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27	
28	Abstract
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	This document is one of a set of documents, which together describe all aspects of a new Internet Printing Protocol (IPP). IPP is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing using Internet tools and technologies. This document contains information that supplements the IPP Model and Semantics [IPP-MOD] and the IPP Transport and Encoding [IPP-PRO] documents. It is intended to help implementers understand IPP/1.1, as well as IPP/1.0, and some of the considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of the specification decisions is also included.

- The full set of IPP documents includes:
- Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics [IPP-MOD]
- Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
- 42 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]
- The document, "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol", takes a broad look at distributed printing
- 44 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included
- in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,
- operators, and administrators. The design goal document calls out a subset of end user requirements that
- are satisfied in IPP/1.1. Operator and administrator requirements are out of scope for version 1.1.
- The document, "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol",
- describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
- IPP specifications, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major decisions.
- The document, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics", describes a simplified model with
- abstract objects, their attributes, and their operations. The model introduces a Printer and a Job. The Job
- supports multiple documents per Job. The model document also addresses how security,
- internationalization, and directory issues are addressed.
- The document, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport", is a formal mapping of the
- abstract operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1. It also defines the
- encoding rules for a new Internet media type called "application/ipp".
- The document, "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols", gives some advice to implementers of
- gateways between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

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1 Introduction

- The IPP Implementer's Guide (IIG) (this document) contains information that supplements the IPP Model
- and Semantics [IPP-MOD] and the IPP Transport and Encoding [IPP-PRO] documents. As such this
- information is not part of the formal specifications. Instead information is presented to help implementers
- understand the specification, including some of the motivation for decisions taken by the committee in
- developing the specification. Some of the implementation considerations are intended to help
- implementers design their client and/or IPP object implementations. If there are any contradictions between
- this document and [IPP-MOD] or [IPP-PRO], those documents take precedence over this document.
- 197 Platform-specific implementation considerations will be included in this guide as they become known.
- In order to help the reader of the IIG and the IPP Model and Semantics document, the sections in this
- document parallel the corresponding sections in the Model document and are numbered the same for ease
- of cross reference. The sections that correspond to the IPP Transport and Encoding are correspondingly
- 201 offset.
- 202 1.1 Conformance language
- 203 Usually, this document does not contain the terminology MUST, MUST NOT, MAY, NEED NOT,
- SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, REQUIRED, and OPTIONAL. However, when those terms do appear in this
- document, their intent is to repeat what the [IPP-MOD] and [IPP-PRO] documents require and allow, rather
- 206 than specifying additional conformance requirements. These terms are defined in section 13 on
- conformance terminology in [IPP-MOD], most of which is taken from RFC 2119 [RFC2119].
- Implementers should read section 13 (APPENDIX A) in [IPP-MOD] in order to understand these
- 209 capitalized words. The words MUST, MUST NOT, and REQUIRED indicate what implementations are
- required to support in a client or IPP object in order to be conformant to [IPP-MOD] and [IPP-PRO].
- 211 MAY, NEED NOT, and OPTIONAL indicate was is merely allowed as an implementer option. The verbs
- 212 SHOULD and SHOULD NOT indicate suggested behavior, but which is not required or disallowed,
- respectively, in order to conform to the specification.
- 214 1.2 Other terminology
- The term "sender" refers to the client that sends a request or an IPP object that returns a response. The term
- "receiver" refers to the IPP object that receives a request and to a client that receives a response.
- 217 1.3 Issues Raised from Interoperability Bake Offs

- The IPP WG has conducted two open interoperability "Bake Offs". The first bake off was held in
- September 1998 and Bake Off2 was held in March 1999. See the summary reports in:
- 220 ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new_TES/
- The issues raised from the first bake off are numbered 1.n in this document and are described in:
- 222 ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/approved-clarifications/ipp-agreed-fixes-981030.pdf
- These issue resolutions have been incorporated into the November 16, "IPP/1.0 Model and Semantics" [ipp-
- 224 mod] and the "IPP/1.0 Encoding and Transport" [IPP-PRO] documents. However, some of the discussion
- is left here in the Implementer's Guide to help understanding.
- The issues raised from Bake Off2 are numbered 2.n in this document and are described in:
- 227 ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/issues/issues-raised-at-bake-off2.pdf

228 2 IPP Objects

- The term "client" in IPP is intended to mean any client that issues IPP operation requests and accepts IPP
- operation responses, whether it be a desktop or a server. In other words, the term "client" does not just
- mean end-user clients, such as those associated with desktops.
- The term "IPP Printer" in IPP is intended to mean an object that accepts IPP operation requests and returns
- 233 IPP operation responses, whether implemented in a server or a device. An IPP Printer object MAY, if
- implemented in a server, turn around and forward received jobs (and other requests) to other devices and
- print servers/services, either using IPP or some other protocol.

3 IPP Operations

- This section corresponds to Section 3 "IPP Operations" in the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document
- 238 [IPP-MOD].

236

- 239 3.1 Common Semantics
- 240 This section discusses semantics common to all operations.
- 241 3.1.1 Summary of Operation Attributes
- 242 Legend for the following table:
- 243 R indicates a REQUIRED operation that MUST be supported by the IPP object (Printer or Job). For
- 244 attributes, R indicates that the attribute MUST be supported by the IPP object supports the associated
- 245 operation.

248

- O indicates an OPTIONAL operation or attribute that MAY be supported by the IPP object (Printer or Job).
- + indicates that this is not an IPP/1.0 feature, but is only a part of IPP/1.1 and future versions of IPP.

Table 1 - Summary of Printer operation attributes that sender MUST supply

	•	-					
	Printer Ope	ration	.S				
	Requests						Respon ses
Operation Attributes	Print-Job, Validate- Job (R)	Prin t- URI (O)	Crea te- Job (O)	Get- Printer- Attribute s (R)	Get- Jobs (R)	Pause- Printer, Resume- Printer, Purge- Printer (O+)	All Operat ions
Operation parametersR	EQUIRED to be	e supp	lied by	the sender			
operation-id	R	R	R	R	R	R	
status-code							R
request-id	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
version-number	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Operation attributesR	EQUIRED to b	e supp	lied by	the sender			
attributes-charset	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
attributes-natural- language	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
document-uri		R					
job-id*							
job-uri*							
last-document							
printer-uri	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Operation attributesR			1	by the sen	der	1	
job-name	R	R	R				
requesting-user-name	R	R	R	R	R	R	

Table 2 - Summary of Printer operation attributes that sender MAY supply

	Printer	Operatio	ons				
	Requests	Requests					
Operation Attributes	Print- Job, Validat e-Job (R)	Print -URI (O)	Creat e-Job (O)	Get- Printer- Attribut es (R)	Get- Jobs (R)	Pause- Printer, Resume- Printer, Purge- Printer (O+)	All Operat ions
Operation attributesOPTI	ONAL to b	e suppl:	ied by t	he sender			
status-message							0
detailed-status-message							0
document-access-error							<u>O**</u>
compression	0	0					
document-format	R	R		<u>R</u> O			
document-name	0	0					
document-natural-language	0	0					
ipp-attribute-fidelity	R	R	R				
job-impressions	0	0	0				
job-k-octets	0	0	0				
job-media-sheets	0	0	0				
limit					R		
message							
my-jobs					R		
requested-attributes				R	R		
which-jobs					R		

^{* &}quot;job-id" is REQUIRED only if used together with "printer-uri" to identify the target job; otherwise, "job-uri" is REQUIRED.

** "document-access-error" applies to the Print-URI response only.

253

Table 3 - Summary of Job operation attributes that sender MUST supply

	Job Oper	ations				
	Requests					Responses
Operation Attributes	Send- Documen t (0)	Send- URI (O)	Cancel -Job (R)	Get-Job- Attribut es (R)	Hold-Job, Release- Job, Restart- Job (O+)	All Operation s
Operation parametersREQUIRE	Operation parametersREQUIRED to be supplied by the sender					
operation-id	R	R	R	R	R	
status-code						R
request-id	R	R	R	R	R	R
version-number	R	R	R	R	R	R
Operation attributesREQUIRE	ED to be s	supplied	by the	sender		
attributes-charset	R	R	R	R	R	R
attributes-natural-language	R	R	R	R	R	R
document-uri		R				
job-id*	R	R	R	R	R	
job-uri*	R	R	R	R	R	
last-document	R	R				
printer-uri	R	R	R	R	R	
Operation attributesRECOMMI	ENDED to b	oe suppl	ied by t	he sender		
job-name						
requesting-user-name	R	R	R	R	R	

Table 4 - Summary of Job operation attributes that sender MAY supply

	Job Operat	cions					
	Requests						Respon ses
Operation Attributes	Send- Document (0)	Send -URI (O)	Cancel -Job (R)	Get- Job- Attribu tes (R)	Hold- Job, Restart -Job (O+)	Releas e-Job (O+)	All Operat ions
Operation attributesOPTI	ONAL to be	suppli	ed by th	e sender			
status-message							0
detailed-status-message							0
document-access-error							O**
compression	0	0					
document-format	R	R					
document-name	0	0					
document-natural-language	0	0					
ipp-attribute-fidelity							
job-impressions							
job-k-octets							
job-media-sheets							
limit							
message			0		0	0	
job-hold-until					R		
my-jobs							
requested-attributes				R			
which-jobs							

^{* &}quot;job-id" is REQUIRED only if used together with "printer-uri" to identify the target job; otherwise, "job-uri" is REQUIRED.

Table 5 - Printer operation response attributes

	Printer Operations						
	Response						
Operation Attributes	Print-Job (R),Send- Document (O), Send- URI (O)	Validate -Job (R)	Print -URI (0), Send- URI (0)	Create- Job (0)	Get- Printer - Attribu tes (R)	Get- Jobs (R)	Pause- Printer, Resume- Printer, Purge- Printer (O+)
job-uri	R		R	R			
job-id	R		R	R			
job-state	R		R	R			
job-state-reasons	R+		R+	R+			
<pre>number-of- intervening-jobs</pre>	0		<u>O</u>	0			
document-access- error+			0				

^{** &}quot;document-access-error" applies to the Send-URI operation only.

- 260 3.1.2 Suggested Operation Processing Steps for IPP Objects
- This section suggests the steps and error checks that an IPP object MAY perform when processing requests
- and returning responses. An IPP object MAY perform some or all of the error checks. However, some
- 263 implementations MAY choose to be more forgiving than the error checks shown here, in order to be able to
- accept requests from non-conforming clients. Not performing all of these error checks is a so-called
- 265 "forgiving" implementation. On the other hand, clients that successfully submit requests to IPP objects that
- do perform all the error checks will be more likely to be able to interoperate with other IPP object
- implementations. Thus an implementer of an IPP object needs to decide whether to be a "forgiving" or a
- 268 "strict" implementation. Therefore, the error status codes returned may differ between implementations.
- 269 Consequentially, client SHOULD NOT expect exactly the error code processing described in this section.
- 270 When an IPP object receives a request, the IPP object either accepts or rejects the request. In order to
- determine whether or not to accept or reject the request, the IPP object SHOULD execute the following
- steps. The order of the steps may be rearranged and/or combined, including making one or multiple passes
- over the request.
- A client MUST supply requests that would pass all of the error checks indicated here in order to be a
- conforming client. Therefore, a client SHOULD supply requests that are conforming, in order to avoid
- being rejected by some IPP object implementations and/or risking different semantics by different
- implementations of forgiving implementations. For example, a forgiving implementation that accepts
- 278 multiple occurrences of the same attribute, rather than rejecting the request might use the first occurrences,
- 279 while another might use the last occurrence. Thus such a non-conforming client would get different results
- 280 from the two forgiving implementations.
- In the following, processing continues step by step until a "RETURNS the xxx status code ..." statement is
- encountered. Error returns are indicated by the verb: "REJECTS". Since clients have difficulty getting the
- status code before sending all of the document data in a Print-Job request, clients SHOULD use the
- Validate-Job operation before sending large documents to be printed, in order to validate whether the IPP
- 285 Printer will accept the job or not.
- It is assumed that security authentication and authorization has already taken place at a lower layer.

```
287 3.1.2.1 Suggested Operation Processing Steps for all Operations
```

- 288 This section is intended to apply to all operations. The next section contains the additional steps for the
- 289 Print-Job, Validate-Job, Print-URI, Create-Job, Send-Document, and Send-URI operations that create jobs,
- 290 adds documents, and validates jobs.

```
291
     IIG Sect #
                       Flow
                                            IPP error status codes
292
     _____
293
294
                         V
                                    err
295
     3.1.2.1.1
                 <Validate version> --> server-error-version-not-supported
296
                       ok|
297
                                    err
298
     3.1.2.1.2 <Validate operation> --> server-error-operation-not-supported
299
                       ok
300
                         V
                                    err
301
     3.1.2.1.4.1- <Validate presence> --> client-error-bad-request
                    <of attributes>
302
     3.1.2.1.4.2
303
                       ok
304
                                    err
305
     3.1.2.1.4.3 <Validate presence> --> client-error-bad-request
306
                 <of operation attr>
307
                       okl
308
                         v
                                    err
     3.1.2.1.5 <Valied values of>
309
                                    --> client-error-bad-request
310
                 <operation attrs>
                                        client-error-request-value-too-long
311
               <(length, tag, range,>
312
                   <multi-value)>
313
                       okl
314
                                    err
315
     3.1.2.1.5
                  <Validate values> --> client-error-bad-request
316
               <with supported values>
                                        client-error-charset-not-supported
317
                                        client-error-attributes-or-values-
                       ok l
318
                                                     not-supported
319
                         V
                                    err
320
     3.1.2.1.6 <Validate optionally> --> client-error-bad-request
                  321
322
                       ok l
                                                     supported
                                        client-error-request-value-too-long
323
                                        client-error-attributes-or-values-
324
325
                                                     not-supported
326
```

- 327 3.1.2.1.1 Validate version number
- Every request and every response contains the "version-number" attribute. The value of this attribute is the
- major and minor version number of the syntax and semantics that the client and IPP object is using,
- respectively. The "version-number" attribute remains in a fixed position across all future versions so that

- all clients and IPP object that support future versions can determine which version is being used. The IPP
- object checks to see if the major version number supplied in the request is supported. If not, the Printer
- object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'server-error-version-not-supported' status code in the
- response. The IPP object returns in the "version-number" response attribute the major and minor version
- for the error response. Thus the client can learn at least one major and minor version that the IPP object
- supports. The IPP object is encouraged to return the closest version number to the one supplied by the
- 337 client.
- 338 The checking of the minor version number is implementation dependent, however if the client supplied
- minor version is explicitly supported, the IPP object MUST respond using that identical minor version
- number. If the major version number matches, but the minor version number does not, the Printer
- 341 SHOULD accept and attempt to process the request, or MAY reject the request and return the 'server-error-
- version-not-supported' status code. In all cases, the Printer MUST return the nearest version number that it
- supports. For example, suppose that an IPP/1.2 Printer supports versions '1.1' and '1.2'. The following
- 344 responses are conforming:

Table 6 - Examples of validating IPP version

Client supplies	Printer Accept Request?	Printer returns
1.0	yes (SHOULD)	1.1
	no (SHOULD NOT)	1.1
1.1	yes (MUST)	1.1
1.2	yes (MUST)	1.2
1.3	yes (SHOULD)	1.2
	no (SHOULD NOT)	1.2

346

- 347 It is advantageous for Printers to support both IPP/1.1 and IPP/1.0, so that they can interoperate with either
- 348 client implementations. Some implementations may allow an Administrator to explicitly disable support
- for one or the other by setting the "ipp-versions-supported" Printer description attribute.
- Likewise, it is advantageous for clients to support both versions to allow interoperability with new and
- 351 legacy Printers.
- 352 3.1.2.1.2 Validate operation identifier
- 353 The Printer object checks to see if the "operation-id" attribute supplied by the client is supported as
- indicated in the Printer object's "operations-supported" attribute. If not, the Printer REJECTS the request
- and returns the 'server-error-operation-not-supported' status code in the response.

- 356 3.1.2.1.3 Validate the request identifier
- 357 The Printer object SHOULD NOT check to see if the "request-id" attribute supplied by the client is in
- range: between 1 and $2^{**}31 1$ (inclusive), but copies all 32 bits.
- Note: The "version-number", "operation-id", and the "request-id" parameters are in fixed octet positions in
- the IPP/1.1 encoding. The "version-number" parameter will be the same fixed octet position in all versions
- of the protocol. These fields are validated before proceeding with the rest of the validation.
- 362 3.1.2.1.4 Validate attribute group and attribute presence and order
- The order of the following validation steps depends on implementation.
- 364 3.1.2.1.4.1 Validate the presence and order of attribute groups
- Client requests and IPP object responses contain attribute groups that Section 3 requires to be present and in
- a specified order. An IPP object verifies that the attribute groups are present and in the correct order in
- requests supplied by clients (attribute groups without an * in the following tables).
- 368 If an IPP object receives a request with (1) required attribute groups missing, or (2) the attributes groups are
- out of order, or (3) the groups are repeated, the IPP object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'client-
- error-bad-request' status code. For example, it is an error for the Job Template Attributes group to occur
- before the Operation Attributes group, for the Operation Attributes group to be omitted, or for an attribute
- group to occur more than once, except in the Get-Jobs response.
- 373 Since this kind of attribute group error is most likely to be an error detected by a client developer rather
- than by a customer, the IPP object NEED NOT return an indication of which attribute group was in error in
- either the Unsupported Attributes group or the Status Message. Also, the IPP object NEED NOT find all
- 376 attribute group errors before returning this error.
- 3.1.2.1.4.2 Ignore unknown attribute groups in the expected position
- Future attribute groups may be added to the specification at the end of requests just before the Document
- Content and at the end of response, except for the Get-Jobs response, where it maybe there or before the
- first job attributes returned. If an IPP object receives an unknown attribute group in these positions, it
- ignores the entire group, rather than returning an error, since that group may be a new group in a later minor
- version of the protocol that can be ignored. (If the new attribute group cannot be ignored without confusing
- the client, the major version number would have been increased in the protocol document and in the
- request). If the unknown group occurs in a different position, the IPP object REJECTS the request and
- 385 RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-request' status code.
- Clients also ignore unknown attribute groups returned in a response.
- Note: By validating that requests are in the proper form, IPP objects force clients to use the proper form
- which, in turn, increases the chances that customers will be able to use such clients from multiple vendors
- with IPP objects from other vendors.

- 390 3.1.2.1.4.3 Validate the presence of a single occurrence of required Operation attributes
- Client requests and IPP object responses contain Operation attributes that [IPP-MOD] Section 3 requires to
- 392 be present. Attributes within a group may be in any order, except for the ordering of target, charset, and
- natural languages attributes. These attributes MUST be first, and MUST be supplied in the following order:
- charset, natural language, and then target. An IPP object verifies that the attributes that Section 4 requires to
- be supplied by the client have been supplied in the request (attributes without an * in the following tables).
- An asterisk (*) indicates groups and Operation attributes that the client may omit in a request or an IPP
- 397 object may omit in a response.
- 398 If an IPP object receives a request with required attributes missing or repeated from a group or in the wrong
- position, the behavior of the IPP object is IMPLEMENTATION DEPENDENT. Some of the possible
- 400 implementations are:
- 1. REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-request' status code
- 2. accepts the request and uses the first occurrence of the attribute no matter where it is
- 3. accepts the request and uses the last occurrence of the attribute no matter where it is
- 404 4. accept the request and assume some default value for the missing attribute
- Therefore, client MUST send conforming requests, if they want to receive the same behavior from all IPP
- object implementations. For example, it is an error for the "attributes-charset" or "attributes-natural-
- language" attribute to be omitted in any operation request, or for an Operation attribute to be supplied in a
- 408 Job Template group or a Job Template attribute to be supplied in an Operation Attribute group in a create
- request. It is also an error to supply the "attributes-charset" attribute twice.
- 410 Since these kinds of attribute errors are most likely to be detected by a client developer rather than by a
- customer, the IPP object NEED NOT return an indication of which attribute was in error in either the
- 412 Unsupported Attributes group or the Status Message. Also, the IPP object NEED NOT find all attribute
- errors before returning this error.

424

- The following tables list all the attributes for all the operations by attribute group in each request and each
- response. The order of the groups is the order that the client supplies the groups as specified in [IPP-MOD]
- Section 3. The order of the attributes within a group is arbitrary, except as noted for some of the special
- operation attributes (charset, natural language, and target). The tables below use the following notation:
 - R indicates a REQUIRED attribute or operation that an IPP object MUST support
- O indicates an OPTIONAL attribute or operation that an IPP object NEED NOT support
- * indicates that a client MAY omit the attribute in a request and that an IPP object MAY omit the attribute in a response. The absence of an * means that a client MUST supply the
- attribute in a request and an IPP object MUST supply the attribute in a response.
- + indicates that this is not a IPP/1.0 operation, but is only a part of IPP/1.1 and future versions of IPP.

425 Operation Requests

The tables below show the attributes in their proper attribute groups for operation requests:

```
427
     Note: All operation requests contain "version-number", "operation-id",
428
     and "request-id" parameters.
429
430
     Print-Job Request (R):
431
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
432
                attributes-charset (R)
433
                attributes-natural-language (R)
434
                printer-uri (R)
435
                requesting-user-name (R*)
436
                job-name (R*)
                ipp-attribute-fidelity (R*)
437
                document-name (R*)
438
                document-format (R*)
439
440
                document-natural-language (0*)
441
                compression (0*)
442
                job-k-octets (0*)
443
                job-impressions (0*)
444
                job-media-sheets (0*)
          Group 2: Job Template Attributes (R*)
445
446
                <Job Template attributes> (0*)
447
                     (see [IPP-MOD] Section 4.2)
448
          Group 3: Document Content (R)
                <document content>
449
450
451
     Validate-Job Request (R):
452
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
453
                attributes-charset (R)
454
                attributes-natural-language (R)
455
                printer-uri (R)
456
                requesting-user-name (R*)
457
                iob-name (R*)
                ipp-attribute-fidelity (R*)
458
459
                document-name (R*)
                document-format (R*)
460
461
                document-natural-language (0*)
462
                compression (0*)
                job-k-octets (0*)
463
464
                job-impressions (0*)
                job-media-sheets (0*)
465
466
          Group 2: Job Template Attributes (R*)
467
                <Job Template attributes> (0*)
468
                     (see [IPP-MOD] Section 4.2)
469
470
     Print-URI Request (0):
471
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
472
                attributes-charset (R)
```

```
473
                attributes-natural-language (R)
474
                printer-uri (R)
                document-uri (R)
475
476
                requesting-user-name (R*)
477
                job-name (R*)
478
                ipp-attribute-fidelity (R*)
479
                document-name (R*)
480
                document-format (R*)
481
                document-natural-language (0*)
482
                compression (0*)
483
                job-k-octets (0*)
484
                job-impressions (0*)
485
                job-media-sheets (0*)
486
          Group 2: Job Template Attributes (R*)
487
                <Job Template attributes> (0*) (see
488
                     (see [IPP-MOD] Section 4.2)
489
490
     Create-Job Request (0):
491
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
492
                attributes-charset (R)
493
                attributes-natural-language (R)
494
                printer-uri (R)
495
                requesting-user-name (R*)
496
                job-name (R*)
497
                ipp-attribute-fidelity (R*)
498
                job-k-octets (0*)
499
                job-impressions (0*)
                job-media-sheets (0*)
500
          Group 2: Job Template Attributes (R*)
501
502
                <Job Template attributes> (0*) (see
503
                     (see [IPP-MOD] Section 4.2)
504
505
     Get-Printer-Attributes Request (R):
506
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
507
                attributes-charset (R)
                attributes-natural-language (R)
508
509
                printer-uri (R)
510
                requesting-user-name (R*)
511
                requested-attributes (R*)
512
                document-format (R*)
513
     Get-Jobs Request (R):
514
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
515
                attributes-charset (R)
516
517
                attributes-natural-language (R)
518
                printer-uri (R)
519
                requesting-user-name (R*)
520
                limit (R*)
                requested-attributes (R*)
521
```

```
522
                which-jobs (R*)
523
                my-jobs (R*)
524
525
     Send-Document Request (0):
526
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
                attributes-charset (R)
527
528
                attributes-natural-language (R)
529
                (printer-uri & job-id) | job-uri (R)
530
                last-document (R)
                requesting-user-name (R*)
531
532
                document-name (R*)
533
                document-format (R*)
534
                document-natural-language (0*)
535
                compression (0*)
536
          Group 2: Document Content (R*)
537
                <document content>
538
539
     Send-URI Request (0):
540
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
541
                attributes-charset (R)
542
                attributes-natural-language (R)
543
                (printer-uri & job-id) | job-uri (R)
                last-document (R)
544
545
                document-uri (R)
546
                requesting-user-name (R*)
547
                document-name (R*)
                document-format (R*)
548
549
                document-natural-language (0*)
550
                compression (0*)
551
552
     Cancel-Job Request (R):
553
     Release-Job Request (O+):
554
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
555
                attributes-charset (R)
556
                attributes-natural-language (R)
557
                (printer-uri & job-id) | job-uri (R)
558
                requesting-user-name (R*)
559
                message (0*)
560
561
     Get-Job-Attributes Request (R):
562
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
                attributes-charset (R)
563
                attributes-natural-language (R)
564
                (printer-uri & job-id) | job-uri (R)
565
566
                requesting-user-name (R*)
567
                requested-attributes (R*)
568
569
     Pause-Printer Request (0+):
570
     Resume-Printer Request (O+):
```

```
571
     Purge-Printer Request (0+):
572
           Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
573
                attributes-charset (R)
574
                attributes-natural-language (R)
575
                printer-uri (R)
576
                requesting-user-name (R*)
577
578
     Hold-Job Request (O+):
579
     Restart-Job Request (0+):
           Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
580
581
                attributes-charset (R)
582
                attributes-natural-language (R)
                (printer-uri & job-id) | job-uri (R)
583
                requesting-user-name (R*)
584
585
                job-hold-until (R*)
586
                message (0*)
587
588
                                    Operation Responses
589
     The tables below show the response attributes in their proper attribute groups for responses.
590
     Note: All operation responses contain "version-number", "status-code",
591
     and "request-id" parameters.
592
593
     Print-Job Response (R):
594
     Create-Job Response (0):
595
     Send-Document Response (0):
           Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
596
597
                attributes-charset (R)
598
                attributes-natural-language (R)
599
                status-message (0*)
                detailed-status-message (0*)
600
           Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 3)
601
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
602
           Group 3: Job Object Attributes(R*) (see Note 2)
603
                job-uri (R)
604
                job-id (R)
605
606
                job-state (R)
                job-state-reasons (O* | R+)
607
608
                job-state-message (0*)
609
                number-of-intervening-jobs (0*)
610
611
     Validate-Job Response (R):
612
     Cancel-Job Response (R):
613
     Hold-Job Response (0+):
614
     Release-Job Response (O+):
615
     Restart-Job Response (O+):
616
           Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
```

```
617
               attributes-charset (R)
618
                attributes-natural-language (R)
619
                status-message (0*)
620
               detailed-status-message (0*)
621
          Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 3)
622
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
623
624
     Print-URI Response (0):
625
     Send-URI Response (0):
626
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
627
                attributes-charset (R)
628
               attributes-natural-language (R)
629
                status-message (0*)
               detailed-status-message (0*)
630
631
               document-access-error (0*)
632
          Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 3)
633
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
634
          Group 3: Job Object Attributes(R*) (see Note 2)
635
                job-uri (R)
636
                job-id (R)
637
                job-state (R)
638
                job-state-reasons (0* | R+)
639
                job-state-message (0*)
640
               number-of-intervening-jobs (0*)
641
642
     Get-Printer-Attributes Response (R):
643
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
644
               attributes-charset (R)
645
               attributes-natural-language (R)
646
                status-message (0*)
647
               detailed-status-message (0*)
648
          Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 4)
649
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
650
          Group 3: Printer Object Attributes(R*) (see Note 2)
651
                <requested attributes> (R*)
652
653
     Get-Jobs Response (R):
654
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
655
                attributes-charset (R)
656
                attributes-natural-language (R)
657
                status-message (0*)
658
               detailed-status-message (0*)
          Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 4)
659
660
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
661
          Group 3: Job Object Attributes(R*) (see Note 2, 5)
662
                <requested attributes> (R*)
663
664
     Get-Job-Attributes Response (R):
665
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
```

```
666
               attributes-charset (R)
667
                attributes-natural-language (R)
                status-message (0*)
668
669
               detailed-status-message (0*)
670
          Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 4)
671
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
672
          Group 3: Job Object Attributes(R*) (see Note 2)
673
                <requested attributes> (R*)
674
675
     Pause-Printer Response (O+):
676
     Resume-Printer Response (O+):
677
     Purge-Printer Response (O+):
678
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
679
                attributes-charset (R)
680
                attributes-natural-language (R)
681
                status-message (0*)
682
               detailed-status-message (0*)
683
          Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 4)
684
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
685
```

- Note 2 the Job Object Attributes and Printer Object Attributes are returned only if the IPP object returns
- one of the success status codes.
- Note 3 the Unsupported Attributes Group is present only if the client included some Operation and/or Job
- Template attributes or values that the Printer doesn't support whether a success or an error return.
- Note 4 the Unsupported Attributes Group is present only if the client included some Operation attributes
- that the Printer doesn't support whether a success or an error return.
- Note 5: for the Get-Jobs operation the response contains a separate Job Object Attributes group 3 to N
- containing requested-attributes for each job object in the response.
- 694 3.1.2.1.5 Validate the values of the REQUIRED Operation attributes
- An IPP object validates the values supplied by the client of the REQUIRED Operation attribute that the IPP
- object MUST support. The next section specifies the validation of the values of the OPTIONAL Operation
- attributes that IPP objects MAY support.
- The IPP object performs the following syntactic validation checks of each Operation attribute value:
- that the length of each Operation attribute value is correct for the attribute syntax tag supplied by the client according to [IPP-MOD] Section 4.1,
- 701 b) that the attribute syntax tag is correct for that Operation attribute according to [IPP-MOD]
- 702 Section 3,

703 that the value is in the range specified for that Operation attribute according to [IPP-MOD] c) 704 Section 3, 705 d) that multiple values are supplied by the client only for operation attributes that are multi-valued, 706 i.e., that are 1setOf X according to [IPP-MOD] Section 3. 707 708 If any of these checks fail, the IPP object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-709 request' or the 'client-error-request-value-too-long' status code. Since such an error is most likely to be an 710 error detected by a client developer, rather than by an end-user, the IPP object NEED NOT return an 711 indication of which attribute had the error in either the Unsupported Attributes Group or the Status 712 Message. The description for each of these syntactic checks is explicitly expressed in the first IF statement 713 in the following table. 714 In addition, the IPP object checks each Operation attribute value against some Printer object attribute or 715 some hard-coded value if there is no "xxx-supported" Printer object attribute defined. If its value is not 716 among those supported or is not in the range supported, then the IPP object REJECTS the request and 717 RETURNS the error status code indicated in the table by the second IF statement. If the value of the Printer 718 object's "xxx-supported" attribute is 'no-value' (because the system administrator hasn't configured a value), 719 the check always fails. 720 721 attributes-charset (charset) 722 IF NOT a single non-empty 'charset' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 723 IF the value length is greater than 63 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT in the Printer object's "charset-supported" attribute, REJECT/RETURN "client-error-charset-724 725 not-supported". 726 727 attributes-natural-language(naturalLanguage) 728 IF NOT a single non-empty 'naturalLanguage' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 729 IF the value length is greater than 63 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. 730 ACCEPT the request even if not a member of the set in the Printer object's "generated-natural-language-731 supported" attribute. If the supplied value is not a member of the Printer object's "generated-natural-732 language-supported" attribute, use the Printer object's "natural-language-configured" value. 733

734 requesting-user-name

- IF NOT a single 'name' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.
- 736 IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'.
- 737 IF the IPP object can obtain a better-authenticated name, use it instead.

738

735

739 job-name(name)

- 740 IF NOT a single 'name' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. 741 742 IF NOT supplied by the client, the Printer object creates a name from the document-name or document-743 uri. 744 745 document-name (name) 746 IF NOT a single 'name' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 747 IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. 748 749 ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean) 750 IF NEITHER a single 'true' NOR a single 'false' 'boolean' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-751 request'. 752 IF the value length is NOT equal to 1 octet, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long' 753 IF NOT supplied by the client, the IPP object assumes the value 'false'. 754 755 document-format (mimeMediaType) 756 IF NOT a single non-empty 'mimeMediaType' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 757 IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT in the Printer object's "document-format-supported" attribute, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-758 document-format-not-supported' 759 IF NOT supplied by the client, the IPP object assumes the value of the Printer object's "document-760 format-default" attribute. 761 762 763 document-uri (uri) 764 IF NOT a single non-empty 'uri' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 765 IF the value length is greater than 1023 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. 766 IF the URI syntax is not valid, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 767 If the client-supplied URI scheme is not supported, i.e. the value is not in the Printer object's referenceduri-scheme-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-768 error-uri-scheme-not-supported' status code. The Printer object MAY check to see if the document 769 exists and is accessible. If the document is not found or is not accessible, REJECT/RETURN 770 771 'client-error-not found'. 772 last-document (boolean) 773 IF NEITHER a single 'true' NOR a single 'false' 'boolean' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-774 request'.
- IF the value length is NOT equal to 1 octet, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'
- job-id (integer(1:MAX))

IF NOT an single 'integer' value equal to 4 octets AND in the range 1 to MAX, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.

780 781 782	IF NOT a job-id of an existing Job object, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-not-found' or 'client-error-gone' status code, if keep track of recently deleted jobs.
783	requested-attributes (1setOf keyword)
784 785 786 787 788 789	IF NOT one or more 'keyword' values, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. Ignore unsupported values, which are the keyword names of unsupported attributes. Don't bother to copy such requested (unsupported) attributes to the Unsupported Attribute response group since the response will not return them.
790	which-jobs (type2 keyword)
791 792 793 794 795 796 797 798 799	IF NOT a single 'keyword' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NEITHER 'completed' NOR 'not-completed', copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported'. Note: a Printer still supports the 'completed' value even if it keeps no completed/canceled/aborted jobs: by returning no jobs when so queried. IF NOT supplied by the client, the IPP object assumes the 'not-completed' value.
800	my-jobs (boolean)
801 802 803 804 805	IF NEITHER a single 'true' NOR a single 'false' 'boolean' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.IF the value length is NOT equal to 1 octet, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long' IF NOT supplied by the client, the IPP object assumes the 'false' value.
806	limit (integer(1:MAX))
807 808 809 810	IF NOT a single 'integer' value equal to 4 octets AND in the range 1 to MAX, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.IF NOT supplied by the client, the IPP object returns all jobs, no matter how many.
811	
812	
813	3.1.2.1.6 Validate the values of the OPTIONAL Operation attributes
814 815 816 817 818	OPTIONAL Operation attributes are those that an IPP object MAY or MAY NOT support. An IPP object validates the values of the OPTIONAL attributes supplied by the client. The IPP object performs the same syntactic validation checks for each OPTIONAL attribute value as in Section 3.1.2.1.5. As in Section 3.1.2.1.5, if any fail, the IPP object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-request' or the 'client-error-request-value-too-long' status code.

In addition, the IPP object checks each Operation attribute value against some Printer attribute or some 819 820 hard-coded value if there is no "xxx-supported" Printer attribute defined. If its value is not among those supported or is not in the range supported, then the IPP object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 821 822 error status code indicated in the table. If the value of the Printer object's "xxx-supported" attribute is 'novalue' (because the system administrator hasn't configured a value), the check always fails. 823 If the IPP object doesn't recognize/support an attribute, the IPP object treats the attribute as an unknown or 824 unsupported attribute (see the last row in the table below). 825 826 827 document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) 828 IF NOT a single non-empty 'naturalLanguage' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 829 IF the value length is greater than 63 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT a value that the Printer object supports in document formats, (no corresponding "xxx-830 831 supported" Printer attribute), REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-natural-language-not-supported'. 832 833 compression (type3 keyword) 834 IF NOT a single 'keyword' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 835 IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT in the Printer object's "compression-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported 836 value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-attributes-837 or-values-not-supported'. 838 839 Note to IPP/1.0 implementers: Support for the "compression" attribute was optional in IPP/1.0 and was 840 changed to REQUIRED in IPP/1.1. However, an IPP/1.0 object SHOULD at least check for the "compression" attribute being present and reject the create request, if they don't support "compression". 841 Not checking is a bug, since the data will be unintelligible. 842 843 job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX)) 844 IF NOT a single 'integer' value equal to 4 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 845 IF NOT in the range of the Printer object's "job-k-octets-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the 846 unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and REJECT/RETURN 'client-847 848 error-attributes-or-values-not-supported'. 849 job-impressions (integer(0:MAX)) 850 851 IF NOT a single 'integer' value equal to 4 octets, 852 REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 853 IF NOT in the range of the Printer object's "job-impressions-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and REJECT/RETURN 'client-854 855 error-attributes-or-values-not-supported'.

- 857 job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX)) 858 IF NOT a single 'integer' value equal to 4 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 859 860 IF NOT in the range of the Printer object's "job-media-sheets-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and REJECT/RETURN 861 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported'. 862 863 864 message (text(127)) 865 IF NOT a single 'text' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 866 IF the value length is greater than 127 octets, 867 REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'.
- unknown or unsupported attribute

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- IF the attribute syntax supplied by the client is supported but the length is not legal for that attribute syntax, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'.
- ELSE copy the attribute and value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and change the attribute value to the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' value, but otherwise ignore the attribute.

Note: Future Operation attributes may be added to the protocol specification that may occur anywhere in the specified group. When the operation is otherwise successful, the IPP object returns the 'successful-okignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code. Ignoring unsupported Operation attributes in all operations is analogous to the handling of unsupported Job Template attributes in the create and Validate-Job operations when the client supplies the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" Operation attribute with the 'false' value. This last rule is so that we can add OPTIONAL Operation attributes to future versions of IPP so that older clients can interwork with new IPP objects and newer clients can inter-work with older IPP objects. (If the new attribute cannot be ignored without performing unexpectedly, the major version number would have been increased in the protocol document and in the request). This rule for Operation attributes is independent of the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute. For example, if an IPP object doesn't support the OPTIONAL "job-k-octets" attribute', the IPP object treats "job-k-octets" as an unknown attribute and only checks the length for the 'integer' attribute syntax supplied by the client. If it is not four octets, the IPP object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-request' status code, else the IPP object copies the attribute to the Unsupported Attribute response group, setting the value to the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' value, but otherwise ignores the attribute.

```
3.1.2.2 Suggested Additional Processing Steps for Operations that Create/Validate Jobs and Add
890
891
     Documents
892
     This section in combination with the previous section recommends the
893
     processing steps for the Print-Job, Validate-Job, Print-URI, Create-Job,
894
     Send-Document, and Send-URI operations that IPP objects SHOULD use.
     These are the operations that create jobs, validate a Print-Job request,
895
896
     and add documents to a job.
897
898
     IIG Sect #
                        Flow
                                                IPP error status codes
899
900
901
                           V
                                          No
902
     3.1.2.2.1 <ipp-attribute-fidelity> -----+
903
                     <supplied?>
904
                        Yes
905
                               ipp-attribute-fidelity = no
906
907
                                      No
                            V
                 <Printer is> --> server-error-not-accepting-jobs
908
     3.1.2.2.2
909
                   <accepting jobs?>
910
                        Yes
911
                            V
                                       err
912
                 <Validate values of> --> client-error-bad-request
     3.1.2.3
913
              <Job template attributes> client-error-request-value-too-long
914
               <(length, tag, range,>
915
                    <multi-value)>
916
                          ok
917
                                       err
918
     3.1.2.3 <Validate values with> --> client-error-bad-request
919
               <supported values> client-error-attributes-or-values-
920
                          ok
                                                         not-supported
921
                                 err
                           V
     3.1.2.3.1 <Any conflicting> --> client-error-conflicting-attributes
922
923
            <Job Template attr values> client-error-attributes-or-values-
924
                          ok
                                                    not-supported
925
                            V
926
     3.1.2.2.1
                Default "ipp-attribute-fidelity" if not supplied
927
     The Printer object checks to see if the client supplied an "ipp-attribute-fidelity" Operation attribute. If the
     attribute is not supplied by the client, the IPP object assumes that the value is 'false'.
928
```

- 929 3.1.2.2.2 Check that the Printer object is accepting jobs
- 930 If the value of the Printer objects "printer-is-accepting-jobs" is 'false', the Printer object REJECTS the
- request and RETURNS the 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs' status code.

- 932 3.1.2.2.3 Validate the values of the Job Template attributes
- 933 An IPP object validates the values of all Job Template attribute supplied by the client. The IPP object
- 934 performs the analogous syntactic validation checks of each Job Template attribute value that it performs for
- 935 Operation attributes (see Section 3.1.2.1.5.):
- 936 a) that the length of each value is correct for the attribute syntax tag supplied by the client
- 937 according to [IPP-MOD] Section 4.1.
- b) that the attribute syntax tag is correct for that attribute according to [IPP-MOD] Sections 4.2 to
- 939 4.4.
- 940 c) that multiple values are supplied only for multi-valued attributes, i.e., that are 1setOf X
- according to [IPP-MOD] Sections 4.2 to 4.4.
- As in Section 3.1.2.1.5, if any of these syntactic checks fail, the IPP object REJECTS the request and
- 943 RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-request' or 'client-error-request-value-too-long' status code as appropriate,
- independent of the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity". Since such an error is most likely to be an error
- detected by a client developer, rather than by an end-user, the IPP object NEED NOT return an indication
- of which attribute had the error in either the Unsupported Attributes Group or the Status Message. The
- description for each of these syntactic checks is explicitly expressed in the first IF statement in the
- 948 following table.
- Each Job Template attribute MUST occur no more than once. If an IPP Printer receives a create request
- 950 with multiple occurrences of a Job Template attribute, it MAY:
- 1. reject the operation and return the 'client-error-bad-request' error status code
- 2. accept the operation and use the first occurrence of the attribute
- 3. accept the operation and use the last occurrence of the attribute
- depending on implementation. Therefore, clients MUST NOT supply multiple occurrences of the same Job
- 955 Template attribute in the Job Attributes group in the request.
- 956 3.1.2.3 Algorithm for job validation
- The process of validating a Job-Template attribute "xxx" against a Printer attribute "xxx-supported" can use
- 958 the following validation algorithm (see section 3.2.1.2 in [ipp-mod]).
- To validate the value U of Job-Template attribute "xxx" against the value V of Printer "xxx-supported",
- 960 perform the following algorithm:
- 1. If U is multi-valued, validate each value X of U by performing the algorithm in Table 7 with each value
- X. Each validation is separate from the standpoint of returning unsupported values. Example: If U is

- "finishings" that the client supplies with 'staple', 'bind' values, then X takes on the successive values: 'staple', then 'bind'
- 965 2. If V is multi-valued, validate X against each Z of V by performing the algorithm in Table 7 with each value Z. If a value Z validates, the validation for the attribute value X succeeds. If it fails, the algorithm 966 967 is applied to the next value Z of V. If there are no more values Z of V, validation fails. Example If V is "sides-supported" with values: 'one-sided', 'two-sided-long', and 'two-sided-short', then Z takes on the 968 successive values: 'one-sided', 'two-sided-long', and 'two-sided-short'. If the client supplies "sides" with 969 'two-sided-long', the first comparison fails ('one-sided' is not equal to 'two-sided-long'), the second 970 comparison succeeds ('two-sided-long' is equal to 'two-sided-long"), and the third comparison ('two-971 sided-short' with 'two-sided-long') is not even performed. 972
- 3. If both U and V are single-valued, let X be U and Z be V and use the validation rules in Table 7.

Table 7 - Rules for validating single values X against Z

Attribute syntax of X	attribute syntax of Z	validated if:
integer	rangeOfInteger	X is within the range of Z
uri	uriScheme	the uri scheme in X is equal to Z
any	boolean	the value of Z is TRUE
any	any	X and Z are of the same type and
		are equal.

975

- If the value of the Printer object's "xxx-supported" attribute is 'no-value' (because the system administrator hasn't configured a value), the check always fails. If the check fails, the IPP object copies the attribute to the Unsupported Attributes response group with its unsupported value. If the attribute contains more than one value, each value is checked and each unsupported value is separately copied, while supported values are not copied. If an IPP object doesn't recognize/support a Job Template attribute, i.e., there is no corresponding Printer object "xxx-supported" attribute, the IPP object treats the attribute as an unknown or unsupported attribute (see the last row in the table below).
- 983 If some Job Template attributes are supported for some document formats and not for others or the values
- are different for different document formats, the IPP object SHOULD take that into account in this
- validation using the value of the "document-format" supplied by the client (or defaulted to the value of the
- Printer's "document-format-default" attribute, if not supplied by the client). For example, if "number-up" is
- supported for the 'text/plain' document format, but not for the 'application/postscript' document format, the
- check SHOULD (though it NEED NOT) depend on the value of the "document-format" operation attribute.
- See "document-format" in [IPP-MOD] section 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.5.1.
- Note: whether the request is accepted or rejected is determined by the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity"
- attribute in a subsequent step, so that all Job Template attribute supplied are examined and all unsupported
- attributes and/or values are copied to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
- 993 -----

994 job-priority (integer(1:100)) IF NOT a single 'integer' value with a length equal to 4 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-995 request'. 996 997 IF NOT supplied by the client, use the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-default" attribute at job submission time. 998 999 IF NOT in the range 1 to 100, inclusive, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the 1000 Unsupported Attributes response group. Map the value to the nearest supported value in the range 1:100 as specified by the number of discrete 1001 values indicated by the value of the Printer's "job-priority-supported" attribute. See the formula in 1002 [IPP-MOD] Section 4.2.1. 1003 1004 1005 job-hold-until (type3 keyword | name) 1006 IF NOT a single 'keyword' or 'name' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 1007 IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT supplied by the client, use the value of the Printer object's "job-hold-until" attribute at job 1008 submission time. 1009 1010 IF NOT in the Printer object's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group. 1011 1012 1013 job-sheets (type3 keyword | name) 1014 IF NOT a single 'keyword' or 'name' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 1015 IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT in the Printer object's "job-sheets-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported 1016 1017 value to the Unsupported Attributes response group. 1018 1019 multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword) 1020 IF NOT a single 'keyword' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. 1021 1022 IF NOT in the Printer object's "multiple-document-handling-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and 1023 the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group. 1024 1025 copies (integer(1:MAX)) 1026 IF NOT a single 'integer' value with a length equal to 4 octets, 1027 REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 1028 IF NOT in range of the Printer object's "copies-supported" attribute 1029 copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group. 1030 1031 finishings (1setOf type2 enum) 1032 IF NOT an 'enum' value(s) each with a length equal to 4 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-1033 request'.

1034 1035 1036	IF NOT in the Printer object's "finishings-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value(s), but not any supported values, to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
1037	page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger(1:MAX))
1038 1039 1040 1041 1042 1043 1044	 IF NOT a 'rangeOfInteger' value(s) each with a length equal to 8 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF first value is greater than second value in any range, the ranges are not in ascending order, or ranges overlap, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value of the Printer object's "page-ranges-supported" attribute is 'false', copy the attribute to the Unsupported Attributes response group and set the value to the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' value.
1045	sides (type2 keyword)
1046 1047 1048 1049 1050	IF NOT a single 'keyword' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT in the Printer object's "sides-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
1051	number-up (integer(1:MAX))
1052 1053 1054 1055 1056	IF NOT a single 'integer' value with a length equal to 4 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF NOT a value or in the range of one of the values of the Printer object's "number-up-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and value to the Unsupported Attribute response group.
1057	orientation-requested (type2 enum)
1058 1059 1060 1061 1062	IF NOT a single 'enum' value with a length equal to 4 octets,REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.IF NOT in the Printer object's "orientation-requested-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
1063	media (type3 keyword name)
1064 1065 1066 1067 1068	IF NOT a single 'keyword' or 'name' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT in the Printer object's "media-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
1069	printer-resolution (resolution)
1070 1071 1072 1073	IF NOT a single 'resolution' value with a length equal to 9 octets,REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.IF NOT in the Printer object's "printer-resolution-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.

```
1074
1075
        print-quality (type2 enum)
1076
            IF NOT a single 'enum' value with a length equal to 4 octets,
            REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.
1077
            IF NOT in the Printer object's "print-quality-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported
1078
               value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
1079
1080
1081
        unknown or unsupported attribute (i.e., there is no corresponding Printer object "xxx-supported" attribute)
            IF the attribute syntax supplied by the client is supported but the length is not legal for that attribute
1082
1083
               syntax,
            REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request' if the length of the attribute syntax is fixed or 'client-error-
1084
1085
               request-value-too-long' if the length of the attribute syntax is variable.
            ELSE copy the attribute and value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and change the
1086
               attribute value to the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' value. Any remaining Job Template Attributes are
1087
1088
               either unknown or unsupported Job Template attributes and are validated algorithmically according
1089
               to their attribute syntax for proper length (see below).
1090
1091
        If the attribute syntax is supported AND the length check fails, the IPP object REJECTS the request and
1092
        RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-request' if the length of the attribute syntax is fixed or the 'client-error-
1093
        request-value-too-long' status code if the length of the attribute syntax is variable. Otherwise, the IPP object
1094
        copies the unsupported Job Template attribute to the Unsupported Attributes response group and changes
1095
        the attribute value to the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' value. The following table shows the length checks
        for all attribute syntaxes. In the following table: "<=" means less than or equal, "=" means equal to:
1096
1097
        Name
                                 Octet length check for read-write attributes
                                 _____
1098
        _____
1099
                                 <= 1023 AND 'naturalLanguage' <= 63
         'textWithLanguage
1100
         'textWithoutLanguage' <= 1023
         'nameWithLanguage'
                                      <= 255 AND 'naturalLanguage' <= 63
1101
1102
         'nameWithoutLanguage' <= 255
                                      <= 255
1103
         'keyword'
1104
         'enum'
                                      = 4
1105
         'uri'
                                      <= 1023
```

```
'uriScheme'
1106
                              <= 63
1107
       'charset'
                              <= 63
1108
       'naturalLanguage'
                              <= 63
                              <= 255
1109
       'mimeMediaType'
                              <= 1023
1110
       'octetString'
1111
       'boolean'
                              = 1
       'integer'
                              = 4
1112
       'rangeOfInteger'
1113
                              = 8
1114
       'dateTime'
                              = 11
1115
       'resolution'
1116
       '1setOf
               Χ'
```

- Note: It's possible for a Printer to receive a zero length keyword in a request. Since this is a keyword, its
- value needs to be compared with the supported values. Assuming that the printer doesn't have any values in
- its corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute that are keywords of zero length, the comparison will fail.
- Then the request will be accepted or rejected depending on the value of "ipp-attributes-fidelity" being 'false'
- or 'true', respectively. No special handling is required for
- 1123 3.1.2.3.1 Check for conflicting Job Template attributes values
- Once all the Operation and Job Template attributes have been checked individually, the Printer object
- SHOULD check for any conflicting values among all the supported values supplied by the client. For
- example, a Printer object might be able to staple and to print on transparencies, however due to physical
- stapling constraints, the Printer object might not be able to staple transparencies. The IPP object copies the
- supported attributes and their conflicting attribute values to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
- The Printer object only copies over those attributes that the Printer object either ignores or substitutes in
- order to resolve the conflict, and it returns the original values which were supplied by the client. For
- example suppose the client supplies "finishings" equals 'staple' and "media" equals 'transparency', but the
- Printer object does not support stapling transparencies. If the Printer chooses to ignore the stapling request
- in order to resolve the conflict, the Printer objects returns "finishings" equal to 'staple' in the Unsupported
- Attributes response group. If any attributes are multi-valued, only the conflicting values of the attributes
- 1135 are copied.
- Note: The decisions made to resolve the conflict (if there is a choice) is implementation dependent.
- 1137 3.1.2.3.2 Decide whether to REJECT the request
- 1138 If there were any unsupported Job Template attributes or unsupported/conflicting Job Template attribute
- values and the client supplied the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute with the 'true' value, the Printer object
- 1140 REJECTS the request and return the status code:
- 1141 (1) 'client-error-conflicting-attributes' status code, if there were any conflicts between attributes supplied by the client.
- (2) 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code, otherwise.
- 1144
- Note: Unsupported Operation attributes or values that are returned do not affect the status returned in this
- step. If the unsupported Operation attribute was a serious error, the above already rejected the request in a
- previous step. If control gets to this step with unsupported Operation attributes being returned, they are not
- 1148 serious errors.
- In general, the final results of Job processing are unknown at Job submission time. The client has to rely on
- notifications or polling to find out what happens at Job processing time. However, there are cases in which
- some Printers can determine at Job submission time that Job processing is going to fail. As an
- optimization, we'd like to have the Printer reject the Job in these cases.

- There are three types of "processing" errors that might be detectable at Job submission time:
- 1. 'client-error-document-format-not-supported': For the Print-Job, Send-Document, Print-URI, and Send-
- 1155 URI operations, if all these conditions are true:
- the Printer supports auto-sensing,
- the request "document-format" operation attribute is 'application/octet-stream',
- the Printer receives document data before responding,
- the Printer auto-senses the document format before responding,
 - the sensed document format is not supported by the Printer
- then the Printer should respond with 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status.
- 2. 'client-error-compression-error': For the Print-Job, Send-Document, Print-URI, and Send-URI
- operations, if all these conditions are true:
- the client supplies a supported value for the "compression" operation attribute in the request
- the Printer receives document data before responding,
- the Printer attempts to decompress the document data before responding,
- the document data cannot be decompressed using the algorithm specified by the
- "compression" operation attribute
- then the Printer should respond with 'client-error-compression-error' status.
- 3. 'client-error-document-access-error': For the Print-URI, and Send-URI operations, if the Printer attempts
- and fails to pull the referenced document data before responding, it should respond with 'client-error-
- 1172 document-access-error' status.
- Some Printers are not able to detect these errors until Job processing time. In that case, the errors are
- recorded in the corresponding job-state and job-state reason attributes. (There is no standard way for a
- client to determine whether a Printer can detect these errors at Job submission time.) For example, if auto-
- sensing happens AFTER the job is accepted (as opposed to auto-sensing at submit time before returning the
- response), the implementation aborts the job, puts the job in the 'aborted' state and sets the 'unsupported-
- document-format' value in the job's "job-state-reasons".
- A client should always provide a valid "document-format" operation attribute whenever practical. In the
- absence of other information, a client itself may sniff the document data to determine document format.
- Auto sensing at Job submission time may be more difficult for the Printer when combined with
- compression. For auto-sensed Jobs, a client may be better off deferring compression to the transfer
- protocol layer, e.g.; by using the HTTP Content-Encoding header.
- 1184 3.1.2.3.3 For the Validate-Job operation, RETURN one of the success status codes
- 1185 If the requested operation is the Validate-Job operation, the Printer object returns:

- (1) the "successful-ok" status code, if there are no unsupported or conflicting Job Template attributes or 1186 1187 values.
 - (2) the "successful-ok-conflicting-attributes, if there are any conflicting Job Template attribute or
 - (3) the "successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes, if there are only unsupported Job Template attributes or values.

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Note: Unsupported Operation attributes or values that are returned do not affect the status returned in this 1193 1194 step. If the unsupported Operation attribute was a serious error, the above already rejected the request in a 1195 previous step. If control gets to this step with unsupported Operation attributes being returned, they are not

1196 serious errors.

- 3.1.2.3.4 Create the Job object with attributes to support 1197
- 1198 If "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is set to 'false' (or it was not supplied by the client), the Printer object:
 - (1) creates a Job object, assigns a unique value to the job's "job-uri" and "job-id" attributes, and initializes all of the job's other supported Job Description attributes.
 - (2) removes all unsupported attributes from the Job object.
 - (3) for each unsupported value, removes either the unsupported value or substitutes the unsupported attribute value with some supported value. If an attribute has no values after removing unsupported values from it, the attribute is removed from the Job object (so that the normal default behavior at job processing time will take place for that attribute).
 - (4) for each conflicting value, removes either the conflicting value or substitutes the conflicting attribute value with some other supported value. If an attribute has no values after removing conflicting values from it, the attribute is removed from the Job object (so that the normal default behavior at job processing time will take place for that attribute).

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If there were no attributes or values flagged as unsupported, or the value of 'ipp-attribute-fidelity" was 'false', the Printer object is able to accept the create request and create a new Job object. If the "ippattribute-fidelity" attribute is set to 'true', the Job Template attributes that populate the new Job object are necessarily all the Job Template attributes supplied in the create request. If the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute is set to 'false', the Job Template attributes that populate the new Job object are all the client supplied Job Template attributes that are supported or that have value substitution. Thus, some of the requested Job Template attributes may not appear in the Job object because the Printer object did not support those attributes. The attributes that populate the Job object are persistently stored with the Job object for that Job. A Get-Job-Attributes operation on that Job object will return only those attributes that are persistently stored with the Job object.

- Note: All Job Template attributes that are persistently stored with the Job object are intended to be 1221
- "override values"; that is, they that take precedence over whatever other embedded instructions might be in 1222
- 1223 the document data itself. However, it is not possible for all Printer objects to realize the semantics of
- 1224 "override". End users may query the Printer's "pdl-override-supported" attribute to determine if the Printer
- 1225 either attempts or does not attempt to override document data instructions with IPP attributes.

- 1226 There are some cases, where a Printer supports a Job Template attribute and has an associated default value set for that attribute. In the case where a client does not supply the corresponding attribute, the Printer does 1227 not use its default values to populate Job attributes when creating the new Job object; only Job Template 1228 1229 attributes actually in the create request are used to populate the Job object. The Printer's default values are only used later at Job processing time if no other IPP attribute or instruction embedded in the document 1230 1231 data is present. 1232 Note: If the default values associated with Job Template attributes that the client did not supply were to be 1233 used to populate the Job object, then these values would become "override values" rather than defaults. If the Printer supports the 'attempted' value of the "pdl-override-supported" attribute, then these override 1234 1235 values could replace values specified within the document data. This is not the intent of the default value 1236 mechanism. A default value for an attribute is used only if the create request did not specify that attribute 1237 (or it was ignored when allowed by "ipp-attribute-fidelity" being 'false') and no value was provided within 1238 the content of the document data. 1239 If the client does not supply a value for some Job Template attribute, and the Printer does not support that 1240 attribute, as far as IPP is concerned, the result of processing that Job (with respect to the missing attribute) 1241 is undefined. 3.1.2.3.5 1242 Return one of the success status codes 1243 Once the Job object has been created, the Printer object accepts the request and returns to the client: 1244 (1) the 'successful-ok' status code, if there are no unsupported or conflicting Job Template attributes or 1245 values. 1246 (2) the 'successful-ok-conflicting-attributes' status code, if there are any conflicting Job Template attribute or values. 1247 1248 (3) the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code, if there are only unsupported Job Template attributes or values. 1249 1250 1251 Note: Unsupported Operation attributes or values that are returned do not affect the status returned in this 1252 step. If the unsupported Operation attribute was a serious error, the above already rejected the request in a previous step. If control gets to this step with unsupported Operation attributes being returned, they are not 1253 1254 serious errors. 1255 The Printer object also returns Job status attributes that indicate the initial state of the Job ('pending', 1256 'pending-held', 'processing', etc.), etc. See Print-Job Response, [IPP-MOD] section 3.2.1.2. 1257 3.1.2.3.6
- Accept appended Document Content
- 1258 The Printer object accepts the appended Document Content data and either starts it printing, or spools it for 1259 later processing.
- 1260 3.1.2.3.7 Scheduling and Starting to Process the Job

1261 1262 1263 1264 1265	The Printer object uses its own configuration and implementation specific algorithms for scheduling the Job in the correct processing order. Once the Printer object begins processing the Job, the Printer changes the Job's state to 'processing'. If the Printer object supports PDL override (the "pdl-override-supported" attribute set to 'attempted'), the implementation does its best to see that IPP attributes take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.						
1266	3.1.2.3.8 Completing the Job						
1267 1268 1269 1270 1271	The Printer object continues to process the Job until it can move the Job into the 'completed' state. If an Cancel-Job operation is received, the implementation eventually moves the Job into the 'canceled' state. If the system encounters errors during processing that do not allow it to progress the Job into a completed state, the implementation halts all processing, cleans up any resources, and moves the Job into the 'aborted' state.						
1272	3.1.2.3.9 Destroying the Job after completion						
1273 1274 1275 1276	Once the Job moves to the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled' state, it is an implementation decision as to when to destroy the Job object and release all associated resources. Once the Job has been destroyed, the Printer would return either the "client-error-not-found" or "client-error-gone" status codes for operations directed at that Job.						
1277 1278 1279	Note: the Printer object SHOULD NOT re-use a "job-uri" or "job-id" value for a sufficiently long time after a job has been destroyed, so that stale references kept by clients are less likely to access the wrong (newer) job.						
1280	3.1.2.3.10 Interaction with "ipp-attribute-fidelity"						
1281 1282 1283 1284 1285 1286 1287 1288 1289	Some Printer object implementations may support "ipp-attribute-fidelity" set to 'true' and "pdl-override-supported" set to 'attempted' and yet still not be able to realize exactly what the client specifies in the create request. This is due to legacy decisions and assumptions that have been made about the role of job instructions embedded within the document data and external job instructions that accompany the document data and how to handle conflicts between such instructions. The inability to be 100% precise about how a given implementation will behave is also compounded by the fact that the two special attributes, "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and "pdl-"override-supported", apply to the whole job rather than specific values for each attribute. For example, some implementations may be able to override almost all Job Template attributes except for "number-up". Character Sets, natural languages, and internationalization						
1290	This section discusses character set support, natural language support and internationalization.						
1291	3.1.2.3.11 Character set code conversion support						

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IPP clients and IPP objects are REQUIRED to support UTF-8. They MAY support additional charsets. It

is RECOMMENDED that an IPP object also support US-ASCII, since many clients support US-ASCII, and

- indicate that UTF-8 and US-ASCII are supported by populating the Printer's "charset-supported" with 'utf-8'
- and 'us-ascii' values. An IPP object is required to code covert with as little loss as possible between the
- charsets that it supports, as indicated in the Printer's "charsets-supported" attribute.
- How should the server handle the situation where the "attributes-charset" of the response itself is "us-ascii",
- but one or more attributes in that response is in the "utf-8" format?
- Example: Consider a case where a client sends a Print-Job request with "utf-8" as the value of "attributes-
- charset" and with the "job-name" attribute supplied. Later another client submits a Get-Job-Attribute or
- 1301 Get-Jobs request. This second request contains the "attributes-charset" with value "us-ascii" and
- "requested-attributes" attribute with exactly one value "job-name".
- According to the IPP-Mod document (section 3.1.4.2), the value of the "attributes-charset" for the response
- of the second request must be "us-ascii" since that is the charset specified in the request. The "job-name"
- value, however, is in "utf-8" format. Should the request be rejected even though both "utf-8" and "us-ascii"
- charsets are supported by the server? or should the "job-name" value be converted to "us-ascii" and return
- "successful-ok-conflicting-attributes" (0x0002) as the status code?
- Answer: An IPP object that supports both utf-8 (REQUIRED) and us-ascii, the second paragraph of section
- 3.1.4.2 applies so that the IPP object MUST accept the request, perform code set conversion between these
- two charsets with "the highest fidelity possible" and return 'successful-ok', rather than a warning
- 1311 'successful-ok-conflicting-attributes, or an error. The printer will do the best it can to convert between each
- of the character sets that it supports--even if that means providing a string of question marks because none
- of the characters are representable in US ASCII. If it can't perform such conversion, it MUST NOT
- advertise us-ascii as a value of its "attributes-charset-supported" and MUST reject any request that requests
- 1315 'us-ascii'.
- One IPP object implementation strategy is to convert all request text and name values to a Unicode internal
- representation. This is 16-bit and virtually universal. Then convert to the specified operation attributes-
- 1318 charset on output.
- Also it would be smarter for a client to ask for 'utf-8', rather than 'us-ascii' and throw away characters that it
- doesn't understand, rather than depending on the code conversion of the IPP object.
- 3.1.2.3.12 What charset to return when an unsupported charset is requested (Issue 1.19)?
- Section 3.1.4.1 Request Operation attributes was clarified in November 1998 as follows:
- All clients and IPP objects MUST support the 'utf-8' charset [RFC2044] and MAY support additional
- charsets provided that they are registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. If the Printer object does not support the
- client supplied charset value, the Printer object MUST reject the request, set the "attributes-charset" to 'utf-
- 8' in the response, and return the 'client-error-charset-not-supported' status code and any 'text' or 'name'
- 1327 attributes using the 'utf-8' charset.

- 1328 Since the client and IPP object MUST support UTF-8, returning any text or name attributes in UTF-8 when the client requests a charset that is not supported should allow the client to display the text or name. 1329 1330 Since such an error is a client error, rather than a user error, the client should check the status code first so 1331 that it can avoid displaying any other returned 'text' and 'name' attributes that are not in the charset 1332 requested. 1333 Furthermore, [ipp-mod] section 14.1.4.14 client-error-charset-not-supported (0x040D) was clarified in 1334 November 1998 as follows: 1335 For any operation, if the IPP Printer does not support the charset supplied by the client in the "attributes-1336 charset" operation attribute, the Printer MUST reject the operation and return this status and any 'text' or 1337 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset (see Section 3.1.4.1). 3.1.2.3.13 Natural Language Override (NLO) 1338 1339 The 'text' and 'name' attributes each have two forms. One has an implicit natural language, and the other has an explicit natural language. The 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' are the two 'text' 1340 1341 forms. The 'nameWithoutLanguage" and 'nameWithLanguage are the two 'name' forms. If a receiver (IPP 1342 object or IPP client) supports an attribute with attribute syntax 'text', it MUST support both forms in a request and a response. A sender (IPP client or IPP object) MAY send either form for any such attribute. 1343 1344 When a sender sends a WithoutLanguage form, the implicit natural language is specified in the "attributes-1345 natural-language" operation attribute, which all senders MUST include in every request and response. 1346 When a sender sends a WithLanguage form, it MAY be different from the implicit natural language 1347 supplied by the sender or it MAY be the same. The receiver MUST treat either form equivalently. There is an implementation decision for senders, whether to always send the WithLanguage forms or use 1348 1349 the WithoutLanguage form when the attribute's natural language is the same as the request or response. The 1350 former approach makes the sender implementation simpler. The latter approach is more efficient on the 1351 wire and allows inter-working with non-conforming receivers that fail to support the WithLanguage forms. 1352 As each approach have advantages, the choice is completely up to the implementer of the sender. 1353 Furthermore, when a client receives a 'text' or 'name' job attribute that it had previously supplied, that client 1354 MUST NOT expect to see the attribute in the same form, i.e., in the same WithoutLanguage or 1355 WithLanguage form as the client supplied when it created the job. The IPP object is free to transform the 1356 attribute from the WithLanguage form to the WithoutLanguage form and vice versa, as long as the natural 1357 language is preserved. However, in order to meet this latter requirement, it is usually simpler for the IPP object implementation to store the natural language explicitly with the attribute value, i.e., to store using an 1358 1359 internal representation that resembles the WithLanguage form.
- The IPP Printer MUST copy the natural language of a job, i.e., the value of the "attributes-natural-language"
- operation attribute supplied by the client in the create operation, to the Job object as a Job Description
- attribute, so that a client is able to query it. In returning a Get-Job-Attributes response, the IPP object MAY
- return one of three natural language values in the response's "attributes-natural-language" operation

- 1364 attribute: (1) that requested by the requester, (2) the natural language of the job, or (3) the configured natural language of the IPP Printer, if the requested language is not supported by the IPP Printer. 1365 1366 This "attributes-natural-language" Job Description attribute is useful for an IPP object implementation that prints start sheets in the language of the user who submitted the job. This same Job Description attribute is 1367 1368 useful to a multi-lingual operator who has to communicate with different job submitters in different natural languages. This same Job Description attribute is expected to be used in the future to generate notification 1369 1370 messages in the natural language of the job submitter. 1371 Early drafts of [IPP-MOD] contained a job-level natural language override (NLO) for the Get-Jobs response. A job-level (NLO) is an (unrequested) Job Attribute which then specified the implicit natural 1372 language for any other WithoutLanguage job attributes returned in the response for that job. 1373 Interoperability testing of early implementations showed that no one was implementing the job-level NLO 1374 1375 in Get-Job responses. So the job-level NLO was eliminated from the Get-Jobs response. This 1376 simplification makes all requests and responses consistent in that the implicit natural language for any 1377 WithoutLanguage 'text' or 'name' form is always supplied in the request's or response's "attributes-natural-1378 language" operation attribute. 1379 3.1.3 Status codes returned by operation 1380 This section corresponds to [IPP-MOD] section 3.1.6 "Operation Response Status Codes and Status Messages". This section lists all status codes once in the first operation (Print-Job). Then it lists the status 1381 1382 codes that are different or specialized for subsequent operations under each operation. 1383 3.1.3.1 Printer Operations 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job 1384 The Printer object MUST return one of the following "status-code" values for the indicated reason. 1385 1386 Whether all of the document data has been accepted or not before returning the success or error response depends on implementation. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status 1387 1388 code. For the following success status codes, the Job object has been created and the "job-id", and "job-uri" 1389 assigned and returned in the response: 1390 1391 successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored. successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: some supplied (1) attributes were ignored or (2) 1392 1393 unsupported attribute syntaxes or values were substituted with supported values or were ignored. 1394 Unsupported attributes, attribute syntax's, or values MUST be returned in the Unsupported
- other attributes and have been substituted or ignored MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes group of the response as supplied by the client.

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Attributes group of the response.

successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: some supplied attribute values conflicted with the values of other

supplied attributes and were either substituted or ignored. Attributes or values which conflict with

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- [ipp-mod] section 3.1.6 Operation Status Codes and Messages states:
- 1402 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, it SHOULD use the REQUIRED 'utf-
- 8' charset to return a status message for the following error status codes (see section 13 in [IPP-MOD]):
- 'client-error-bad-request', 'client-error-charset-not-supported', 'server-error-internal-error', 'server-error-internal-e
- operation-not-supported', and 'server-error-version-not-supported'. In this case, it MUST set the value of
- the "attributes-charset" operation attribute to 'utf-8' in the error response.
- For the following error status codes, no job is created and no "job-id" or "job-uri" is returned:
 - client-error-bad-request: The request syntax does not conform to the specification.
- client-error-forbidden: The request is being refused for authorization or authentication reasons. The implementation security policy is to not reveal whether the failure is one of authentication or authorization.
 - client-error-not-authenticated: Either the request requires authentication information to be supplied or the authentication information is not sufficient for authorization.
 - client-error-not-authorized: The requester is not authorized to perform the request on the target object.
 - client-error-not-possible: The request cannot be carried out because of the state of the system. See also
 - 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs' status code, which MUST take precedence if the Printer object's "printer-accepting-jobs" attribute is 'false'.
- 1418 client-error-timeout: not applicable.
 - client-error-not-found: the target object does not exist.
 - client-error-gone: the target object no longer exists and no forwarding address is known.
 - client-error-request-entity-too-large: the size of the request and/or print data exceeds the capacity of the IPP Printer to process it.
 - client-error-request-value-too-long: the size of request variable length attribute values, such as 'text' and 'name' attribute syntax's, exceed the maximum length specified in [IPP-MOD] for the attribute and MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes Group.
 - client-error-document-format-not-supported: the document format supplied is not supported. The "document-format" attribute with the unsupported value MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes Group. This error SHOULD take precedence over any other 'xxx-not-supported' error, except 'client-error-charset-not-supported'.
 - client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported: one or more supplied attributes, attribute syntax's, or values are not supported and the client supplied the "ipp-attributes-fidelity" operation attribute with a 'true' value. They MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes Group as explained below.
 - client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported: not applicable.
 - client-error-charset-not-supported: the charset supplied in the "attributes-charset" operation attribute is not supported. The Printer's "configured-charset" MUST be returned in the response as the value of the "attributes-charset" operation attribute and used for any 'text' and 'name' attributes returned in the error response. This error SHOULD take precedence over any other error, unless the request syntax is so bad that the client's supplied "attributes-charset" cannot be determined.
 - client-error-conflicting-attributes: one or more supplied attribute values conflicted with each other and the client supplied the "ipp-attributes-fidelity" operation attribute with a 'true' value. They MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes Group as explained below.

server-error-internal-error: an unexpected condition prevents the request from being fulfilled. 1442 server-error-operation-not-supported: not applicable (since Print-Job is REQUIRED). 1443 server-error-service-unavailable: the service is temporarily overloaded. 1444 server-error-version-not-supported: the version in the request is not supported. The "closest" version 1445 1446 number supported MUST be returned in the response. 1447 server-error-device-error: a device error occurred while receiving or spooling the request or document 1448 data or the IPP Printer object can only accept one job at a time. 1449 server-error-temporary-error: a temporary error such as a buffer full write error, a memory overflow, or a disk full condition occurred while receiving the request and/or the document data. 1450 1451 server-error-not-accepting-jobs: the Printer object's "printer-is-not-accepting-jobs" attribute is 'false'. server-error-busy: the Printer is too busy processing jobs to accept another job at this time. 1452 server-error-job-canceled: the job has been canceled by an operator or the system while the client was 1453 1454 transmitting the document data. 1455 3.1.3.1.2 Print-URI 1456 All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to Print-1457 URI with the following specializations and differences. See Section 14 for a more complete description of 1458 each status code. 1459 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported: the URI scheme supplied in the "document-uri" operation 1460 attribute is not supported and is returned in the Unsupported Attributes group. 1461 server-error-operation-not-supported: the Print-URI operation is not supported. 1462 3.1.3.1.3 Validate-Job 1463 All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to 1464 1465 Validate-Job. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code. 1466 3.1.3.1.4 Create-Job 1467 All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to Create-1468 Job with the following specializations and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete 1469 description of each status code. 1470 server-error-operation-not-supported: the Create-Job operation is not supported. 1471 client-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported: while the Create-Job and Send-Document operations are supported, this implementation doesn't support more than one document with data. 1472 1473 3.1.3.1.5 Get-Printer-Attributes 1474 All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to the 1475 Get-Printer-Attributes operation with the following specialization's and differences. See Section 13 in

[IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code.

1477 For the following success status codes, the requested attributes are returned in Group 3 in the response: successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job) and no requested 1478 attributes were unsupported. 1479 1480 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job, except the "requested-attributes" operation attribute MAY, but NEED NOT, be returned with the unsupported values. 1481 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job. 1482 1483 For the error status codes, Group 3 is returned containing no attributes or is not returned at all: client-error-not-possible: Same as Print-Job, in addition the Printer object is not accepting any requests. 1484 1485 client-error-request-entity-too-large: same as Print-job, except that no print data is involved. 1486 client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported: not applicable, since unsupported operation attributes 1487 MUST be ignored and 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' returned. client-error-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job, except that "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is not involved. 1488 1489 server-error-operation-not-supported: not applicable (since Get-Printer-Attributes is REQUIRED). 1490 server-error-device-error: same as Print-Job, except that no document data is involved. server-error-temporary-error: same as Print-Job, except that no document data is involved. 1491 1492 server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable.. 1493 server-error-busy: same as Print-Job, except the IPP object is too busy to accept even query requests. 1494 server-error-job-canceled: not applicable.. 1495 3.1.3.1.6 Get-Jobs 1496 All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to the 1497 Get-Jobs operation with the following specialization's and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code. 1498 1499 For the following success status codes, the requested attributes are returned in Group 3 in the response: 1500 successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job) and no requested 1501 attributes were unsupported. successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job, except the "requested-attributes" 1502 1503 operation attribute MAY, but NEED NOT, be returned with the unsupported values. successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job. 1504 1505 For any error status codes, Group 3 is returned containing no attributes or is not returned at all. The 1506 following brief error status code descriptions contain unique information for use with Get-Jobs operation. See section 14 for the other error status codes that apply uniformly to all operations: 1507 1508 client-error-not-possible: Same as Print-Job, in addition the Printer object is not accepting any requests. 1509 client-error-request-entity-too-large: same as Print-job, except that no print data is involved. 1510 client-error-document-format-not-supported: not applicable. client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported: not applicable, since unsupported operation attributes 1511

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client-error-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job, except that "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is not involved.

MUST be ignored and 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' returned.

server-error-operation-not-supported: not applicable (since Get-Jobs is REQUIRED). server-error-device-error: same as Print-Job, except that no document data is involved.

- server-error-temporary-error: same as Print-Job, except that no document data is involved. 1516 server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable. 1517 server-error-job-canceled: not applicable. 1518 1519 3.1.3.1.7 Pause-Printer 1520 All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to Pause-1521 Printer with the following specializations and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more 1522 complete description of each status code. For the following success status codes, the Printer object is being stopped from scheduling jobs on all its 1523 1524 devices. 1525 successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job). 1526 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job. successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job. 1527 1528 1529 For any of the error status codes, the Printer object has not been stopped from scheduling jobs on all its 1530 devices. 1531 client-error-not-possible: not applicable. 1532 client-error-not-found: the target Printer object does not exist. client-error-gone: the target Printer object no longer exists and no forwarding address is known. 1533 1534 client-error-request-entity-too-large: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved. client-error-document-format-not-supported: not applicable. 1535 client-error-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job, except that the Printer's "printer-is-accepting-1536 jobs" attribute is not involved. 1537 1538 server-error-operation-not-supported: the Pause-Printer operation is not supported. server-error-device-error: not applicable. 1539 server-error-temporary-error: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved. 1540 server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable. 1541 server-error-job-canceled: not applicable. 1542 3.1.3.1.8 Resume-Printer 1543 1544 All of the Print-Job status code descriptions in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response with the specialization's described for Pause-Printer are applicable to Resume-Printer. See Section 13 in [IPP-1545

- 1546 MOD] for a more complete description of each status code.
- 1547 For the following success status codes, the Printer object resumes scheduling jobs on all its devices.
- 1548 successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job).
- 1549 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job.
- 1550 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job.
- 1551 For any of the error status codes, the Printer object does not resume scheduling jobs.

server-error-operation-not-supported: the Resume-Printer operation is not supported. 1552 1553 1554 3.1.3.1.8.1 What about Printers unable to change state due to an error condition? If, in case, the IPP printer is unable to change its state due to some problem with the actual printer device 1555 (say, it is shut down or there is a media-jam as indicated in [ipp-mod]), what should be the result of the 1556 1557 "Resume-printer" operation? Should it still change the 'printer-state-reasons' and return success or should it 1558 fail? 1559 The 'resume-printer' operation must clear the 'paused' or 'moving-to-paused' 'printer-state-message'. The operation must return a 'successful-ok' status code. 1560 1561 3.1.3.1.8.2 How is 'printer-state' handled on Resume-Printer? 1562 If "Resume-Printer" succeeds, what should be the value of 'Printer-state' and who should take care of the 1563 1564 'Printer-state' later on ? 1565 The "Resume-Printer" operation may change the "printer-state-reasons" value. 1566 The "printer-state" will change to one of three states: 1567 1) 'idle' - no additional jobs and no error conditions present 1568 2) 'processing' - job available and no error conditions present 1569 3) current state (i.e. no change) an error condition is present (e.g. media jam) 1570 In the third case the 'printer-state-reason' will be cleared by automata when it detects the error condition no 1571 longer exists. The 'printer-state' will move to 'idle' or 'processing' when conditions permit. (i.e. no more 1572 error conditions) 1573 3.1.3.1.9 **Purge-Printer** 1574 All of the Print-Job status code descriptions in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response with the 1575 specialization's described for Pause-Printer are applicable to Purge-Printer. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] 1576 for a more complete description of each status code. 1577 For the following success status codes, the Printer object purges all it's jobs. 1578 successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job). 1579 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job. 1580 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job.

1581

For any of the error status codes, the Printer object does not purge any jobs.

1582 server-error-operation-not-supported: the Purge-Printer operation is not supported. 1583 3.1.3.2 Job Operations 1584 3.1.3.2.1 Send-Document 1585 All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to the 1586 Get-Printer-Attributes operation with the following specialization's and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code. 1587 1588 For the following success status codes, the document has been added to the specified Job object and the job's "number-of-documents" attribute has been incremented: 1589 1590 successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job). 1591 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job. successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job. 1592 1593 For the error status codes, no document has been added to the Job object and the job's "number-of-1594 documents" attribute has not been incremented: 1595 client-error-not-possible: Same as Print-Job, except that the Printer's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" 1596 attribute is not involved, so that the client is able to finish submitting a multi-document job that was created with a Create-Job operation after this attribute has been set to 'true'. Another condition is 1597 that the state of the job precludes Send-Document, i.e., the job has already been closed out by the 1598 1599 client. However, if the IPP Printer closed out the job due to timeout, the 'client-error-timeout' error status SHOULD be returned instead. 1600 1601 client-error-timeout: This request was sent after the Printer closed the job, because it has not received a Send-Document or Send-URI operation within the Printer's "multiple-operation-time-out" period. 1602 1603 client-error-request-entity-too-large: same as Print-Job. 1604 client-error-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job, except that "ipp-attributes-fidelity" operation 1605 attribute is not involved... 1606 server-error-operation-not-supported: the Send-Document request is not supported. 1607 server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable. 1608 server-error-job-canceled: the job has been canceled by an operator or the system while the client was transmitting the data. 1609 1610 3.1.3.2.2 Send-URI All of the Print-Job status code descriptions in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response with the 1611 specialization's described for Send-Document are applicable to Send-URI. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] 1612 1613 for a more complete description of each status code. 1614 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported: the URI scheme supplied in the "document-uri" operation 1615 attribute is not supported and the "document-uri" attribute MUST be returned in the Unsupported 1616 Attributes group. 1617 server-error-operation-not-supported: the Send-URI operation is not supported.

1619	3.1.3.2.3 Cancel-Job						
1620 1621 1622	All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to Cancel-Job with the following specializations and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code.						
1623	For the following success status codes, the Job object is being canceled or has been canceled:						
1624 1625 1626 1627	successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job). successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job. successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job.						
1628	For any of the error status codes, the Job object has not been canceled or was previously canceled.						
1629 1630 1631 1632 1633 1634 1635 1636 1637 1638 1639 1640 1641 1642 1643 1644	client-error-not-possible: The request cannot be carried out because of the state of the Job object ('completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted') or the state of the system. client-error-not-found: the target Printer and/or Job object does not exist. client-error-gone: the target Printer and/or Job object no longer exists and no forwarding address is known. client-error-request-entity-too-large: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved. client-error-document-format-not-supported: not applicable. client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported: not applicable, since unsupported operation attributes and values MUST be ignored. client-error-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job, except that the Printer's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" attribute is not involved. server-error-operation-not-supported: not applicable (Cancel-Job is REQUIRED). server-error-device-error: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved. server-error-temporary-error: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved. server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable server-error-job-canceled: not applicable.						
1645	3.1.3.2.4 Get-Job-Attributes						
1646 1647 1648	All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to Get-Job-Attributes with the following specializations and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code.						
1649	For the following success status codes, the requested attributes are returned in Group 3 in the response:						
1650 1651 1652 1653	successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job) and no requested attributes were unsupported. successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job, except the "requested-attributes" operation attribute MAY, but NEED NOT, be returned with the unsupported values.						

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successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job.

For the error status codes, Group 3 is returned containing no attributes or is not returned at all.

```
client-error-not-possible: Same as Print-Job, in addition the Printer object is not accepting any requests.
1656
             client-error-document-format-not-supported: not applicable.
1657
             client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported: not applicable.
1658
             client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported: not applicable.
1659
             client-error-conflicting-attributes: not applicable
1660
1661
             server-error-operation-not-supported: not applicable (since Get-Job-Attributes is REOUIRED).
             server-error-device-error: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved.
1662
             server-error-temporary-error: sane as Print-Job, except no document data is involved...
1663
1664
             server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable.
             server-error-job-canceled: not applicable.
1665
1666
         3.1.3.2.5
                        Hold-Job
         All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to Hold-
1667
1668
         Job with the following specializations and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete
         description of each status code.
1669
1670
         For the following success status codes, the Job object is being held or has been held:
1671
             successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job).
1672
             successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job.
1673
             successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job.
1674
1675
         For any of the error status codes, the Job object has not been held or was previously held.
             client-error-not-possible: The request cannot be carried out because of the state of the Job object
1676
                 ('completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted') or the state of the system.
1677
             client-error-not-found: the target Printer and/or Job object does not exist.
1678
1679
             client-error-gone: the target Printer and/or Job object no longer exists and no forwarding address is
1680
                 known.
1681
             client-error-request-entity-too-large: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved.
1682
             client-error-document-format-not-supported: not applicable.
1683
             client-error-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job, except that the Printer's "printer-is-accepting-
                 jobs" attribute is not involved.
1684
             server-error-operation-not-supported: the Hold-Job operation is not supported.
1685
             server-error-device-error: not applicable.
1686
             server-error-temporary-error: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved.
1687
1688
             server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable.
             server-error-job-canceled: not applicable.
1689
         3.1.3.2.6
                        Release-Job
1690
1691
         All of the Print-Job status code descriptions in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response with the
1692
         specialization's described for Hold-Job are applicable to Release-Job. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a
1693
         more complete description of each status code.
```

- 1694 server-error-operation-not-supported: the Release-Job operation is not supported. 1695 3.1.3.2.7 Restart-Job 1696 All of the Print-Job status code descriptions in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response with the 1697 specialization's described for Hold-Job are applicable to Restart-Job. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a 1698 more complete description of each status code. 1699 server-error-operation-not-supported: the Restart-Job operation is not supported. 1700 1701 3.1.3.2.7.1 Can documents be added to a restarted job? Assume I give a Create-Job request along with a set of 5 documents. All the documents get printed and the 1702 1703 job state is moved to completed. I issue a Restart-Job request on the job. Now the issue is that, if I try to add new documents to the restarted job-, will the **IppIPP** Server permit me to do so or return "client-error-1704 1705 not-possible " and again print those 5 jobs? 1706 A job can not move to the 'completed' state until all the documents have been processed. The 'last-1707 document' flag indicates when the last document for a job is being sent from the client. This is the semantic 1708 equivalent of closing a job. No documents may be added once a job is closed. Section 3.3.7 of the IPP/1.1 model states "The job is moved to the 'pending' job state and restarts the beginning on the same IPP Printer 1709 1710 object with the same attribute values." 'number-of-documents' is a job attribute. 1711 1712 1713 Returning unsupported attributes in Get-Xxxx responses (Issue 1.18) In the Get-Printer-Attributes, Get-Jobs, or Get-Job-Attributes responses, the client cannot depend on getting 1714 unsupported attributes returned in the Unsupported Attributes group that the client requested, but are not 1715 1716 supported by the IPP object. However, such unsupported requested attributes will not be returned in the 1717 Job Attributes or Printer Attributes group (since they are unsupported). Furthermore, the IPP object is REQUIRED to return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code, so that the client 1718 1719 knows that not all that was requested has been returned. 1720 3.1.5 Sending empty attribute groups 1721 The [IPP-MOD] and [IPP-PRO] specifications RECOMMEND that a sender not send an empty attribute
- 1724 entirely in a create operation that is not supplying any Job Template attributes. Similarly, an IPP object
- SHOULD omit an empty Unsupported Attributes group if there are no unsupported attributes to be returned 1725

group in a request or a response. However, they REQUIRE a receiver to accept an empty attribute group as

equivalent to the omission of that group. So a client SHOULD omit the Job Template Attributes group

1726 in a response.

1722

- 1727 The [IPP-PRO] specification REQUIRES a receiver to be able to receive either an empty attribute group or
- 1728 an omitted attribute group and treat them equivalently. The term "receiver" means an IPP object for a

- request and a client for a response. The term "sender' means a client for a request and an IPP object for a
- 1730 response.
- There is an exception to the rule for Get-Jobs when there are no attributes to be returned. [IPP-PRO]
- 1732 contains the following paragraph:
- The syntax allows an xxx-attributes-tag to be present when the xxx-attribute-sequence that follows is
- empty. The syntax is defined this way to allow for the response of Get-Jobs where no attributes are returned
- for some job-objects. Although it is RECOMMENDED that the sender not send an xxx-attributes-tag if
- there are no attributes (except in the Get-Jobs response just mentioned), the receiver MUST be able to
- 1737 decode such syntax.
- 1738 3.2 Printer Operations
- 1739 3.2.1 Print-Job operation
- 3.2.1.1 Flow controlling the data portion of a Print-Job request (Issue 1.22)
- A paused printer, or one that is stopped due to paper out or jam or spool space full or buffer space full, may
- flow control the data of a Print-Job operation (at the TCP/IP layer), so that the client is not able to send all
- the document data. Consequently, the Printer will not return a response until the condition is changed.
- The Printer should not return a Print-Job response with an error code in any of these conditions, since either
- the printer will be resumed and/or the condition will be freed either by human intervention or as jobs print.
- 1746 In writing test scripts to test IPP Printers, the script must also be written not to expect a response, if the
- printer has been paused, until the printer is resumed, in order to work with all possible implementations.
- 1748 3.2.1.2 Returning job-state in Print-Job response (Issue 1.30)
- An IPP client submits a small job via Print-Job. By the time the IPP printer/print server is putting together
- a response to the operation, the job has finished printing and been removed as an object from the print
- 1751 system. What should the job-state be in the response?
- The Model suggests that the Printer return a response before it even accepts the document content. The Job
- Object Attributes are returned only if the IPP object returns one of the success status codes. Then the job-
- state would always be "pending" or "pending-held".
- 1755 This issue comes up for the implementation of an IPP Printer object as a server that forwards jobs to
- devices that do not provide job status back to the server. If the server is reasonably certain that the job
- completed successfully, then it should return the job-state as 'completed'. Also the server can keep the job
- in its "job history" long after the job is no longer in the device. Then a user could query the server and see
- The state of the s
- that the job was in the 'completed' state and completed as specified by the jobs "time-at-completed" time,
- which would be the same as the server submitted the job to the device.

- An alternative is for the server to respond to the client before or while sending the job to the device, instead
- of waiting until the server has finished sending the job to the device. In this case, the server can return the
- job's state as 'pending' with the 'job-outgoing' value in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.
- 1764 If the server doesn't know for sure whether the job completed successfully (or at all), it could return the
- 1765 (out-of-band) 'unknown' value.
- On the other hand, if the server is able to query the device and/or setup some sort of event notification that
- the device initiates when the job makes state transitions, then the server can return the current job state in
- the Print-Job response and in subsequent queries because the server knows what the job state is in the
- device (or can query the device).
- All of these alternatives depend on implementation of the server and the device.
- 1771 3.2.2 Get-Printer-Attributes operation
- 1772 If a Printer supports the "printer-make-and-model" attribute and returns the .INF file model name of
- the printer in that attribute, the Microsoft client will automatically install the correct driver (if available).
- 1774 2 Clients which poll periodically for printer status or queued-job-count should use the "requested-
- attributes" operation attribute to limit the scope of the query in order to save Printer and network resources.
- 1776 3.2.3 Get-Jobs operation
- 3.2.3.1 Get-Jobs, my-jobs='true', and 'requesting-user-name' (Issue 1.39)?
- 1778 In [IPP-MOD] section 3.2.6.1 'Get-Jobs Request', if the attribute 'my-jobs' is present and set to TRUE,
- MUST the 'requesting-user-name' attribute be there too, and if it's not present what should the IPP printer
- 1780 do?
- 1781 [IPP-MOD] Section 8.3 describes the various cases of "requesting-user-name" being present or not for any
- operation. If the client does not supply a value for "requesting-user-name", the printer MUST assume that
- the client is supplying some anonymous name, such as "anonymous".
- 1784 3.2.3.2 Why is there a "limit" attribute in the Get-Jobs operation?
- When using the Get-Jobs operation a client implementer might choose to limit the number of jobs that the
- client shows on the first screenful. For example, if its UI can only display 50 jobs, it can defend itself
- against a printer that would otherwise return 500 jobs, perhaps taking a long time on a slow dial-up line.
- The client can then go and ask for a larger number of jobs in the background, while showing the user the
- 1789 first 50 jobs. Since the job history is returned in reverse order, namely the most recently completed jobs are
- returned first, the user is most likely interested in the first jobs that are returned. Limiting the number of
- jobs may be especially useful for a client that is requesting 'completed' jobs from a printer that keeps a long

- job history. Clients that don't mind sometimes getting very large responses, can omit the "limit" attribute in
- their Get-Jobs requests.
- 1794 3.2.4 Create-Job operation
- A Printer may respond to a Create-Job operation with "job-state" 'pending' or 'pending-held' and " job-state-
- reason" 'job-data-insufficient' to indicate that operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is
- expecting additional document data before it can move the job into the 'processing' state. Alternatively, it
- may respond with "job-state" 'processing' and "job-state-reason" 'job-incoming' to indicate that the Create-
- Job operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is expecting additional Send-Document
- and/or Send-URI operations and/or is accessing/accepting document data. The second alternative is for
- non-spooling Printers that don't implement the 'pending' state.
- Should the server wait for the "last-document" operation attribute set to 'true' before starting to "process"
- 1803 the job?
- 1804 It depends on implementation. Some servers spool the entire job, including all document data, before
- starting to process, so such an implementation would wait for the "last-document" before starting to process
- the job. If the time-out occurs without the "last-document", then the server takes one of the indicated
- actions in section 3.3.1 in the [IPP-MOD] document. Other servers will start to process document data as
- soon as they have some. These are the so-called "non-spooling" printers. Currently, there isn't a way for a
- client to determine whether the Printer will spool all the data or will start to process (and print) as soon as it
- 1810 has some data.
- 1811 3.3 Job Operations
- 1812 3.3.1 Validate-Job
- The Validate-Job operation has been designed so that its implementation may be a part of the Print-Job
- operation. Therefore, requiring Validate-Job is not a burden on implementers. Also it is useful for client's
- to be able to count on its presence in all conformance implementations, so that the client can determine
- before sending a long document, whether the job will be accepted by the IPP Printer or not.
- 1817 3.3.2 Restart-Job
- The Restart-Job operation allows the reprocessing of a completed job. Some jobs store the document data
- on the printer. Jobs created using the Print-Job operation are an example. It is required that the printer
- retains the job data after the job has moved to a 'completed state' in order for the Restart-Job operation to
- 1821 succeed.
- Some jobs contain only a reference to the job data. A job created using the Print-URI is an example of such
- a job. When the Restart-Job operation is issued the job is reprocessed. The job data MUST be retrieved
- 1824 again to print the job.

- 1825 It is possible that a job fails while attempting to access the print data. When such a job is the target of a
- 1826 Restart-Job the Printer SHALL attempt to retrieve the job data again.

1827 4 Object Attributes

- 1828 4.1 Attribute Syntax's
- 1829 4.1.1 The 'none' value for empty sets (Issue 1.37)
- [IPP-MOD] states that the 'none' value should be used as the value of a 1setOf when the set is empty. In
- most cases, sets that are potentially empty contain keywords so the keyword 'none' is used, but for the 3
- finishings attributes, the values are enums and thus the empty set is represented by the enum 3. Currently
- there are no other attributes with 1setOf values, which can be empty and can contain values that are not
- 1834 keywords. This exception requires special code and is a potential place for bugs. It would have been better
- if we had chosen an out-of-band value, either "no-value" or some new value, such as 'none'. Since we
- didn't, implementations have to deal with the different representations of 'none', depending on the attribute
- 1837 syntax.
- 1838 4.1.2 Multi-valued attributes (Issue 1.31)
- What is the attribute syntax for a multi-valued attribute? Since some attributes support values in more than
- one data type, such as "media", "job-hold-until", and "job-sheets", IPP semantics associate the attribute
- syntax with each value, not with the attribute as a whole. The protocol associates the attribute syntax tag
- with each value. Don't be fooled, just because the attribute syntax tag comes before the attribute keyword.
- All attribute values after the first have a zero length attribute keyword as the indication of a subsequent
- value of the same attribute.
- 1845 4.1.3 Case Sensitivity in URIs (issue 1.6)
- 1846 IPP client and server implementations must be aware of the diverse uppercase/lowercase nature of URIs.
- 1847 RFC 2396 defines URL schemes and Host names as case insensitive but reminds us that the rest of the URL
- may well demonstrate case sensitivity. When creating URL's for fields where the choice is completely
- arbitrary, it is probably best to select lower case. However, this cannot be guaranteed and implementations
- MUST NOT rely on any fields being case-sensitive or case-insensitive in the URL beyond the URL scheme
- 1851 and host name fields.
- The reason that the IPP specification does not make any restrictions on URIs, is so that implementations of
- 1853 IPP may use off-the-shelf components that conform to the standards that define URIs, such as RFC 2396
- and the HTTP/1.1 specifications [RFC2616]. See these specifications for rules of matching, comparison,
- 1855 and case-sensitivity.
- 1856 It is also recommended that System Administrators and implementations avoid creating URLs for different
- printers that differ only in their case. For example, don't have Printer1 and printer1 as two different IPP
- 1858 Printers.

1859	Example of equivalent URI's
1860	http://abc.com:80/~smith/home.html
1861	http://ABC.com/%7Esmith/home.html
1862	http://ABC.com:/%7esmith/home.html
1863	Example of equivalent URI's using the IPP scheme
1864	ipp://abc.com:631/~smith/home.html
1865	ipp://ABC.com/%7Esmith/home.html
1866	http://ABC.com:631/%7esmith/home.html
1867	The HTTP/1.1 specification [RFC2616] contains more details on comparing URLs.
1868	4.1.4 Maximum length for xxxWithLanguage and xxxWithoutLanguage
1869 1870 1871 1872 1873	The 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' are compound syntaxes that have two components. The first component is the 'language' component that can contain up to 63 octets. The second component is the 'text' or 'name' component. The maximum length of these are 1023 octets and 255 octets respectively. The definition of attributes with either syntax may further restrict the length. (e.g. printer-name (name(127)))
1874 1875	The length of the 'language' component has no effect on the allowable length of 'text' in 'textWithLanguage' or the length of 'name' in 'nameWithLanguage'
1876	4.2 Job Template Attributes
1877	4.2.1 multiple-document-handling(type2 keyword)
1878	4.2.1.1 Support of multiple document jobs
1879	ISSUE: IPP/1.0 is silent on which of the four effects an implementation would perform if it supports
1880	Create-Job, but does not support "multiple-document-handling" or multiple documents per job. IPP/1.1
1881	was changed so that a Printer could support Create-Job without having to support multiple document jobs.
1882	The "multiple-document-jobs-supported" (boolean) Printer description attribute was added to IPP/1.1 along
1883	with the 'server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported' status code for a Printer to indicate whether or
1884	not it supports multiple document jobs, when it supports the Create-Job operation. Also IPP/1.1 was
1885	clarified that the Printer MUST support the "multiple-document-handling" (type2 keyword) Job Template
1886	attribute with at least one value if the Printer supports multiple documents per job.

- A fix to IPP/1.0 would be to require implementing all four values of "multiple document handling" if 1887 Create-Job is supported at all. Or at least 'single-document-new-sheet' and 'separate-documents-uncollated-1888 copies'. In any case, an implementation that supports Create-Job SHOULD also support "multiple-1889 document-handling". Support for all four values is RECOMMENDED, but at least the 'single-document-1890 new sheet' and 'separate documents uncollated copies' values, along with the "multiple document handling-1891 1892 default" indicating the default behavior and "multiple-document-handling-supported" values. If an 1893 implementation spools the data, it should also support the 'separate-documents-collated-copies' value as 1894 well. 1895 4.3 Job Description Attributes 1896 The time-at-creation, time-at-processing, and time-at-completed attributes may be returned in integer time 1897 ticks or absolute dateTime syntax. There are various ways for a Printer to get the time of day. Some suggestions: 1898 1899 A Printer can get time from an NTP timeserver if there's one reachable on the network . See 1. RFC 1305. Also DHCP option 32 in RFC 2132 returns the IP address of the NTP server. 1900 1901 2. Get the date and time at startup from a human operator 3. 1902 Have an operator set the date and time using a web administrative interface 1903 4. Get the date and time from incoming HTTP requests, though the problems of spoofing need 1904 to be considered. Perhaps comparing several HTTP requests could reduce the chances of spoofing. 1905 5. Internal date time clock battery driven. 1906 6. Query "http://tycho.usno.navy.mil/cgi-bin/timer.pl" 1907 Printer Description Attributes 1908 4.4.1 queued-job-count 1909 4.4.1.1 Why is "queued-job-count" RECOMMENDED (Issue 1.14)? 1910 The reason that "queued-job-count" is RECOMMENDED, is that some clients look at that attribute alone 1911 when summarizing the status of a list of printers, instead of doing a Get-Jobs to determine the number of 1912 jobs in the queue. Implementations that fail to support the "queued-job-count" will cause that client to 1913 display 0 jobs when there are actually queued jobs.
- 1916 4.4.1.2 Is "queued-job-count" a good measure of how busy a printer is (Issue 1.15)?

completed before the issue was raised, so making it a SHOULD was a compromise.

1914

1915

We would have made it a REQUIRED Printer attribute, but some implementations had already been

The "queued-job-count" is not a good measure of how busy the printer is when there are held jobs. A future 1917 1918 registration could be to add a "held-job-count" (or an "active-job-count") Printer Description attribute if experience shows that such an attribute (combination) is needed to quickly indicate how busy a printer 1919 1920 really is. 1921 4.4.2 printer-current-time (dateTime) 1922 A Printer implementation MAY support this attribute by obtaining the date and time by any number of 1923 implementation-dependent means at startup or subsequently. Examples include: 1924 (1) an internal date time clock, 1925 (2) from the operator at startup using the console, (3) from an operator using an administrative web page, 1926 1927 (4) from HTTP headers supplied in client requests, (5) use HTTP to query "http://tycho.usno.navy.mil/cgi-bin/timer.pl" 1928 1929 (6) from the network, using NTP [RFC1305] or DHCP option 32 [RFC2132] that returns the IP address of the NTP server. 1930 1931 If an implementation supports this attribute by obtaining the current time from the network (at startup or 1932 later), but the time is not available, then the implementation MUST return the value of this attribute using the out-of-band 'no-value' meaning not configured. See the beginning of section 4.1. 1933 Since the new "date-and-time-at-xxx" Job Description attributes refer to the "printer-current-time", they 1934 1935 will be covered also. 1936 4.4.3 'Printer-uri Must the operational attribute for printer-uri match one of the values in printer-uri-supported? 1937 A forgiving printer implementation would not reject the operation. But the implementation has its rights to 1938 1939 reject a printer or job operation if the operational attribute printer-uri is not a value of the printer-uri-1940 supported. The printer may not be improperly configured. The request obviously reached the printer. The 1941 printer could treat the printer-uri as the logical equivalent of a value in the printer-uri-supported. It would be implementation dependent for which value, and associated security policy, would apply. This does also 1942 1943 apply to a job object specified with a printer-uri and job-id, or with a job-uri. See section 4.1.3 for how to 1944 compare URI's.

1945

4.5

Empty Jobs

1946 The IPP object model does not prohibit a job that contains no documents. Such a job may be created in a 1947 number of ways including a 'create-job' followed by an 'add-document' that contains no data and has the 1948 'last-document' flag set. 1949 An empty job is processed just as any other job. The operation that "closes" an empty job is not rejected 1950 because the job is empty. If no other conditions exist, other than the job is empty, the response to the 1951 operation will indicate success. After the job is scheduled and processed, the job state SHALL be 1952 'completed' 1953 There will be some variation in the value(s) of the 'job-state-reasons' attribute. It is required that if no conditions, other than the job being empty, exist the 'job-state-reasons' SHALL include the 'completed-1954 1955 successfully'. If other conditions existed, the 'completed-with-warnings' or 'completed-with-errors' values 1956 may be used." **DNS** Directory Considerations 1957 1958 General Directory Schema Considerations 1959 The [ipp-mod] document lists RECOMMENDED and OPTIONAL Printer object attributes for directory schemas. See [ipp-mod] APPENDIX E: Generic Directory Schema. 1960 The SLP printer template is defined in the "Definition of the Printer Abstract Service Type v2.0" document 1961 1962 [svrloc-printer]. The LDAP printer template is defined in the "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): LDAP 1963 Schema for Printer Services" document [ldap-printer]. Both documents systematically add "printer-" to any 1964 attribute that doesn't already start with "printer-" in order to keep the printer directory attributes distinct from other directory attributes. Also, instead of using "printer-uri-supported", "uri-authentication-1965 supported", and "uri-security-supported", they use a "printer-xri-supported" attribute with special syntax to 1966 contain all of the same information in a single attribute. 1967 IPP Printer with a DNS name 1968 5.2 If the IPP printer has a DNS name should there be at least two values for the printer-uri-supported attribute. 1969 1970 One URL with the fully qualified DNS name the other with the IP address in the URL? The printer may contain one or the other or both. It's up to the administrator to configure this attribute. 1971 **Security Considerations** 1972 1973 This section corresponds to the IPP-MOD Section 8 "Security Considerations."

Hastings, Manros, Kugler, Holst, Zehler

The following clarification was added to [IPP-MOD] section 8.5:

1974

1975

6.1

Querying jobs with IPP that were submitted using other job submission protocols (Issue 1.32)

- 1976 8.5 Queries on jobs submitted using non-IPP protocols
- 1977 If the device that an IPP Printer is representing is able to accept jobs using other job submission protocols
- in addition to IPP, it is RECOMMEND that such an implementation at least allow such "foreign" jobs to be
- 1979 queried using Get-Jobs returning "job-id" and "job-uri" as 'unknown'. Such an implementation NEED NOT
- support all of the same IPP job attributes as for IPP jobs. The IPP object returns the 'unknown' out-of-band
- value for any requested attribute of a foreign job that is supported for IPP jobs, but not for foreign jobs.
- 1982 It is further RECOMMENDED, that the IPP Printer generate "job-id" and "job-uri" values for such "foreign
- jobs", if possible, so that they may be targets of other IPP operations, such as Get-Job-Attributes and
- 1984 Cancel-Job. Such an implementation also needs to deal with the problem of authentication of such foreign
- jobs. One approach would be to treat all such foreign jobs as belonging to users other than the user of the
- 1986 IPP client. Another approach would be for the foreign job to belong to 'anonymous'. Only if the IPP client
- has been authenticated as an operator or administrator of the IPP Printer object, could the foreign jobs be
- 1988 queried by an IPP request. Alternatively, if the security policy were to allow users to query other users'
- jobs, then the foreign jobs would also be visible to an end-user IPP client using Get-Jobs and Get-Job-
- 1990 Attributes.
- Thus IPP MAY be implemented as a "universal" protocol that provides access to jobs submitted with any
- job submission protocol. As IPP becomes widely implemented, providing a more universal access makes
- 1993 sense.

7 Encoding and Transport

- This section discusses various aspects of IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO].
- A server is not required to send a response until after it has received the client's entire request. Hence, a
- client must not expect a response until after it has sent the entire request. However, we recommend that the
- server return a response as soon as possible if an error is detected while the client is still sending the data,
- 1999 rather than waiting until all of the data is received. Therefore, we also recommend that a client listen for an
- 2000 error response that an IPP server MAY send before it receives all the data. In this case a client, if chunking
- 2001 the data, can send a premature zero-length chunk to end the request before sending all the data (and so the
- 2002 client can keep the connection open for other requests, rather than closing it). If the request is blocked for
- some reason, a client MAY determine the reason by opening another connection to query the server using
- 2004 Get-Printer-Attributes.
- 2005 IPP, by design, uses TCP's built-in flow control mechanisms [RFC 793] to throttle clients when Printers are
- busy. Therefore, it is perfectly normal for an IPP client transmitting a Job to be blocked for a really long
- 2007 time. Accordingly, socket timeouts must be avoided. Some socket implementations have a timeout option,
- 2008 which specifies how long a write operation on a socket can be blocked before it times out and the blocking
- 2009 ends. A client should set this option for infinite timeout when transmitting Job submissions.
- 2010 Some IPP client applications might be able to perform other useful work while a Job transmission is
- blocked. For example, the client may have other jobs that it could transmit to other Printers simultaneously.
- A client may have a GUI, which must remain responsive to the user while the Job transmission is blocked.
- These clients should be designed to spawn a thread to handle the Job transmission at its own pace, leaving

- 2014 the main application free to do other work. Alternatively, single-threaded applications could use non-
- 2015 blocking I/O.
- Some Printer conditions, such as jam or lack of paper, could cause a client to be blocked indefinitely.
- 2017 Clients may open additional connections to the Printer to Get-Printer-Attributes, determine the state of the
- device, alert a user if the printer is stopped, and let a user decide whether to abort the job transmission or
- 2019 not.

- 2020 In the following sections, there are tables of all HTTP headers, which describe their use in an IPP client or
- server. The following is an explanation of each column in these tables.
- the "header" column contains the name of a header
 - the "request/client" column indicates whether a client sends the header.
- the "request/ server" column indicates whether a server supports the header when received.
- the "response/ server" column indicates whether a server sends the header.
- the "response /client" column indicates whether a client supports the header when received.
- the "values and conditions" column specifies the allowed header values and the conditions for the
- 2028 header to be present in a request/response.
- The table for "request headers" does not have columns for responses, and the table for "response headers"
- does not have columns for requests.
- The following is an explanation of the values in the "request/client" and "response/ server" columns.
- **must:** the client or server MUST send the header.
- must-if: the client or server MUST send the header when the condition described in the "values and
- 2034 conditions" column is met,
- may: the client or server MAY send the header
- onot: the client or server SHOULD NOT send the header. It is not relevant to an IPP implementation.
- The following is an explanation of the values in the "response/client" and "request/ server" columns.
- **must:** the client or server MUST support the header,
- may: the client or server MAY support the header
- **not:** the client or server SHOULD NOT support the header. It is not relevant to an IPP
- 2041 implementation.
- 2042 7.1 General Headers
- The following is a table for the general headers.

General-Header	Request		Response		Values and Conditions
Cache-Control	Client must	Server not	Server must	Client not	"no-cache" only
Connection	must-if	must	must-if	must	"close" only. Both client and server SHOULD keep a connection for the duration of a

General-Header	Request		Response	<u>}</u>	Values and Conditions
	Client	Server	Server	Client	
					sequence of operations. The client and server MUST include this header for the last operation in such a sequence.
Date	may	may	must	may	per RFC 1123 [RFC1123] from RFC 2616 [RFC2616]
Pragma	must	not	must	not	"no-cache" only
Transfer- Encoding	must-if	must	must-if	must	"chunked" only . Header MUST be present if Content-Length is absent.
Upgrade	not	not	not	not	
Via	not	not	not	not	

2044 7.2 Request Headers

The following is a table for the request headers.

Request-Header Accept	Client may	Server must	Request Values and Conditions "application/ipp" only. This value is the default if the client omits it
Accept-Charset	not	not	Charset information is within the application/ipp entity
Accept-Encoding	may	must	empty and per RFC 2616 [RFC2616] and IANA registry for content-codings
Accept-Language	not	not	language information is within the application/ipp entity
Authorization	must-if	must	per RFC 2616. A client MUST send this header when it receives a 401 "Unauthorized" response and does not receive a "Proxy-Authenticate" header.
From	not	not	per RFC 2616. Because RFC recommends sending this header only with the user's approval, it is not very useful
Host	must	must	per RFC 2616
If-Match	not	not	

Request-Header If-Modified-Since	Client not	Server not	Request Values and Conditions
If-None-Match	not	not	
If-Range	not	not	
If-Unmodified-Since	not	not	
Max-Forwards	not	not	
Proxy-Authorization	must-if	not	per RFC 2616. A client MUST send this header when it receives a 401 "Unauthorized" response and a "Proxy-Authenticate" header.
Range	not	not	
Referrer	not	not	
User-Agent	not	not	

2046 7.3 Response Headers

The following is a table for the request headers.

Response-Header Accept-Ranges	Server not	Client not	Response Values and Conditions
Age	not	not	
Location	must-if	may	per RFC 2616. When URI needs redirection.
Proxy-Authenticate	not	must	per RFC 2616
Public	may	may	per RFC 2616
Retry-After	may	may	per RFC 2616
Server	not	not	
Vary	not	not	
Warning	may	may	per RFC 2616
WWW- Authenticate	must-if	must	per RFC 2616. When a server needs to authenticate a client.

2048 7.4 Entity Headers

The following is a table for the entity headers.

Entity-Header	Request Client	Server	Response Server	Client	Values and Conditions
Allow	not	not	not	not	
Content-Base	not	not	not	not	
Content-Encoding	may	must	must	must	per RFC 2616 and IANA registry for content codings.
Content-Language	not	not	not	not	Application/ipp handles language
Content-Length	must-if	must	must-if	must	the length of the message-body per RFC 2616. Header MUST be present if Transfer- Encoding is absent
Content-Location	not	not	not	not	
Content-MD5	may	may	may	may	per RFC 2616
Content-Range	not	not	not	not	
Content-Type	must	must	must	must	"application/ipp" only
ETag	not	not	not	not	
Expires	not	not	not	not	
Last-Modified	not	not	not	not	

2050 7.5 Optional support for HTTP/1.0

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- IPP implementations consist of an HTTP layer and an IPP layer. In the following discussion, the term
 "client" refers to the HTTP client layer and the term "server" refers to the HTTP server layer. The Encoding
 and Transport document [IPP-PRO] requires that HTTP 1.1 MUST be supported by all clients and all
 servers. However, a client and/or a server implementation may choose to also support HTTP 1.0.
 - This option means that a server may choose to communicate with a (non-conforming) client that only supports HTTP 1.0. In such cases the server should not use any HTTP 1.1 specific parameters or features and should respond using HTTP version number 1.0.
 - This option also means that a client may choose to communicate with a (non-conforming) server that only supports HTTP 1.0. In such cases, if the server responds with an HTTP 'unsupported version number' to an HTTP 1.1 request, the client should retry using HTTP version number 1.0.

2061	7.6 HTTP/1.1 Chunking
2062	7.6.1 Disabling IPP Server Response Chunking
2063 2064 2065 2066	Clients MUST anticipate that the HTTP/1.1 server may chunk responses and MUST accept them in responses. However, a (non-conforming) HTTP client that is unable to accept chunked responses may attempt to request an HTTP 1.1 server not to use chunking in its response to an operation by using the following HTTP header:
2067	TE: identity
2068 2069	This mechanism should not be used by a server to disable a client from chunking a request, since chunking of document data is an important feature for clients to send long documents.
2070	7.6.2 Warning About the Support of Chunked Requests
2071	This section describes some problems with the use of chunked requests and HTTP/1.1 servers.
2072 2073 2074 2075 2076 2077 2078	The HTTP/1.1 standard [RFC2616] requires that conforming servers support chunked requests for any method. However, in spite of this requirement, some HTTP/1.1 implementations support chunked responses in the GET method, but do not support chunked POST method requests. Some HTTP/1.1 implementations that support CGI scripts [CGI] and/or servlets [Servlet] require that the client supply a Content-Length. These implementations might reject a chunked POST method and return a 411 status code (Length Required), might attempt to buffer the request and run out of room returning a 413 status code (Request Entity Too Large), or might successfully accept the chunked request.
2079 2080 2081 2082 2083	Because of this lack of conformance of HTTP servers to the HTTP/1.1 standard, the IPP standard [IPP-PRO] REQUIRES that a conforming IPP Printer object implementation support chunked requests and that conforming clients accept chunked responses. Therefore, IPP object implementers are warned to seek HTTP server implementations that support chunked POST requests in order to conform to the IPP standard and/or use implementation techniques that support chunked POST requests.
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10 Notices

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- 2193 WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
- 2194 11 Change History (to be removed at time of RFC publishing)
- 2195 The change history is in *reverse* chronological order:
- 2196 11.1 Changes from 000509 to 000530
- 2197 The following changes were made to the 5/09/00 version to make the 5/30/00 version:
- 1. <u>Added section 5.1 on General Directory Considerations which includes references to SLP and LDPA</u>
- 2199 Printer schemas and their introduction of the "printer-xri-supported" attribute which combines "printer-
- 2200 <u>uri-supported", "uri-security-supported", and "uri-authentication-supported" attributes.</u>
- 2201 11.2 Changes from 990927 to 000509

- The following changes were made to the 9/27/99 version to make the 5/09/00 version:
- 1. Table 5 Corrected some attributes returned by Send-Document and Send-URI to be the same as Print-Job as in [ipp-mod].
- 2. Corrected several uses of 'client-error-bad-syntax' to be 'client-error-bad-request' as in the [ipp-mod].
- 3. Added section 3.1.3.1.8.1 to clarify what Resume-Printer does if the Printer is unable to resume the output device and section 3.1.3.1.8.2 about the "printer-state" for such a condition.
- 4. Added section 3.3.2 to indicate that on a Restart-Job that a Printer MUST re-fetch the document data when the job was created with Print-URI or Send-URI.
- 5. Section 4.1.4 clarified that the length field for 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' does *not* include the language field, so that the same maximum length of the data applies to the WithLanguage as
- the WithoutLanguage types, not counting the language field.
- 6. Added section 4.5 about empty jobs, i.e., with no documents. They are processed as any other job, possibly producing start and/or end sheets.
- 2215 11.3 Changes from 990914 to 990927
- 2216 1. Add comments about this document is also IPP/1.0 relevant.
- 2217 2. Section 4.1.3: Add more examples of URI's with the port 631 and the ipp scheme.
- 3. Section 4.4.3: Move the DNS stuff to the 'how to compare URI's.
- 4. Section 4.4.3.2: Swap lines, first tell about the forgiven printer and then what the printer is allowed to do.
- 5. Fixed some errors in the Summary Attribute tables 1-5 and broke them into five portrait tables, so that it can be made into plain text for INTERNET-DRAFTS.
- 2223 11.4 Changes from 990726 to 990914:
- 2224 1. Added IPP/1.1 operations and attributes to table 1.
- 2225 2. Validate version: Added text and table from issue 32
- 2226 3. Printer-uri-supported: Added section 4.4.3
- 2227 4. Added IPP/1.1 operations to section 3.1.2.1.4.3
- 5. Added answer to question "Should the server wait for the "last-document" operation attribute set to true' before starting to "process" the job?" in section 3.2.4

- 6. Changed 'server-error-uri-scheme-not-supported' to 'client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported' in section 3.1.2.1.5 when talking about the 'document-uri' attribute.
- 7. Added 'Suggested Operation Processing Steps' and 'Suggested Additional Processing Steps for Operations that Create/Validate Jobs and Add Document' flow-chart overview.
- 2234 11.5 Changes to produce the February 12, 1999 version from the January 8, 1999 version:
- 1. Section 2.2.1.5: added check for document not found or accessible in Print-URI and Send-URI
- 2. Section 3.6.2: Clarified that the IPP standard requires that servers MUST accept chunked requests and that clients MUST accept chunked responses, in spite of the lack of conformance of HTTP servers to the HTTP/1.1 requirement to support chunking.
- 2239 11.6 Changes to produce the January 8, 1999 version from the December 6, 1998 version:
- 1. Added section 3.6.2: Warning About the Use of Chunked Requests with CGI Script Implementations
- 2. Section 2.2.1.2: changed "printer-operations-supported" to "operations-supported".
- 3. Section 2.2.1.6: changed "job-media-supported" to "job-media-sheets-supported"
- 4. Section 2.2.3: separated the validation checks for variable length attributes into two separate tests: one for correct attribute syntax and one for correct length.
- 5. Section 2.2.3: changed "multiple-document-handling-supported" to "printer-resolution-supported"
- 6. Section 2.6.1: recommended that an IPP object also support US-ASCII charset.
- 7. Section 3: Clarified that a server is not required to send a response until after it has received the client's entire request, but recommend that the server return a response as soon as possible if an error is detected while the client is still sending the data, rather than waiting until all of the data is received. Also recommended that a client listen for an error response that an IPP server MAY send before it receives all the data.
- 2253 11.7 Changes to produce the December 6, 1998 version from the November 16, 1998 version:
- Included all of the remaining agreed issues raised before the November 16, 1998 production of the Internet-
- Drafts for IPP/1.0 that included adding explanations to the Implementers Guide.
- 2256 Changes from 990422 to 990726:
- 2257 1. Encoding and Transport: Address issues 4, 5, 20 from Issues-raised-at-Bake-Off2.doc

- 2. Decide whether to accept or reject the request: discuss issues 6, 9, 10
- 3. Get-Printer-Attributes: add notes about printer-make-and-model and .INF files; issue 7
- 4. Create-Job: clarify job-incoming vs. data-insufficient; issue 13
- 5. Get-Printer Attributes: polling -- issue 16
- 2262 6. Job Description Attributes: ways to get time; issue 17
- 7. Validate the values of the Job Template Attributes: clarify zero-length keywords; issue 22
- 8. Validate Optional Operation Attributes: Note about checking for compression in IPP/1.0; issue 28
- 9. Validate version number: advantages to backward compatibility; issue 33
- 2266 10. Note: examples for issue 2 seem to be covered sufficiently in the new MOD doc.