx". It can also be derived that collection "bbb" is a member of collection "yyy". See section 7 for more information on encoding.
 - d) To obtain the supported values for any member attribute a client performs a Get-Printer-Attributes operation explicitly requesting the member attribute name with the suffix "supported". If a member attribute is itself a collection rule 4 above applies to member attribute.

3.6 Collections and Get-Printer-Attributes and Get-Job-Attributes operations

- The behavior of collections for "job-description" and "printer-description" is similar to any other attribute.
- 279 Simple attributes return the attribute and its value. For a collection, the collection and its entire member
- attributes and their values are returned. This includes any containing collections, its member attributes and
- their values. The same logic applies for the "-default" and "-ready" printer attribute associated with a job-
- template attributes.

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- 283 Whether the Printer applies individual member attributes independently or takes into account the member
- 284 attributes supplied by the client in the collection, depends on implementation. Therefore, a client SHOULD
- query the Printer's "xxx-default" (collection) attribute, allow the user to make any changes, and then submit
- 286 the entire collection to the Printer. Then the variability in defaulting between different implementations
- will not cause the user to get unexpected results.
- 288 The semantics for "-supported" is different for a collection. Here the focus is on the member attributes that
- 289 the collection supports. This solution allows for extension of collections and allowing the member
- 290 attributes of a collection to vary (i.e. mandatory and optional member attributes). Once a client determines
- 291 what member attributes are supported in a collection a subsequent request can be constructed to determine
- 292 the supported values for the member attributes.
- 293 Another advantage of that the behavior of the "-supported" printer collection attribute is limiting the amount
- of data that is returned on general queries. A 'get-printer-attributes' that returns all the attributes of a printer
- will not have to return what may turn out to be extensive lists of "-supported" attribute values. An example
- might be "media-col" that could be a representation for media using a collection that goes beyond the
- information currently provided by the job-template attribute "media". The "media-col" could now be used
- to represent a job's media, insert sheets and inserted tab sheets. An IPP Printer implementation would
- return the member attributes for each of the "-supported" collections.

4 New Out-of-band value

301 **4.1** 'none'

- This "out-of-band" value allows a client to specify "turn-off" a feature that is specified by an attribute
- 303 whose value is a collection. Because a client specifies a value, the Printer uses the client-specified value and
- 304 not the Printer's default value.
- 305 If a Printer supports the use of the 'collection' attribute syntax for an attribute, a Printer MUST support the
- 306 use of the "out-of-band" value 'none'.

307 A Printer MUST support the "out-of-band" value 'none' as the value for an attribute "xxx" if: 308 the definition of the attribute specifies 'none' MUST be supported AND 309 the definition of the attribute specifies 'none' MAY be supported and it is a value of the attribute 310 "xxx-supported". 5 **Unsupported Values** 311 312 The rules for returning an unsupported collection attribute are an extension to the current rules. 313 If the entire collection attribute is unsupported, then the Printer returns just the collection attribute 314 name with the 'unsupported' out-of-band value (see the beginning of [ipp-mod] section 4.1) in the 315 Unsupported Attributes Group. 316 If a collection contains unrecognized, unsupported member attributes and/or conflicting values, the attribute returned in the Unsupported Group is a collection containing the unrecognized, unsupported 317 318 member attributes, and/or conflicting values. The unrecognized member attributes have an out-of-band value of 'unsupported' (see the beginning of [ipp-mod] section 4.1). The unsupported member attributes 319 320 and conflicting values have their unsupported or conflicting values. Sample specification 321 322 This example is for a collection called "media-col". The "media-col" attribute is a job template attribute. This collection is simplified and fictitious and is used for illustrative purposes only. 323 324 Name: media-col 325 Syntax: collection 326 Member Attributes: 327 Name: "media-color" 328 Syntax: type3 keyword | name 329 Mandatory 330 Semantics: This attribute identifies the color of the media. Valid values are "red" "white" and 331 "blue"

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"media-color-supported" syntax: 1setOf (type2 keyword | name)

IPP: The 'collection' attribute syntax

333 Name: "media-size" 334 Syntax: collection 335 Member Attributes: 336 Name: "x-dimension" 337 Syntax: integer 338 Mandatory 339 Semantics: This attribute identifies length of the media in inches. Valid values are any integer though in practice implementation will constrain the range. 340 341 x-supported syntax: rangeOfInteger 342 Name: "y-dimension" 343 Syntax: integer 344 Mandatory 345 Semantics: This attribute identifies the width of the media in inches. Valid values are any 346 integer though in practice implementation will constrain the range. 347 y-supported syntax: rangeOfInteger Name: name 348 Syntax: See job template attribute "media" 349 350 Optional 351 Semantics: See job template attribute "media". Additional restrictions on "media" in this collection 352 are that the "media" value must be valid based on the size and color. When invalid names are given based on the size or color, the size or color value takes precedence. 353 354 Supported values identical to job template attribute "media-supported". 355

356 **7 Encoding**

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INTERNET-DRAFT

This section is still under construction.

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358 We are now down to considering two encodings for collections. The goals of the encoding are: 359 a) must be simple b) a legacy receiver must correctly ignore a collection value and not incorrectly decode part of a 360 collection as a legitimate attribute. 361 362 c) it parses an attributes with collection values as a single unknown attribute rather than as 363 many unknown attributes. 364 The two encodings are: 1) encode attributes within collections in the same way as attributes outside of collections, 365 but encode each attribute name in a collection so that its name cannot be the same as an 366 367 attribute name outside of a collection. We have considered two solutions for encoding attribute names. 368 a) add a prefix to each collection member attribute name where the prefix is the 369 (outer) attribute's name following by a dot ("."). Nested collections have extra levels 370 of dotted names. For example, the "media-size" attribute in "media-col" is encoded 371 as "media-col.media-size" and the "x" attribute in "media-size" which is inside 372 "media" is encoded as "media-col.media-size.x". The outer attribute name is the 373 374 "name" of the begin-collection and end-collection value. 375 b) add a hyphen suffix to each attribute name in a collection. For example, the "media-size" attribute in "media-col" is encoded as "media-size-" and the "x" 376 attribute in "media-size" which is inside "media" is encoded as "x-". Note the 377 378 hyphen must be a suffix so that the attribute name follows the rules for a legal keyword, and the hyphen is chosen because no attributes currently end with a 379 hyphen. The empty name is used for the end-collection value and all but the first 380 381 begin-collection value. 382 2) encode attributes within a collection as a 1setOf values where each attribute whose name is M and whose values are V1 ... Vn are encoded as a sequence of n+1 values M, 383 V1, ... Vn. Subsequent member attributes continue the value in the 1setOf values. 384 385 ISSUE 02: Which encoding do we want to use for collections, 1a, 1b, or 2? The following are examples of encodings. In the real encoding, each "attribute" consists of 386 387 a) a one byte tag

c) "n" bytes of a name

b) a two byte name length whose value is "n"

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- d) a two bytes value length whose value is "v"
- e) "v" bytes of a value
- To make it easy to read, we show only items c (the name), a (the tag) and e (the value), in that
- 393 order.
- 394 There are 3 encoding examples for each solution:
- i) media-col with media-color and media-size as member attributes, and where media-size contains "x" and "y" as collection members.
- ii) media-size-supported with two collection values.
- iii) job-notify with notify-recipients and notify-events which is a 1setOf keyword with 3 values in this example
- 400 Solution 1a)

| 400 | | | _ |
|-----|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| 402 | Name | syntax-type | value |
| 403 | "media-col" | begin-collection | 11 11 |
| 404 | "media-col.media-color" | keyword | white |
| 405 | "media-col.media-size" | begin-collection | 11 11 |
| 406 | "media-col.media-size.x" | integer | 850 |
| 407 | "media-col.media-size.y" | integer | 1100 |
| 408 | "media-col.media-size" | end-collection | 11 11 |
| 409 | "media-col" | end-collection | пп |
| 410 | media ooi | 0110 00110001011 | |
| 411 | Name | syntax-type | value |
| 412 | "media-size-supported" | begin-collection | 11 11 |
| 413 | "media-size-supported.x" | integer | 850 |
| 414 | "media-size-supported.y" | integer | 1100 |
| 415 | "media-size-supported" | end-collection | |
| 416 | "media-size-supported" | begin-collection | 11 11 |
| 417 | "media-size-supported.x" | integer | 850 |
| 418 | "media-size-supported.y" | integer | 1400 |
| 419 | "media-size-supported" | end-collection | 111 |
| 420 | media bize bapportea | cha correction | |
| 421 | Name | syntax-type | value |
| 422 | "job-notify" | begin-collection | " " |
| 423 | | _ | 11@foo gom" |
| | "job-notify.notify-recipients" | · | |
| 424 | "job-notify.notify-events" | | b-completed |
| 425 | II II | keyword | job-created |
| 426 | н н | keyword job-st | ate-changed |
| 427 | "job-notify" | end-collection | 11 11 |
| 428 | | | |

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     Solution 1b)
431
432
            Name
                                                                            value
                                                 syntax-type
                                                                            11 11
433
             "media-col"
                                                 begin-collection
434
             "media-color-"
                                                 keyword
                                                                            white
             "media-size-"
                                                                            11 11
435
                                                 begin-collection
436
             "x-"
                                                                            850
                                                 integer
437
             "y-"
                                                                            1100
                                                 integer
438
             "media-size-"
                                                 end-collection
439
                                                 end-collection
                                                                            11 11
440
441
            Name
                                                 syntax-type
                                                                            value
442
             "media-size-supported"
                                                 begin-collection
443
             "x-"
                                                                            850
                                                 integer
444
             "y-"
                                                 integer
                                                                            1100
             11 11
445
                                                                            11 11
                                                 end-collection
446
             11 11
                                                 begin-collection
                                                                            11 11
447
             "x-"
                                                 integer
                                                                            850
448
             "V-"
                                                 integer
                                                                           1400
             11 11
                                                 end-collection
449
450
451
            Name
                                                 syntax-type
                                                                           value
452
             "job-notify"
                                                 begin-collection
453
             "notify-recipients-"
                                                 url
                                                           "mailto://bill@foo.com"
454
             "notify-events-"
                                                                     "job-completed"
                                                 keyword
455
                                                                       "job-created"
                                                 keyword
456
                                                 keyword
                                                                "job-state-changed"
457
             "job-notify"
                                                 end-collection
458
459
460
     Solution 2)
461
462
             Name
                                                 syntax-type
                                                                               value
463
              "media-col"
                                                 begin-collection
464
                                                 attribute-name
                                                                      "media-color"
465
                                                 keyword
                                                                               white
              11 11
466
                                                 attribute-name
                                                                       "media-size"
467
              11 11
                                                 begin-collection
468
              11 11
                                                 attribute-name
                                                                                  "x"
              11 11
469
                                                 integer
                                                                                  850
470
              11 11
                                                 attribute-name
                                                                                  "y"
471
              11 11
                                                                                1100
                                                 integer
472
                                                 end-collection
473
              11 11
                                                 end-collection
                                                                                   11 11
474
475
                                                                               value
            Name
                                                 syntax-type
476
             "media-size-supported"
                                                 begin-collection
```

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| 477 | п п | attribute-name | "x" |
|-----|--------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 478 | н н | integer | 850 |
| 479 | н н | attribute-name | "У" |
| 480 | пп | integer | 1100 |
| 481 | н н | end-collection | 11 11 |
| 482 | пп | begin-collection | п п |
| 483 | 11 11 | attribute-name | "X" |
| 484 | 11 11 | integer | 850 |
| 485 | 11 11 | attribute-name | "У" |
| 486 | 11 11 | integer | 1400 |
| 487 | 11 11 | end-collection | 11 11 |
| 488 | | | |
| 489 | Name | syntax-type | value |
| 490 | "job-notify" | begin-collection | 11 11 |
| 491 | н н | attribute-name "notify- | recipients" |
| 492 | н н | url mailto://bill | _@foo.com" |
| 493 | пп | attribute-name "notif | y-events" |
| 494 | пп | keyword "job-c | completed" |
| 495 | н н | _ | o-created" |
| 496 | пп | keyword "job-state | e-changed" |

IPP: The 'collection' attribute syntax

500 Observations:

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498 499 INTERNET-DRAFT

Solution 1a have identical properties to solution 1b except that the rules for encoding the name more complicated for 1a, and the name of the attribute appears before each end-collection and end-collection in 1a but only before the first begin-collection in 1b.

end-collection

- If a collection aware client sends a collection to a collection unaware Printer:
- 505 For solutions 1a and 1b) the Printer sees many attributes in place of the collection and it returns in the Unsupported attribute group, all of the attributes: the attribute outside the collection and 506 each attribute in the collection with it altered name. Thus the unsupported attributes have names 507 that the client didn't send and they may be in an order that makes it hard to reconstruct the 508 collection. In addition, because the "end-collection" has the same name as the attribute for 1a, 509 510 some printers will reject the job because the attribute appears twice. Also, 1a does not work for a 1setOf collection because the name of the attributes appear in front of each begin-collection and 511 512 thus cannot be distinguished from two occurrences of the same attribute.
- For solution 2) the Printer sees the collection as a 1setOf values where some values have
- unknown syntax types and other values have known syntax types. When a collection-unaware
- 515 printer discovers it doesn't understand an attribute that is a collection, it sees the unknown
- attribute as a 1setOf rather than a collection. It still returns the attribute-name with the out-of-
- 517 band value "unsupported" making it easier for the client.

March 9, 2000

- 520 **7.1** encoding of a collection (using solution 1a)
- NOTE: If we pick another solution to the encoding, this section will change.
- Each collection MUST have a globally unique name. Each attribute in an attribute group or a collection
- MUST have globally unique name. Uniqueness is generated by prepending the collection name to the
- attribute using a period, '.' as a separator.
- 525 For encoding attributes that have a 'collection' attribute syntax, the attribute's name is REQUIRED to be the
- first part of each of the member attribute name separated by a PERIOD (.) character. For example, if a
- 527 "media-col" (collection) Job Template attribute is added to IPP and contains a member attribute "color, it
- MUST be encoded as a "media-col.color". In another example, if the "job-sheets" (collection) Job
- Template attribute is added to IPP and reuses the "color" member attribute, the "color" attribute MUST be
- encoded as "job-sheets.color". The "xxx.color" attribute has an identical attribute syntax and similar
- 531 semantics.
- When encoding a collection attribute "xxx" that contains an attribute "aaa". A simplified example of a
- collection specification is given in section 6
- 1. The beginning of the collection is indicated with a value tag that MUST be syntax type 'begincollection'
- 535 (e.g. 0x34).
- 536 2. The length of the collection name (e.g. 0x03)
- 537 3. The collection name (e.g. "xxx")
- 538 4. A null collection value length (e.g. 0x00)
- 5. The attributes are encoded as with any other attribute. It is valid to have a collection a member of a
- 540 collection. The modifications necessary for encoding member attributes of a collection are as follows.
- 541 a) The name of the member attribute MUST be prepended with the collection name and a period.
- b) The length of the member attribute name MUST be adjusted appropriately.
- 543 6. The end of the collection is indicated with a value tag that MUST be syntax type 'endCollection' (e.g.
- 544 0x37).
- 7. The length of the collection name (e.g. 0x03)
- 546 8. The collection name (e.g. "xxx")

9. A null collection value length (e.g. 0x00)

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7.2 Sample Encoding (using solution 1a)

- NOTE: If we pick another solution to the encoding, this section will change.
- This section defines the encoding of a collection syntax type using solution 1a. The collection specified in
- section 6 is used. The encoding is of an implementation that does not support any optional attributes. A
- collection is encoded by using two new tags:

| Tag name | Tag value | Meaning |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| beginCollection | 0x34 | Begin the named collection. |
| endCollection | 0x37 | End the named collection. |

A collection value is encoded as a sequence of attribute values preceded by a beginCollection attribute and followed by an endCollection attribute. The name field of a beginCollection and an endCollection both contain the name of the collection type, i.e., the keyword name of the collection attribute, which is a string of ASCII characters. The value field contains the prefix used for all subordinate member attributes. The following example is written in the style of the IPP/1.1 "Encoding and Transport" document [ipp-pro]. The following example is for a media collection attribute. The media collection contains 2 member attributes. One member is "color" that contains a keyword for the media's color. The second attribute is a collection that gives the media's size. The size collection has two integer attributes "x" and "y" that gives the media's size in inches

| Octets | Symbolic Value | Protocol field | comments |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0x34 0x0009 media-col 0x0000 | beginCollection media-col | value-tag name-length Name Value-length | Beginning of the collection Length of collection's name Collection's name |
| 0x44 0x000F media-col.color 0x0004 blue | keyword type media-col.color blue | value-tag name-length Name value-length Value | Member attribute type Length of member attribute name Name of member attribute |
| 0x34 0x000E media-col.size 0x0000 | beginCollection media-col.size | value-tag name-length Name Value-length | Beginning of the sub-collection Length of sub-collection's name Sub-collection's name |

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| Octets | Symbolic Value | Protocol field | comments |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
| 0x21 0x0010 media-col.size.x 0x0004 0x0006 | integer type media-col.size.x | value-tag name-length Name value-length Value | Member attribute type Length of member attribute name Name of member attribute |
| 0x21 0x0007 media-col.size.y 0x0004 0x0004 | integer type media-col.size.y | value-tag name-length Name value-length Value | Member attribute type Length of member attribute name Name of member attribute |
| 0x37 0x0007 media-col.size 0x0000 | endCollection media-col.size | value-tag name-length Name Value-length | end of the sub-collection Length of sub-collection's name Sub-collection's name |
| 0x37 0x0007 media-col 0x0000 | endCollection media-col | value-tag name-length Name Value-length | end of the collection Length of collection's name Sub-collection's name |

7.3 1setOf Collection encoding (using solution 1a)

- The encoding of a set of collections follows the standard method of encoding multi-valued IPP attributes.
- The "beginCollection" attribute is coded normally. The first instance of the collection follows. The
- "endCollection" MUST appear only once in a collection and MUST follow the last member of the set of
- collection. The member collections of a set of collections are delineated by a specially encoded
- "beginCollection" attribute. The type MUST be "beginCollection" (i.e. 0x34). The length of the name field
- MUST be 0x0000. The name field MUST be omitted. The length of the value MUST be the length of the
- 570 collection's prefix. The value MUST be the prefix.

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7.4 Sample 1setOf Collection encoding (using solution 1a)

- NOTE: If we pick another solution to the encoding, this section will change.
- 573 This section defines the encoding of a collection syntax type using solution 1a. The collection specified in
- section 7 is used. The difference is that the type of "media-col" is 1setOf collection instead of collection.
- The encoding is of an implementation that does not support any optional attributes.

| Octets | Symbolic Value | Protocol field | comments |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| 0x34 0x0009 media-col 0x0000 | beginCollection media-col | value-tag name-length Name Value-length | Beginning of the collection Length of collection's name Collection's name |
| 0x44 0x000F media-col.color 0x0004 blue | keyword type media-col.color blue | value-tag name-length Name value-length Value | Member attribute type Length of member attribute name Name of member attribute |
| 0x34 0x000E media-col.size 0x0000 | beginCollection media-col.size | value-tag name-length Name Value-length | Beginning of the sub-collection Length of sub-collection's name Sub-collection's name |
| 0x21 0x00010 media-col.size.y 0x0004 0x0006 | integer type media-col.size.y | value-tag name-length Name value-length Value | Member attribute type Length of member attribute name Name of member attribute |
| 0x21 0x00010 media-col.size.x 0x0004 0x0004 | integer type media-col.size.x | value-tag name-length Name value-length Value | Member attribute type Length of member attribute name Name of member attribute |
| 0x37 0x000E media-col.size 0x0000 | endCollection media-col.size | value-tag name-length Name Value-length | end of the sub-collection Length of sub-collection's name Sub-collection's name |
| 0x34 0x0000 0x0000 | beginCollection | value-tag name-length Value-length | Second collection in set Beginning of the collection Indicates continuation of set |

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| Octets | Symbolic Value | Protocol field | comments |
|--|--|---|--|
| 0x44 0x000F media-col.color 0x0003 red | keyword type media-col.color red | value-tag name-length Name value-length Value | Member attribute type Length of member attribute name Name of member attribute |
| 0x34 0x000E media-col.size 0x0000 | beginCollection media-col.size | value-tag name-length Name Value-length | Beginning of the sub-collection Length of sub-collection's name Sub-collection's name |
| 0x21 0x0010 media-col.size.y 0x0004 0x0006 | integer type media-col.size.y | value-tag name-length Name value-length Value | Member attribute type Length of member attribute name Name of member attribute |
| 0x21 0x0010 media-col.size.x 0x0004 0x0004 | integer type media-col.size.x | value-tag name-length Name value-length Value | Member attribute type Length of member attribute name Name of member attribute |
| 0x37 0x000E media-col.size 0x0000 | endCollection media-col.size | value-tag name-length Name Value-length | end of the sub-collection Length of sub-collection's name Sub-collection's name |
| 0x37 0x0009 media-col 0x0000 | endCollection media-col | value-tag name-length Name Value-length | end of the set of collections Length of collection's name collection's name Length of collection's prefix |

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8 Legacy issues

IPP 1.x Printers and Clients will gracefully ignore collections and its member attributes if it does not understand the collection. The begCollection and endCollection elements each look like an attribute with

581 an attribute syntax that the recipient doesn't support and so should ignore the entire attribute. The 582 individual member attributes will look like ordinary attributes, but since they each are encoded with a unique name that can't be the same as a top level attribute, each of the member attributes will also look like 583 584 attributes that the recipient doesn't support and so should ignore. 9 IANA Considerations 585 586 This attribute syntax will be registered with IANA after the WG approves its specification according to the 587 procedures for extension of the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics [ipp-mod]. 588 ISSUE 03 - Since this is intended to be a standards track document, do we also register the attribute syntax 589 with IANA? 10 Internationalization Considerations 590 591 This attribute syntax by itself has no impact on internationalization. However, the member attributes that 592 are subsequently defined for use in a collection may have internationalization considerations, as may any 593 attribute, according to [ipp-mod]. 11 Security Considerations 594 595 This attribute syntax causes no more security concerns than any other attribute syntax. It is only the 596 attributes that are subsequently defined to use this or any other attribute syntax that may have security 597 concerns, depending on the semantics of the attribute, according to [ipp-mod]. 12 References 598 599 [ipp-mod] 600 Isaacson, S., deBry, R., Hastings, T., Herriot, R., Powell, P., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model 601 and Semantics" draft-ietf-ipp-model-v11-06.txt, March 1, 2000. 602 [ipp-ntfy] Isaacson, S., Martin, J., deBry, R., Hastings, T., Shepherd, M., Bergman, R. "Internet Printing 603 604 Protocol/1.0 & 1.1: IPP Event Notification Specification" draft-ietf-ipp-not-spec-02.txt, work in progress, February 2, 2000. 605

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