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15 Internet Printing Protocol/1.10: Model and Semantics  
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30 Abstract

31 This document is one of a set of documents, which together describe all aspects of a new Internet  
32 Printing Protocol (IPP). IPP is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing  
33 using Internet tools and technologies. This document describes a simplified model consisting of abstract  
34 objects, their attributes, and their operations that is independent of encoding and transport. The model  
35 consists of a Printer and a Job object. A Job optionally supports multiple documents. IPP 1.10  
36 semantics allow end-users and operators to query printer capabilities, submit print jobs, inquire about the  
37 status of print jobs and printers, ~~and~~ cancel, hold, release, and restart print jobs. IPP 1.1 semantics allow

38 [operators to pause, resume, and purge \(jobs from\) Printer objects.](#) This document also addresses  
39 security, internationalization, and directory issues.

40 The full set of IPP documents includes:

- 41 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [IPP-REQ]
- 42 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [IPP-RAT]
- 43 Internet Printing Protocol/1.10: Model and Semantics (this document)
- 44 Internet Printing Protocol/1.10: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
- 45 Internet Printing Protocol/1.10: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]
- 46 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [IPP LPD]

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48 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing  
49 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be  
50 included in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end  
51 users, operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in  
52 IPP/1.0. Operator and administrator requirements are out of scope for version 1.0. [A few OPTIONAL  
53 operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.](#)

54 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document  
55 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of  
56 IPP specifications, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major decisions.

57 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.10: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the  
58 abstract operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1. It defines the encoding  
59 rules for a new Internet [MIME](#) media type called "application/ipp". [This document also defines the rules  
60 for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This document  
61 defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs. Finally, this document defines  
62 rules for supporting IPP/1.0 clients.](#)

63 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.10: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to  
64 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.10 and some  
65 of the considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations.  
66 For example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for  
67 some of the specification decisions is also included.

68 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of  
69 gateways between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

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329 ~~——~~152

330

## 331 1. Introduction

332 The Internet Printing Protocol (IPP) is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed  
333 printing using Internet tools and technologies. IPP version 1.10 (IPP/1.10) focuses only on end user  
334 functionality. This document is just one of a suite of documents that fully define IPP. The full set of  
335 IPP documents includes:

- 336 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [IPP-REQ]
- 337 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [IPP-RAT]
- 338 Internet Printing Protocol/1.10: Model and Semantics (this document)
- 339 Internet Printing Protocol/1.10: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
- 340 Internet Printing Protocol/1.10: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]
- 341 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [IPP-LPD]

342

343 Anyone reading these documents for the first time is strongly encouraged to read the IPP documents in  
344 the above order.

345 This document is laid out as follows:

- 346 - The rest of Section 1 is an introduction to the IPP simplified model for distributed printing.
- 347 - Section 2 introduces the object types covered in the model with their basic behaviors, attributes,  
348 and interactions.
- 349 - Section 3 defines the operations included in IPP/4.01.1. IPP operations are synchronous, therefore,  
350 for each operation, there is a both request and a response.
- 351 - Section 4 defines the attributes (and their syntaxes) that are used in the model.
- 352 - Sections 5 - 6 summarizes the implementation conformance requirements for objects that support  
353 the protocol and IANA considerations, respectively.
- 354 - Sections 7 - 12 cover the Internationalization and Security considerations as well as References,  
355 [Intellectual Property Notice](#), Copyright Notice, Author contact information, and Formats for  
356 Registration Proposals.
- 357 - Sections 13 - 15 are appendices that cover Terminology, Status Codes and Messages, and "media"  
358 keyword values.

359 Note: This document uses terms such as "attributes", "keywords", and "support". These  
360 terms have special meaning and are defined in the model terminology section 13.2.  
361 Capitalized terms, such as MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD  
362 NOT, MAY, NEED NOT, and OPTIONAL, have special meaning relating to  
363 conformance. These terms are defined in section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most  
364 of which is taken from RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

- 365 - Section 16 is an appendix that helps to clarify the effects of interactions between related attributes  
366 and their values.
- 367 - Section 17 is an appendix that enumerates the subset of Printer attributes that form a generic  
368 directory schema. These attributes are useful when registering a Printer so that a client can find  
369 the Printer not just by name, but by filtered searches as well.

370 - Section 18 is an appendix ~~that provides a Change History~~ summarizing the ~~clarification~~ additions  
371 and changes from the IPP/1.0 "Model and Semantics" specification [IPP-MOD1.0] to make this  
372 IPP/1.1 document ~~that might affect an implementation since the June 30, 1998 draft.~~

## 373 1.1 Simplified Printing Model

374 In order to achieve its goal of realizing a workable printing protocol for the Internet, the Internet Printing  
375 Protocol (IPP) is based on a simplified printing model that abstracts the many components of real world  
376 printing solutions. The Internet is a distributed computing environment where requesters of print  
377 services (clients, applications, printer drivers, etc.) cooperate and interact with print service providers.  
378 This model and semantics document describes a simple, abstract model for IPP even though the  
379 underlying configurations may be complex "n-tier" client/server systems. An important simplifying step  
380 in the IPP model is to expose only the key objects and interfaces required for printing. The model  
381 described in this model document does not include features, interfaces, and relationships that are beyond  
382 the scope of the first version of IPP (IPP/1.0). IPP/1.1 incorporates many of the relevant ideas and  
383 lessons learned from other specification and development efforts [HTPP] [ISO10175] [LDPA]  
384 [P1387.4] [PSIS] [RFC1179] [SWP]. IPP is heavily influenced by the printing model introduced in the  
385 Document Printing Application (DPA) [ISO10175] standard. Although DPA specifies both end user and  
386 administrative features, IPP version 1.1 (IPP/1.1) focuses only primarily on end user functionality  
387 with a few additional OPTIONAL operator operations.

388 The IPP/1.1 model encapsulates the important components of distributed printing into two object  
389 types:

- 390 - Printer (Section 2.1)
- 391 - Job (Section 2.2)

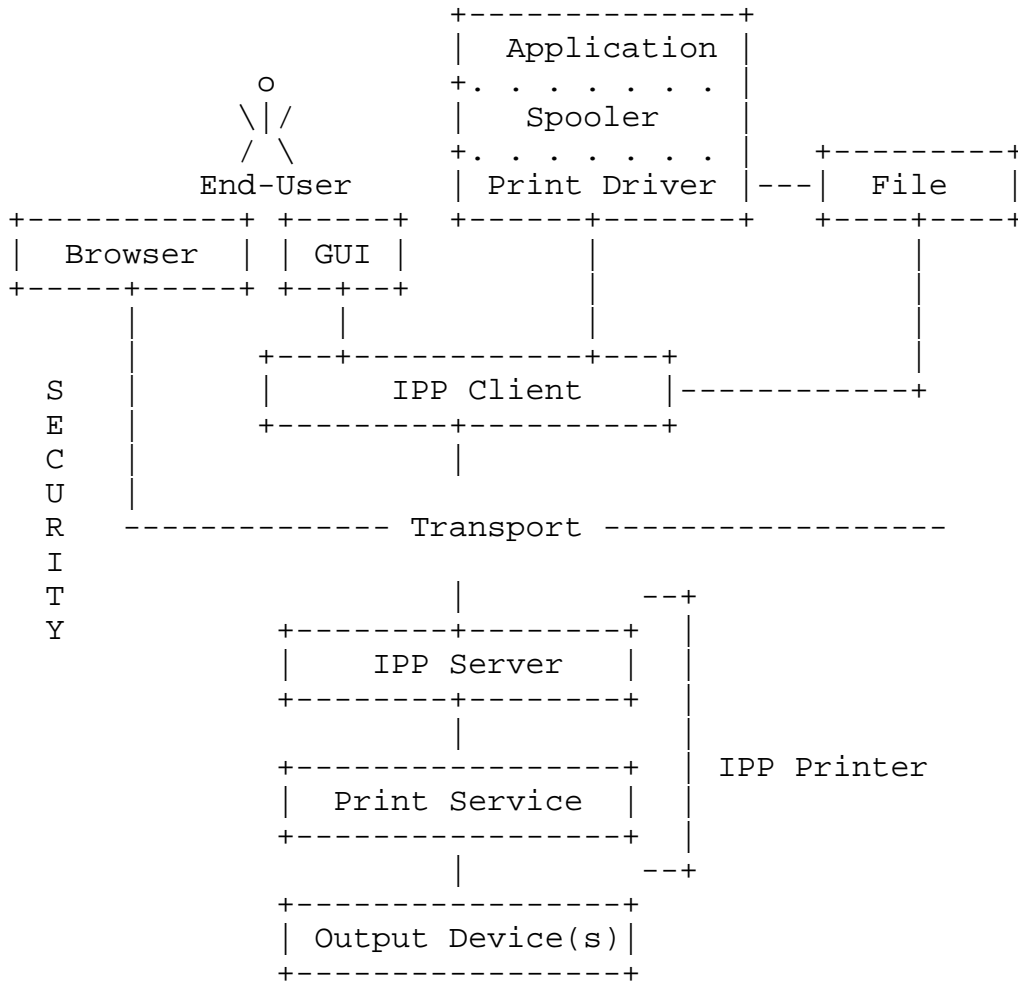
392

393 Each object type has an associated set of operations (see section 3) and attributes (see section 3.3.5).

394 It is important, however, to understand that in real system implementations (which lie underneath the  
395 abstracted IPP/1.1 model), there are other components of a print service which are not explicitly  
396 defined in the IPP/1.1 model. The following figure illustrates where IPP/1.1 fits with respect to  
397 these other components.

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429 An IPP Printer object encapsulates the functions normally associated with physical output devices along  
430 with the spooling, scheduling and multiple device management functions often associated with a print  
431 server. Printer objects are optionally registered as entries in a directory where end users find and select  
432 them based on some sort of filtered and context based searching mechanism (see section 17). The  
433 directory is used to store relatively static information about the Printer, allowing end users to search for  
434 and find Printers that match their search criteria, for example: name, context, printer capabilities, etc.  
435 The more dynamic information, such as state, currently loaded and ready media, number of jobs at the  
436 Printer, errors, warnings, and so forth, is directly associated with the Printer object itself rather than with  
437 the entry in the directory which only represents the Printer object.

438 IPP clients implement the IPP protocol on the client side and give end users (or programs running on  
439 behalf of end users) the ability to query Printer objects and submit and manage print jobs. An IPP server  
440 is just that part of the Printer object that implements the server-side protocol. The rest of the Printer  
441 object implements (or gateways into) the application semantics of the print service itself. The Printer  
442 objects may be embedded in an output device or may be implemented on a host on the network that  
443 communicates with an output device.

444 When a job is submitted to the Printer object and the Printer object validates the attributes in the  
445 submission request, the Printer object creates a new Job object. The end user then interacts with this  
446 new Job object to query its status and monitor the progress of the job. An end users may can also cancel  
447 their print jobs by using the Job object's Cancel-Job operation. An end-user can also hold, release, and  
448 restart their print jobs using the Job object's OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job  
449 operations, if implemented.

450 A privileged operator or administrator of a Printer object can cancel, hold, release, and restart any user's  
451 job using the REQUIRED Cancel-Job and the OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job  
452 operations. In additional privileged operator or administrator of a Printer object can pause, resume, or  
453 purge (jobs from) a Printer object using the OPTIONAL Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs  
454 operations, if implemented.

455 The notification service is out of scope for this IPP/1.01.1 specification, but using such a notification  
456 service, the end user is able to register for and receive Printer specific and Job specific events. An end  
457 user can query the status of Printer objects and can follow the progress of Job objects by polling using  
458 the Get-Printer-Attributes, Get-Jobs, and Get-Job-Attributes operations.

## 459 2. IPP Objects

460 The IPP/1.01.1 model introduces objects of type Printer and Job. Each type of object models relevant  
461 aspects of a real-world entity such as a real printer or real print job. Each object type is defined as a set  
462 of possible attributes that may be supported by instances of that object type. For each object (instance),  
463 the actual set of supported attributes and values describe a specific implementation. The object's  
464 attributes and values describe its state, capabilities, realizable features, job processing functions, and  
465 default behaviors and characteristics. For example, the Printer object type is defined as a set of attributes  
466 that each Printer object potentially supports. In the same manner, the Job object type is defined as a set  
467 of attributes that are potentially supported by each Job object.

468 Each attribute included in the set of attributes defining an object type is labeled as:

- 469 - "REQUIRED": each object MUST support the attribute.
- 470 - "OPTIONAL": each object MAY support the attribute.

471

472 There is no such similar labeling of attribute values. However, if an implementation supports an  
473 attribute, it MUST support at least one of the possible values for that attribute.

### 474 2.1 Printer Object

475 The major component of the IPP/1.01.1 model is the Printer object. A Printer object implements the  
476 server-side of the IPP/1.01.1 protocol. Using the protocol, end users may query the attributes of the  
477 Printer object and submit print jobs to the Printer object. The actual implementation components behind  
478 the Printer abstraction may take on different forms and different configurations. However, the model

479 abstraction allows the details of the configuration of real components to remain opaque to the end user.  
480 Section 3 describes each of the Printer operations in detail.

481 The capabilities and state of a Printer object are described by its attributes. Printer attributes are divided  
482 into two groups:

- 483 - "job-template" attributes: These attributes describe supported job processing capabilities and  
484 defaults for the Printer object. (See section 4.2)
  - 485 - "printer-description" attributes: These attributes describe the Printer object's identification, state,  
486 location, references to other sources of information about the Printer object, etc. (see section 4.4)
- 487

488 Since a Printer object is an abstraction of a generic document output device and print service provider, a  
489 Printer object could be used to represent any real or virtual device with semantics consistent with the  
490 Printer object, such as a fax device, an imager, or even a CD writer.

491 Some examples of configurations supporting a Printer object include:

- 492 1) An output device with no spooling capabilities
  - 493 2) An output device with a built-in spooler
  - 494 3) A print server supporting IPP with one or more associated output devices
    - 495 3a) The associated output devices may or may not be capable of spooling jobs
    - 496 3b) The associated output devices may or may not support IPP
- 497

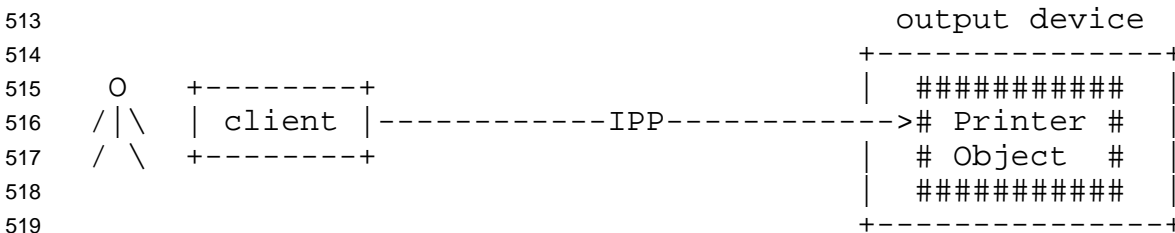
498 The following figures show some examples of how Printer objects can be realized on top of various  
499 distributed printing configurations. The embedded case below represents configurations 1 and 2. The  
500 hosted and fan-out figures below represent configurations 3a and 3b.

501 Legend:

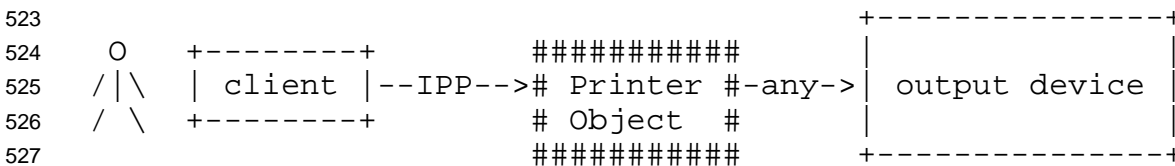
502  
503 ##### indicates a Printer object which is  
504 either embedded in an output device or is  
505 hosted in a server. The Printer object  
506 might or might not be capable of queuing/spooling.

507  
508 any indicates any network protocol or direct  
509 connect, including IPP

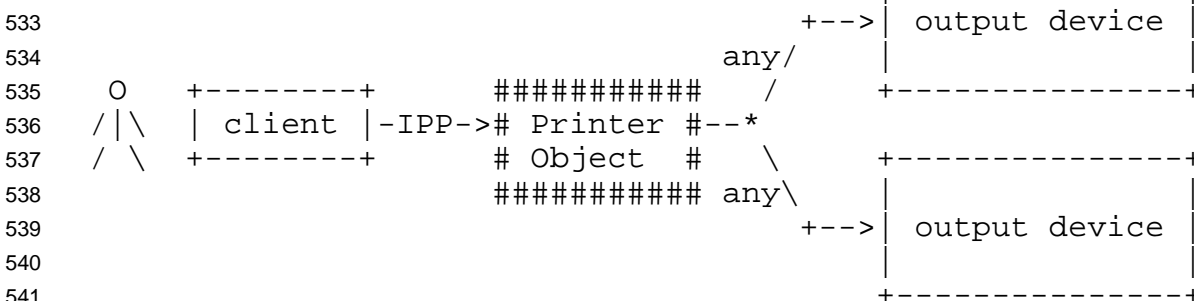
510  
511  
512 embedded printer:



522 hosted printer:



531  
532 fan out:



544 2.2 Job Object

545 A Job object is used to model a print job. A Job object contains documents. The information required  
546 to create a Job object is sent in a create request from the end user via an IPP Client to the Printer object.

547 The Printer object validates the create request, and if the Printer object accepts the request, the Printer  
548 object creates the new Job object. Section 3 describes each of the Job operations in detail.

549 The characteristics and state of a Job object are described by its attributes. Job attributes are grouped  
550 into two groups as follows:

- 551 - "job-template" attributes: These attributes can be supplied by the client or end user and include job  
552 processing instructions which are intended to override any Printer object defaults and/or  
553 instructions embedded within the document data. (See section 4.2)
- 554 - "job-description" attributes: These attributes describe the Job object's identification, state, size, etc.  
555 The client supplies some of these attributes, and the Printer object generates others. (See section  
556 4.3)

557  
558 An implementation **MUST** support at least one document per Job object. An implementation **MAY**  
559 support multiple documents per Job object. A document is either:

- 560 - a stream of document data in a format supported by the Printer object (typically a Page Description  
561 Language - PDL), or
- 562 - a reference to such a stream of document data

563  
564 In IPP/1.01.1, a document is not modeled as an IPP object, therefore it has no object identifier or  
565 associated attributes. All job processing instructions are modeled as Job object attributes. These  
566 attributes are called Job Template attributes and they apply equally to all documents within a Job object.

## 567 2.3 Object Relationships

568 IPP objects have relationships that are maintained persistently along with the persistent storage of the  
569 object attributes.

570 A Printer object can represent either one or more physical output devices or a logical device which  
571 "processes" jobs but never actually uses a physical output device to put marks on paper. Examples of  
572 logical devices include a Web page publisher or a gateway into an online document archive or  
573 repository. A Printer object contains zero or more Job objects.

574 A Job object is contained by exactly one Printer object, however the identical document data associated  
575 with a Job object could be sent to either the same or a different Printer object. In this case, a second Job  
576 object would be created which would be almost identical to the first Job object, however it would have  
577 new (different) Job object identifiers (see section 2.4).

578 A Job object is either empty (before any documents have been added) or contains one or more  
579 documents. If the contained document is a stream of document data, that stream can be contained in  
580 only one document. However, there can be identical copies of the stream in other documents in the same  
581 or different Job objects. If the contained document is just a reference to a stream of document data,  
582 other documents (in the same or different Job object(s)) may contain the same reference.



## 583 2.4 Object Identity

584 All Printer and Job objects are identified by a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) [RFC2396] so that they  
585 can be persistently and unambiguously referenced. The notion of a URI is a useful concept, however,  
586 until the notion of URI is more stable (i.e., defined more completely and deployed more widely), it is  
587 expected that the URIs used for IPP objects will actually be URLs [RFC2396]. Since every URL is a  
588 specialized form of a URI, even though the more generic term URI is used throughout the rest of this  
589 document, its usage is intended to cover the more specific notion of URL as well.

590 An administrator configures Printer objects to either support or not support authentication and/or  
591 message privacy using ~~TLSSSL3~~ [TLSSSL] (the mechanism for security configuration is outside the  
592 scope of [this IPP/4.01.1 document](#)). In some situations, both types of connections (both authenticated  
593 and unauthenticated) can be established using a single communication channel that has some sort of  
594 negotiation mechanism. In other situations, multiple communication channels are used, one for each  
595 type of security configuration. Section 8 provides a full description of all security considerations and  
596 configurations.

597 If a Printer object supports more than one communication channel, some or all of those channels might  
598 support and/or require different security mechanisms. In such cases, an administrator could expose the  
599 simultaneous support for these multiple communication channels as multiple URIs for a single Printer  
600 object where each URI represents one of the communication channels to the Printer object. To support  
601 this flexibility, the IPP Printer object type defines a multi-valued identification attribute called the  
602 "printer-uri-supported" attribute. It MUST contain at least one URI. It MAY contain more than one  
603 URI. That is, every Printer object will have at least one URI that identifies at least one communication  
604 channel to the Printer object, but it may have more than one URI where each URI identifies a different  
605 communication channel to the Printer object. The "printer-uri-supported" attribute has a companion  
606 attribute, the "uri-security-supported" attribute, that has the same cardinality as "printer-uri-supported".  
607 The purpose of the "uri-security-supported" attribute is to indicate the security mechanisms (if any) used  
608 for each URI listed in "printer-uri-supported". These two attributes are fully described in sections 4.4.1  
609 and 4.4.2.

610 When a job is submitted to the Printer object via a create request, the client supplies only a single Printer  
611 object URI. The client supplied Printer object URI MUST be one of the values in the "printer-uri-  
612 supported" Printer attribute.

613 Note: [IPP/4.01.1](#) does not specify how the client obtains the client supplied URI, but it is  
614 RECOMMENDED that a Printer object be registered as an entry in a directory service. End-users and  
615 programs can then interrogate the directory searching for Printers. Section 17 defines a generic schema  
616 for Printer object entries in the directory service and describes how the entry acts as a bridge to the actual  
617 IPP Printer object. The entry in the directory that represents the IPP Printer object includes the possibly  
618 many URIs for that Printer object as values in one its attributes.

619 When a client submits a create request to the Printer object, the Printer object validates the request and  
620 creates a new Job object. The Printer object assigns the new Job object a URI which is stored in the  
621 "job-uri" Job attribute. This URI is then used by clients as the target for subsequent Job operations. The

622 Printer object generates a Job URI based on its configured security policy and the URI used by the client  
623 in the create request.

624 For example, consider a Printer object that supports both a communication channel secured by the use of  
625 SSL3 (using HTTP over SSL3 with an "https" schemed URI) and another open communication channel  
626 that is not secured with SSL3 (using a simple "http" schemed URI). If a client were to submit a job  
627 using the secure URI, the Printer object would assign the new Job object a secure URI as well. If a client  
628 were to submit a job using the open-channel URI, the Printer would assign the new Job object an open-  
629 channel URI.

630 In addition, the Printer object also populates the Job object's "job-printer-uri" attribute. This is a  
631 reference back to the Printer object that created the Job object. If a client only has access to a Job  
632 object's "job-uri" identifier, the client can query the Job's "job-printer-uri" attribute in order to determine  
633 which Printer object created the Job object. If the Printer object supports more than one URI, the Printer  
634 object picks the one URI supplied by the client when creating the job to build the value for and to  
635 populate the Job's "job-printer-uri" attribute.

636 Allowing Job objects to have URIs allows for flexibility and scalability. For example, in some  
637 implementations, the Printer object might create Jobs that are processed in the same local environment  
638 as the Printer object itself. In this case, the Job URI might just be a composition of the Printer's URI and  
639 some unique component for the Job object, such as the unique 32-bit positive integer mentioned later in  
640 this paragraph. In other implementations, the Printer object might be a central clearing-house for  
641 validating all Job object creation requests, but the Job object itself might be created in some environment  
642 that is remote from the Printer object. In this case, the Job object's URI may have no physical-location  
643 relationship at all to the Printer object's URI. Again, the fact that Job objects have URIs allows for  
644 flexibility and scalability, however, many existing printing systems have local models or interface  
645 constraints that force print jobs to be identified using only a 32-bit positive integer rather than an  
646 independent URI. This numeric Job ID is only unique within the context of the Printer object to which  
647 the create request was originally submitted. Therefore, in order to allow both types of client access to  
648 IPP Job objects (either by Job URI or by numeric Job ID), when the Printer object successfully processes  
649 a create request and creates a new Job object, the Printer object MUST generate both a Job URI and a  
650 Job ID. The Job ID (stored in the "job-id" attribute) only has meaning in the context of the Printer object  
651 to which the create request was originally submitted. This requirement to support both Job URIs and Job  
652 IDs allows all types of clients to access Printer objects and Job objects no matter the local constraints  
653 imposed on the client implementation.

654 In addition to identifiers, Printer objects and Job objects have names ("printer-name" and "job-name").  
655 An object name NEED NOT be unique across all instances of all objects. A Printer object's name is  
656 chosen and set by an administrator through some mechanism outside the scope of [this IPP/1.10.1](#)  
657 [document](#). A Job object's name is optionally chosen and supplied by the IPP client submitting the job.  
658 If the client does not supply a Job object name, the Printer object generates a name for the new Job  
659 object. In all cases, the name only has local meaning.

660 To summarize:

- 661 - Each Printer object is identified with one or more URIs. The Printer's "printer-uri-supported"  
662 attribute contains the URI(s).

- 663 - The Printer object's "uri-security-supported" attribute identifies the communication channel security  
664 protocols that may or may not have been configured for the various Printer object URIs (e.g.,  
665 ['ssl3tls'](#) or ['none'](#)).
- 666 - Each Job object is identified with a Job URI. The Job's "job-uri" attribute contains the URI.
- 667 - Each Job object is also identified with Job ID which is a 32-bit, positive integer. The Job's "job-id"  
668 attribute contains the Job ID. The Job ID is only unique within the context of the Printer object  
669 which created the Job object.
- 670 - Each Job object has a "job-printer-uri" attribute which contains the URI of the Printer object that  
671 was used to create the Job object. This attribute is used to determine the Printer object that  
672 created a Job object when given only the URI for the Job object. This linkage is necessary to  
673 determine the languages, charsets, and operations which are supported on that Job (the basis for  
674 such support comes from the creating Printer object).
- 675 - Each Printer object has a name (which is not necessarily unique). The administrator chooses and  
676 sets this name through some mechanism outside the scope of [this IPP/4.01.1 document itself](#). The  
677 Printer object's "printer-name" attribute contains the name.
- 678 - Each Job object has a name (which is not necessarily unique). The client optionally supplies this  
679 name in the create request. If the client does not supply this name, the Printer object generates a  
680 name for the Job object. The Job object's "job-name" attribute contains the name.

### 681 3. IPP Operations

682 IPP objects support operations. An operation consists of a request and a response. When a client  
683 communicates with an IPP object, the client issues an operation request to the URI for that object.  
684 Operation requests and responses have parameters that identify the operation. Operations also have  
685 attributes that affect the run-time characteristics of the operation (the intended target, localization  
686 information, etc.). These operation-specific attributes are called operation attributes (as compared to  
687 object attributes such as Printer object attributes or Job object attributes). Each request carries along  
688 with it any operation attributes, object attributes, and/or document data required to perform the  
689 operation. Each request requires a response from the object. Each response indicates success or failure  
690 of the operation with a status code as a response parameter. The response contains any operation  
691 attributes, object attributes, and/or status messages generated during the execution of the operation  
692 request.

693 This section describes the semantics of the IPP operations, both requests and responses, in terms of the  
694 parameters, attributes, and other data associated with each operation.

695 The IPP/[4.01.1](#) Printer operations are:

- 696 Print-Job (section 3.2.1)
- 697 Print-URI (section 3.2.2)
- 698 Validate-Job (section 3.2.3)
- 699 Create-Job (section 3.2.4)
- 700 Get-Printer-Attributes (section 3.2.5)
- 701 Get-Jobs (section 3.2.6)
- 702 [Pause-Printer \(section 3.3.5\)](#)

703 [Resume-Printer \(section 3.3.6\)](#)

704 [Purge-Jobs \(section 3.3.7\)](#)

705

706 The Job operations are:

707 Send-Document (section 3.3.1)

708 Send-URI (section 3.3.2)

709 Cancel-Job (section 3.3.3)

710 Get-Job-Attributes (section 3.3.4)

711 [Hold-Job \(section 3.3.5\)](#)

712 [Release-Job \(section 3.3.6\)](#)

713 [Restart-Job \(section 3.3.7\)](#)

714

715 The Send-Document and Send-URI Job operations are used to add a new document to an existing multi-  
716 document Job object created using the Create-Job operation.

### 717 3.1 Common Semantics

718 All IPP operations require some common parameters and operation attributes. These common elements  
719 and their semantic characteristics are defined and described in more detail in the following sections.

#### 720 3.1.1 Required Parameters

721 Every operation request contains the following REQUIRED parameters:

722 - a "version-number",

723 - an "operation-id",

724 - a "request-id", and

725 - the attributes that are REQUIRED for that type of request.

726

727 Every operation response contains the following REQUIRED parameters:

728 - a "version-number",

729 - a "status-code",

730 - the "request-id" that was supplied in the corresponding request, and

731 - the attributes that are REQUIRED for that type of response.

732

733 The "[E](#)ncoding and [T](#)ransport document [IPP-PRO] defines special rules for the encoding of these  
734 parameters. All other operation elements are represented using the more generic encoding rules for  
735 attributes and groups of attributes.

#### 736 3.1.2 Operation IDs and Request IDs

737 Each IPP operation request includes an identifying "operation-id" value. Valid values are defined in the  
738 "operations-supported" Printer attribute section (see section 4.4.13). The client specifies which  
739 operation is being requested by supplying the correct "operation-id" value.

740 In addition, every invocation of an operation is identified by a "request-id" value. For each request, the  
741 client chooses the "request-id" which MUST be an integer (possibly unique depending on client  
742 requirements) in the range from 1 to  $2^{31} - 1$  (inclusive). This "request-id" allows clients to manage  
743 multiple outstanding requests. The receiving IPP object copies all 32-bits of the client-supplied "request-  
744 id" attribute into the response so that the client can match the response with the correct outstanding  
745 request, even if the "request-id" is out of range. If the request is terminated before the complete  
746 "request-id" is received, the IPP object rejects the request and returns a response with a "request-id" of 0.

747 Note: In some cases, the transport protocol underneath IPP might be a connection oriented protocol that  
748 would make it impossible for a client to receive responses in any order other than the order in which the  
749 corresponding requests were sent. In such cases, the "request-id" attribute would not be essential for  
750 correct protocol operation. However, in other mappings, the operation responses can come back in any  
751 order. In these cases, the "request-id" would be essential.

### 752 3.1.3 Attributes

753 Operation requests and responses are both composed of groups of attributes and/or document data. The  
754 attributes groups are:

- 755 - Operation Attributes: These attributes are passed in the operation and affect the IPP object's  
756 behavior while processing the operation request and may affect other attributes or groups of  
757 attributes. Some operation attributes describe the document data associated with the print job  
758 and are associated with new Job objects, however most operation attributes do not persist beyond  
759 the life of the operation. The description of each operation attribute includes conformance  
760 statements indicating which operation attributes are REQUIRED and which are OPTIONAL for  
761 an IPP object to support and which attributes a client MUST supply in a request and an IPP  
762 object MUST supply in a response.
- 763 - Job Template Attributes: These attributes affect the processing of a job. A client OPTIONALLY  
764 supplies Job Template Attributes in a create request, and the receiving object MUST be prepared  
765 to receive all supported attributes. The Job object can later be queried to find out what Job  
766 Template attributes were originally requested in the create request, and such attributes are  
767 returned in the response as Job Object Attributes. The Printer object can be queried about its Job  
768 Template attributes to find out what type of job processing capabilities are supported and/or what  
769 the default job processing behaviors are, though such attributes are returned in the response as  
770 Printer Object Attributes. The "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute affects processing of all  
771 client-supplied Job Template attributes (see sections 3.2.1.2 and 16 for a full description of "ipp-  
772 attribute-fidelity" and its relationship to other attributes).
- 773 - Job Object Attributes: These attributes are returned in response to a query operation directed at a  
774 Job object.
- 775 - Printer Object Attributes: These attributes are returned in response to a query operation directed at a  
776 Printer object.
- 777 - Unsupported Attributes: In a create request, the client supplies a set of Operation and Job Template  
778 attributes. If any of these attributes or their values is unsupported by the Printer object, the  
779 Printer object returns the set of unsupported attributes in the response. Sections 3.2.1.2 and 16  
780 gives a full description of how Job Template attributes supplied by the client in a create request  
781 are processed by the Printer object and how unsupported attributes are returned to the client.

782           Because of extensibility, any IPP object might receive a request that contains new or unknown  
783           attributes or values for which it has no support. In such cases, the IPP object processes what it  
784           can and returns the unsupported attributes in the response.  
785

786           Later in this section, each operation is formally defined by identifying the allowed and expected groups  
787           of attributes for each request and response. The model identifies a specific order for each group in each  
788           request or response, but the attributes within each group may be in any order, unless specified otherwise.

789           Each attribute specification includes the attribute's name followed by the name of its attribute syntax(es)  
790           in parentheses. In addition, each 'integer' attribute is followed by the allowed range in parentheses,  
791           (m:n), for values of that attribute. Each 'text' or 'name' attribute is followed by the maximum size in  
792           octets in parentheses, (size), for values of that attribute. For more details on attribute syntax notation, see  
793           the descriptions of these attributes syntaxes in section 4.1.

794           Note: Document data included in the operation is not strictly an attribute, but it is treated as a special  
795           attribute group for ordering purposes. The only operations that support supplying the document data  
796           within an operation request are Print-Job and Send-Document. There are no operation responses that  
797           include document data.

798           Note: Some operations are REQUIRED for IPP objects to support; the others are OPTIONAL (see  
799           section 5.2.2). Therefore, before using an OPTIONAL operation, a client SHOULD first use the  
800           REQUIRED Get-Printer-Attributes operation to query the Printer's "operations-supported" attribute in  
801           order to determine which OPTIONAL Printer and Job operations are actually supported. The client  
802           SHOULD NOT use an OPTIONAL operation that is not supported. When an IPP object receives a  
803           request to perform an operation it does not support, it returns the 'server-error-operation-not-supported'  
804           status code (see section 14.1.5.2). An IPP object is non-conformant if it does not support a REQUIRED  
805           operation.

#### 806   3.1.4 Character Set and Natural Language Operation Attributes

807           Some Job and Printer attributes have values that are text strings and names intended for human  
808           understanding rather than machine understanding (see the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntax descriptions  
809           in section 4.1). The following sections describe two special Operation Attributes called "attributes-  
810           charset" and "attributes-natural-language". These attributes are always part of the Operation Attributes  
811           group. For most attribute groups, the order of the attributes within the group is not important. However,  
812           for these two attributes within the Operation Attributes group, the order is critical. The "attributes-  
813           charset" attribute MUST be the first attribute in the group and the "attributes-natural-language" attribute  
814           MUST be the second attribute in the group. In other words, these attributes MUST be supplied in every  
815           IPP request and response, they MUST come first in the group, and MUST come in the specified order.  
816           For job creation operations, the IPP Printer implementation saves these two attributes with the new Job  
817           object as Job Description attributes. For the sake of brevity in this document, these operation attribute  
818           descriptions are not repeated with every operation request and response, but have a reference back to this  
819           section instead.

## 820 3.1.4.1 Request Operation Attributes

821 The client MUST supply and the Printer object MUST support the following REQUIRED operation  
822 attributes in every IPP/1.0/1.1 operation request:

823 "attributes-charset" (charset):

824 This operation attribute identifies the charset (coded character set and encoding method) used by  
825 any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the client is supplying in this request. It also identifies the  
826 charset that the Printer object MUST use (if supported) for all 'text' and 'name' attributes and  
827 status messages that the Printer object returns in the response to this request. See Sections 4.1.1  
828 and 4.1.2 for the specification of the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes.

829  
830 All clients and IPP objects MUST support the 'utf-8' charset [RFC2044/2279] and MAY support  
831 additional charsets provided that they are registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. If the Printer object  
832 does not support the client supplied charset value, the Printer object MUST reject the request, set  
833 the "attributes-charset" to 'utf-8' in the response, and return the 'client-error-charset-not-  
834 supported' status code and any 'text' or 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset. The Printer  
835 object MUST indicate the charset(s) supported as the values of the "charset-supported" Printer  
836 attribute (see Section 4.4.15), so that the client can query to determine which charset(s) are  
837 supported.

838  
839 Note to client implementers: Since IPP objects are only required to support the 'utf-8' charset, in  
840 order to maximize interoperability with multiple IPP object implementations, a client may want  
841 to supply 'utf-8' in the "attributes-charset" operation attribute, even though the client is only  
842 passing and able to present a simpler charset, such as US-ASCII or ISO-8859-1. Then the client  
843 will have to filter out (or charset convert) those characters that are returned in the response that it  
844 cannot present to its user. On the other hand, if both the client and the IPP objects also support a  
845 charset in common besides utf-8, the client may want to use that charset in order to avoid charset  
846 conversion or data loss.

847  
848 See the 'charset' attribute syntax description in Section 4.1.7 for the syntax and semantic  
849 interpretation of the values of this attribute and for example values.

850  
851 "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

852 This operation attribute identifies the natural language used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that  
853 the client is supplying in this request. This attribute also identifies the natural language that the  
854 Printer object SHOULD use for all 'text' and 'name' attributes and status messages that the Printer  
855 object returns in the response to this request.

856  
857 There are no REQUIRED natural languages required for the Printer object to support. However,  
858 the Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute identifies the natural  
859 languages supported by the Printer object and any contained Job objects for all text strings  
860 generated by the IPP object. A client MAY query this attribute to determine which natural  
861 language(s) are supported for generated messages.

862

863 For any of the attributes for which the Printer object generates text, i.e., for the "job-state-  
864 message", "printer-state-message", and status messages (see Section 3.1.6), the Printer object  
865 MUST be able to generate these text strings in any of its supported natural languages. If the  
866 client requests a natural language that is not supported, the Printer object MUST return these  
867 generated messages in the Printer's configured natural language as specified by the Printer's  
868 "natural-language-configured" attribute" (see Section 4.4.16).

869  
870 For other 'text' and 'name' attributes supplied by the client, authentication system, operator,  
871 system administrator, or manufacturer (i.e., for "job-originating-user-name", "printer-name"  
872 (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-make-and-model" (text)), the  
873 Printer object is only required to support the configured natural language of the Printer identified  
874 by the Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute, though support of additional  
875 natural languages for these attributes is permitted.

876  
877 For any 'text' or 'name' attribute in the request that is in a different natural language than the value  
878 supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, the client MUST use the Natural  
879 Language Override mechanism (see sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2) for each such attribute value  
880 supplied. The client MAY use the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use  
881 it even when the value is in the same natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-  
882 natural-language" operation attribute of the request.

883  
884 The IPP object MUST accept any natural language and any Natural Language Override, whether  
885 the IPP object supports that natural language or not (and independent of the value of the "ipp-  
886 attribute-fidelity" Operation attribute). That is the IPP object accepts all client supplied values no  
887 matter what the values are in the Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported"  
888 attribute. That attribute, "generated-natural-language-supported", only applies to generated  
889 messages, not client supplied messages. The IPP object MUST remember that natural language  
890 for all client-supplied attributes, and when returning those attributes in response to a query, the  
891 IPP object MUST indicate that natural language.

892  
893 Each value whose attribute syntax type is 'text' or 'name' (see sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2) has an  
894 Associated Natural-Language. This document does not specify how this association is stored in a  
895 Printer or Job object. When such a value is encoded in a request or response, the natural  
896 language is either implicit or explicit:

- 897  
898 • In the implicit case, the value contains only the text/name value, and the language is  
899 specified by the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute in the request or  
900 response (see sections 4.1.1.1 textWithoutLanguage and 4.1.2.1  
901 nameWithoutLanguage).
- 902  
903 • In the explicit case (also known as the Natural-Language Override case), the value  
904 contains both the language and the text/name value (see sections 4.1.1.2  
905 textWithLanguage and 4.1.2.2 nameWithLanguage).

906



907 For example, the "job-name" attribute MAY be supplied by the client in a create request. The  
908 text value for this attribute will be in the natural language identified by the "attribute-natural-  
909 language" attribute, or if different, as identified by the Natural Language Override mechanism. If  
910 supplied, the IPP object will use the value of the "job-name" attribute to populate the Job object's  
911 "job-name" attribute. Whenever any client queries the Job object's "job-name" attribute, the IPP  
912 object returns the attribute as stored and uses the Natural Language Override mechanism to  
913 specify the natural language, if it is different from that reported in the "attributes-natural-  
914 language" operation attribute of the response. The IPP object MAY use the Natural Language  
915 Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it even when the value is in the same natural language  
916 as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the response.

917  
918 An IPP object MUST NOT reject a request based on a supplied natural language in an  
919 "attributes-natural-language" Operation attribute or in any attribute that uses the Natural  
920 Language Override.

921  
922 See the 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax description in section 4.1.8 for the syntax and semantic  
923 interpretation of the values of this attribute and for example values.

924  
925 Clients SHOULD NOT supply 'text' or 'name' attributes that use an illegal combination of natural  
926 language and charset. For example, suppose a Printer object supports charsets 'utf-8', 'iso-8859-1', and  
927 'iso-8859-7'. Suppose also, that it supports natural languages 'en' (English), 'fr' (French), and 'el' (Greek).  
928 Although the Printer object supports the charset 'iso-8859-1' and natural language 'el', it probably does  
929 not support the combination of Greek text strings using the 'iso-8859-1' charset. The Printer object  
930 handles this apparent incompatibility differently depending on the context in which it occurs:

- 931 - In a create request: If the client supplies a text or name attribute (for example, the "job-name"  
932 operation attribute) that uses an apparently incompatible combination, it is a client choice that  
933 does not affect the Printer object or its correct operation. Therefore, the Printer object simply  
934 accepts the client supplied value, stores it with the Job object, and responds back with the same  
935 combination whenever the client (or any client) queries for that attribute.
- 936 -In a query-type operation, like Get-Printer-Attributes: If the client requests an apparently  
937 incompatible combination, the Printer object responds (as described in section 3.1.4.2) using the  
938 Printer's configured natural language rather than the natural language requested by the client.

939  
940 In either case, the Printer object does not reject the request because of the apparent incompatibility. The  
941 potential incompatible combination of charset and natural language can occur either at the global  
942 operation level or at the Natural Language Override attribute-by-attribute level. In addition, since the  
943 response always includes explicit charset and natural language information, there is never any question  
944 or ambiguity in how the client interprets the response.

#### 945 3.1.4.2 Response Operation Attributes

946 The Printer object MUST supply and the client MUST support the following REQUIRED operation  
947 attributes in every IPP/4.01.1 operation response:

948 "attributes-charset" (charset):

949 This operation attribute identifies the charset used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the  
950 Printer object is returning in this response. The value in this response MUST be the same value  
951 as the "attributes-charset" operation attribute supplied by the client in the request. If this is not  
952 possible (i.e., the charset requested is not supported), the request would have been rejected. See  
953 "attributes-charset" described in Section 3.1.4.1 above.

954  
955 If the Printer object supports more than just the 'utf-8' charset, the Printer object MUST be able to  
956 code convert between each of the charsets supported on a highest fidelity possible basis in order  
957 to return the 'text' and 'name' attributes in the charset requested by the client. However, some  
958 information loss MAY occur during the charset conversion depending on the charsets involved.  
959 For example, the Printer object may convert from a UTF-8 'a' to a US-ASCII 'a' (with no loss of  
960 information), from an ISO Latin 1 CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE ACCENT to US-  
961 ASCII 'A' (losing the accent), or from a UTF-8 Japanese Kanji character to some ISO Latin 1  
962 error character indication such as '?', decimal code equivalent, or to the absence of a character,  
963 depending on implementation.

964  
965 Note: Whether an implementation that supports more than one charset stores the data in the  
966 charset supplied by the client or code converts to one of the other supported charsets, depends on  
967 implementation. The strategy should try to minimize loss of information during code conversion.  
968 On each response, such an implementation converts from its internal charset to that requested.

969  
970 "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

971 This operation attribute identifies the natural language used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that  
972 the IPP object is returning in this response. Unlike the "attributes-charset" operation attribute,  
973 the IPP object NEED NOT return the same value as that supplied by the client in the request.  
974 The IPP object MAY return the natural language of the Job object or the Printer's configured  
975 natural language as identified by the Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute,  
976 rather than the natural language supplied by the client. For any 'text' or 'name' attribute or status  
977 message in the response that is in a different natural language than the value returned in the  
978 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, the IPP object MUST use the Natural Language  
979 Override mechanism (see sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2) on each attribute value returned. The IPP  
980 object MAY use the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it even when  
981 the value is in the same natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-  
982 language" operation attribute of the response.

### 983 3.1.5 Operation Targets

984 All IPP operations are directed at IPP objects. For Printer operations, the operation is always directed at  
985 a Printer object using one of its URIs (i.e., one of the values in the Printer object's "printer-uri-  
986 supported" attribute). Even if the Printer object supports more than one URI, the client supplies only one  
987 URI as the target of the operation. The client identifies the target object by supplying the correct URI in  
988 the "printer-uri (uri)" operation attribute.

989 For Job operations, the operation is directed at either:

- 990 - The Job object itself using the Job object's URI. In this case, the client identifies the target object  
991 by supplying the correct URI in the "job-uri (uri)" operation attribute.  
992 - The Printer object that created the Job object using both the Printer objects URI and the Job object's  
993 Job ID. Since the Printer object that created the Job object generated the Job ID, it MUST be  
994 able to correctly associate the client supplied Job ID with the correct Job object. The client  
995 supplies the Printer object's URI in the "printer-uri (uri)" operation attribute and the Job object's  
996 Job ID in the "job-id (integer(1:MAX))" operation attribute.  
997

998 If the operation is directed at the Job object directly using the Job object's URI, the client MUST NOT  
999 include the redundant "job-id" operation attribute.

1000 The operation target attributes are REQUIRED operation attributes that MUST be included in every  
1001 operation request. Like the charset and natural language attributes (see section 3.1.4), the operation  
1002 target attributes are specially ordered operation attributes. In all cases, the operation target attributes  
1003 immediately follow the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes within the  
1004 operation attribute group, however the specific ordering rules are:

- 1005 - In the case where there is only one operation target attribute (i.e., either only the "printer-uri"  
1006 attribute or only the "job-uri" attribute), that attribute MUST be the third attribute in the  
1007 operation attributes group.  
1008 - In the case where Job operations use two operation target attributes (i.e., the "printer-uri" and "job-  
1009 id" attributes), the "printer-uri" attribute MUST be the third attribute and the "job-id" attribute  
1010 MUST be the fourth attribute.  
1011

1012 In all cases, the target URIs contained within the body of IPP operation requests and responses must be  
1013 in absolute format rather than relative format (a relative URL identifies a resource with the scope of the  
1014 HTTP server, but does not include scheme, host or port).

1015 The following rules apply to the use of port numbers in URIs that identify IPP objects:

- 1016 1. If the URI scheme allows the port number to be explicitly included in the URI string, and a port  
1017 number is specified within the URI, then that port number MUST be used by the client to contact  
1018 the IPP object.  
1019  
1020 2. If the URI scheme allows the port number to be explicitly included in the URI string, and a port  
1021 number is not specified within the URI, then default port number implied by that URI scheme  
1022 MUST be used by the client to contact the IPP object.  
1023  
1024 3. If the URI scheme does not allow an explicit port number to be specified within the URI, then the  
1025 default port number implied by that URI MUST be used by the client to contact the IPP object.  
1026

1027 Note: The IPP **E**ncoding and **T**ransport document [IPP-PRO] shows a mapping of IPP onto HTTP/1.1  
1028 and defines a new default port number for using IPP over HTTP/1.1.

## 1029 3.1.6 Operation Status Codes and Messages

1030 Every operation response includes a REQUIRED "status-code" parameter and an OPTIONAL "status-  
1031 message" operation attribute. The "status-code" provides information on the processing of a request. A  
1032 "status-message" attribute provides a short textual description of the status of the operation. The status  
1033 code is intended for use by automata, and the status message is intended for the human end user. If a  
1034 response does include a "status-message" attribute, an IPP client NEED NOT examine or display the  
1035 message, however it SHOULD do so in some implementation specific manner.

1036 The "status-code" value is a numeric value that has semantic meaning. The "status-code" syntax is  
1037 similar to a "type2 enum" (see section 4.1 on "Attribute Syntaxes") except that values can range only  
1038 from 0x0000 to 0x7FFF. Section 14 describes the status codes, assigns the numeric values, and suggests  
1039 a corresponding status message for each status code. The "status-message" attribute's syntax is  
1040 "text(255)". A client implementation of IPP SHOULD convert status code values into any localized  
1041 message that has semantic meaning to the end user.

1042 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, the Printer object MUST be able  
1043 to generate this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer object's "generated-  
1044 natural-language-supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified  
1045 in section 3.1.4.1). As described in section 3.1.4.1 for any returned 'text' attribute, if there is a choice for  
1046 generating this message, the Printer object uses the natural language indicated by the value of the  
1047 "attributes-natural-language" in the client request if supported, otherwise the Printer object uses the  
1048 value in the Printer object's own "natural-language-configured" attribute. If the Printer object supports  
1049 the "status-message" operation attribute, it SHOULD use the REQUIRED 'utf-8' charset to return a status  
1050 message for the following error status codes (see section 14): 'client-error-bad-request', 'client-error-  
1051 charset-not-supported', 'server-error-internal-error', 'server-error-operation-not-supported', and 'server-  
1052 error-version-not-supported'. In this case, it MUST set the value of the "attributes-charset" operation  
1053 attribute to 'utf-8' in the error response.

## 1054 3.1.7 Versions

1055 Each operation request and response carries with it a "version-number" parameter. Each value of the  
1056 "version-number" is in the form "X.Y" where X is the major version number and Y is the minor version  
1057 number. By including a version number in the client request, it allows the client to identify which  
1058 version of IPP it is interested in using. If the IPP object does not support that version, the object  
1059 responds with a status code of 'server-error-version-not-supported' along with the closest version number  
1060 that is supported (see section 14.1.5.4).

1061 There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a 'server-error-version-not-supported'  
1062 status code from an IPP object, there is nothing that prevents a client from trying again with a different  
1063 version number. In order to conform to IPP/4.01.1, ~~an~~ an IPP object implementations MUST support at  
1064 least versions '1.1+0' and 1.0.

1065 There is only one notion of "version number" that covers both IPP Model and IPP Protocol changes.  
1066 Thus the version number MUST change when introducing a new version of the Model and Semantics  
1067 document [IPP-MOD] or a new version of the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO].

1068 Changes to the major version number indicate structural or syntactic changes that make it impossible for  
1069 older version of IPP clients and Printer objects to correctly parse and process the new or changed  
1070 attributes, operations and responses. If the major version number changes, the minor version numbers is  
1071 set to zero. As an example, adding the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute (if it had not been part of version  
1072 ~~1.01.1~~), would have required a change to the major version number. Items that might affect the  
1073 changing of the major version number include any changes to the Model and Semantics document [IPP-  
1074 MOD] or the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] itself, such as:

- 1075 - reordering of ordered attributes or attribute sets
- 1076 - changes to the syntax of existing attributes
- 1077 - changing Operation or Job Template attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED and vice versa
- 1078 - adding REQUIRED (for an IPP object to support) operation attributes
- 1079 - adding REQUIRED (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups
- 1080 - adding values to existing operation attributes
- 1081 - adding REQUIRED operations

1082

1083 Changes to the minor version number indicate the addition of new features, attributes and attribute  
1084 values that may not be understood by all IPP objects, but which can be ignored if not understood. Items  
1085 that might affect the changing of the minor version number include any changes to the model objects and  
1086 attributes but not the encoding and transport rules [IPP-PRO] (except adding attribute syntaxes).

1087 Examples of such changes are:

- 1088 - grouping all extensions not included in a previous version into a new version
- 1089 - adding new attribute values
- 1090 - adding new object attributes
- 1091 - adding OPTIONAL (for an IPP object to support) operation attributes (i.e., those attributes that an  
1092 IPP object can ignore without confusing clients)
- 1093 - adding OPTIONAL (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups (i.e., those attributes  
1094 that an IPP object can ignore without confusing clients)
- 1095 - adding new attribute syntaxes
- 1096 - adding OPTIONAL operations
- 1097 - changing Job Description attributes or Printer Description attributes from OPTIONAL to  
1098 REQUIRED or vice versa.

1099

1100 The encoding of the ~~"operation-id", the "version-number", the "status-code", and the "request-id"~~ MUST  
1101 NOT change over any version number (either major or minor). This rule guarantees that all future  
1102 versions will be backwards compatible with all previous versions (at least for checking the ~~"operation-  
1103 id", the "version-number", and the "request-id"~~). In addition, any protocol elements (attributes, error  
1104 codes, tags, etc.) that are not carried forward from one version to the next are deprecated so that they can  
1105 never be reused with new semantics.

1106 Implementations that support a certain major version NEED NOT support ALL previous versions. As  
1107 each new major version is defined (through the release of a new specification), that major version will  
1108 specify which previous major versions MUST be supported in compliant implementations.

## 1109 3.1.8 Job Creation Operations

1110 In order to "submit a print job" and create a new Job object, a client issues a create request. A create  
1111 request is any one of following three operation requests:

- 1112 - The Print-Job Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with only a single document uses  
1113 the Print-Job operation. The operation allows for the client to "push" the document data to the  
1114 Printer object by including the document data in the request itself.  
1115
- 1116 - The Print-URI Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with only a single document  
1117 (where the Printer object "pulls" the document data instead of the client "pushing" the data to the  
1118 Printer object) uses the Print-URI operation. In this case, the client includes in the request only a  
1119 URI reference to the document data (not the document data itself).  
1120
- 1121 - The Create-Job Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with multiple documents uses the  
1122 Create-Job operation. This operation is followed by an arbitrary number of Send-Document  
1123 and/or Send-URI operations (each creating another document for the newly create Job object).  
1124 The Send-Document operation includes the document data in the request (the client "pushes" the  
1125 document data to the printer), and the Send-URI operation includes only a URI reference to the  
1126 document data in the request (the Printer "pulls" the document data from the referenced location).  
1127 The last Send-Document or Send-URI request for a given Job object includes a "last-document"  
1128 operation attribute set to 'true' indicating that this is the last request.  
1129

1130 Throughout this model specification, the term "create request" is used to refer to any of these three  
1131 operation requests.

1132 A Create-Job operation followed by only one Send-Document operation is semantically equivalent to a  
1133 Print-Job operation, however, for performance reasons, the client SHOULD use the Print-Job operation  
1134 for all single document jobs. Also, Print-Job is a REQUIRED operation (all implementations MUST  
1135 support it) whereas Create-Job is an OPTIONAL operation, hence some implementations might not  
1136 support it.

1137 Job submission time is the point in time when a client issues a create request. The initial state of every  
1138 Job object is the 'pending' or 'pending-held' state. Later, the Printer object begins processing the print  
1139 job. At this point in time, the Job object's state moves to 'processing'. This is known as job processing  
1140 time. There are validation checks that must be done at job submission time and others that must be  
1141 performed at job processing time.

1142 At job submission time and at the time a Validate-Job operation is received, the Printer MUST do the  
1143 following:

- 1144 1. Process the client supplied attributes and either accept or reject the request
- 1145 2. Validate the syntax of and support for the scheme of any client supplied URI

1146

1147 At job submission time the Printer object MUST validate whether or not the supplied attributes, attribute  
1148 syntaxes, and values are supported by matching them with the Printer object's corresponding "xxx-

1149 supported" attributes. See section 3.2.1.2 for details. [IPP-IIG] presents suggested steps for an IPP  
1150 object to either accept or reject any request and additional steps for processing create requests.

1151 At job submission time the Printer object NEED NOT perform the validation checks reserved for job  
1152 processing time such as:

- 1153 1. Validating the document data
  - 1154 2. Validating the actual contents of any client supplied URI (resolve the reference and follow the link  
1155 to the document data)
- 1156

1157 At job submission time, these additional job processing time validation checks are essentially useless,  
1158 since they require actually parsing and interpreting the document data, are not guaranteed to be 100%  
1159 accurate, and MUST be done, yet again, at job processing time. Also, in the case of a URI, checking for  
1160 availability at job submission time does not guarantee availability at job processing time. In addition, at  
1161 job processing time, the Printer object might discover any of the following conditions that were not  
1162 detectable at job submission time:

- 1163 - runtime errors in the document data,
  - 1164 - nested document data that is in an unsupported format,
  - 1165 - the URI reference is no longer valid (i.e., the server hosting the document might be down), or
  - 1166 - any other job processing error
- 1167

1168 At job processing time, since the Printer object has already responded with a successful status code in  
1169 the response to the create request, if the Printer object detects an error, the Printer object is unable to  
1170 inform the end user of the error with an operation status code. In this case, the Printer, depending on the  
1171 error, can set the "job-state", "job-state-reasons", or "job-state-message" attributes to the appropriate  
1172 value(s) so that later queries can report the correct job status.

1173 Note: Asynchronous notification of events is outside the scope of [this IPP/1.01.1 document](#).

## 1174 3.2 Printer Operations

1175 All Printer operations are directed at Printer objects. A client MUST always supply the "printer-uri"  
1176 operation attribute in order to identify the correct target of the operation.

### 1177 3.2.1 Print-Job Operation

1178 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to submit a print job with only one document and supply the  
1179 document data (rather than just a reference to the data). See Section 16 for the suggested steps for  
1180 processing create operations and their Operation and Job Template attributes.

#### 1181 3.2.1.1 Print-Job Request

1182 The following groups of attributes are supplied as part of the Print-Job Request:

## 1183 Group 1: Operation Attributes

## 1184 Natural Language and Character Set:

1185 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
1186 3.1.4.1. The Printer object MUST copy these values to the corresponding Job Description  
1187 attributes described in sections 4.3.23 and 4.3.24.

1188

## 1189 Target:

1190 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in  
1191 section 3.1.5.

1192

## 1193 Requesting User Name:

1194 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
1195 described in section 8.3.

1196

## 1197 "job-name" (name(MAX)):

1198 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this  
1199 attribute. It contains the client supplied Job name. If this attribute is supplied by the client, its  
1200 value is used for the "job-name" attribute of the newly created Job object. The client MAY  
1201 automatically include any information that will help the end-user distinguish amongst his/her  
1202 jobs, such as the name of the application program along with information from the document,  
1203 such as the document name, document subject, or source file name. If this attribute is not  
1204 supplied by the client, the Printer generates a name to use in the "job-name" attribute of the  
1205 newly created Job object (see Section 4.3.5).

1206

## 1207 "ipp-attribute-fidelity" (boolean):

1208 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this  
1209 attribute. The value 'true' indicates that total fidelity to client supplied Job Template attributes  
1210 and values is required, else the Printer object MUST reject the Print-Job request. The value  
1211 'false' indicates that a reasonable attempt to print the Job object is acceptable and the Printer  
1212 object MUST accept the Print-job request. If not supplied, the Printer object assumes the value is  
1213 'false'. All Printer objects MUST support both types of job processing. See section 16 for a full  
1214 description of "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and its relationship to other attributes, especially the Printer  
1215 object's "pdl-override-supported" attribute.

1216

## 1217 "document-name" (name(MAX)):

1218 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this  
1219 attribute. It contains the client supplied document name. The document name MAY be  
1220 different than the Job name. Typically, the client software automatically supplies the document  
1221 name on behalf of the end user by using a file name or an application generated name. If this  
1222 attribute is supplied, its value can be used in a manner defined by each implementation.  
1223 Examples include: printed along with the Job (job start sheet, page adornments, etc.), used by  
1224 accounting or resource tracking management tools, or even stored along with the document as a  
1225 document level attribute. IPP/4.01.1 does not support the concept of document level attributes.

1226



1227 "document-format" (mimeType) :

1228 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this  
1229 attribute. The value of this attribute identifies the format of the supplied document data. If the  
1230 client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object assumes that the document data is in the  
1231 format defined by the Printer object's "document-format-default" attribute. If the client supplies  
1232 this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object, i.e., the value is not one of the  
1233 values of the Printer object's "document-format-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST  
1234 reject the request and return the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code.

1235

1236 "document-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

1237 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports  
1238 this attribute. This attribute specifies the natural language of the document for those document-  
1239 formats that require a specification of the natural language in order to image the document  
1240 unambiguously. There are no particular values required for the Printer object to support.

1241

1242 "compression" (type3 keyword)

1243 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports  
1244 this attribute and the "compression-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.29). The client supplied  
1245 "compression" operation attribute identifies the compression algorithm used on the document  
1246 data. If the client omits this attribute, the Printer object MUST assume that the data is not  
1247 compressed. If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer object supports the attribute, the  
1248 Printer object uses the corresponding decompression algorithm on the document data. If the  
1249 client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object, i.e., the value is  
1250 not one of the values of the Printer object's "compression-supported" attribute, the Printer object  
1251 MUST copy the attribute and its value to the Unsupported Attributes response group, reject the  
1252 request, and return the 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code. If the client  
1253 supplies this attribute, but this attribute is not supported by the Printer object, i.e., the  
1254 "compression-supported" attribute is not one of the Printer's Printer Description attributes, the  
1255 Printer object MUST copy the attribute to the Unsupported Attributes response group changing  
1256 the value to the out-of-band 'unsupported' value (see section 4.1), reject the request, and return  
1257 the 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code. See section 3.2.1.2 for returning  
1258 unsupported attributes and values.

1259

1260 "job-k-octets" (integer(0:MAX))

1261 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports  
1262 this attribute and the "job-k-octets-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.30). The client supplied  
1263 "job-k-octets" operation attribute identifies the total size of the document(s) in K octets being  
1264 submitted (see section 4.3.17 for the complete semantics). If the client supplies the attribute and  
1265 the Printer object supports the attribute, the value of the attribute is used to populate the Job  
1266 object's "job-k-octets" Job Description attribute.

1267

1268 Note: For this attribute and the following two attributes ("job-impressions", and "job-media-  
1269 sheets"), if the client supplies the attribute, but the Printer object does not support the attribute,  
1270 the Printer object ignores the client-supplied value. If the client supplies the attribute and the  
1271 Printer supports the attribute, and the value is within the range of the corresponding Printer

1272 object's "xxx-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST use the value to populate the Job  
1273 object's "xxx" attribute. If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer supports the attribute,  
1274 but the value is outside the range of the corresponding Printer object's "xxx-supported" attribute,  
1275 the Printer object MUST copy the attribute and its value to the Unsupported Attributes response  
1276 group, reject the request, and return the 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status  
1277 code. If the client does not supply the attribute, the Printer object MAY choose to populate the  
1278 corresponding Job object attribute depending on whether the Printer object supports the attribute  
1279 and is able to calculate or discern the correct value.

1280  
1281 "job-impressions" (integer(0:MAX))

1282 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports  
1283 this attribute and the "job-impressions-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.31). The client  
1284 supplied "job-impressions" operation attribute identifies the total size in number of impressions  
1285 of the document(s) being submitted (see section 4.3.18 for the complete semantics).

1286  
1287 See note under "job-k-octets".

1288  
1289 "job-media-sheets" (integer(0:MAX))

1290 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports  
1291 this attribute and the "job-media-sheets-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.32). The client  
1292 supplied "job-media-sheets" operation attribute identifies the total number of media sheets to be  
1293 produced for this job (see section 4.3.19 for the complete semantics).

1294  
1295 See note under "job-k-octets".

1296

## 1297 Group 2: Job Template Attributes

1298 The client OPTIONALLY supplies a set of Job Template attributes as defined in section 4.2. If  
1299 the client is not supplying any Job Template attributes in the request, the client SHOULD omit  
1300 Group 2 rather than sending an empty group. However, a Printer object MUST be able to accept  
1301 an empty group.

1302

## 1303 Group 3: Document Content

1304 The client MUST supply the document data to be processed.

1305

1306 Note: In addition to the MANDATORY parameters required for every operation request, the simplest  
1307 Print-Job Request consists of just the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" operation  
1308 attributes; the "printer-uri" target operation attribute; the Document Content and nothing else. In this  
1309 simple case, the Printer object:

- 1310 - creates a new Job object (the Job object contains a single document),
- 1311 - stores a generated Job name in the "job-name" attribute in the natural language and charset  
1312 requested (see Section 3.1.4.1) (if those are supported, otherwise using the Printer object's default  
1313 natural language and charset), and

1314 - at job processing time, uses its corresponding default value attributes for the supported Job  
1315 Template attributes that were not supplied by the client as IPP attribute or embedded instructions  
1316 in the document data.  
1317

### 1318 3.2.1.2 Print-Job Response

1319 The Printer object **MUST** return to the client the following sets of attributes as part of the Print-Job  
1320 Response:

#### 1321 Group 1: Operation Attributes

##### 1322 Status Message:

1323 In addition to the **REQUIRED** status code returned in every response, the response  
1324 **OPTIONALLY** includes a "status-message" (text) operation attribute as described in sections 14  
1325 and 3.1.6. If the client supplies unsupported or conflicting Job Template attributes or values, the  
1326 Printer object **MUST** reject or accept the Print-Job request depending on the whether the client  
1327 supplied a 'true' or 'false' value for the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute. See the  
1328 Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for a complete description of the suggested steps for processing a  
1329 create request.  
1330

##### 1331 Natural Language and Character Set:

1332 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
1333 3.1.4.2.  
1334

#### 1335 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1336 This is a set of Operation and Job Template attributes supplied by the client (in the request) that  
1337 are not supported by the Printer object or that conflict with one another (see the Implementer's  
1338 Guide [IPP-IIG]). If the Printer object is not returning any Unsupported Attributes in the  
1339 response, the Printer object **SHOULD** omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group.  
1340 However, a client **MUST** be able to accept an empty group.  
1341

1342 Unsupported attributes fall into three categories:

- 1343 1. The Printer object does not support the supplied attribute (no matter what the attribute syntax  
1344 or value).
- 1345 2. The Printer object does support the attribute, but does not support some or all of the particular  
1346 attribute syntaxes or values supplied by the client (i.e., the Printer object does not have  
1347 those attribute syntaxes or values in its corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute).
- 1348 3. The Printer object does support the attributes and values supplied, but the particular values are  
1349 in conflict with one another, because they violate a constraint, such as not being able to  
1350 staple transparencies.  
1351  
1352

1353 In the case of an unsupported attribute name, the Printer object returns the client-supplied  
1354 attribute with a substituted "out-of-band" value of 'unsupported' indicating no support for the  
1355 attribute itself (see the beginning of section 4.1).  
1356

1357 In the case of a supported attribute with one or more unsupported attribute syntaxes or values, the  
1358 Printer object simply returns the client-supplied attribute with the unsupported attribute syntaxes  
1359 or values as supplied by the client. This indicates support for the attribute, but no support for that  
1360 particular attribute syntax or value. If the client supplies a multi-valued attribute with more than  
1361 one value and the Printer object supports the attribute but only supports a subset of the client-  
1362 supplied attribute syntaxes or values, the Printer object MUST return only those attribute  
1363 syntaxes or values that are unsupported.  
1364

1365 In the case of two (or more) supported attribute values that are in conflict with one another  
1366 (although each is supported independently, the values conflict when requested together within the  
1367 same job), the Printer object MUST return all the values that it ignores or substitutes to resolve  
1368 the conflict, but not any of the values that it is still using. The choice for exactly how to resolve  
1369 the conflict is implementation dependent. See The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for an  
1370 example.  
1371

1372 In these three cases, the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" supplied by the client does not affect  
1373 what the Printer object returns. The value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity" only affects whether the  
1374 Print-Job operation is accepted or rejected. If the job is accepted, the client may query the job  
1375 using the Get-Job-Attributes operation requesting the unsupported attributes that were returned in  
1376 the create response to see which attributes were ignored (not stored on the Job object) and which  
1377 attributes were stored with other (substituted) values.  
1378

### 1379 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

1380 "job-uri" (uri):

1381 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's URI by returning the contents of the  
1382 REQUIRED "job-uri" Job object attribute. The client uses the Job object's URI when directing  
1383 operations at the Job object. The Printer object always uses its configured security policy when  
1384 creating the new URI. However, if the Printer object supports more than one URI, the Printer  
1385 object also uses information about which URI was used in the Print-Job Request to generated the  
1386 new URI so that the new URI references the correct access channel. In other words, if the Print-  
1387 Job Request comes in over a secure channel, the Printer object MUST generate a Job URI that  
1388 uses the secure channel as well.  
1389

1390 "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)):

1391 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's Job ID by returning the REQUIRED "job-id"  
1392 Job object attribute. The client uses this "job-id" attribute in conjunction with the "printer-uri"  
1393 attribute used in the Print-Job Request when directing Job operations at the Printer object.  
1394

1395 "job-state":

1396 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's REQUIRED "job-state" attribute. The value of  
1397 this attribute (along with the value of the next attribute "job-state-reasons") is taken from a  
1398 "snapshot" of the new Job object at some meaningful point in time (implementation defined)  
1399 between when the Printer object receives the Print-Job Request and when the Printer object  
1400 returns the response.

1401

1402 "job-state-reasons":

1403 The Printer object OPTIONALLY returns the Job object's OPTIONAL "job-state-reasons"  
1404 attribute. If the Printer object supports this attribute then it MUST be returned in the response. If  
1405 this attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "job-state-reasons"  
1406 attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object query.

1407

1408 "job-state-message":

1409 The Printer object OPTIONALLY returns the Job object's OPTIONAL "job-state-message"  
1410 attribute. If the Printer object supports this attribute then it MUST be returned in the response. If  
1411 this attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "job-state-message"  
1412 attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object query.

1413

1414 "number-of-intervening-jobs":

1415 The Printer object OPTIONALLY returns the Job object's OPTIONAL "number-of-intervening-  
1416 jobs" attribute. If the Printer object supports this attribute then it MUST be returned in the  
1417 response. If this attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "number-  
1418 of-intervening-jobs" attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object  
1419 query.

1420

1421 Note: Since any printer state information which affects a job's state is reflected in the "job-state"  
1422 and "job-state-reasons" attributes, it is sufficient to return only these attributes and no specific  
1423 printer status attributes.

1424

1425 Note: In addition to the MANDATORY parameters required for every operation response, the simplest  
1426 response consists of the just the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" operation  
1427 attributes and the "job-uri", "job-id", and "job-state" Job Object Attributes. In this simplest case, the  
1428 status code is "successful-ok" and there is no "status-message" operation attribute.

### 1429 3.2.2 Print-URI Operation

1430 This OPTIONAL operation is identical to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that a client  
1431 supplies a URI reference to the document data using the "document-uri" (uri) operation attribute (in  
1432 Group 1) rather than including the document data itself. Before returning the response, the Printer  
1433 MUST validate that the Printer supports the retrieval method (e.g., http, ftp, etc.) implied by the URI,  
1434 and MUST check for valid URI syntax. If the client-supplied URI scheme is not supported, i.e. the value  
1435 is not in the Printer object's "referenced-uri-scheme-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject  
1436 the request and return the 'client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported' status code. See The Implementer's

1437 Guide [IPP-IIG] for suggested additional checks. The Printer NEED NOT follow the reference and  
1438 validate the contents of the reference.

1439 If the Printer object supports this operation, it MUST support the "reference-uri-schemes-supported"  
1440 Printer attribute (see section 4.4.24).

1441 It is up to the IPP object to interpret the URI and subsequently "pull" the document from the source  
1442 referenced by the URI string.

### 1443 3.2.3 Validate-Job Operation

1444 This REQUIRED operation is similar to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that a client  
1445 supplies no document data and the Printer allocates no resources (i.e., it does not create a new Job  
1446 object). This operation is used only to verify capabilities of a printer object against whatever attributes  
1447 are supplied by the client in the Validate-Job request. By using the Validate-Job operation a client can  
1448 validate that an identical Print-Job operation (with the document data) would be accepted. The Validate-  
1449 Job operation also performs the same security negotiation as the Print-Job operation (see section 8), so  
1450 that a client can check that the client and Printer object security requirements can be met before  
1451 performing a Print-Job operation.

1452 Note: The Validate-Job operation does not accept a "document-uri" attribute in order to allow a client to  
1453 check that the same Print-URI operation will be accepted, since the client doesn't send the data with the  
1454 Print-URI operation. The client SHOULD just issue the Print-URI request.

1455 The Printer object returns the same status codes, Operation Attributes (Group 1) and Unsupported  
1456 Attributes (Group 2) as the Print-Job operation. However, no Job Object Attributes (Group 3) are  
1457 returned, since no Job object is created.

### 1458 3.2.4 Create-Job Operation

1459 This OPTIONAL operation is similar to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that in the Create-  
1460 Job request, a client does not supply document data or any reference to document data. Also, the client  
1461 does not supply any of the "document-name", "document-format", "compression", or "document-natural-  
1462 language" operation attributes. This operation is followed by one or more Send-Document or Send-URI  
1463 operations. In each of those operation requests, the client OPTIONALLY supplies the "document-  
1464 name", "document-format", and "document-natural-language" attributes for each document in the multi-  
1465 document Job object.

1466 If a Printer object supports the Create-Job operation, it MUST also support the Send-Document  
1467 operation and also MAY support the Send-URI operation.

1468 If the Printer object supports this operation, it MUST support the "multiple-operation-time-out" Printer  
1469 attribute (see section 4.4.28).

1470 ~~In addition to the Print Job status codes in the following additional error status codes not applicable to~~  
1471 ~~Print Job MAY be returned:~~

## 1472 3.2.5 Get-Printer-Attributes Operation

1473 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to request the values of the attributes of a Printer object. In  
1474 the request, the client supplies the set of Printer attribute names and/or attribute group names in which  
1475 the requester is interested. In the response, the Printer object returns a corresponding attribute set with  
1476 the appropriate attribute values filled in.

1477 For Printer objects, the possible names of attribute groups are:

- 1478 - 'job-template': all of the Job Template attributes that apply to a Printer object (the last two columns  
1479 of the table in Section 4.2).
  - 1480 - 'printer-description': the attributes specified in Section 4.4.
  - 1481 - 'all': the special group 'all' that includes all supported attributes.
- 1482

1483 Since a client MAY request specific attributes or named groups, there is a potential that there is some  
1484 overlap. For example, if a client requests, 'printer-name' and 'all', the client is actually requesting the  
1485 "printer-name" attribute twice: once by naming it explicitly, and once by inclusion in the 'all' group. In  
1486 such cases, the Printer object NEED NOT return each attribute only once in the response even if it is  
1487 requested multiple times. The client SHOULD NOT request the same attribute in multiple ways.

1488 It is NOT REQUIRED that a Printer object support all attributes belonging to a group (since some  
1489 attributes are OPTIONAL). However, it is REQUIRED that each Printer object support all group names.

## 1490 3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes Request

1491 The following sets of attributes are part of the Get-Printer-Attributes Request:

## 1492 Group 1: Operation Attributes

## 1493 Natural Language and Character Set:

1494 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
1495 3.1.4.1.

1496

## 1497 Target:

1498 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in  
1499 section 3.1.5.

1500

## 1501 Requesting User Name:

1502 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
1503 described in section 8.3.

1504

## 1505 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword) :

1506 The client OPTIONALLY supplies a set of attribute names and/or attribute group names in  
1507 whose values the requester is interested. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. If the  
1508 client omits this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if this attribute had been supplied with a  
1509 value of 'all'.

1510

1511 "document-format" (mimeMediaType) :

1512 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this  
1513 attribute. This attribute is useful for a Printer object to determine the set of supported attribute  
1514 values that relate to the requested document format. The Printer object MUST return the  
1515 attributes and values that it uses to validate a job on a create or Validate-Job operation in which  
1516 this document format is supplied. The Printer object SHOULD return only (1) those attributes  
1517 that are supported for the specified format and (2) the attribute values that are supported for the  
1518 specified document format. By specifying the document format, the client can get the Printer  
1519 object to eliminate the attributes and values that are not supported for a specific document  
1520 format. For example, a Printer object might have multiple interpreters to support both  
1521 'application/postscript' (for PostScript) and 'text/plain' (for text) documents. However, for only  
1522 one of those interpreters might the Printer object be able to support "number-up" with values of  
1523 '1', '2', and '4'. For the other interpreter it might be able to only support "number-up" with a value  
1524 of '1'. Thus a client can use the Get-Printer-Attributes operation to obtain the attributes and  
1525 values that will be used to accept/reject a create job operation.

1526

1527 If the Printer object does not distinguish between different sets of supported values for each  
1528 different document format when validating jobs in the create and Validate-Job operations, it  
1529 MUST NOT distinguish between different document formats in the Get-Printer-Attributes  
1530 operation. If the Printer object does distinguish between different sets of supported values for  
1531 each different document format specified by the client, this specialization applies only to the  
1532 following Printer object attributes:

1533

- 1534 - Printer attributes that are Job Template attributes ("xxx-default" "xxx-supported", and "xxx-  
1535 ready" in the Table in Section 4.2),
- 1536 - "pdl-override-supported",
- 1537 - "compression-supported",
- 1538 - "job-k-octets-supported",
- 1539 - "job-impressions-supported",
- 1540 - "job-media-sheets-supported"
- 1541 - "printer-driver-installer",
- 1542 - "color-supported", and
- 1543 - "reference-uri-schemes-supported"

1544

1545 The values of all other Printer object attributes (including "document-format-supported") remain  
1546 invariant with respect to the client supplied document format (except for new Printer description  
1547 attribute as registered according to section 6.2).

1548

1549 If the client omits this "document-format" operation attribute, the Printer object MUST respond  
1550 as if the attribute had been supplied with the value of the Printer object's "document-format-  
1551 default" attribute. It is recommended that the client always supply a value for "document-  
1552 format", since the Printer object's "document-format-default" may be 'application/octet-stream',  
1553 in which case the returned attributes and values are for the union of the document formats that



1554 the Printer can automatically sense. For more details, see the description of the  
1555 'mimeMediaType' attribute syntax in section 4.1.9.

1556  
1557 If the client supplies a value for the "document-format" Operation attribute that is not supported  
1558 by the Printer, i.e., is not among the values of the Printer object's "document-format-supported"  
1559 attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the operation and return the 'client-error-document-  
1560 format-not-supported' status code.  
1561

### 1562 3.2.5.2 Get-Printer-Attributes Response

1563 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Printer-Attributes Response:

#### 1564 Group 1: Operation Attributes

##### 1565 Status Message:

1566 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response  
1567 OPTIONALLY includes a "status-message" (text) operation attribute as described in section  
1568 3.1.6.

##### 1569 1570 Natural Language and Character Set:

1571 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
1572 3.1.4.2.  
1573

#### 1574 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1575 This is a set of Operation attributes supplied by the client (in the request) that are not supported  
1576 by the Printer object or that conflict with one another (see sections 3.2.1.2 and 16). The response  
1577 NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied values  
1578 (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object. If  
1579 the Printer object is not returning any Unsupported Attributes in the response, the Printer object  
1580 SHOULD omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group. However, a client MUST be able  
1581 to accept an empty group.  
1582

#### 1583 Group 3: Printer Object Attributes

1584 This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. The Printer object ignores (does  
1585 not respond with) any requested attribute which is not supported. The Printer object MAY  
1586 respond with a subset of the supported attributes and values, depending on the security policy in  
1587 force. However, the Printer object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported  
1588 attribute (including all REQUIRED attributes) for which the Printer object does not know the  
1589 value. Also the Printer object MUST respond with the 'no-value' for any supported attribute  
1590 (including all REQUIRED attributes) for which the system administrator has not configured a  
1591 value. See the description of the "out-of-band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.  
1592

## 1593 3.2.6 Get-Jobs Operation

1594 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to retrieve the list of Job objects belonging to the target  
1595 Printer object. The client may also supply a list of Job attribute names and/or attribute group names. A  
1596 group of Job object attributes will be returned for each Job object that is returned.

1597 This operation is similar to the Get-Job-Attributes operation, except that this Get-Jobs operation returns  
1598 attributes from possibly more than one object (see the description of Job attribute group names in section  
1599 3.3.4).

## 1600 3.2.6.1 Get-Jobs Request

1601 The client submits the Get-Jobs request to a Printer object.

1602 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Jobs Request:

## 1603 Group 1: Operation Attributes

## 1604 Natural Language and Character Set:

1605 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
1606 3.1.4.1.

1607

## 1608 Target:

1609 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in  
1610 section 3.1.5.

1611

## 1612 Requesting User Name:

1613 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
1614 described in section 8.3.

1615

## 1616 "limit" (integer(1:MAX)):

1617 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this  
1618 attribute. It is an integer value that indicates a limit to the number of Job objects returned. The  
1619 limit is a "stateless limit" in that if the value supplied by the client is 'N', then only the first 'N'  
1620 jobs are returned in the Get-Jobs Response. There is no mechanism to allow for the next 'M' jobs  
1621 after the first 'N' jobs. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object responds with  
1622 all applicable jobs.

1623

## 1624 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword):

1625 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this  
1626 attribute. It is a set of Job attribute names and/or attribute groups names in whose values the  
1627 requester is interested. This set of attributes is returned for each Job object that is returned. The  
1628 allowed attribute group names are the same as those defined in the Get-Job-Attributes operation  
1629 in section 3.3.4. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if the  
1630 client had supplied this attribute with two values: 'job-uri' and 'job-id'.

1631

1632 "which-jobs" (keyword):

1633 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this  
1634 attribute. It indicates which Job objects MUST be returned by the Printer object. The values for  
1635 this attribute are:

1636 'completed': This includes any Job object whose state is 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted'.  
1637 'not-completed': This includes any Job object whose state is 'pending', 'processing',  
1638 'processing-stopped', or 'pending-held'.  
1639

1640 A Printer object MUST support both values. However, if the implementation does not keep jobs  
1641 in the 'completed', 'canceled', and 'aborted' states, then it returns no jobs when the 'completed'  
1642 value is supplied.  
1643

1644 If a client supplies some other value, the Printer object MUST copy the attribute and the  
1645 unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group, reject the request, and return  
1646 the 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code.  
1647

1648 If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object MUST respond as if the client had  
1649 supplied the attribute with a value of 'not-completed'.  
1650

1651 "my-jobs" (boolean):

1652 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this  
1653 attribute. It indicates whether all jobs or just the jobs submitted by the requesting user of this  
1654 request MUST be returned by the Printer object. If the client does not supply this attribute, the  
1655 Printer object MUST respond as if the client had supplied the attribute with a value of 'false', i.e.,  
1656 all jobs. The means for authenticating the requesting user and matching the jobs is described in  
1657 section 8.  
1658

### 1659 3.2.6.2 Get-Jobs Response

1660 The Printer object returns all of the Job objects that match the criteria as defined by the attribute values  
1661 supplied by the client in the request. It is possible that no Job objects are returned since there may  
1662 literally be no Job objects at the Printer, or there may be no Job objects that match the criteria supplied  
1663 by the client. If the client requests any Job attributes at all, there is a set of Job Object Attributes  
1664 returned for each Job object.

#### 1665 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1666 Status Message:

1667 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response  
1668 OPTIONALLY includes a "status-message" (text) operation attribute as described in sections 14  
1669 and 3.1.6.  
1670

1671 Natural Language and Character Set:

1672 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
1673 3.1.4.2.

1674

## 1675 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1676 This is a set of Operation attributes supplied by the client (in the request) that are not supported  
1677 by the Printer object or that conflict with one another (see sections 3.2.1.2 and the Implementer's  
1678 Guide [IPP-IIG]). The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation  
1679 attribute with any supplied values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are  
1680 not supported by the IPP object. If the Printer object is not returning any Unsupported Attributes  
1681 in the response, the Printer object SHOULD omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group.  
1682 However, a client MUST be able to accept an empty group.

1683

## 1684 Groups 3 to N: Job Object Attributes

1685 The Printer object responds with one set of Job Object Attributes for each returned Job object.  
1686 The Printer object ignores (does not respond with) any requested attribute or value which is not  
1687 supported or which is restricted by the security policy in force, including whether the requesting  
1688 user is the user that submitted the job (job originating user) or not (see section 8). However, the  
1689 Printer object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all  
1690 REQUIRED attributes) for which the Printer object does not know the value, unless it would  
1691 violate the security policy. See the description of the "out-of-band" values in the beginning of  
1692 Section 4.1.

1693

1694 Jobs are returned in the following order:

- 1695 - If the client requests all 'completed' Jobs (Jobs in the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled'  
1696 states), then the Jobs are returned newest to oldest (with respect to actual completion  
1697 time)
- 1698 - If the client requests all 'not-completed' Jobs (Jobs in the 'pending', 'processing', 'pending-  
1699 held', and 'processing-stopped' states), then Jobs are returned in relative chronological  
1700 order of expected time to complete (based on whatever scheduling algorithm is  
1701 configured for the Printer object).

1702

1703 3.2.7 Pause-Printer Operation

1704 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from scheduling jobs on all its  
1705 devices. Depending on implementation, the Pause-Printer operation MAY also stop the Printer from  
1706 processing the current job or jobs. Any job that is currently being printed is either stopped as soon as the  
1707 implementation permits or is completed, depending on implementation. The Printer object MUST still  
1708 accept create operations to create new jobs, but MUST prevent any jobs from entering the 'processing'  
1709 state.

1710 If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported, and  
1711 vice-versa.

1712 The IPP Printer stops the current job(s) on its device(s) that were in the 'processing' or 'processing-  
 1713 stopped' states as soon as the implementation permits. If the implementation supports the "printer-state-  
 1714 reasons" attribute and the devices will take appreciable time to stop, the IPP Printer adds the 'moving-to-  
 1715 paused' value to the Printer object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.4.11). When the  
 1716 device(s) have all stopped, the IPP Printer transitions the Printer object to the 'stopped' state, removes the  
 1717 'moving-to-paused' value, if present, and adds the 'paused' value to the Printer object's "printer-state-  
 1718 reasons" attribute.

1719 When the current job(s) complete that were in the 'processing' state, the IPP Printer transitions them to  
 1720 the 'completed' state. When the current job(s) stop in mid processing that were in the 'processing' state,  
 1721 the IPP Printer transitions them to the 'processing-stopped' state and, if the "job-state-reasons" attribute is  
 1722 supported, adds the 'printer-stopped' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

1723 Note: for any jobs that are 'pending' or 'pending-held', the 'printer-stopped' value of the jobs' "job-state-  
 1724 reasons" attribute also applies. However, the IPP Printer NEED NOT update those jobs' "job-state-  
 1725 reasons" attributes and only need return the 'printer-stopped' value when those jobs are queried (so-called  
 1726 "lazy evaluation").

1727 Whether the Pause-Printer operation affects jobs that were submitted to the device from other sources  
 1728 than the IPP Printer object in the same way that the Pause-Printer operation affects jobs that were  
 1729 submitted to the IPP Printer object using IPP, depends on implementation, i.e., on whether the IPP  
 1730 protocol is being used as a universal management protocol or just to manage IPP jobs, respectively.

1731 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state and transition the Printer to the indicated new  
 1732 "printer-state" before returning as follows:

| <u>Current</u><br><u>"printer-state"</u> | <u>New</u><br><u>"printer-state"</u> | <u>"printer-</u><br><u>state-</u><br><u>reasons"</u> | <u>IPP Printer's response status code and action:</u>   |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| <u>'idle'</u>                            | <u>'stopped'</u>                     | <u>'paused'</u>                                      | <u>'successful-ok'</u>  |
| <u>'processing'</u>                      | <u>'processing'</u>                  | <u>'moving-to-</u><br><u>paused'</u>                 | <u>OPTION 1: 'successful-ok';</u><br><u>Later, when all output has stopped, the "printer-</u><br><u>state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value</u><br><u>replaces the 'moving-to-paused' value in the</u><br><u>"printer-state-reasons" attribute</u> |
| <u>'processing'</u>                      | <u>'stopped'</u>                     | <u>'paused'</u>                                      | <u>OPTION 2: 'successful-ok';</u><br><u>all device output stopped immediately</u>   |
| <u>'stopped'</u>                         | <u>'stopped'</u>                     | <u>'paused'</u>                                      | <u>'successful-ok'</u>  |

1733 Access Rights: The requesting user must be an operator or administrator of the Printer object.  
 1734 Otherwise, the IPP Printer MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-  
 1735 not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

### 1736 3.2.73.2.7.1 Pause-Printer Request

1737 The following groups of attributes are part of the Pause-Printer Request:

1738 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1739 Natural Language and Character Set:

1740 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
1741 3.1.4.1.

1742

1743 Target:

1744 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in  
1745 section 3.1.5.

1746

1747 Requesting User Name:

1748 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
1749 described in section 8.3.

1750 3.2.7.2 Pause-Printer Response

1751 The following groups of attributes are part of the Pause-Printer Response:

1752 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1753 Status Message:

1754 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response  
1755 OPTIONALLY includes a "status-message" (text) operation attribute as described in section  
1756 3.1.6.

1757

1758 Natural Language and Character Set:

1759 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
1760 3.1.4.2.

1761

1762 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1763 This is a set of Operation attributes supplied by the client (in the request) that are not supported  
1764 by the Printer object or that conflict with one another (see sections 3.2.1.2 and 16).

1765 4.1.83.2.8 Resume-Printer Operation

1766 This operation allows a client to resume the Printer object scheduling jobs on all its devices. If the  
1767 Printer object supports the "printer-state-reasons" attribute, it MUST remove the 'paused' and 'moving-  
1768 to-paused' values from the Printer object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute, if present. If there are no  
1769 other reasons to keep a device paused (such as media-jam), the IPP Printer transitions itself to the  
1770 'processing' or 'idle' states, depending on whether there are jobs to be processed or not, respectively, and  
1771 the device(s) resume processing jobs.

1772 If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported, and  
1773 vice-versa.

1774 The IPP Printer removes the 'printer-stopped' value from any job's "job-state-reasons" attributes  
1775 contained in that Printer.

1776 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state, transition the Printer object to the indicated new  
 1777 state as follows:

| <u>Current "printer-state"</u> | <u>New "printer-state"</u> | <u>IPP Printer's response status code and action:</u>                     |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| <u>'idle'</u>                  | <u>'idle'</u>              | <u>'successful-ok'</u>  |
| <u>'processing'</u>            | <u>'processing'</u>        | <u>'successful-ok'</u>  |
| <u>'stopped'</u>               | <u>'processing'</u>        | <u>'successful-ok';</u><br><u>when there are jobs to be processed</u>     |
| <u>'stopped'</u>               | <u>'idle'</u>              | <u>'successful-ok';</u><br><u>when there are no jobs to be processed.</u> |

1778 Access Rights: The requesting user must be an operator or administrator of the Printer object.  
 1779 Otherwise, the IPP Printer MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-  
 1780 not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

1781 The Resume-Printer Request and Resume-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes  
 1782 as the Pause-Printer operation (see sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2).

### 1783 3.2.9 Purge-Jobs Operation

1784 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to remove all jobs from an IPP Printer object, regardless of  
 1785 their job states, including jobs in the Printer object's Job History (see Section 4.3.7.1). After a Purge-  
 1786 Jobs operation has been performed, a Printer object MUST return no jobs in subsequent Get-Job-  
 1787 Attributes and Get-Jobs responses (until new jobs are submitted).

1788 Whether the Purge-Jobs (and Get-Jobs) operation affects jobs that were submitted to the device from  
 1789 other sources than the IPP Printer object in the same way that the Purge-Jobs operation affects jobs that  
 1790 were submitted to the IPP Printer object using IPP, depends on implementation, i.e., on whether the IPP  
 1791 protocol is being used as a universal management protocol or just to manage IPP jobs, respectively.

1792 Note: if an operator wants to cancel all jobs without clearing out the Job History, the operator uses the  
 1793 Cancel-Job operation on each job instead of using the Purge-Job operation.

1794 The Printer object MUST accept this operation in any state and transition the Printer object to the 'idle'  
 1795 state.

1796 Access Rights: The requesting user must be an operator or administrator of the Printer object.  
 1797 Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the operation and return: client-error-forbidden, client-error-not-  
 1798 authenticated, and client-error-not-authorized as appropriate.

1799 The Purge-Jobs Request and Purge-Jobs Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the  
 1800 Pause-Printer operation (see sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2).

## 1801 3.3 Job Operations

1802 All Job operations are directed at Job objects. A client MUST always supply some means of identifying  
1803 the Job object in order to identify the correct target of the operation. That job identification MAY either  
1804 be a single Job URI or a combination of a Printer URI with a Job ID. The IPP object implementation  
1805 MUST support both forms of identification for every job.

## 1806 3.3.1 Send-Document Operation

1807 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to create a multi-document Job object that is initially "empty"  
1808 (contains no documents). In the Create-Job response, the Printer object returns the Job object's URI (the  
1809 "job-uri" attribute) and the Job object's 32-bit identifier (the "job-id" attribute). For each new document  
1810 that the client desires to add, the client uses a Send-Document operation. Each Send-Document Request  
1811 contains the entire stream of document data for one document.

1812 Since the Create-Job and the send operations (Send-Document or Send-URI operations) that follow  
1813 could occur over an arbitrarily long period of time for a particular job, a client MUST send another send  
1814 operation within an IPP Printer defined minimum time interval after the receipt of the previous request  
1815 for the job. If a Printer object supports multiple document jobs, the Printer object MUST support the  
1816 "multiple-operation-time-out" attribute (see section 4.4.28). This attribute indicates the minimum  
1817 number of seconds the Printer object will wait for the next send operation before taking some recovery  
1818 action.

1819 An IPP object MUST recover from an errant client that does not supply a send operation, sometime after  
1820 the minimum time interval specified by the Printer object's "multiple-operation-time-out" attribute. Such  
1821 recovery MAY include any of the following or other recovery actions:

- 1822 1. Assume that the Job is an invalid job, start the process of changing the job state to 'aborted', add  
1823 the 'aborted-by-system' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.3.8), if  
1824 supported, and clean up all resources associated with the Job. In this case, if another send  
1825 operation is finally received, the Printer responds with an "client-error-not-possible" or "client-  
1826 error-not-found" depending on whether or not the Job object is still around when the send  
1827 operation finally arrives.
- 1828 2. Assume that the last send operation received was in fact the last document (as if the "last-  
1829 document" flag had been set to 'true'), close the Job object, and proceed to process it (i.e., move  
1830 the Job's state to 'pending').
- 1831 3. Assume that the last send operation received was in fact the last document, close the Job, but  
1832 move it to the 'pending-held' and add the 'submission-interrupted' value to the job's "job-state-  
1833 reasons" attribute (see section 4.3.8), if supported. This action allows the user or an operator to  
1834 determine whether to continue processing the Job by moving it back to the 'pending' state [using](#)  
1835 [the Release-Job operation \(see section 3.3.6\)](#) or to cancel the job [using the Cancel-Job operation](#)  
1836 [\(see section 3.3.3\)](#).

1837  
1838 Each implementation is free to decide the "best" action to take depending on local policy, whether any  
1839 documents have been added, whether the implementation spools jobs or not, and/or any other piece of



1840 information available to it. If the choice is to abort the Job object, it is possible that the Job object may  
1841 already have been processed to the point that some media sheet pages have been printed.

### 1842 3.3.1.1 Send-Document Request

1843 The following attribute sets are part of the Send-Document Request:

#### 1844 Group 1: Operation Attributes

##### 1845 Natural Language and Character Set:

1846 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
1847 3.1.4.1.

1848

##### 1849 Target:

1850 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation  
1851 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

1852

##### 1853 Requesting User Name:

1854 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
1855 described in section 8.3.

1856

##### 1857 "document-name" (name(MAX)):

1858 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this  
1859 attribute. It contains the client supplied document name. The document name MAY be different  
1860 than the Job name. It might be helpful, but NEED NOT be unique across multiple documents in  
1861 the same Job. Typically, the client software automatically supplies the document name on behalf  
1862 of the end user by using a file name or an application generated name. See the description of the  
1863 "document-name" operation attribute in the Print-Job Request (section 3.2.1.1) for more  
1864 information about this attribute.

1865

##### 1866 "document-format" (mimeMediaType) :

1867 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this  
1868 attribute. The value of this attribute identifies the format of the supplied document data. If the  
1869 client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object assumes that the document data is in the  
1870 format defined by the Printer object's "document-format-default" attribute. If the client supplies  
1871 this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object, i.e., the value is not one of the  
1872 values of the Printer object's "document-format-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST  
1873 reject the request and return the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code.

1874

##### 1875 "document-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

1876 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports  
1877 this attribute. This attribute specifies the natural language of the document for those document-  
1878 formats that require a specification of the natural language in order to image the document  
1879 unambiguously. There are no particular values required for the Printer object to support.

1880

1881 "compression" (type3 keyword)

1882 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **OPTIONALLY** supports  
1883 this attribute and the "compression-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.29). The client supplied  
1884 "compression" operation attribute identifies the compression algorithm used on the document  
1885 data. If the client omits this attribute, the Printer object **MUST** assume that the data is not  
1886 compressed. If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer object supports the attribute, the  
1887 Printer object **MUST** use the corresponding decompression algorithm on the document data. If  
1888 the client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object, i.e., the value  
1889 is not one of the values of the Printer object's "compression-supported" attribute, the Printer  
1890 object **MUST** copy the attribute and its value to the Unsupported Attributes response group,  
1891 reject the request, and return the 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code.

1892

1893 "last-document" (boolean):

1894 The client **MUST** supply this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute. It is a  
1895 boolean flag that is set to 'true' if this is the last document for the Job, 'false' otherwise.

1896

1897 Group 2: Document Content

1898 The client **MUST** supply the document data if the "last-document" flag is set to 'false'. However,  
1899 since a client might not know that the previous document sent with a Send-Document (or Send-  
1900 URI) operation was the last document (i.e., the "last-document" attribute was set to 'false'), it is  
1901 legal to send a Send-Document request with no document data where the "last-document" flag is  
1902 set to 'true'. Such a request **MUST NOT** increment the value of the Job object's "number-of-  
1903 documents" attribute, since no real document was added to the job.

1904 3.3.1.2 Send-Document Response

1905 The following sets of attributes are part of the Send-Document Response:

1906 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1907 Status Message:

1908 In addition to the **REQUIRED** status code returned in every response, the response  
1909 **OPTIONALLY** includes a "status-message" (text) operation attribute as described in sections 14  
1910 and 3.1.6.

1911

1912 Natural Language and Character Set:

1913 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
1914 3.1.4.2.

1915

1916 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1917 This is a set of Operation attributes supplied by the client (in the request) that are not supported  
1918 by the Printer object or that conflict with one another (see sections 3.2.1.2 and the Implementer's  
1919 Guide [IPP-IIG]). If the Printer object is not returning any Unsupported Attributes in the  
1920 response, the Printer object **SHOULD** omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group.  
1921 However, a client **MUST** be able to accept an empty group.

1922

## 1923 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

1924 This is the same set of attributes as described in the Print-Job response (see section 3.2.1.2).  
1925

## 1926 3.3.2 Send-URI Operation

1927 This OPTIONAL operation is identical to the Send-Document operation (see section 3.3.1) except that a  
1928 client MUST supply a URI reference ("document-uri" operation attribute) rather than the document data  
1929 itself. If a Printer object supports this operation, clients can use both Send-URI or Send-Document  
1930 operations to add new documents to an existing multi-document Job object. However, if a client needs  
1931 to indicate that the previous Send-URI or Send-Document was the last document, the client MUST use  
1932 the Send-Document operation with no document data and the "last-document" flag set to 'true' (rather  
1933 than using a Send-URI operation with no "document-uri" operation attribute).

1934 If a Printer object supports this operation, it MUST also support the Print-URI operation (see section  
1935 3.2.2).

1936 The Printer object MUST validate the syntax and URI scheme of the supplied URI before returning a  
1937 response, just as in the Print-URI operation.

## 1938 3.3.3 Cancel-Job Operation

1939 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to cancel a Print Job from the time the job is created up to the  
1940 time it is completed, canceled, or aborted. Since a Job might already be printing by the time a Cancel-  
1941 Job is received, some media sheet pages might be printed before the job is actually terminated.

## 1942 3.3.3.1 Cancel-Job Request

1943 The following groups of attributes are part of the Cancel-Job Request:

## 1944 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1945 Natural Language and Character Set:

1946 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
1947 3.1.4.1.

1948

1949 Target:

1950 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri)  
1951 operation attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

1952

1953 Requesting User Name:

1954 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
1955 described in section 8.3.

1956

1957 "message" (text(127)):

1958 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **OPTIONALLY** supports  
1959 this attribute. It is a message to the operator. This "message" attribute is not the same as the "job-  
1960 message-from-operator" attribute. That attribute is used to report a message from the operator to  
1961 the end user that queries that attribute. This "message" operation attribute is used to send a  
1962 message from the client to the operator along with the operation request. It is an implementation  
1963 decision of how or where to display this message to the operator (if at all).  
1964

### 1965 3.3.3.2 Cancel-Job Response

1966 The following sets of attributes are part of the Cancel-Job Response:

#### 1967 Group 1: Operation Attributes

##### 1968 Status Message:

1969 In addition to the **REQUIRED** status code returned in every response, the response  
1970 **OPTIONALLY** includes a "status-message" (text) operation attribute as described in sections 14  
1971 and 3.1.6.

1972  
1973 If the job is already in the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled' state, or the 'process-to-stop-point'  
1974 value is set in the Job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, the Printer object **MUST** reject the request  
1975 and return the 'client-error-not-possible' error status code.  
1976

##### 1977 Natural Language and Character Set:

1978 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
1979 3.1.4.2.  
1980

#### 1981 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1982 This is a set of Operation attributes supplied by the client (in the request) that are not supported  
1983 by the Printer object or that conflict with one another (see section 3.2.1.2 and the Implementer's  
1984 Guide [IPP-IIG]). If the Printer object is not returning any Unsupported Attributes in the  
1985 response, the Printer object **SHOULD** omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group.  
1986 However, a client **MUST** be able to accept an empty group.  
1987

1988 Once a successful response has been sent, the implementation guarantees that the Job will eventually end  
1989 up in the 'canceled' state. Between the time of the Cancel-Job operation is accepted and when the job  
1990 enters the 'canceled' job-state (see section 4.3.7), the "job-state-reasons" attribute **SHOULD** contain the '  
1991 processing-to-stop-point' value which indicates to later queries that although the Job might still be  
1992 'processing', it will eventually end up in the 'canceled' state, not the 'completed' state.

## 1993 3.3.4 Get-Job-Attributes Operation

1994 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to request the values of attributes of a Job object and it is  
1995 almost identical to the Get-Printer-Attributes operation (see section 3.2.5). The only differences are that  
1996 the operation is directed at a Job object rather than a Printer object, there is no "document-format"  
1997 operation attribute used when querying a Job object, and the returned attribute group is a set of Job  
1998 object attributes rather than a set of Printer object attributes.

1999 For Jobs, the possible names of attribute groups are:

- 2000 - 'job-template': all of the Job Template attributes that apply to a Job object (the first column of the  
2001 table in Section 4.2).
  - 2002 - 'job-description': all of the Job Description attributes specified in Section 4.3.
  - 2003 - 'all': the special group 'all' that includes all supported attributes.
- 2004

2005 Since a client MAY request specific attributes or named groups, there is a potential that there is some  
2006 overlap. For example, if a client requests, 'job-name' and 'job-description', the client is actually  
2007 requesting the "job-name" attribute once by naming it explicitly, and once by inclusion in the 'job-  
2008 description' group. In such cases, the Printer object NEED NOT return the attribute only once in the  
2009 response even if it is requested multiple times. The client SHOULD NOT request the same attribute in  
2010 multiple ways.

2011 It is NOT REQUIRED that a Job object support all attributes belonging to a group (since some attributes  
2012 are OPTIONAL). However it is REQUIRED that each Job object support all group names.

## 2013 3.3.4.1 Get-Job-Attributes Request

2014 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Job-Attributes Request when the request is  
2015 directed at a Job object:

## 2016 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2017 Natural Language and Character Set:

2018 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
2019 3.1.4.1.

2020

2021 Target:

2022 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri)  
2023 operation attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

2024

2025 Requesting User Name:

2026 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
2027 described in section 8.3.

2028

2029 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword) :

2030 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The IPP object **MUST** support this attribute.  
2031 It is a set of attribute names and/or attribute group names in whose values the requester is  
2032 interested. If the client omits this attribute, the IPP object **MUST** respond as if this attribute had  
2033 been supplied with a value of 'all'.  
2034

#### 2035 3.3.4.2 Get-Job-Attributes Response

2036 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Job-Attributes Response:

##### 2037 Group 1: Operation Attributes

###### 2038 Status Message:

2039 In addition to the **REQUIRED** status code returned in every response, the response  
2040 **OPTIONALLY** includes a "status-message" (text) operation attribute as described in sections 14  
2041 and 3.1.6.  
2042

###### 2043 Natural Language and Character Set:

2044 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section  
2045 3.1.4.2. The "attributes-natural-language" **MAY** be the natural language of the Job object, rather  
2046 than the one requested.  
2047

##### 2048 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2049 This is a set of Operation attributes supplied by the client (in the request) that are not supported  
2050 by the Printer object or that conflict with one another (see sections 3.2.1.2 and the Implementer's  
2051 Guide [IPP-IIG]). The response **NEED NOT** contain the "requested-attributes" operation  
2052 attribute with any supplied values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are  
2053 not supported by the IPP object. If the Printer object is not returning any Unsupported Attributes  
2054 in the response, the Printer object **SHOULD** omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group.  
2055 However, a client **MUST** be able to accept an empty group.  
2056

##### 2057 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

2058 This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. The IPP object ignores (does not  
2059 respond with) any requested attribute or value which is not supported or which is restricted by the  
2060 security policy in force, including whether the requesting user is the user that submitted the job  
2061 (job originating user) or not (see section 8). However, the IPP object **MUST** respond with the  
2062 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all **REQUIRED** attributes) for which the  
2063 IPP object does not know the value, unless it would violate the security policy. See the  
2064 description of the "out-of-band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.

2065 3.3.5 Hold-Job Operation

2066 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to hold a pending job in the queue so that it is not eligible for  
 2067 scheduling. If the Hold-Job operation is supported, then the Release-Job operation MUST be supported,  
 2068 and vice-versa. The OPTIONAL "job-hold-until" operation attribute allows a client to specify whether  
 2069 to hold the job indefinitely or until a specified time period, if supported.

2070 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job  
 2071 to the indicated new state as follows:

| <u>Current "job-state"</u>  | <u>New "job-state"</u>      | <u>IPP object's response status code and action:</u> |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| <u>'pending'</u>            | <u>'pending-held'</u>       | <u>'successful-ok' See Note 1</u>                    |
| <u>'pending'</u>            | <u>'pending'</u>            | <u>'successful-ok' See Note 2</u>                    |
| <u>'pending-held'</u>       | <u>'pending-held'</u>       | <u>'successful-ok' See Note 1</u>                    |
| <u>'pending-held'</u>       | <u>'pending'</u>            | <u>'successful-ok' See Note 2</u>                    |
| <u>'processing'</u>         | <u>'processing'</u>         | <u>'client-error-not-possible'</u>                   |
| <u>'processing-stopped'</u> | <u>'processing-stopped'</u> | <u>'client-error-not-possible'</u>                   |
| <u>'completed'</u>          | <u>'completed'</u>          | <u>'client-error-not-possible'</u>                   |
| <u>'canceled'</u>           | <u>'canceled'</u>           | <u>'client-error-not-possible'</u>                   |
| <u>'aborted'</u>            | <u>'aborted'</u>            | <u>'client-error-not-possible'</u>                   |

2072 Note 1: If the OPTIONAL "job-state-reasons" attribute is supported and if the implementation supports  
 2073 multiple reasons for a job to be in the 'pending-held' state, the IPP object MUST add the 'job-hold-until-  
 2074 specified' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

2075 Note 2: If the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation attribute, but the specified time period  
 2076 has already started (or is the 'no-hold' value) and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object  
 2077 MUST make the job be a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2) by putting the job in  
 2078 the 'pending' state.

2079 Note: In order to keep the Hold-Job operation simple, such a request is rejected when the job is in the  
 2080 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states. If an operation is needed to hold jobs while in these states, it  
 2081 will be added as an additional operation, rather than overloading the Hold-Job operation. Then it is clear  
 2082 to clients by querying the Printer object's "operations-supported" (see Section 4.4.13) and the Job  
 2083 object's "job-state" (see Section 4.3.7) attributes which operations are possible.

2084 Access Rights: The requesting user must either be the submitter of the job or an operator or administrator  
 2085 of the Printer object (see Section 1). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the operation and return:  
 2086 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2087 3.3.5.1 Hold-Job Request

2088 The groups and operation attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job request (see section 3.3.3.1), with  
 2089 the addition of the following Group 1 Operation attribute:

2090 "job-hold-until" (type3 keyword | name(MAX)):

2091 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this Operation attribute. The IPP object MUST support this  
2092 operation attribute in a Hold-Job request, if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job template attribute  
2093 in create operations. See section 4.2.2. The IPP object SHOULD support the "job-hold-until"  
2094 Job Template attribute for use in job create operations with at least the 'indefinite' value, if it  
2095 supports the Hold-Job operation. Otherwise, a client cannot create a job and hold it immediately  
2096 (without picking some supported time period in the future).

2097 If supplied and supported as specified in the Printer's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, the IPP  
2098 object copies the supplied operation attribute to the Job object, replacing the job's previous "job-  
2099 hold-until" attribute, if present, and makes the job a candidate for scheduling during the supplied  
2100 named time period.

2101 If supplied, but either the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute itself or the value supplied is not  
2102 supported, the IPP object accepts the request, returns the unsupported attribute or value in the  
2103 Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.2.1.2, returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-  
2104 substituted-attributes, and holds the job indefinitely until a client performs a subsequent Release-  
2105 Job operation.

2106 If the client (1) supplies a value that specifies a time period that has already started or the 'no-  
2107 hold' value (meaning don't hold the job) and (2) the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until"  
2108 operation attribute and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object MUST accept the  
2109 operation and make the job be a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2110 If the client does not supply a "job-hold-until" Operation attribute in the request, the IPP object  
2111 MUST populate the job object with a "job-hold-until" attribute with the 'indefinite' value (if IPP  
2112 object supports the "job-hold-until" attribute) and hold the job indefinitely, until a client performs  
2113 a Release-Job operation.

### 2114 3.3.5.2 Hold-Job Response

2115 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job response (see section 3.3.3.2).

### 2116 3.3.6 Release-Job Operation

2117 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to release a previously held job so that it is again eligible for  
2118 scheduling. If the Hold-Job operation is supported, then the Release-Job operation MUST be supported,  
2119 and vice-versa.

2120 This operation removes the "job-hold-until" job attribute, if present, from the job object that had been  
2121 supplied in the create or most recent Hold-Job or Restart-Job operation and remove its effect on the job.  
2122 If the OPTIONAL "job-state-reasons" attribute is supported, the IPP object MUST remove the 'job-hold-  
2123 until-specified' value from the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, if present. See section 4.3.8.

2124 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job  
2125 to the indicated new state as follows:



| <u>Current "job-state"</u>  | <u>New "job-state"</u>      | <u>IPP object's response status code and action:</u> |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| <u>'pending'</u>            | <u>'pending'</u>            | <u>'successful-ok' No effect on the job.</u>         |
| <u>'pending-held'</u>       | <u>'pending-held'</u>       | <u>'successful-ok' See Note 1</u>                    |
| <u>'pending-held'</u>       | <u>'pending'</u>            | <u>'successful-ok'</u>                               |
| <u>'processing'</u>         | <u>'processing'</u>         | <u>'successful-ok' No effect on the job.</u>         |
| <u>'processing-stopped'</u> | <u>'processing-stopped'</u> | <u>'successful-ok' No effect on the job.</u>         |
| <u>'completed'</u>          | <u>'completed'</u>          | <u>'client-error-not-possible'</u>                   |
| <u>'canceled'</u>           | <u>'canceled'</u>           | <u>'client-error-not-possible'</u>                   |
| <u>'aborted'</u>            | <u>'aborted'</u>            | <u>'client-error-not-possible'</u>                   |

2126 Note 1: If there are other reasons to keep the job in the 'pending-held' state, such as 'resources-are-not-  
 2127 ready', the job remains in the 'pending-held' state. Thus the 'pending-held' state is not just for jobs that  
 2128 have the 'job-hold-until' applied to them, but are for any reason to keep the job from being a candidate  
 2129 for scheduling and processing, such as 'resources-are-not-ready'. See the "job-hold-until" attribute  
 2130 (section 4.2.2).

2131 Access Rights: The requesting user must either be the submitter of the job or an operator or administrator  
 2132 of the Printer object. Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-  
 2133 forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2134 The Release-Job Request and Release-Job Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the  
 2135 Cancel-Job operation (see section 3.3.3.1 and 3.3.3.2).

### 2136 3.3.7 Restart-Job Operation

2137 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to restart a job that is retained in the queue after processing  
 2138 has completed (see section 4.3.7.1). ~~As an implementation option, a job in the 'processing' and/or~~  
 2139 ~~'processing-stopped' states MAY be restarted.~~

2140 The job is moved to the 'pending' job state and restarts at the beginning on the same IPP Printer object  
 2141 with the same attribute values. The Job Description attributes that accumulate job progress, such as  
 2142 "job-impressions-completed", "job-media-sheets-completed", and "job-k-octets-processed", MUST be  
 2143 reset to 0 so that they give an accurate record of the job from its restart point. The job object MUST  
 2144 continue to use the same "job-uri" and "job-id" attribute values.

2145 Note: If in the future an operation is needed that does not reset the job progress attributes, then a new  
 2146 operation will be defined which makes a copy of the job, assigns a new "job-uri" and "job-id" to the copy  
 2147 and resets the job progress attributes in the new copy only.

2148 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state, transition the job (~~or~~  
 2149 ~~new job, depending on implementation)~~ to the indicated new state as follows:

| <u>Current "job-state"</u> | <u>New "job-state"</u> | <u>IPP object's response status code and action:</u> |
|----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| <u>'pending'</u>           | <u>'pending'</u>       | <u>'client-error-not-possible'.</u>                  |
| <u>'pending-held'</u>      | <u>'pending-held'</u>  | <u>'client-error-not-possible'.</u>                  |

| <u>Current "job-state"</u>  | <u>New "job-state"</u> | <u>IPP object's response status code and action:</u>                |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---|
| <u>'processing'</u>         | <u>'pending'</u>       | <u>OPTION 1: 'successful-ok' - job is started over. See Note 1.</u> |
| <u>'processing'</u>         | <u>'processing'</u>    | <u>OPTION 2: 'client-error-not-possible'.</u>                       |
| <u>'processing-stopped'</u> | <u>'pending'</u>       | <u>OPTION 1: 'successful-ok' - job is started over. See Note 1</u>  |
| <u>'processing-stopped'</u> |                        | <u>OPTION 2:</u>  |
| <u>'completed'</u>          | <u>'pending'</u>       | <u>'successful-ok' - job is started over.</u>                       |
| <u>'completed'</u>          | <u>'completed'</u>     | <u>'client-error-not-possible' - see Note 1</u>                     |
| <u>'canceled'</u>           | <u>'pending'</u>       | <u>'successful-ok' - job is started over.</u>                       |
| <u>'canceled'</u>           | <u>'canceled'</u>      | <u>'client-error-not-possible' - see Note 1</u>                     |
| <u>'aborted'</u>            | <u>'pending'</u>       | <u>'successful-ok' - job is started over.</u>                       |
| <u>'aborted'</u>            | <u>'aborted'</u>       | <u>'client-error-not-possible' - see Note 1</u>                     |

2150

2151 Note 1: If the Job Retention Period has expired for the job in this state, then the IPP object rejects the  
 2152 operation. See section 4.3.7.1.

2153 Note: In order to prevent a user from inadvertently restarting a job in the middle, the Restart-Job request  
 2154 is rejected when the job is in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states. If in the future an operation  
 2155 is needed to hold or restart jobs while in these states, it will be added as an additional operation, rather  
 2156 than overloading the Restart-Job operation, so that it is clear that the user intended that the current job  
 2157 not be completed.

2158 Access Rights: The requesting user must either be the submitter of the job or an operator or administrator  
 2159 of the Printer object. Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-  
 2160 forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

### 2161 3.3.7.1 Restart-Job Request

2162 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job request (see section 3.3.3.1), with the addition  
 2163 of the following Group 1 Operation attribute:

2164 "job-hold-until" (type3 keyword | name(MAX)):

2165 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The IPP object MUST support this Operation  
 2166 attribute in a Restart-Job request, if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job Template attribute in  
 2167 create operations. See section 4.2.2. Otherwise, the IPP object NEED NOT support the "job-  
 2168 hold-until" Operation attribute in a Restart-Job request.

2169 If supplied and supported as specified in the Printer's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, the IPP  
 2170 object copies the supplied Operation attribute to the Job object, replacing the job's previous "job-  
 2171 hold-until" attribute, if present, and makes the job a candidate for scheduling during the supplied  
 2172 named time period. See section 4.2.2.

2173 If supplied, but the value is not supported, the IPP object accepts the request, returns the  
2174 unsupported attribute or value in the Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.2.1.2,  
2175 returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code, and holds the job  
2176 indefinitely until a client performs a subsequent Release-Job operation.

2177 If supplied, but the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute itself is not supported, the IPP object  
2178 accepts the request, returns the unsupported attribute with the out-of-band 'unsupported' value in  
2179 the Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.2.1.2, returns the 'successful-ok-  
2180 ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code, and restarts the job, i.e., ignores the "job-hold-  
2181 until" attribute.

2182 ~~See Section 3.3.5.1 for the common semantics of the "job-hold-until" operation attribute for the~~  
2183 ~~Hold-Job operation and Restart-Job operation.~~

2184 If the client (1) supplies a value that specifies a time period that has already started or the 'no-  
2185 hold' value (meaning don't hold the job) and (2) the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until"  
2186 operation attribute and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object makes the job a  
2187 candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2188 If the client does not supply a "job-hold-until" operation attribute in the request, the IPP object  
2189 removes the "job-hold-until" attribute, if present, from the job. If there are no other reasons to  
2190 hold the job, the Restart-Job operation makes the job a candidate for processing immediately (see  
2191 Section 4.2.2).

#### 2192 ~~4.1.1.2~~3.3.7.2 Restart-Job Response

2193 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job response (see section 3.3.3.2).

2194 Note: In the future an OPTIONAL Modify-Job operation may be specified that allows the client to  
2195 modify other attributes before releasing the restarted job.

## 2196 4. Object Attributes

2197 This section describes the attributes with their corresponding attribute syntaxes and values that are part  
2198 of the IPP model. The sections below show the objects and their associated attributes which are  
2199 included within the scope of this protocol. Many of these attributes are derived from other relevant  
2200 specifications:

- 2201 - Document Printing Application (DPA) [ISO10175]
- 2202 - RFC 1759 Printer MIB [RFC1759]

2203

2204 Each attribute is uniquely identified in this document using a "keyword" (see section 13.2.1) which is the  
2205 name of the attribute. The keyword is included in the section header describing that attribute.

2206 Note: Not only are keywords used to identify attributes, but one of the attribute syntaxes described  
2207 below is "keyword" so that some attributes have keyword values. Therefore, these attributes are defined  
2208 as having an attribute syntax that is a set of keywords.

#### 2209 4.1 Attribute Syntaxes

2210 This section defines the basic attribute syntax types that all clients and IPP objects MUST be able to  
2211 accept in responses and accept in requests, respectively. Each attribute description in sections 3 and  
2212 3.3.5 includes the name of attribute syntax(es) in the heading (in parentheses). A conforming  
2213 implementation of an attribute MUST include the semantics of the attribute syntax(es) so identified.  
2214 Section 6.3 describes how the protocol can be extended with new attribute syntaxes.

2215 The attribute syntaxes are specified in the following sub-sections, where the sub-section heading is the  
2216 keyword name of the attribute syntax inside the single quotes. In operation requests and responses each  
2217 attribute value MUST be represented as one of the attribute syntaxes specified in the sub-section heading  
2218 for the attribute. In addition, the value of an attribute in a response (but not in a request) MAY be one of  
2219 the "out-of-band" values. Standard "out-of-band" values are:

2220     `unknown`: The attribute is supported by the IPP object, but the value is unknown to the IPP object  
2221     for some reason.

2222     `unsupported`: The attribute is unsupported by the IPP object. This value MUST be returned only as  
2223     the value of an attribute in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

2224     `no-value`: The attribute is supported by the Printer object, but the ~~system~~ administrator has not yet  
2225     configured a value.

2226

2227 The "Encoding and Transport" specification [IPP-PRO] defines mechanisms for passing "out-of-band"  
2228 values. All attributes in a request MUST have one or more values as defined in Sections 4.2 to 4.4.  
2229 Thus clients MUST NOT supply attributes with "out-of-band" values. All attributes in a response  
2230 MUST have one or more values as defined in Sections 4.2 to 4.4 or a single "out-of-band" value.

2231 Most attributes are defined to have a single attribute syntax. However, a few attributes (e.g., "job-sheet",  
2232 "media", "job-hold-until") are defined to have several attribute syntaxes, depending on the value. These  
2233 multiple attribute syntaxes are separated by the "|" character in the sub-section heading to indicate the  
2234 choice. Since each value MUST be tagged as to its attribute syntax in the protocol, a single-valued  
2235 attribute instance may have any one of its attribute syntaxes and a multi-valued attribute instance may  
2236 have a mixture of its defined attribute syntaxes.

##### 2237 4.1.1 `text`

2238 A text attribute is an attribute whose value is a sequence of zero or more characters encoded in a  
2239 maximum of 1023 (MAX) octets. MAX is the maximum length for each value of any text attribute.  
2240 However, if an attribute will always contain values whose maximum length is much less than MAX, the  
2241 definition of that attribute will include a qualifier that defines the maximum length for values of that  
2242 attribute. For example: the "printer-location" attribute is specified as "printer-location (text(127))". In

2243 this case, text values for "printer-location" MUST NOT exceed 127 octets; if supplied with a longer text  
2244 string via some external interface (other than the protocol), implementations are free to truncate to this  
2245 shorter length limitation.

2246 In this specification, all text attributes are defined using the 'text' syntax. However, 'text' is used only for  
2247 brevity; the formal interpretation of 'text' is: 'textWithoutLanguage | textWithLanguage'. That is, for any  
2248 attribute defined in this specification using the 'text' attribute syntax, all IPP objects and clients MUST  
2249 support both the 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes. However, in actual  
2250 usage and protocol execution, objects and clients accept and return only one of the two syntax per  
2251 attribute. The syntax 'text' never appears "on-the-wire".

2252 Both 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' are needed to support the real world needs of  
2253 interoperability between sites and systems that use different natural languages as the basis for human  
2254 communication. Generally, one natural language applies to all text attributes in a given request or  
2255 response. The language is indicated by the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute defined in  
2256 section 3.1.4 or "attributes-natural-language" job attribute defined in section 4.3.24, and there is no need  
2257 to identify the natural language for each text string on a value-by-value basis. In these cases, the  
2258 attribute syntax 'textWithoutLanguage' is used for text attributes. In other cases, the client needs to  
2259 supply or the Printer object needs to return a text value in a natural language that is different from the  
2260 rest of the text values in the request or response. In these cases, the client or Printer object uses the  
2261 attribute syntax 'textWithLanguage' for text attributes (this is the Natural Language Override mechanism  
2262 described in section 3.1.4).

2263 The 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes are described in more detail in the  
2264 following sections.

#### 2265 4.1.1.1 'textWithoutLanguage'

2266 The 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax indicates a value that is sequence of zero or more characters. Text  
2267 strings are encoded using the rules of some charset. The Printer object MUST support the UTF-8  
2268 charset [RFC2044~~2279~~] and MAY support additional charsets to represent 'text' values, provided that the  
2269 charsets are registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. See Section 4.1.7 for the specification of the 'charset'  
2270 attribute syntax, including restricted semantics and examples of charsets.

#### 2271 4.1.1.2 'textWithLanguage'

2272 The 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax is a compound attribute syntax consisting of two parts: a  
2273 'textWithoutLanguage' part plus an additional 'naturalLanguage' (see section 4.1.8) part that overrides the  
2274 natural language in force. The 'naturalLanguage' part explicitly identifies the natural language that  
2275 applies to the text part of that value and that value alone. For any give text attribute, the  
2276 'textWithoutLanguage' part is limited to the maximum length defined for that attribute, but the  
2277 'naturalLanguage' part is always limited to 63 octets. Using the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax rather  
2278 than the normal 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax is the so-called Natural Language Override mechanism  
2279 and MUST be supported by all IPP objects and clients.

2280 If the attribute is multi-valued (1setOf text), then the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax MUST be used  
2281 to explicitly specify each attribute value whose natural language needs to be overridden. Other values in  
2282 a multi-valued 'text' attribute in a request or a response revert to the natural language of the operation  
2283 attribute.

2284 In a create request, the Printer object MUST accept and store with the Job object any natural language in  
2285 the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, whether the Printer object supports that natural  
2286 language or not. Furthermore, the Printer object MUST accept and store any 'textWithLanguage'  
2287 attribute value, whether the Printer object supports that natural language or not. These requirements are  
2288 independent of the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute that the client MAY supply.

2289 Example: If the client supplies the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute with the value: 'en'  
2290 indicating English, but the value of the "job-name" attribute is in French, the client MUST use the  
2291 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax with the following two values:

2292 'fr': Natural Language Override indicating French

2293 'Rapport Mensuel': the job name in French

2294

2295 See the "[Encoding and Transport](#)" document [IPP-PRO] for a detailed example of the  
2296 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax.

#### 2297 4.1.2 'name'

2298 This syntax type is used for user-friendly strings, such as a Printer name, that, for humans, are more  
2299 meaningful than identifiers. Names are never translated from one natural language to another. The  
2300 'name' attribute syntax is essentially the same as 'text', including the REQUIRED support of UTF-8  
2301 except that the sequence of characters is limited so that its encoded form MUST NOT exceed 255  
2302 (MAX) octets.

2303 Also like 'text', 'name' is really an abbreviated notation for either 'nameWithoutLanguage' or  
2304 'nameWithLanguage'. That is, all IPP objects and clients MUST support both the  
2305 'nameWithoutLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes. However, in actual usage and  
2306 protocol execution, objects and clients accept and return only one of the two syntax per attribute. The  
2307 syntax 'name' never appears "on-the-wire".

2308 Note: Only the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes permit the Natural Language Override mechanism.

2309 Some attributes are defined as 'type3 keyword | name'. These attributes support values that are either  
2310 type3 keywords or names. This dual-syntax mechanism enables a site administrator to extend these  
2311 attributes to legally include values that are locally defined by the site administrator. Such names are not  
2312 registered with IANA.

##### 2313 4.1.2.1 'nameWithoutLanguage'

2314 The nameWithoutLanguage' syntax indicates a value that is sequence of zero or more characters so that  
2315 its encoded form does not exceed MAX octets.

## 2316 4.1.2.2 'nameWithLanguage'

2317 The 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax is a compound attribute syntax consisting of two parts: a  
2318 'nameWithoutLanguage' part plus an additional 'naturalLanguage' (see section 4.1.8) part that overrides  
2319 the natural language in force. The 'naturalLanguage' part explicitly identifies the natural language that  
2320 applies to that name value and that name value alone.

2321 The 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax behaves the same as the 'textWithLanguage' syntax. If a name  
2322 is in a language that is different than the rest of the object or operation, then this 'nameWithLanguage'  
2323 syntax is used rather than the generic 'nameWithoutLanguage' syntax.

2324 Example: If the client supplies the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute with the value: 'en'  
2325 indicating English, but the "printer-name" attribute is in German, the client MUST use the  
2326 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax as follows:

2327       'de': Natural Language Override indicating German  
2328       'Farbdrucker': the Printer name in German  
2329

## 2330 4.1.2.3 Matching 'name' attribute values

2331 For purposes of matching two 'name' attribute values for equality, such as in job validation (where a  
2332 client-supplied value for attribute "xxx" is checked to see if the value is among the values of the Printer  
2333 object's corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute), the following match rules apply:

- 2334 1. 'keyword' values never match 'name' values.
- 2335 2. 'name' (nameWithoutLanguage and nameWithLanguage) values match if (1) the name parts  
2336 match and (2) the Associated Natural-Language parts (see section 3.1.4.1) match. The matching  
2337 rules are:
  - 2338 a. the name parts match if the two names are identical character by character, except it is  
2339 RECOMMENDED that case be ignored. For example: 'Ajax-letter-head-white' MUST  
2340 match 'Ajax-letter-head-white' and SHOULD match 'ajax-letter-head-white' and 'AJAX-  
2341 LETTER-HEAD-WHITE'.
  - 2342 b. the Associated Natural-Language parts match if the shorter of the two meets the  
2343 syntactic requirements of RFC 1766 [RFC1766] and matches byte for byte with the  
2344 longer. For example, 'en' matches 'en', 'en-us' and 'en-gb', but matches neither 'fr' nor 'e'.

## 2345 4.1.3 'keyword'

2346 The 'keyword' attribute syntax is a sequence of characters, length: 1 to 255, containing only the US-  
2347 ASCII [ASCII] encoded values for lowercase letters ("a" - "z"), digits ("0" - "9"), hyphen ("-"), dot ("."),  
2348 and underscore ("\_"). The first character MUST be a lowercase letter. Furthermore, keywords MUST  
2349 be in U.S. English.

2350 This syntax type is used for enumerating semantic identifiers of entities in the abstract protocol, i.e.,  
2351 entities identified in this document. Keywords are used as attribute names or values of attributes.  
2352 Unlike 'text' and 'name' attribute values, 'keyword' values MUST NOT use the Natural Language  
2353 Override mechanism, since they MUST always be US-ASCII and U.S. English.

2354 Keywords are for use in the protocol. A user interface will likely provide a mapping between protocol  
2355 keywords and displayable user-friendly words and phrases which are localized to the natural language of  
2356 the user. While the keywords specified in this document MAY be displayed to users whose natural  
2357 language is U.S. English, they MAY be mapped to other U.S. English words for U.S. English users,  
2358 since the user interface is outside the scope of this document.

2359 In the definition for each attribute of this syntax type, the full set of defined keyword values for that  
2360 attribute are listed.

2361 When a keyword is used to represent an attribute (its name), it MUST be unique within the full scope of  
2362 all IPP objects and attributes. When a keyword is used to represent a value of an attribute, it MUST be  
2363 unique just within the scope of that attribute. That is, the same keyword MUST NOT be used for two  
2364 different values within the same attribute to mean two different semantic ideas. However, the same  
2365 keyword MAY be used across two or more attributes, representing different semantic ideas for each  
2366 attribute. Section 6.1 describes how the protocol can be extended with new keyword values. Examples  
2367 of attribute name keywords:

2368 "job-name"  
2369 "attributes-charset"  
2370

2371 Note: This document uses "type1", "type2", and "type3" prefixes to the "keyword" basic syntax to  
2372 indicate different levels of review for extensions (see section 6.1).

#### 2373 4.1.4 'enum'

2374 The 'enum' attribute syntax is an enumerated integer value that is in the range from 1 to  $2^{31} - 1$   
2375 (MAX). Each value has an associated 'keyword' name. In the definition for each attribute of this syntax  
2376 type, the full set of possible values for that attribute are listed. This syntax type is used for attributes for  
2377 which there are enum values assigned by other standards, such as SNMP MIBs. A number of attribute  
2378 enum values in this specification are also used for corresponding attributes in other standards  
2379 [RFC1759]. This syntax type is not used for attributes to which the [system](#)-administrator may assign  
2380 values. Section 6.1 describes how the protocol can be extended with new enum values.

2381 Enum values are for use in the protocol. A user interface will provide a mapping between protocol enum  
2382 values and displayable user-friendly words and phrases which are localized to the natural language of the  
2383 user. While the enum symbols specified in this document MAY be displayed to users whose natural  
2384 language is U.S. English, they MAY be mapped to other U.S. English words for U.S. English users,  
2385 since the user interface is outside the scope of this document.



2386 Note: SNMP MIBs use '2' for 'unknown' which corresponds to the IPP "out-of-band" value 'unknown'.  
2387 See the description of the "out-of-band" values at the beginning of Section 4.1. Therefore, attributes of  
2388 type 'enum' start at '3'.

2389 Note: This document uses "type1", "type2", and "type3" prefixes to the "enum" basic syntax to indicate  
2390 different levels of review for extensions (see section 6.1).

#### 2391 4.1.5 'uri'

2392 The 'uri' attribute syntax is any valid Uniform Resource Identifier or URI [RFC2396]. Most often, URIs  
2393 are simply Uniform Resource Locators or URLs. The maximum length of URIs used as values of IPP  
2394 attributes is 1023 octets. Although most other IPP attribute syntax types allow for only lower-cased  
2395 values, this attribute syntax type conforms to the case-sensitive and case-insensitive rules specified in  
2396 [RFC2396]. [See also \[IPP-IIG\] for a discussion of case in URIs.](#)

#### 2397 4.1.6 'uriScheme'

2398 The 'uriScheme' attribute syntax is a sequence of characters representing a URI scheme according to  
2399 RFC 2396 [RFC2396]. Though RFC 2396 requires that the values be case-insensitive, IPP requires all  
2400 lower case values in IPP attributes to simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects. Standard  
2401 values for this syntax type are the following keywords:

2402 'http': for HTTP schemed URIs (e.g., "http:...")  
2403 'https': for use with HTTPS schemed URIs (e.g., "https:...") (not on IETF standards track)  
2404 'ftp': for FTP schemed URIs (e.g., "ftp:...")  
2405 'mailto': for SMTP schemed URIs (e.g., "mailto:...")  
2406 'file': for file schemed URIs (e.g., "file:...")  
2407

2408 A Printer object MAY support any URI 'scheme' that has been registered with IANA [IANA-MT]. The  
2409 maximum length of URI 'scheme' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

#### 2410 4.1.7 'charset'

2411 The 'charset' attribute syntax is a standard identifier for a charset. A charset is a coded character set and  
2412 encoding scheme. Charsets are used for labeling certain document contents and 'text' and 'name'  
2413 attribute values. The syntax and semantics of this attribute syntax are specified in RFC 2046 [RFC2046]  
2414 and contained in the IANA character-set Registry [IANA-CS] according to the IANA procedures  
2415 [RFC2278]. Though RFC 2046 requires that the values be case-insensitive US-ASCII, IPP requires all  
2416 lower case values in IPP attributes to simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects. When a  
2417 character-set in the IANA registry has more than one name (alias), the name labeled as "(preferred  
2418 MIME name)", if present, MUST be used.

2419 The maximum length of 'charset' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2420 Some examples are:

2421 'utf-8': ISO 10646 Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) represented as the UTF-8  
2422 [RFC2279] transfer encoding scheme in which US-ASCII is a subset charset.  
2423 'us-ascii': 7-bit American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII), ANSI X3.4-1986  
2424 [ASCII]. That standard defines US-ASCII, but RFC 2045 [RFC2045] eliminates most of the  
2425 control characters from conformant usage in MIME and IPP.  
2426 'iso-8859-1': 8-bit One-Byte Coded Character Set, Latin Alphabet Nr 1 [ISO8859-1]. That standard  
2427 defines a coded character set that is used by Latin languages in the Western Hemisphere and  
2428 Western Europe. US-ASCII is a subset charset.  
2429 'iso-10646-ucs-2': ISO 10646 Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) represented as  
2430 two octets (UCS-2), with the high order octet of each pair coming first (so-called Big Endian  
2431 integer).  
2432

2433 Some attribute descriptions MAY place additional requirements on charset values that may be used, such  
2434 as REQUIRED values that MUST be supported or additional restrictions, such as requiring that the  
2435 charset have US-ASCII as a subset charset.

#### 2436 4.1.8 'naturalLanguage'

2437 The 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax is a standard identifier for a natural language and optionally a  
2438 country. The values for this syntax type are defined by RFC 1766 [RFC1766]. Though RFC 1766  
2439 requires that the values be case-insensitive US-ASCII, IPP requires all lower case to simplify comparing  
2440 by IPP clients and Printer objects. Examples include:

2441 'en': for English  
2442 'en-us': for US English  
2443 'fr': for French  
2444 'de': for German  
2445

2446 The maximum length of 'naturalLanguage' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

#### 2447 4.1.9 'mimeType'

2448 The 'mimeType' attribute syntax is the Internet Media Type (sometimes called MIME type) as  
2449 defined by RFC 2046 [RFC2046] and registered according to the procedures of RFC 2048 [RFC2048]  
2450 for identifying a document format. The value MAY include a charset parameter, depending on the  
2451 specification of the Media Type in the IANA Registry [IANA-MT]. Although most other IPP syntax  
2452 types allow for only lower-cased values, this syntax type allows for mixed-case values which are case-  
2453 insensitive.

2454 Examples are:

2455 'text/html': An HTML document  
2456 'text/plain': A plain text document in US-ASCII (RFC 2046 indicates that in the absence of the  
2457 charset parameter MUST mean US-ASCII rather than simply unspecified) [RFC2046].  
2458 'text/plain; charset=US-ASCII': A plain text document in US-ASCII [52, 56].

2459 'text/plain; charset=ISO-8859-1': A plain text document in ISO 8859-1 (Latin 1) [ISO8859-1].  
2460 'text/plain; charset=utf-8': A plain text document in ISO 10646 represented as UTF-8  
2461 [RFC20442279]  
2462 ~~'text/plain; charset=iso-10646-ucs-2': A plain text document in ISO 10646 represented in two octets~~  
2463 ~~(UCS-2) [ISO10646-1]~~  
2464 'application/postscript': A PostScript document [RFC2046]  
2465 'application/vnd.hp-PCL': A PCL document [IANA-MT] (charset escape sequence embedded in the  
2466 document data)  
2467 'application/pdf': Portable Document Format - see IANA MIME Media Type registry  
2468 'application/octet-stream': (REQUIRED) Auto-sense - see below  
2469

2470 One special type is 'application/octet-stream'. If the Printer object supports this value, the Printer object  
2471 MUST be capable of auto-sensing the format of the document data. If the Printer object's default value  
2472 attribute "document-format-default" is set to 'application/octet-stream', the Printer object not only  
2473 supports auto-sensing of the document format, but will depend on the result of applying its auto-sensing  
2474 when the client does not supply the "document-format" attribute. If the client supplies a document  
2475 format value, the Printer MUST rely on the supplied attribute, rather than trust its auto-sensing  
2476 algorithm. To summarize:

- 2477 1. If the client does not supply a document format value, the Printer MUST rely on its default value  
2478 setting (which may be 'application/octet-stream' indicating an auto-sensing mechanism).
- 2479 2. If the client supplies a value other than 'application/octet-stream', the client is supplying valid  
2480 information about the format of the document data and the Printer object MUST trust the client  
2481 supplied value more than the outcome of applying an automatic format detection mechanism.  
2482 For example, the client may be requesting the printing of a PostScript file as a 'text/plain'  
2483 document. The Printer object MUST print a text representation of the PostScript commands  
2484 rather than interpret the stream of PostScript commands and print the result.
- 2485 3. If the client supplies a value of 'application/octet-stream', the client is indicating that the Printer  
2486 object MUST use its auto-sensing mechanism on the client supplied document data whether  
2487 auto-sensing is the Printer object's default or not.  
2488

2489 Note: Since the auto-sensing algorithm is probabilistic, if the client requests both auto-sensing  
2490 ("document-format" set to 'application/octet-stream') and true fidelity ("ipp-attribute-fidelity" set to  
2491 'true'), the Printer object might not be able to guarantee exactly what the end user intended (the auto-  
2492 sensing algorithm might mistake one document format for another ), but it is able to guarantee that its  
2493 auto-sensing mechanism be used.

2494 The maximum length of a 'mimeType' value to represent IPP attribute values is 255 octets.

#### 2495 4.1.10 'octetString'

2496 The 'octetString' attribute syntax is a sequence of octets encoded in a maximum of 1023 octets which is  
2497 indicated in sub-section headers using the notation: octetString(MAX). This syntax type is used for  
2498 opaque data.

## 2499 4.1.11 'boolean'

2500 The 'boolean' attribute syntax has only two values: 'true' and 'false'.

## 2501 4.1.12 'integer'

2502 The 'integer' attribute syntax is an integer value that is in the range from  $-2^{31}$  (MIN) to  $2^{31} - 1$   
2503 (MAX). Each individual attribute may specify the range constraint explicitly in sub-section headers if  
2504 the range is different from the full range of possible integer values. For example: job-priority  
2505 (integer(1:100)) for the "job-priority" attribute. However, the enforcement of that additional constraint is  
2506 up to the IPP objects, not the protocol.

## 2507 4.1.13 'rangeOfInteger'

2508 The 'rangeOfInteger' attribute syntax is an ordered pair of integers that defines an inclusive range of  
2509 integer values. The first integer specifies the lower bound and the second specifies the upper bound. If a  
2510 range constraint is specified in the header description for an attribute in this document whose attribute  
2511 syntax is 'rangeOfInteger' (i.e., 'X:Y' indicating X as a minimum value and Y as a maximum value), then  
2512 the constraint applies to both integers.

## 2513 4.1.14 'dateTime'

2514 The 'dateTime' attribute syntax is a standard, fixed length, 11 octet representation of the "DateAndTime"  
2515 syntax as defined in RFC 1903 [RFC1903]. RFC 1903 also identifies an 8 octet representation of a  
2516 "DateAndTime" value, but IPP objects MUST use the 11 octet representation. A user interface will  
2517 provide a mapping between protocol dateTime values and displayable user-friendly words or  
2518 presentation values and phrases which are localized to the natural language and date format of the user.

## 2519 4.1.15 'resolution'

2520 The 'resolution' attribute syntax specifies a two-dimensional resolution in the indicated units. It consists  
2521 of 3 values: a cross feed direction resolution (positive integer value), a feed direction resolution (positive  
2522 integer value), and a units value. The semantics of these three components are taken from the Printer  
2523 MIB [RFC1759] suggested values. That is, the cross feed direction component resolution component is  
2524 the same as the prtMarkerAddressabilityXFeedDir object in the Printer MIB, the feed direction  
2525 component resolution component is the same as the prtMarkerAddressabilityFeedDir in the Printer MIB,  
2526 and the units component is the same as the prtMarkerAddressabilityUnit object in the Printer MIB  
2527 (namely, '3' indicates dots per inch and '4' indicates dots per centimeter). All three values MUST be  
2528 present even if the first two values are the same. Example: '300', '600', '3' indicates a 300 dpi cross-feed  
2529 direction resolution, a 600 dpi feed direction resolution, since a '3' indicates dots per inch (dpi).

## 2530 4.1.16 '1setOf X'

2531 The '1setOf X' attribute syntax is 1 or more values of attribute syntax type X. This syntax type is used  
2532 for multi-valued attributes. The syntax type is called '1setOf' rather than just 'setOf' as a reminder that

2533 the set of values MUST NOT be empty (i.e., a set of size 0). Sets are normally unordered. However  
2534 each attribute description of this type may specify that the values MUST be in a certain order for that  
2535 attribute.

## 2536 4.2 Job Template Attributes

2537 Job Template attributes describe job processing behavior. Support for Job Template attributes by a  
2538 Printer object is OPTIONAL (see section 13.2.3 for a description of support for OPTIONAL attributes).  
2539 Also, clients OPTIONALLY supply Job Template attributes in create requests.

2540 Job Template attributes conform to the following rules. For each Job Template attribute called "xxx":

2541 1. If the Printer object supports "xxx" then it MUST support both a "xxx-default" attribute (unless  
2542 there is a "No" in the table below) and a "xxx-supported" attribute. If the Printer object doesn't  
2543 support "xxx", then it MUST support neither an "xxx-default" attribute nor an "xxx-supported"  
2544 attribute, and it MUST treat an attribute "xxx" supplied by a client as unsupported. An attribute  
2545 "xxx" may be supported for some document formats and not supported for other document  
2546 formats. For example, it is expected that a Printer object would only support "orientation-  
2547 requested" for some document formats (such as 'text/plain' or 'text/html') but not others (such as  
2548 'application/postscript').

2549  
2550 2. "xxx" is OPTIONALLY supplied by the client in a create request. If "xxx" is supplied, the client  
2551 is indicating a desired job processing behavior for this Job. When "xxx" is not supplied, the  
2552 client is indicating that the Printer object apply its default job processing behavior at job  
2553 processing time if the document content does not contain an embedded instruction indicating an  
2554 xxx-related behavior.

2555  
2556 Note: Since an administrator MAY change the default value attribute after a Job object has been  
2557 submitted but before it has been processed, the default value used by the Printer object at job  
2558 processing time may be different that the default value in effect at job submission time.

2559  
2560 3. The "xxx-supported" attribute is a Printer object attribute that describes which job processing  
2561 behaviors are supported by that Printer object. A client can query the Printer object to find out  
2562 what xxx-related behaviors are supported by inspecting the returned values of the "xxx-  
2563 supported" attribute.

2564  
2565 Note: The "xxx" in each "xxx-supported" attribute name is singular, even though an "xxx-  
2566 supported" attribute usually has more than one value, such as "job-sheet-supported", unless the  
2567 "xxx" Job Template attribute is plural, such as "finishings" or "sides". In such cases the "xxx-  
2568 supported" attribute names are: "finishings-supported" and "sides-supported".

2569  
2570 4. The "xxx-default" default value attribute describes what will be done at job processing time when  
2571 no other job processing information is supplied by the client (either explicitly as an IPP attribute  
2572 in the create request or implicitly as an embedded instruction within the document data).  
2573

2574 If an application wishes to present an end user with a list of supported values from which to choose, the  
2575 application SHOULD query the Printer object for its supported value attributes. The application  
2576 SHOULD also query the default value attributes. If the application then limits selectable values to only  
2577 those value that are supported, the application can guarantee that the values supplied by the client in the  
2578 create request all fall within the set of supported values at the Printer. When querying the Printer, the  
2579 client MAY enumerate each attribute by name in the Get-Printer-Attributes Request, or the client MAY  
2580 just name the "job-template" group in order to get the complete set of supported attributes (both  
2581 supported and default attributes).

2582 The "finishings" attribute is an example of a Job Template attribute. It can take on a set of values such  
2583 as 'staple', 'punch', and/or 'cover'. A client can query the Printer object for the "finishings-supported"  
2584 attribute and the "finishings-default" attribute. The supported attribute contains a set of supported  
2585 values. The default value attribute contains the finishing value(s) that will be used for a new Job if the  
2586 client does not supply a "finishings" attribute in the create request and the document data does not  
2587 contain any corresponding finishing instructions. If the client does supply the "finishings" attribute in  
2588 the create request, the IPP object validates the value or values to make sure that they are a subset of the  
2589 supported values identified in the Printer object's "finishings-supported" attribute. See section 3.2.1.2.

2590 The table below summarizes the names and relationships for all Job Template attributes. The first  
2591 column of the table (labeled "Job Attribute") shows the name and syntax for each Job Template attribute  
2592 in the Job object. These are the attributes that can optionally be supplied by the client in a create request.  
2593 The last two columns (labeled "Printer: Default Value Attribute" and "Printer: Supported Values  
2594 Attribute") shows the name and syntax for each Job Template attribute in the Printer object (the default  
2595 value attribute and the supported values attribute). A "No" in the table means the Printer MUST NOT  
2596 support the attribute (that is, the attribute is simply not applicable). For brevity in the table, the 'text' and  
2597 'name' entries do not show the maximum length for each attribute.

|      |                     |                                  |                                     |
|------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2598 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2599 | Job Attribute       | Printer: Default Value Attribute | Printer: Supported Values Attribute |
| 2600 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2601 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2602 | job-priority        | job-priority-default             | job-priority-supported              |
| 2603 | (integer 1:100)     | (integer 1:100)                  | (integer 1:100)                     |
| 2604 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2605 | job-hold-until      | job-hold-until-                  | job-hold-until-                     |
| 2606 | (type3 keyword      | default                          | supported                           |
| 2607 | name)               | (type3 keyword                   | (1setOf                             |
| 2608 |                     | name)                            | type3 keyword   name)               |
| 2609 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2610 | job-sheets          | job-sheets-default               | job-sheets-supported                |
| 2611 | (type3 keyword      | (type3 keyword                   | (1setOf                             |
| 2612 | name)               | name)                            | type3 keyword   name)               |
| 2613 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2614 | multiple-document-  | multiple-document-               | multiple-document-                  |
| 2615 | handling            | handling-default                 | handling-supported                  |
| 2616 | (type2 keyword)     | (type2 keyword)                  | (1setOf type2 keyword)              |
| 2617 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2618 | copies              | copies-default                   | copies-supported                    |
| 2619 | (integer (1:MAX))   | (integer (1:MAX))                | (rangeOfInteger                     |
| 2620 |                     |                                  | (1:MAX))                            |
| 2621 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2622 | finishings          | finishings-default               | finishings-supported                |
| 2623 | (1setOf type2 enum) | (1setOf type2 enum)              | (1setOf type2 enum)                 |
| 2624 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2625 | page-ranges         | No                               | page-ranges-                        |
| 2626 | (1setOf             |                                  | supported (boolean)                 |
| 2627 | rangeOfInteger      |                                  |                                     |
| 2628 | (1:MAX))            |                                  |                                     |
| 2629 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2630 | sides               | sides-default                    | sides-supported                     |
| 2631 | (type2 keyword)     | (type2 keyword)                  | (1setOf type2 keyword)              |
| 2632 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2633 | number-up           | number-up-default                | number-up-supported                 |
| 2634 | (integer (1:MAX))   | (integer (1:MAX))                | (1setOf integer                     |
| 2635 |                     |                                  | (1:MAX)                             |
| 2636 |                     |                                  | rangeOfInteger                      |
| 2637 |                     |                                  | (1:MAX))                            |
| 2638 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2639 | orientation-        | orientation-requested-           | orientation-requested-              |
| 2640 | requested           | default                          | supported                           |
| 2641 | (type2 enum)        | (type2 enum)                     | (1setOf type2 enum)                 |
| 2642 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2643 | media               | media-default                    | media-supported                     |
| 2644 | (type3 keyword      | (type3 keyword                   | (1setOf                             |
| 2645 | name)               | name)                            | type3 keyword   name)               |
| 2646 |                     |                                  |                                     |
| 2647 |                     |                                  | media-ready                         |

|      |                     |                       |                       |
|------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 2648 |                     |                       | (1setOf               |
| 2649 |                     |                       | type3 keyword   name) |
| 2650 | +-----+-----+-----+ |                       |                       |
| 2651 | printer-resolution  | printer-resolution-   | printer-resolution-   |
| 2652 | (resolution)        | default               | supported             |
| 2653 |                     | (resolution)          | (1setOf resolution)   |
| 2654 | +-----+-----+-----+ |                       |                       |
| 2655 | print-quality       | print-quality-default | print-quality-        |
| 2656 | (type2 enum)        | (type2 enum)          | supported             |
| 2657 |                     |                       | (1setOf type2 enum)   |
| 2658 | +-----+-----+-----+ |                       |                       |

2659

2660

#### 2661 4.2.1 job-priority (integer(1:100))

2662 This attribute specifies a priority for scheduling the Job. A higher value specifies a higher priority. The  
 2663 value 1 indicates the lowest possible priority. The value 100 indicates the highest possible priority.  
 2664 Among those jobs that are ready to print, a Printer MUST print all jobs with a priority value of n before  
 2665 printing those with a priority value of n-1 for all n.

2666 If the Printer object supports this attribute, it MUST always support the full range from 1 to 100. No  
 2667 administrative restrictions are permitted. This way an end-user can always make full use of the entire  
 2668 range with any Printer object. If privileged jobs are implemented outside IPP/1.1, they MUST have  
 2669 priorities higher than 100, rather than restricting the range available to end-users.

2670 If the client does not supply this attribute and this attribute is supported by the Printer object, the Printer  
 2671 object MUST use the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-default" at job submission time (unlike  
 2672 most Job Template attributes that are used if necessary at job processing time).

2673 The syntax for the "job-priority-supported" is also integer(1:100). This single integer value indicates the  
 2674 number of priority levels supported. The Printer object MUST take the value supplied by the client and  
 2675 map it to the closest integer in a sequence of n integers values that are evenly distributed over the range  
 2676 from 1 to 100 using the formula:

2677 
$$\text{roundToNearestInt}((100x+50)/n)$$

2678 where n is the value of "job-priority-supported" and x ranges from 0 through n-1.

2679 For example, if n=1 the sequence of values is 50; if n=2, the sequence of values is: 25 and 75; if n = 3,  
 2680 the sequence of values is: 17, 50 and 83; if n = 10, the sequence of values is: 5, 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 65,  
 2681 75, 85, and 95; if n = 100, the sequence of values is: 1, 2, 3, ... 100.

2682 If the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-supported" is 10 and the client supplies values in the  
 2683 range 1 to 10, the Printer object maps them to 5, in the range 11 to 20, the Printer object maps them to  
 2684 15, etc.



## 2685 4.2.2 job-hold-until (type3 keyword | name (MAX))

2686 This attribute specifies the named time period during which the Job MUST become a candidate for  
2687 printing.

2688 Standard keyword values for named time periods are:

2689     'no-hold': immediately, if there are not other reasons to hold the job

2690     '~~indefinite': - the job is held indefinitely, until a client performs a Release-Job (section 3.3.6)~~~~or~~

2691         Restart-Job (section 3.3.7) operation

2692     'day-time': during the day

2693     'evening': evening

2694     'night': night

2695     'weekend': weekend

2696     'second-shift': second-shift (after close of business)

2697     'third-shift': third-shift (after midnight)

2698

2699 An administrator MUST associate allowable print times with a named time period (by means outside the  
2700 scope of this IPP/4.01.1 document). An administrator is encouraged to pick names that suggest the type  
2701 of time period. An administrator MAY define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute  
2702 syntax, depending on implementation.

2703 If the value of this attribute specifies a time period that is in the future, the Printer MUST add the 'job-  
2704 hold-until-specified' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, move the job to the 'pending-held'  
2705 state, and MUST NOT schedule the job for printing until the specified time-period arrives. When the  
2706 specified time period arrives, the Printer MUST remove the 'job-hold-until-specified' value from the  
2707 job's "job-state-reason" attribute and, if there are no other job state reasons that keep the job in the  
2708 'pending-held' state, the Printer MUST consider the job as a candidate for processing by moving the job  
2709 to the 'pending' state.

2710 If this job attribute value is the named value 'no-hold', or the specified time period has already started,  
2711 the job MUST be a candidate for processing immediately.

2712 If the client does not supply this attribute and this attribute is supported by the Printer object, the Printer  
2713 object MUST use the value of the Printer object's "job-hold-until-default" at job submission time (unlike  
2714 most Job Template attributes that are used if necessary at job processing time).

## 2715 4.2.3 job-sheets (type3 keyword | name(MAX))

2716 This attribute determines which job start/end sheet(s), if any, MUST be printed with a job.

2717 Standard keyword values are:

2718     'none': no job sheet is printed

2719     'standard': one or more site specific standard job sheets are printed, e.g. a single start sheet or both  
2720         start and end sheet is printed

2721

2722 An administrator MAY define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending  
2723 on implementation.

2724 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents MAY be affected by the "multiple-  
2725 document-handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4), depending on the job sheet semantics.

#### 2726 4.2.4 multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)

2727 This attribute is relevant only if a job consists of two or more documents. The attribute controls finishing  
2728 operations and the placement of one or more print-stream pages into impressions and onto media sheets.  
2729 When the value of the "copies" attribute exceeds 1, it also controls the order in which the copies that  
2730 result from processing the documents are produced. For the purposes of this explanations, if "a"  
2731 represents an instance of document data, then the result of processing the data in document "a" is a  
2732 sequence of media sheets represented by "a(\*)".

2733 Standard keyword values are:

2734 'single-document': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data is called a and b,  
2735 then the result of processing all the document data (a and then b) MUST be treated as a single  
2736 sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, finishing would be performed on the  
2737 concatenation of the sequences a(\*),b(\*). The Printer object MUST NOT force the data in each  
2738 document instance to be formatted onto a new print-stream page, nor to start a new impression  
2739 on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is made, the ordering of the sets of media sheets  
2740 resulting from processing the document data MUST be a(\*), b(\*), a(\*), b(\*), ..., and the Printer  
2741 object MUST force each copy (a(\*),b(\*)) to start on a new media sheet.

2742 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document  
2743 data is called a and b, then the result of processing the data in each document instance MUST be  
2744 treated as a single sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, the sets a(\*) and b(\*)  
2745 would each be finished separately. The Printer object MUST force each copy of the result of  
2746 processing the data in a single document to start on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is  
2747 made, the ordering of the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the document data  
2748 MUST be a(\*), a(\*), ..., b(\*), b(\*) ... .

2749 'separate-documents-collated-copies': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data  
2750 is called a and b, then the result of processing the data in each document instance MUST be  
2751 treated as a single sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, the sets a(\*) and b(\*)  
2752 would each be finished separately. The Printer object MUST force each copy of the result of  
2753 processing the data in a single document to start on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is  
2754 made, the ordering of the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the document data  
2755 MUST be a(\*), b(\*), a(\*), b(\*), ... .

2756 'single-document-new-sheet': Same as 'single-document', except that the Printer object MUST  
2757 ensure that the first impression of each document instance in the job is placed on a new media  
2758 sheet. This value allows multiple documents to be stapled together with a single staple where  
2759 each document starts on a new sheet.

2760

2761 The 'single-document' value is the same as 'separate-documents-collated-copies' with respect to ordering  
 2762 of print-stream pages, but not media sheet generation, since 'single-document' will put the first page of  
 2763 the next document on the back side of a sheet if an odd number of pages have been produced so far for  
 2764 the job, while 'separate-documents-collated-copies' always forces the next document or document copy  
 2765 on to a new sheet. In addition, if the "finishings" attribute specifies 'staple', then with 'single-document',  
 2766 documents a and b are stapled together as a single document with no regard to new sheets, with 'single-  
 2767 document-new-sheet', documents a and b are stapled together as a single document, but document b  
 2768 starts on a new sheet, but with 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies' and 'separate-documents-collated-  
 2769 copies', documents a and b are stapled separately.

2770 Note: None of these values provide means to produce uncollated sheets within a document, i.e., where  
 2771 multiple copies of sheet n are produced before sheet n+1 of the same document.

2772 The relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document processing is described in  
 2773 section 16.3.

#### 2774 4.2.5 copies (integer(1:MAX))

2775 This attribute specifies the number of copies to be printed.

2776 On many devices the supported number of collated copies will be limited by the number of physical  
 2777 output bins on the device, and may be different from the number of uncollated copies which can be  
 2778 supported.

2779 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-  
 2780 document-handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other  
 2781 attributes that control document processing is described in section 16.3.

#### 2782 4.2.6 finishings (1setOf type2 enum)

2783 This attribute identifies the finishing operations that the Printer uses for each copy of each printed  
 2784 document in the Job. For Jobs with multiple documents, the "multiple-document-handling" attribute  
 2785 determines what constitutes a "copy" for purposes of finishing.

2786 Standard enum values are:

| 2787 | Value | Symbolic Name and Description   |
|------|-------|---|
| 2788 |       |   |
| 2789 | '3'   | 'none': Perform no finishing  |
| 2790 | '4'   | 'staple': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples. The exact number and placement   |
| 2791 |       | of the staples is site-defined.   |
| 2792 | '5'   | 'punch': This value indicates that holes are required in the finished document. The exact |
| 2793 |       | number and placement of the holes is site-defined The punch specification MAY             |
| 2794 |       | be satisfied (in a site- and implementation-specific manner) either by                    |
| 2795 |       | drilling/punching, or by substituting pre-drilled media.                                  |

- 2796 '6' 'cover': This value is specified when it is desired to select a non-printed (or pre-printed)  
2797 cover for the document. This does not supplant the specification of a printed cover  
2798 (on cover stock medium) by the document itself.
- 2799 '7' 'bind': This value indicates that a binding is to be applied to the document; the type and  
2800 placement of the binding is site-defined."
- 2801
- 2802 '8' 'saddle-stitch': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the  
2803 middle fold. The exact number and placement of the staples and the middle fold  
2804 is implementation and/or site-defined.
- 2805 '9' 'edge-stitch': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along one  
2806 edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or  
2807 site-defined.
- 2808 '10'-'19' reserved for future generic finishing enum values.

2809 The following values are more specific; they indicate a corner or an edge as if the document were a  
2810 portrait document (see below):

- 2811 '20' 'staple-top-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the top left corner.
- 2812 '21' 'staple-bottom-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the bottom left  
2813 corner.
- 2814 '22' 'staple-top-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the top right corner.
- 2815 '23' 'staple-bottom-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the bottom right  
2816 corner.
- 2817 '24' 'edge-stitch-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the  
2818 left edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation  
2819 and/or site-defined.
- 2820 '25' 'edge-stitch-top': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the  
2821 top edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation  
2822 and/or site-defined.
- 2823 '26' 'edge-stitch-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along  
2824 the right edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation  
2825 and/or site-defined.
- 2826 '27' 'edge-stitch-bottom': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along  
2827 the bottom edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is  
2828 implementation and/or site-defined.
- 2829 '28' 'staple-dual-left': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the left  
2830 edge assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2831 '29' 'staple-dual-top': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the top  
2832 edge assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2833 '30' 'staple-dual-right': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the right  
2834 edge assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2835 '31' 'staple-dual-bottom': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the  
2836 bottom edge assuming a portrait document (see above).

2837 The 'staple-xxx' values are specified with respect to the document as if the document were a portrait  
2838 document. If the document is actually a landscape or a reverse-landscape document, the client supplies  
2839 the appropriate transformed value. For example, to position a staple in the upper left hand corner of a

2840 landscape document when held for reading, the client supplies the 'staple-bottom-left' value (since  
2841 landscape is defined as a +90 degree rotation from portrait, i.e., anti-clockwise). On the other hand, to  
2842 position a staple in the upper left hand corner of a reverse-landscape document when held for reading,  
2843 the client supplies the 'staple-top-right' value (since reverse-landscape is defined as a -90 degree rotation  
2844 from portrait, i.e., clockwise).

2845 The angle (vertical, horizontal, angled) of each staple with respect to the document depends on the  
2846 implementation which may in turn depend on the value of the attribute.

2847 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-  
2848 document-handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other  
2849 attributes that control document processing is described in section 16.3.

2850 If the client supplies a value of 'none' along with any other combination of values, it is the same as if  
2851 only that other combination of values had been supplied (that is the 'none' value has no effect).

#### 2852 4.2.7 page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger (1:MAX))

2853 This attribute identifies the range(s) of print-stream pages that the Printer object uses for each copy of  
2854 each document which are to be printed. Nothing is printed for any pages identified that do not exist in  
2855 the document(s). Ranges MUST be in ascending order, for example: 1-3, 5-7, 15-19 and MUST NOT  
2856 overlap, so that a non-spooling Printer object can process the job in a single pass. If the ranges are not  
2857 ascending or are overlapping, the IPP object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-bad-  
2858 request' status code. The attribute is associated with print-stream pages not application-numbered pages  
2859 (for example, the page numbers found in the headers and or footers for certain word processing  
2860 applications).

2861 For Jobs with multiple documents, the "multiple-document-handling" attribute determines what  
2862 constitutes a "copy" for purposes of the specified page range(s). When "multiple-document-handling" is  
2863 'single-document', the Printer object MUST apply each supplied page range once to the concatenation of  
2864 the print-stream pages. For example, if there are 8 documents of 10 pages each, the page-range '41:60'  
2865 prints the pages in the 5th and 6th documents as a single document and none of the pages of the other  
2866 documents are printed. When "multiple-document-handling" is 'separate-document-uncollated-copies' or  
2867 'separate-document-collated-copies', the Printer object MUST apply each supplied page range repeatedly  
2868 to each document copy. For the same job, the page-range '1:3, 10:10' would print the first 3 pages and  
2869 the 10th page of each of the 8 documents in the Job, as 8 separate documents.

2870 In most cases, the exact pages to be printed will be generated by a device driver and this attribute would  
2871 not be required. However, when printing an archived document which has already been formatted, the  
2872 end user may elect to print just a subset of the pages contained in the document. In this case, if page-  
2873 range = n.m is specified, the first page to be printed will be page n. All subsequent pages of the  
2874 document will be printed through and including page m.

2875 "page-ranges-supported" is a boolean value indicating whether or not the printer is capable of supporting  
2876 the printing of page ranges. This capability may differ from one PDL to another. There is no "page-

2877 ranges-default" attribute. If the "page-ranges" attribute is not supplied by the client, all pages of the  
2878 document will be printed.

2879 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-  
2880 document-handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other  
2881 attributes that control document processing is described in section 16.3.

#### 2882 4.2.8 sides (type2 keyword)

2883 This attribute specifies how print-stream pages are to be imposed upon the sides of an instance of a  
2884 selected medium, i.e., an impression.

2885 The standard keyword values are:

2886 'one-sided': imposes each consecutive print-stream page upon the same side of consecutive media  
2887 sheets.

2888 'two-sided-long-edge': imposes each consecutive pair of print-stream pages upon front and back sides  
2889 of consecutive media sheets, such that the orientation of each pair of print-stream pages on the  
2890 medium would be correct for the reader as if for binding on the long edge. This imposition is  
2891 sometimes called 'duplex' or 'head-to-head'.

2892 'two-sided-short-edge': imposes each consecutive pair of print-stream pages upon front and back  
2893 sides of consecutive media sheets, such that the orientation of each pair of print-stream pages on  
2894 the medium would be correct for the reader as if for binding on the short edge. This imposition  
2895 is sometimes called 'tumble' or 'head-to-toe'.

2896

2897 'two-sided-long-edge', 'two-sided-short-edge', 'tumble', and 'duplex' all work the same for portrait or  
2898 landscape. However 'head-to-toe' is 'tumble' in portrait but 'duplex' in landscape. 'head-to-head' also  
2899 switches between 'duplex' and 'tumble' when using portrait and landscape modes.

2900 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-  
2901 document-handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other  
2902 attributes that control document processing is described in section 16.3.

#### 2903 4.2.9 number-up (integer(1:MAX))

2904 This attribute specifies the number of print-stream pages to impose upon a single side of an instance of a  
2905 selected medium. For example, if the value is:

| 2906 Value | Description   |
|------------|---|
| 2907 '1'   | the Printer MUST place one print-stream page on a single side of an instance of the<br>2908 selected medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).   |
| 2909 '2'   | the Printer MUST place two print-stream pages on a single side of an instance of the<br>2910 selected medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).  |
| 2911 '4'   | the Printer MUST place four print-stream pages on a single side of an instance of the<br>2912 selected medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation). |
| 2913       |   |

2914

2915 This attribute primarily controls the translation, scaling and rotation of print-stream pages.

2916 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-  
2917 document-handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other  
2918 attributes that control document processing is described in section 16.3.

2919 4.2.10 orientation-requested (type2 enum)

2920 This attribute indicates the desired orientation for printed print-stream pages; it does not describe the  
2921 orientation of the client-supplied print-stream pages.

2922 For some document formats (such as 'application/postscript'), the desired orientation of the print-stream  
2923 pages is specified within the document data. This information is generated by a device driver prior to  
2924 the submission of the print job. Other document formats (such as 'text/plain') do not include the notion  
2925 of desired orientation within the document data. In the latter case it is possible for the Printer object to  
2926 bind the desired orientation to the document data after it has been submitted. It is expected that a Printer  
2927 object would only support "orientations-requested" for some document formats (e.g., 'text/plain' or  
2928 'text/html') but not others (e.g., 'application/postscript'). This is no different than any other Job Template  
2929 attribute since section 4.2, item 1, points out that a Printer object may support or not support any Job  
2930 Template attribute based on the document format supplied by the client. However, a special mention is  
2931 made here since it is very likely that a Printer object will support "orientation-requested" for only a  
2932 subset of the supported document formats.

2933 Standard enum values are:

2934 Value Symbolic Name and Description

2935

2936 '3' 'portrait': The content will be imaged across the short edge of the medium.

2937 '4' 'landscape': The content will be imaged across the long edge of the medium. Landscape  
2938 is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged by +90 degrees  
2939 with respect to the medium (i.e. anti-clockwise) from the portrait orientation.  
2940 Note: The +90 direction was chosen because simple finishing on the long edge is  
2941 the same edge whether portrait or landscape

2942 '5' 'reverse-landscape': The content will be imaged across the long edge of the medium.

2943 Reverse-landscape is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be  
2944 imaged by -90 degrees with respect to the medium (i.e. clockwise) from the  
2945 portrait orientation. Note: The 'reverse-landscape' value was added because some  
2946 applications rotate landscape -90 degrees from portrait, rather than +90 degrees.

2947 '6' 'reverse-portrait': The content will be imaged across the short edge of the medium.

2948 Reverse-portrait is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged  
2949 by 180 degrees with respect to the medium from the portrait orientation. Note:  
2950 The 'reverse-portrait' value was added for use with the "finishings" attribute in  
2951 cases where the opposite edge is desired for finishing a portrait document on  
2952 simple finishing devices that have only one finishing position. Thus a 'text/plain'

2953 portrait document can be stapled "on the right" by a simple finishing device as is  
2954 common use with some middle eastern languages such as Hebrew.  
2955

2956 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-  
2957 document-handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other  
2958 attributes that control document processing is described in section 16.3.

#### 2959 4.2.11 media (type3 keyword | name(MAX))

2960 This attribute identifies the medium that the Printer uses for all impressions of the Job.

2961 The values for "media" include medium-names, medium-sizes, input-trays and electronic forms so that  
2962 one attribute specifies the media. If a Printer object supports a medium name as a value of this attribute,  
2963 such a medium name implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the specified medium. If a Printer  
2964 object supports a medium size as a value of this attribute, such a medium size implicitly selects a  
2965 medium name that in turn implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the medium with the specified  
2966 size. If a Printer object supports an input-tray as the value of this attribute, such an input-tray implicitly  
2967 selects the medium that is in that input-tray at the time the job prints. This case includes manual-feed  
2968 input-trays. If a Printer object supports an electronic form as the value of this attribute, such an  
2969 electronic form implicitly selects a medium-name that in turn implicitly selects an input-tray that  
2970 contains the medium specified by the electronic form. The electronic form also implicitly selects an  
2971 image that the Printer MUST merge with the document data as its prints each page.

2972 Standard keyword values are (taken from ISO DPA and the Printer MIB) and are listed in section 15. An  
2973 administrator MAY define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending on  
2974 implementation.

2975 There is also an additional Printer attribute named "media-ready" which differs from "media-supported"  
2976 in that legal values only include the subset of "media-supported" values that are physically loaded and  
2977 ready for printing with no operator intervention required. If an IPP object supports "media-supported", it  
2978 NEED NOT support "media-ready".

2979 The relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document processing is described in  
2980 section 16.3.

#### 2981 4.2.12 printer-resolution (resolution)

2982 This attribute identifies the resolution that Printer uses for the Job.

#### 2983 4.2.13 print-quality (type2 enum)

2984 This attribute specifies the print quality that the Printer uses for the Job.

2985 The standard enum values are:

2986 Value Symbolic Name and Description



2987

2988        '3'        'draft': lowest quality available on the printer

2989        '4'        'normal': normal or intermediate quality on the printer

2990        '5'        'high': highest quality available on the printer

2991

## 2992    4.3 Job Description Attributes

2993    The attributes in this section form the attribute group called "job-description". The following table  
2994    summarizes these attributes. The third column indicates whether the attribute is a REQUIRED attribute  
2995    that MUST be supported by Printer objects. If it is not indicated as REQUIRED, then it is OPTIONAL.  
2996    The maximum size in octets for 'text' and 'name' attributes is indicated in parentheses.

|      | Attribute                   | Syntax               | REQUIRED? |
|------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| 2997 |                             |                      |           |
| 2998 |                             |                      |           |
| 2999 |                             |                      |           |
| 3000 | job-uri                     | uri                  | REQUIRED  |
| 3001 |                             |                      |           |
| 3002 | job-id                      | integer(1:MAX)       | REQUIRED  |
| 3003 |                             |                      |           |
| 3004 | job-printer-uri             | uri                  | REQUIRED  |
| 3005 |                             |                      |           |
| 3006 | job-more-info               | uri                  |           |
| 3007 |                             |                      |           |
| 3008 | job-name                    | name (MAX)           | REQUIRED  |
| 3009 |                             |                      |           |
| 3010 | job-originating-user-name   | name (MAX)           | REQUIRED  |
| 3011 |                             |                      |           |
| 3012 | job-state                   | type1 enum           | REQUIRED  |
| 3013 |                             |                      |           |
| 3014 | job-state-reasons           | 1setOf type2 keyword |           |
| 3015 |                             |                      |           |
| 3016 | job-state-message           | text (MAX)           |           |
| 3017 |                             |                      |           |
| 3018 | number-of-documents         | integer (0:MAX)      |           |
| 3019 |                             |                      |           |
| 3020 | output-device-assigned      | name (127)           |           |
| 3021 |                             |                      |           |
| 3022 | time-at-creation            | integer (0:MAX)      |           |
| 3023 |                             |                      |           |
| 3024 | time-at-processing          | integer (0:MAX)      |           |
| 3025 |                             |                      |           |
| 3026 | time-at-completed           | integer (0:MAX)      |           |
| 3027 |                             |                      |           |
| 3028 | number-of-intervening-jobs  | integer (0:MAX)      |           |
| 3029 |                             |                      |           |
| 3030 | job-message-from-operator   | text (127)           |           |
| 3031 |                             |                      |           |
| 3032 | job-k-octets                | integer (0:MAX)      |           |
| 3033 |                             |                      |           |
| 3034 | job-impressions             | integer (0:MAX)      |           |
| 3035 |                             |                      |           |
| 3036 | job-media-sheets            | integer (0:MAX)      |           |
| 3037 |                             |                      |           |
| 3038 | job-k-octets-processed      | integer (0:MAX)      |           |
| 3039 |                             |                      |           |
| 3040 | job-impressions-completed   | integer (0:MAX)      |           |
| 3041 |                             |                      |           |
| 3042 | job-media-sheets-completed  | integer (0:MAX)      |           |
| 3043 |                             |                      |           |
| 3044 | attributes-charset          | charset              | REQUIRED  |
| 3045 |                             |                      |           |
| 3046 | attributes-natural-language | naturalLanguage      | REQUIRED  |

3047 +-----+-----+-----+-----+  
3048  
3049

#### 3050 4.3.1 job-uri (uri)

3051 This REQUIRED attribute contains the URI for the job. The Printer object, on receipt of a new job,  
3052 generates a URI which identifies the new Job. The Printer object returns the value of the "job-uri"  
3053 attribute as part of the response to a create request. The precise format of a Job URI is implementation  
3054 dependent. If the Printer object supports more than one URI and there is some relationship between the  
3055 newly formed Job URI and the Printer object's URI, the Printer object uses the Printer URI supplied by  
3056 the client in the create request. For example, if the create request comes in over a secure channel, the  
3057 new Job URI MUST use the same secure channel. This can be guaranteed because the Printer object is  
3058 responsible for generating the Job URI and the Printer object is aware of its security configuration and  
3059 policy as well as the Printer URI used in the create request.

3060 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-id" and "job-printer-uri" attribute, see the  
3061 discussion in section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

#### 3062 4.3.2 job-id (integer(1:MAX))

3063 This REQUIRED attribute contains the ID of the job. The Printer, on receipt of a new job, generates an  
3064 ID which identifies the new Job on that Printer. The Printer returns the value of the "job-id" attribute as  
3065 part of the response to a create request. The 0 value is not included to allow for compatibility with  
3066 SNMP index values which also cannot be 0.

3067 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-uri" and "job-printer-uri" attribute, see the  
3068 discussion in section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

#### 3069 4.3.3 job-printer-uri (uri)

3070 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the Printer object that created this Job object. When a Printer  
3071 object creates a Job object, it populates this attribute with the Printer object URI that was used in the  
3072 create request. This attribute permits a client to identify the Printer object that created this Job object  
3073 when only the Job object's URI is available to the client. The client queries the creating Printer object to  
3074 determine which languages, charsets, operations, are supported for this Job.

3075 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-uri" and "job-id" attribute, see the  
3076 discussion in section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

#### 3077 4.3.4 job-more-info (uri)

3078 Similar to "printer-more-info", this attribute contains the URI referencing some resource with more  
3079 information about this Job object, perhaps an HTML page containing information about the Job.

## 3080 4.3.5 job-name (name(MAX))

3081 This REQUIRED attribute is the name of the job. It is a name that is more user friendly than the "job-  
 3082 uri" attribute value. It does not need to be unique between Jobs. The Job's "job-name" attribute is set to  
 3083 the value supplied by the client in the "job-name" operation attribute in the create request (see Section  
 3084 3.2.1.1). If, however, the "job-name" operation attribute is not supplied by the client in the create  
 3085 request, the Printer object, on creation of the Job, MUST generate a name. The printer SHOULD  
 3086 generate the value of the Job's "job-name" attribute from the first of the following sources that produces  
 3087 a value: 1) the "document-name" operation attribute of the first (or only) document, 2) the "document-  
 3088 URI" attribute of the first (or only) document, or 3) any other piece of Job specific and/or Document  
 3089 Content information.

## 3090 4.3.6 job-originating-user-name (name(MAX))

3091 This REQUIRED attribute contains the name of the end user that submitted the print job. The Printer  
 3092 object sets this attribute to the most authenticated printable name that it can obtain from the  
 3093 authentication service over which the IPP operation was received. Only if such is not available, does the  
 3094 Printer object use the value supplied by the client in the "requesting-user-name" operation attribute of the  
 3095 create operation (see Section 8).

3096 Note: The Printer object needs to keep an internal originating user id of some form, typically as a  
 3097 credential of a principal, with the Job object. Since such an internal attribute is implementation-  
 3098 dependent and not of interest to clients, it is not specified as a Job Description attribute. This originating  
 3099 user id is used for authorization checks (if any) on all subsequent operation.

## 3100 4.3.7 job-state (type1 enum)

3101 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the current state of the job. Even though the IPP protocol defines  
 3102 ~~eight~~seven values for job states (plus the out-of-band 'unknown' value - see Section 4.1),  
 3103 implementations only need to support those states which are appropriate for the particular  
 3104 implementation. In other words, a Printer supports only those job states implemented by the output  
 3105 device and available to the Printer object implementation.

3106 Standard enum values are:

| 3107 | Values | Symbolic Name and Description   |
|------|--------|---|
| 3108 |        |   |
| 3109 | '3'    | 'pending': The job is a candidate to start processing, but is not yet processing.       |
| 3110 |        |   |
| 3111 | '4'    | 'pending-held': The job is not a candidate for processing for any number of reasons but |
| 3112 |        | will return to the 'pending' state as soon as the reasons are no longer present. The    |
| 3113 |        | job's "job-state-reason" attribute MUST indicate why the job is no longer a             |
| 3114 |        | candidate for processing.   |
| 3115 |        |   |
| 3116 | '5'    | 'processing': One or more of:   |
| 3117 |        |   |

- 3118 1. the job is using, or is attempting to use, one or more purely software processes  
 3119 that are analyzing, creating, or interpreting a PDL, etc.,  
 3120 2. the job is using, or is attempting to use, one or more hardware devices that are  
 3121 interpreting a PDL, making marks on a medium, and/or performing finishing,  
 3122 such as stapling, etc.,  
 3123 3. the Printer object has made the job ready for printing, but the output device is  
 3124 not yet printing it, either because the job hasn't reached the output device or  
 3125 because the job is queued in the output device or some other spooler, awaiting the  
 3126 output device to print it.  
 3127

3128 When the job is in the 'processing' state, the entire job state includes the detailed  
 3129 status represented in the printer's "printer-state", "printer-state-reasons", and  
 3130 "printer-state-message" attributes.

3131 Implementations MAY, though they NEED NOT, include additional values in the  
 3132 job's "job-state-reasons" attribute to indicate the progress of the job, such as  
 3133 adding the 'job-printing' value to indicate when the output device is actually  
 3134 making marks on paper and/or the 'processing-to-stop-point' value to indicate that  
 3135 the IPP object is in the process of canceling or aborting the job. Most  
 3136 implementations won't bother with this nuance.  
 3137

3138 '6' 'processing-stopped': The job has stopped while processing for any number of reasons  
 3139 and will return to the 'processing' state as soon as the reasons are no longer  
 3140 present.  
 3141

3142 The job's "job-state-reason" attribute MAY indicate why the job has stopped  
 3143 processing. For example, if the output device is stopped, the 'printer-stopped'  
 3144 value MAY be included in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.  
 3145

3146 Note: When an output device is stopped, the device usually indicates its condition  
 3147 in human readable form locally at the device. A client can obtain more complete  
 3148 device status remotely by querying the Printer object's "printer-state", "printer-  
 3149 state-reasons" and "printer-state-message" attributes.  
 3150

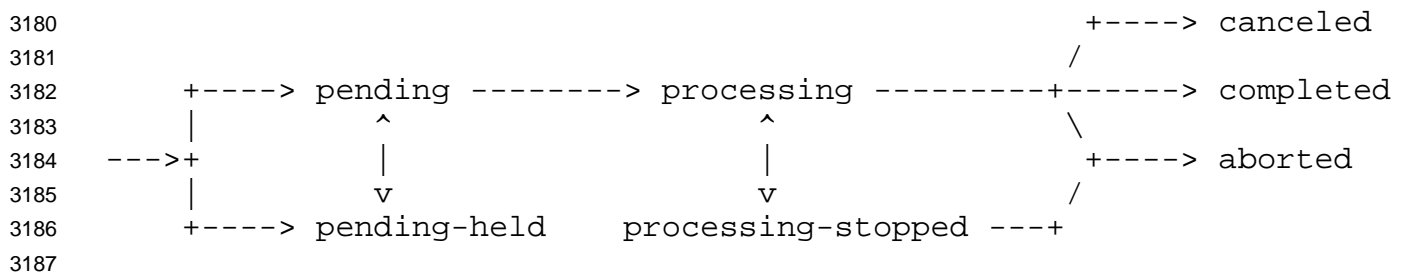
3151 '7' 'canceled': The job has been canceled by a Cancel-Job operation and the Printer object  
 3152 has completed canceling the job and all job status attributes have reached their  
 3153 final values for the job. While the Printer object is canceling the job, the job  
 3154 remains in its current state, but the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD  
 3155 contain the 'processing-to-stop-point' value and one of the 'canceled-by-user',  
 3156 'canceled-by-operator', or 'canceled-at-device' value. When the job moves to the  
 3157 'canceled' state, the 'processing-to-stop-point' value, if present, MUST be  
 3158 removed, but the 'canceled-by-xxx', if present, MUST remain.  
 3159

3160 '8' 'aborted': The job has been aborted by the system, usually while the job was in the  
 3161 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' state and the Printer has completed aborting  
 3162 the job and all job status attributes have reached their final values for the job.  
 3163 While the Printer object is aborting the job, the job remains in its current state, but  
 3164 the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the 'processing-to-stop-  
 3165 point' and 'aborted-by-system' values. When the job moves to the 'aborted' state,  
 3166 the 'processing-to-stop-point' value, if present, MUST be removed, but the  
 3167 'aborted-by-system' value, if present, MUST remain.

3168  
 3169 '9' 'completed': The job has completed successfully or with warnings or errors after  
 3170 processing and all of the job media sheets have been successfully stacked in the  
 3171 appropriate output bin(s) and all job status attributes have reached their final  
 3172 values for the job. The job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain one  
 3173 of: 'completed-successfully', 'completed-with-warnings', or 'completed-with-errors'  
 3174 values.  
 3175

3176 The final value for this attribute MUST be one of: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted' before the Printer  
 3177 removes the job altogether. The length of time that jobs remain in the 'canceled', 'aborted', and  
 3178 'completed' states depends on implementation. [See section 4.3.7.1.](#)

3179 The following figure shows the normal job state transitions.



3188 Normally a job progresses from left to right. Other state transitions are unlikely, but are not forbidden.  
 3189 Not shown are the transitions to the 'canceled' state from the 'pending', 'pending-held', and 'processing-  
 3190 stopped' states.

3191 Jobs reach one of the three terminal states: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted', after the jobs have  
 3192 completed all activity, including stacking output media, after the jobs have completed all activity, and all  
 3193 job status attributes have reached their final values for the job.

3194 Note: As with all other IPP attributes, if the implementation can not determine the correct value for this  
 3195 attribute, it SHOULD respond with the out-of-band value 'unknown' (see section 4.1) rather than try to  
 3196 guess at some possibly incorrect value and give the end user the wrong impression about the state of the  
 3197 Job object. For example, if the implementation is just a gateway into some printing system that does not  
 3198 provide detailed status about the print job, the IPP Job object's state might literally be 'unknown'.

3199 4.3.7.1 Partitioning of Job States

3200 This section partitions the 7 job states into phases: Job Not Completed, Job Retention, Job History, and  
3201 Job Removal. This section also explains the 'job-restartable' value of the "job-state-reasons" Job  
3202 Description attribute for use with the Restart-Job operation.

3203 Job Not Completed: When a job is in the 'pending', 'pending-held', 'processing', or 'processing-stopped'  
3204 states, the job is not completed.

3205 Job Retention: When a job enters one of the three terminal job states: 'completed', 'canceled', or  
3206 'aborted', the IPP Printer object MAY "retain" the job in a restartable condition for an implementation-  
3207 defined time period. This time period MAY be zero seconds and MAY depend on the terminal job state.  
3208 This phase is called Job Retention. While in the Job Retention phase, the job's document data is retained  
3209 and a client may restart the job using the Restart-Job operation. If the IPP object supports the "job-state-  
3210 reasons" attribute and the Restart-Job operation, then it SHOULD indicate that the job is restartable by  
3211 adding the 'job-restartable' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see Section 4.3.8) during the  
3212 Job Retention phase.

3213 Job History: After the Job Retention phase expires for a job, the Printer object deletes the document  
3214 data for the job and the job becomes part of the Job History. The Printer object MAY also delete any  
3215 number of the job attributes. Since the job is no longer restartable, the Printer object MUST remove the  
3216 'job-restartable' value from the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, if present.

3217 Job Removal: After the job has remained in the Job History for an implementation-defined time, such as  
3218 when the number of jobs exceeds a fixed number or after a fixed time period (which MAY be zero  
3219 seconds), the IPP Printer removes the job from the system.

3220 Using the Get-Jobs operation and supplying the 'not-completed' value for the "which-jobs" operation  
3221 attribute, a client is requesting jobs in the Job Not Completed phase. Using the Get-Jobs operation and  
3222 supplying the 'completed' value for the "which-jobs" operation attribute, a client is requesting jobs in the  
3223 Job Retention and Job History phases. Using the Get-Job-Attributes operation, a client is requesting a  
3224 job in any phase except Job Removal. After Job Removal, the Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs  
3225 operations no longer are capable of returning any information about a job.

3226 4.3.8 job-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)

3227 This attribute provides additional information about the job's current state, i.e., information that  
3228 augments the value of the job's "job-state" attribute.

3229 Implementation of these values is OPTIONAL, i.e., a Printer NEED NOT implement them, even if (1)  
3230 the output device supports the functionality represented by the reason and (2) is available to the Printer  
3231 object implementation. These values MAY be used with any job state or states for which the reason  
3232 makes sense. Furthermore, when implemented, the Printer MUST return these values when the reason  
3233 applies and MUST NOT return them when the reason no longer applies whether the value of the Job's  
3234 "job-state" attribute changed or not. When the Job does not have any reasons for being in its current  
3235 state, the value of the Job's "job-state-reasons" attribute MUST be 'none'.

3236 Note: While values cannot be added to the 'job-state' attribute without impacting deployed clients that  
3237 take actions upon receiving "job-state" values, it is the intent that additional "job-state-reasons" values  
3238 can be defined and registered without impacting such deployed clients. In other words, the "job-state-  
3239 reasons" attribute is intended to be extensible.

3240 The following standard keyword values are defined. For ease of understanding, the values are presented  
3241 in the order in which the reasons are likely to occur (if implemented), starting with the 'job-incoming'  
3242 value:

3243 'none': There are no reasons for the job's current state.

3244 'job-incoming': The Create-Job operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is  
3245 expecting additional Send-Document and/or Send-URI operations and/or is accessing/accepting  
3246 document data.

3247 'submission-interrupted': The job was not completely submitted for some unforeseen reason, such  
3248 as: (1) the Printer has crashed before the job was closed by the client, (2) the Printer or the  
3249 document transfer method has crashed in some non-recoverable way before the document data  
3250 was entirely transferred to the Printer, (3) the client crashed or failed to close the job before the  
3251 time-out period. See section 4.4.28.

3252 'job-outgoing': The Printer is transmitting the job to the output device.

3253 'job-hold-until-specified': The value of the job's "job-hold-until" attribute was specified with a time  
3254 period that is still in the future. The job MUST NOT be a candidate for processing until this  
3255 reason is removed and there are no other reasons to hold the job.

3256 'resources-are-not-ready': At least one of the resources needed by the job, such as media, fonts,  
3257 resource objects, etc., is not ready on any of the physical printer's for which the job is a candidate.  
3258 This condition MAY be detected when the job is accepted, or subsequently while the job is  
3259 pending or processing, depending on implementation. The job may remain in its current state or  
3260 be moved to the 'pending-held' state, depending on implementation and/or job scheduling policy.

3261 'printer-stopped-partly': The value of the Printer's "printer-state-reasons" attribute contains the value  
3262 'stopped-partly'.

3263 'printer-stopped': The value of the Printer's "printer-state" attribute is 'stopped'.

3264 'job-interpreting': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer is interpreting the  
3265 document data.

3266 'job-queued': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer has queued the  
3267 document data.

3268 'job-transforming': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer is interpreting  
3269 document data and producing another electronic representation.

3270 'job-printing': The output device is marking media. This value is useful for Printers which spend a  
3271 great deal of time processing (1) when no marking is happening and then want to show that  
3272 marking is now happening or (2) when the job is in the process of being canceled or aborted  
3273 while the job remains in the 'processing' state, but the marking has not yet stopped so that  
3274 impression or sheet counts are still increasing for the job.

3275 'job-canceled-by-user': The job was canceled by the owner of the job using the Cancel-Job request,  
3276 i.e., by a user whose authenticated identity is the same as the value of the originating user that  
3277 created the Job object, or by some other authorized end-user, such as a member of the job  
3278 owner's security group.



3279 'job-canceled-by-operator': The job was canceled by the operator using the Cancel-Job request, i.e.,  
3280 by a user who has been authenticated as having operator privileges (whether local or remote). If  
3281 the security policy is to allow anyone to cancel anyone's job, then this value may be used when  
3282 the job is canceled by other than the owner of the job. For such a security policy, in effect,  
3283 everyone is an operator as far as canceling jobs with IPP is concerned.  
3284 'job-canceled-at-device': The job was canceled by an unidentified local user, i.e., a user at a console  
3285 at the device.  
3286 'aborted-by-system': The job (1) is in the process of being aborted, (2) has been aborted by the  
3287 system and placed in the 'aborted' state, or (3) has been aborted by the system and placed in the  
3288 'pending-held' state, so that a user or operator can manually try the job again.  
3289 'processing-to-stop-point': The requester has issued a Cancel-job operation or the Printer object has  
3290 aborted the job, but is still performing some actions on the job until a specified stop point occurs  
3291 or job termination/cleanup is completed.  
3292

3293 This reason is recommended to be used in conjunction with the 'processing' job state to indicate  
3294 that the Printer object is still performing some actions on the job while the job remains in the  
3295 'processing' state. After all the job's job description attributes have stopped incrementing, the  
3296 Printer object moves the job from the 'processing' state to the 'canceled' or 'aborted' job states.

3297

3298 'service-off-line': The Printer is off-line and accepting no jobs. All 'pending' jobs are put into the  
3299 'pending-held' state. This situation could be true if the service's or document transform's input is  
3300 impaired or broken.

3301 'job-completed-successfully': The job completed successfully.

3302 'job-completed-with-warnings': The job completed with warnings.

3303 'job-completed-with-errors': The job completed with errors (and possibly warnings too).

3304 job-restartable' - This job is retained (see section 4.3.7.1) and is currently able to be restarted using  
3305 the Restart-Job operation (see section 3.3.7). The job states for which 'job-restartable' can be  
3306 used depends on implementation, i.e., OPTION 1 vs. OPTION 2 in the job state transition table  
3307 in Section 3.3.7. If 'job-restartable' is a value of the job's 'job-state-reasons' attribute, then the IPP  
3308 object MUST accept a Restart-Job operation for that job.

#### 3309 4.3.9 job-state-message (text(MAX))

3310 This attribute specifies information about the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" attributes in human  
3311 readable text. If the Printer object supports this attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to generate  
3312 this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer's "generated-natural-language-  
3313 supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in Section  
3314 3.1.4.1).

3315 Note: the value SHOULD NOT contain additional information not contained in the values of the "job-  
3316 state" and "job-states-reasons" attributes, such as interpreter error information. Otherwise, application  
3317 programs might attempt to parse the (localized text). For such additional information such as interpreter  
3318 errors for application program consumption, a new attribute with keyword values, needs to be developed  
3319 and registered.

## 3320 4.3.10 number-of-documents (integer(0:MAX))

3321 This attribute indicates the number of documents in the job, i.e., the number of Send-Document, Send-  
3322 URI, Print-Job, or Print-URI operations that the Printer has accepted for this job, regardless of whether  
3323 the document data has reached the Printer object or not.

3324 Implementations supporting the OPTIONAL Create-Job/Send-Document/Send-URI operations  
3325 SHOULD support this attribute so that clients can query the number of documents in each job.

## 3326 4.3.11 output-device-assigned (name(127))

3327 This attribute identifies the output device to which the Printer object has assigned this job. If an output  
3328 device implements an embedded Printer object, the Printer object NEED NOT set this attribute. If a  
3329 print server implements a Printer object, the value MAY be empty (zero-length string) or not returned  
3330 until the Printer object assigns an output device to the job. This attribute is particularly useful when a  
3331 single Printer object support multiple devices (so called "fan-out").

## 3332 4.3.12 time-at-creation (integer(0:MAX))

3333 This attribute indicates the point in time at which the Job object was created. In order to populate this  
3334 attribute, the Printer object uses the value in its "printer-up-time" attribute at the time the Job object is  
3335 created.

## 3336 4.3.13 time-at-processing (integer(0:MAX))

3337 This attribute indicates the point in time at which the Job object began processing. In order to populate  
3338 this attribute, the Printer object uses the value in its "printer-up-time" attribute at the time the Job object  
3339 is moved into the 'processing' state for the first time.

## 3340 4.3.14 time-at-completed (integer(0:MAX))

3341 This attribute indicates the point in time at which the Job object completed (or was cancelled or aborted).  
3342 In order to populate this attribute, the Printer object uses the value in its "printer-up-time" attribute at the  
3343 time the Job object is moved into the 'completed' or 'canceled' or 'aborted' state.

## 3344 4.3.15 number-of-intervening-jobs (integer(0:MAX))

3345 This attribute indicates the number of jobs that are "ahead" of this job in the relative chronological order  
3346 of expected time to complete (i.e., the current scheduled order). For efficiency, it is only necessary to  
3347 calculate this value when an operation is performed that requests this attribute.

## 3348 4.3.16 job-message-from-operator (text(127))

3349 This attribute provides a message from an operator, system administrator or "intelligent" process to  
3350 indicate to the end user the reasons for modification or other management action taken on a job.

## 3351 4.3.17 job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))

3352 This attribute specifies the total size of the document(s) in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets requested  
3353 to be processed in the job. The value MUST be rounded up, so that a job between 1 and 1024 octets  
3354 MUST be indicated as being 1, 1025 to 2048 MUST be 2, etc.

3355 This value MUST NOT include the multiplicative factors contributed by the number of copies specified  
3356 by the "copies" attribute, independent of whether the device can process multiple copies without making  
3357 multiple passes over the job or document data and independent of whether the output is collated or not.  
3358 Thus the value is independent of the implementation and indicates the size of the document(s) measured  
3359 in K octets independent of the number of copies.

3360 This value MUST also not include the multiplicative factor due to a copies instruction embedded in the  
3361 document data. If the document data actually includes replications of the document data, this value will  
3362 include such replication. In other words, this value is always the size of the source document data, rather  
3363 than a measure of the hardcopy output to be produced.

3364 Note: This attribute and the following two attributes ("job-impressions" and "job-media-sheets") are not  
3365 intended to be counters; they are intended to be useful routing and scheduling information if known. For  
3366 these three attributes, the Printer object may try to compute the value if it is not supplied in the create  
3367 request. Even if the client does supply a value for these three attributes in the create request, the Printer  
3368 object MAY choose to change the value if the Printer object is able to compute a value which is more  
3369 accurate than the client supplied value. The Printer object may be able to determine the correct value for  
3370 these three attributes either right at job submission time or at any later point in time.

## 3371 4.3.18 job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))

3372 This attribute specifies the total size in number of impressions of the document(s) being submitted (see  
3373 the definition of impression in section 13.2.5).

3374 As with "job-k-octets", this value MUST NOT include the multiplicative factors contributed by the  
3375 number of copies specified by the "copies" attribute, independent of whether the device can process  
3376 multiple copies without making multiple passes over the job or document data and independent of  
3377 whether the output is collated or not. Thus the value is independent of the implementation and reflects  
3378 the size of the document(s) measured in impressions independent of the number of copies.

3379 As with "job-k-octets", this value MUST also not include the multiplicative factor due to a copies  
3380 instruction embedded in the document data. If the document data actually includes replications of the  
3381 document data, this value will include such replication. In other words, this value is always the number  
3382 of impressions in the source document data, rather than a measure of the number of impressions to be  
3383 produced by the job.

3384 See the Note in the "job-k-octets" attribute that also applies to this attribute.

## 3385 4.3.19 job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))

3386 This attribute specifies the total number of media sheets to be produced for this job.

3387 Unlike the "job-k-octets" and the "job-impressions" attributes, this value MUST include the  
3388 multiplicative factors contributed by the number of copies specified by the "copies" attribute and a  
3389 'number of copies' instruction embedded in the document data, if any. This difference allows the system  
3390 administrator to control the lower and upper bounds of both (1) the size of the document(s) with "job-k-  
3391 octets-supported" and "job-impressions-supported" and (2) the size of the job with "job-media-sheets-  
3392 supported".

3393 See the Note in the "job-k-octets" attribute that also applies to this attribute.

## 3394 4.3.20 job-k-octets-processed (integer(0:MAX))

3395 This attribute specifies the total number of octets processed in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets so  
3396 far. The value MUST be rounded up, so that a job between 1 and 1024 octets inclusive MUST be  
3397 indicated as being 1, 1025 to 2048 inclusive MUST be 2, etc.

3398 For implementations where multiple copies are produced by the interpreter with only a single pass over  
3399 the data, the final value MUST be equal to the value of the "job-k-octets" attribute. For implementations  
3400 where multiple copies are produced by the interpreter by processing the data for each copy, the final  
3401 value MUST be a multiple of the value of the "job-k-octets" attribute.

3402 Note: This attribute and the following two attributes ("job-impressions-completed" and "job-sheets-  
3403 completed") are intended to be counters. That is, the value for a job that has not started processing  
3404 MUST be 0. When the job's "job-state" is 'processing' or 'processing-stopped', this value is intended to  
3405 contain the amount of the job that has been processed to the time at which the attributes are requested.

## 3406 4.3.21 job-impressions-completed (integer(0:MAX))

3407 This job attribute specifies the number of impressions completed for the job so far. For printing devices,  
3408 the impressions completed includes interpreting, marking, and stacking the output.

3409 See the note in "job-k-octets-processed" which also applies to this attribute.

## 3410 4.3.22 job-media-sheets-completed (integer(0:MAX))

3411 This job attribute specifies the media-sheets completed marking and stacking for the entire job so far  
3412 whether those sheets have been processed on one side or on both.

3413 See the note in "job-k-octets-processed" which also applies to this attribute.

## 3414 4.3.23 attributes-charset (charset)

3415 This REQUIRED attribute is populated using the value in the client supplied "attributes-charset"  
3416 attribute in the create request. It identifies the charset (coded character set and encoding method) used  
3417 by any Job attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name' that were supplied by the client in the create  
3418 request. See Section 3.1.4 for a complete description of the "attributes-charset" operation attribute.

3419 This attribute does not indicate the charset in which the 'text' and 'name' values are stored internally in  
3420 the Job object. The internal charset is implementation-defined. The IPP object MUST convert from  
3421 whatever the internal charset is to that being requested in an operation as specified in Section 3.1.4.

## 3422 4.3.24 attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)

3423 This REQUIRED attribute is populated using the value in the client supplied "attributes-natural-  
3424 language" attribute in the create request. It identifies the natural language used for any Job attributes  
3425 with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name' that were supplied by the client in the create request. See Section  
3426 3.1.4 for a complete description of the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute. See Sections  
3427 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2 for how a Natural Language Override may be supplied explicitly for each 'text' and  
3428 'name' attribute value that differs from the value identified by the "attributes-natural-language" attribute.

## 3429 4.4 Printer Description Attributes

3430 These attributes form the attribute group called "printer-description". The following table summarizes  
3431 these attributes, their syntax, and whether or not they are REQUIRED for a Printer object to support. If  
3432 they are not indicated as REQUIRED, they are OPTIONAL. The maximum size in octets for 'text' and  
3433 'name' attributes is indicated in parentheses.

3434 Note: How these attributes are set by an Administrator is outside the scope of this [IPP/1.1](#)  
3435 [specification document](#).

|      |  |
|------|--|
| 3436 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3437 | Attribute   Syntax   REQUIRED?                           |
| 3438 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3439 | printer-uri-supported   1setOf uri   REQUIRED            |
| 3440 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3441 | uri-security-supported   1setOf type2 keyword   REQUIRED |
| 3442 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3443 | printer-name   name (127)   REQUIRED                     |
| 3444 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3445 | printer-location   text (127)                            |
| 3446 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3447 | printer-info   text (127)                                |
| 3448 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3449 | printer-more-info   uri                                  |
| 3450 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3451 | printer-driver-installer   uri                           |
| 3452 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3453 | printer-make-and-model   text (127)                      |
| 3454 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3455 | printer-more-info-                                       |
| 3456 | manufacturer   uri                                       |
| 3457 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3458 | printer-state   type1 enum   REQUIRED                    |
| 3459 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3460 | printer-state-reasons   1setOf type2 keyword             |
| 3461 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3462 | printer-state-message   text (MAX)                       |
| 3463 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3464 | operations-supported   1setOf type2 enum   REQUIRED      |
| 3465 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3466 | charset-configured   charset   REQUIRED                  |
| 3467 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3468 | charset-supported   1setOf charset   REQUIRED            |
| 3469 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3470 | natural-language-configured   naturalLanguage   REQUIRED |
| 3471 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3472 | generated-natural-language-                              |
| 3473 | supported   1setOf naturalLanguage   REQUIRED            |
| 3474 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3475 | document-format-default   mimeType   REQUIRED            |
| 3476 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3477 | document-format-supported   1setOf mimeType   REQUIRED   |
| 3478 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3479 | printer-is-accepting-jobs   boolean   REQUIRED           |
| 3480 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3481 | queued-job-count   integer (0:MAX)   RECOMMENDED         |
| 3482 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |
| 3483 | printer-message-from-                                    |
| 3484 | operator   text (127)                                    |
| 3485 | +-----+-----+-----+                                      |

|      |                               |                        |  |          |
|------|-------------------------------|------------------------|--|----------|
| 3486 | color-supported               | boolean                |  |          |
| 3487 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+     |                        |  |          |
| 3488 | reference-uri-schemes-        | 1setOf uriScheme       |  |          |
| 3489 | supported                     |                        |  |          |
| 3490 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+     |                        |  |          |
| 3491 | pdl-override-supported        | type2 keyword          |  | REQUIRED |
| 3492 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+     |                        |  |          |
| 3493 | printer-up-time               | integer (1:MAX)        |  | REQUIRED |
| 3494 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+     |                        |  |          |
| 3495 | printer-current-time          | dateTime               |  |          |
| 3496 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+     |                        |  |          |
| 3497 | multiple-operation-time-out   | integer (1:MAX)        |  |          |
| 3498 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+     |                        |  |          |
| 3499 | compression-supported         | 1setOf type3 keyword   |  |          |
| 3500 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+     |                        |  |          |
| 3501 | job-k-octets-supported        | rangeOfInteger (0:MAX) |  |          |
| 3502 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+     |                        |  |          |
| 3503 | job-impressions-supported     | rangeOfInteger (0:MAX) |  |          |
| 3504 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+     |                        |  |          |
| 3505 | job-media-sheets-supported    | rangeOfInteger (0:MAX) |  |          |
| 3506 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+     |                        |  |          |
| 3507 | <u>pages-per-minute</u>       | <u>integer(0:MAX)</u>  |  |          |
| 3508 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+     |                        |  |          |
| 3509 | <u>pages-per-minute-color</u> | <u>integer(0:MAX)</u>  |  |          |
| 3510 | +-----+-----+-----+-----+     |                        |  |          |
| 3511 |                               |                        |  |          |

#### 3512 4.4.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri)

3513 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains at least one URI for the Printer object. It OPTIONALLY  
 3514 contains more than one URI for the Printer object. An administrator determines a Printer object's  
 3515 URI(s) and configures this attribute to contain those URIs by some means outside the scope of [this](#)  
 3516 [IPP/4.01.1 document](#). The precise format of this URI is implementation dependent and depends on the  
 3517 protocol. See the next section for a description "uri-security-supported" which is the REQUIRED  
 3518 companion attribute to this "printer-uri-supported" attribute. See section 2.4 on Printer object identity  
 3519 and section 8.2 on security and URIs for more information.

#### 3520 4.4.2 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

3521 This REQUIRED Printer attribute MUST have the same cardinality (contain the same number of values)  
 3522 as the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. This attribute identifies the security mechanisms used for each  
 3523 URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The "i th" value in "uri-security-supported"  
 3524 corresponds to the "i th" value in "printer-uri-supported" and it describes the security mechanisms used  
 3525 for accessing the Printer object via that URI. The following standard values are defined:

3526 'none': There are no secure communication channel protocols in use for the given URI.

3527 'ssl3': SSL3 [SSL] is the secure communications channel protocol in use for the given URI. [For use](#)  
 3528 [in IPP/1.0.](#)

3529 'tls': TLS [RFC2246] is the secure communications channel protocol in use for the given URI. For  
3530 use in IPP/1.1.

3531

3532 Consider the following example. For a single Printer object, an administrator configures the "printer-uri-  
3533 supported" and "uri-security-supported" attributes as follows:

3534 "printer-uri-supported": 'http:xxx://acme.com/open-use-printer', 'http:xxx://acme.com/restricted-use-  
3535 printer', 'http:xxx://acme.com/private-printer'

3536 "uri-security-supported": 'none', 'none', 'ssl3tls'

3537

3538 Note: 'xxx' is not a valid scheme. See the IPP/1.1 "Transport and Encoding" specification [ipp-pro] for  
3539 the actual URI schemes to be used in object target attributes.

3540 In this case, one Printer object has three URIs.

3541 - For the first URI, 'http:xxx://acme.com/open-use-printer', the value 'none' in "uri-security-  
3542 supported" indicates that there is no secure channel protocol configured to run under HTTP. The  
3543 name implies that there is no Basic or Digest authentication being used, but it is up to the client  
3544 to determine that while using HTTP underneath the IPP application protocol.

3545 - For the second URI, 'http:xxx://acme.com/restricted-use-printer', the value 'none' in "uri-security-  
3546 supported" indicates that there is no secure channel protocol configured to run under HTTP. In  
3547 this case, although the name does imply that there is some sort of Basic or Digest authentication  
3548 being used within HTTP, it is up to the client to determine that while using HTTP and by  
3549 processing any '401 Unauthorized' HTTP error messages.

3550 - For the third URI, 'http:xxx://acme.com/private-printer', the value 'ssl3tls' in "uri-security-  
3551 supported" indicates that **SSL3TLS** is being used to secure the channel. The client SHOULD be  
3552 prepared to use **SSL3TLS** framing to negotiate an acceptable ciphersuite to use while  
3553 communicating with the Printer object. In this case, the name implies the use of a secure  
3554 communications channel, but the fact is made explicit by the presence of the 'ssl3tls' value in  
3555 "uri-security-supported". The client does not need to resort to understanding which security it  
3556 must use by following naming conventions or by parsing the URI to determine which security  
3557 mechanisms are implied.

3558

3559 It is expected that many IPP Printer objects will be configured to support only one channel (either  
3560 configured to use **SSL3TLS** access or not), and will therefore only ever have one URI listed in the  
3561 "printer-uri-supported" attribute. No matter the configuration of the Printer object (whether it has only  
3562 one URI or more than one URI), a client MUST supply only one URI in the target "printer-uri" operation  
3563 attribute.

#### 3564 4.4.3 printer-name (name(127))

3565 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains the name of the Printer object. It is a name that is more end-  
3566 user friendly than a URI. An administrator determines a printer's name and sets this attribute to that  
3567 name. This name may be the last part of the printer's URI or it may be unrelated. In non-US-English  
3568 locales, a name may contain characters that are not allowed in a URI.



## 3569 4.4.4 printer-location (text(127))

3570 This Printer attribute identifies the location of the device. This could include things like: "in Room  
3571 123A, second floor of building XYZ".

## 3572 4.4.5 printer-info (text(127))

3573 This Printer attribute identifies the descriptive information about this Printer object. This could include  
3574 things like: "This printer can be used for printing color transparencies for HR presentations", or "Out of  
3575 courtesy for others, please print only small (1-5 page) jobs at this printer", or even "This printer is going  
3576 away on July 1, 1997, please find a new printer".

## 3577 4.4.6 printer-more-info (uri)

3578 This Printer attribute contains a URI used to obtain more information about this specific Printer object.  
3579 For example, this could be an HTTP type URI referencing an HTML page accessible to a Web Browser.  
3580 The information obtained from this URI is intended for end user consumption. Features outside the  
3581 scope of IPP can be accessed from this URI. The information is intended to be specific to this printer  
3582 instance and site specific services (e.g. job pricing, services offered, end user assistance). The device  
3583 manufacturer may initially populate this attribute.

## 3584 4.4.7 printer-driver-installer (uri)

3585 This Printer attribute contains a URI to use to locate the driver installer for this Printer object. This  
3586 attribute is intended for consumption by automata. The mechanics of print driver installation is outside  
3587 the scope of [this IPP/1.1 document](#). The device manufacturer may initially populate this attribute.

## 3588 4.4.8 printer-make-and-model (text(127))

3589 This Printer attribute identifies the make and model of the device. The device manufacturer may  
3590 initially populate this attribute.

## 3591 4.4.9 printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)

3592 This Printer attribute contains a URI used to obtain more information about this type of device. The  
3593 information obtained from this URI is intended for end user consumption. Features outside the scope of  
3594 IPP can be accessed from this URI (e.g., latest firmware, upgrades, print drivers, optional features  
3595 available, details on color support). The information is intended to be germane to this printer without  
3596 regard to site specific modifications or services. The device manufacturer may initially populate this  
3597 attribute.

## 3598 4.4.10 printer-state (type1 enum)

3599 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the current state of the device. The "printer-state reasons"  
 3600 attribute augments the "printer-state" attribute to give more detailed information about the Printer in the  
 3601 given printer state.

3602 A Printer object need only update this attribute before responding to an operation which requests the  
 3603 attribute; the Printer object NEED NOT update this attribute continually, since asynchronous event  
 3604 notification is not part of IPP/1.01.1. A Printer NEED NOT implement all values if they are not  
 3605 applicable to a given implementation.

3606 The following standard enum values are defined:

| 3607 Value | Symbolic Name and Description |
|------------|-------------------------------|
|------------|-------------------------------|

3608

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| 3609 '3' | 'idle': If a Printer receives a job (whose required resources are ready) while in this state, such a job MUST transit into the 'processing' state immediately. If the "printer-state-reasons" attribute contains any reasons, they MUST be reasons that would not prevent a job from transiting into the 'processing' state immediately, e.g., 'toner-low'. Note: if a Printer controls more than one output device, the above definition implies that a Printer is 'idle' if at least one output device is idle. |
|----------|---|

3615

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| 3616 '4' | 'processing': If a Printer receives a job (whose required resources are ready) while in this state, such a job MUST transit into the 'pending' state immediately. Such a job MUST transit into the 'processing' state only after jobs ahead of it complete. If the "printer-state-reasons" attribute contains any reasons, they MUST be reasons that do not prevent the current job from printing, e.g. 'toner-low'. Note: if a Printer controls more than one output device, the above definition implies that a Printer is 'processing' if at least one output device is processing, and none is idle. |
|----------|--|

3623

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| 3624 '5' | 'stopped': If a Printer receives a job (whose required resources are ready) while in this state, such a job MUST transit into the 'pending' state immediately. Such a job MUST transit into the 'processing' state only after some human fixes the problem that stopped the printer and after jobs ahead of it complete processing. If supported, the "printer-state-reasons" attribute MUST contain at least one reason, e.g. 'media-jam', which prevents it from either processing the current job or transitioning a 'pending' job to the 'processing' state. |
|----------|--|

3631

3632 Note: if a Printer controls more than one output device, the above definition  
 3633 implies that a Printer is 'stopped' only if all output devices are stopped. Also, it is  
 3634 tempting to define 'stopped' as when a sufficient number of output devices are  
 3635 stopped and leave it to an implementation to define the sufficient number. But  
 3636 such a rule complicates the definition of 'stopped' and 'processing'. For example,  
 3637 with this alternate definition of 'stopped', a job can move from 'pending' to  
 3638 'processing' without human intervention, even though the Printer is stopped.

3639

## 3640 4.4.11 printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)

3641 This Printer attribute supplies additional detail about the device's state.

3642 Each keyword value MAY have a suffix to indicate its level of severity. The three levels are: report  
3643 (least severe), warning, and error (most severe).

3644 - 'report': This suffix indicates that the reason is a "report". An implementation may choose to omit  
3645 some or all reports. Some reports specify finer granularity about the printer state; others serve as  
3646 a precursor to a warning. A report MUST contain nothing that could affect the printed output.

3647 - 'warning': This suffix indicates that the reason is a "warning". An implementation may choose to  
3648 omit some or all warnings. Warnings serve as a precursor to an error. A warning MUST contain  
3649 nothing that prevents a job from completing, though in some cases the output may be of lower  
3650 quality.

3651 - 'error': This suffix indicates that the reason is an "error". An implementation MUST include all  
3652 errors. If this attribute contains one or more errors, printer MUST be in the stopped state.

3653

3654 If the implementation does not add any one of the three suffixes, all parties MUST assume that the  
3655 reason is an "error".

3656 If a Printer object controls more than one output device, each value of this attribute MAY apply to one or  
3657 more of the output devices. An error on one output device that does not stop the Printer object as a  
3658 whole MAY appear as a warning in the Printer's "printer-state-reasons attribute". If the "printer-state"  
3659 for such a Printer has a value of 'stopped', then there MUST be an error reason among the values in the  
3660 "printer-state-reasons" attribute.

3661 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3662 'other': The device has detected an error other than one listed in this document.

3663 'none': There are not reasons. This state reason is semantically equivalent to "printer-state-reasons"  
3664 without any value.

3665 'media-needed': A tray has run out of media.

3666 'media-jam': The device has a media jam.

3667 'moving-to-paused': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer operation (see  
3668 section 3.2.7) or other means, but the device(s) are taking an appreciable time to stop. Later,  
3669 when all output has stopped, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces  
3670 the 'moving-to-paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute.

3671 'paused': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer operation (see section 3.2.7)  
3672 or other means and the Printer object's "printer-state" is 'stopped'. In this state, a Printer MUST  
3673 NOT produce printed output, but it MUST perform other operations requested by a client. If a  
3674 Printer had been printing a job when the Printer was paused, the Printer MUST resume printing  
3675 that job when the Printer is no longer paused and leave no evidence in the printed output of such  
3676 a pause.

3677 'shutdown': Someone has removed a Printer object from service, and the device may be powered  
3678 down or physically removed. In this state, a Printer object MUST NOT produce printed output,  
3679 and unless the Printer object is realized by a print server that is still active, the Printer object  
3680 MUST perform no other operations requested by a client, including returning this value. If a

3681 Printer object had been printing a job when it was shutdown, the Printer NEED NOT resume  
3682 printing that job when the Printer is no longer shutdown. If the Printer resumes printing such a  
3683 job, it may leave evidence in the printed output of such a shutdown, e.g. the part printed before  
3684 the shutdown may be printed a second time after the shutdown.

3685 'connecting-to-device': The Printer object has scheduled a job on the output device and is in the  
3686 process of connecting to a shared network output device (and might not be able to actually start  
3687 printing the job for an arbitrarily long time depending on the usage of the output device by other  
3688 servers on the network).

3689 'timed-out': The server was able to connect to the output device (or is always connected), but was  
3690 unable to get a response from the output device.

3691 'stopping': The Printer object is in the process of stopping the device and will be stopped in a while.  
3692 When the device is stopped, the Printer object will change the Printer object's state to 'stopped'.  
3693 The 'stopping-warning' reason is never an error, even for a Printer with a single output device.  
3694 When an output-device ceases accepting jobs, the Printer will have this reason while the output  
3695 device completes printing.

3696 'stopped-partly': When a Printer object controls more than one output device, this reason indicates  
3697 that one or more output devices are stopped. If the reason is a report, fewer than half of the  
3698 output devices are stopped. If the reason is a warning, fewer than all of the output devices are  
3699 stopped.

3700 'toner-low': The device is low on toner.

3701 toner-empty': The device is out of toner.

3702 marker-supply-low': The device is low on marker supply (ink, paint, etc.).

3703 'spool-area-full': The limit of persistent storage allocated for spooling has been reached.

3704 'cover-open': One or more covers on the device are open.

3705 'interlock-open': One or more interlock devices on the printer are unlocked.

3706 'door-open': One or more doors on the device are open.

3707 'input-tray-missing': One or more input trays are not in the device.

3708 'media-low': At least one input tray is low on media.

3709 'media-empty': At least one input tray is empty.

3710 'output-tray-missing': One or more output trays are not in the device

3711 'output-area-almost-full': One or more output area is almost full (e.g. tray, stacker, collator).

3712 'output-area-full': One or more output area is full. (e.g. tray, stacker, collator)

3713 'marker-supply-low': The device is low on at least one marker supply. (e.g. toner, ink, ribbon)

3714 'marker-supply-empty': The device is out of at least one marker supply. (e.g. toner, ink, ribbon)

3715 'marker-waste-almost-full': The device marker supply waste receptacle is almost full.

3716 'marker-waste-full': The device marker supply waste receptacle is full.

3717 'fuser-over-temp': The fuser temperature is above normal.

3718 'fuser-under-temp': The fuser temperature is below normal.

3719 'opc-near-eol': The optical photo conductor is near end of life.

3720 'opc-life-over': The optical photo conductor is no longer functioning.

3721 'developer-low': The device is low on developer.

3722 'developer-empty': The device is out of developer.

3723 'interpreter-resource-unavailable': An interpreter resource is unavailable (i.e. font, form)

3724

## 3725 4.4.12 printer-state-message (text(MAX))

3726 This Printer attribute specifies the additional information about the printer state and printer state reasons  
 3727 in human readable text. If the Printer object supports this attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to  
 3728 generate this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer's "generated-natural-  
 3729 language-supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in  
 3730 Section 3.1.4.1).

## 3731 4.4.13 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)

3732 This REQUIRED Printer attribute specifies the set of supported operations for this Printer object and  
 3733 contained Job objects.

3734 Note: This attribute is encoded as any other enum attribute syntax according to [IPP-PRO] as 32-bits.  
 3735 However, all 32-bit enum values for this attribute MUST NOT exceed 0x00008FFF, since these same  
 3736 values are also passed in two octets in the "operation-id" parameter (see section 3.1.1) in each Protocol  
 3737 request with the two high order octets omitted in order to indicate the operation being performed [IPP-  
 3738 PRO].

3739 The following standard enum and "operation-id" (see section 3.1.2) values are defined:

| 3740 | Value         | Operation Name                         |
|------|---------------|--|
| 3741 | -----         | -----                                  |
| 3742 |               |  |
| 3743 | 0x0000        | reserved, not used                     |
| 3744 | 0x0001        | reserved, not used                     |
| 3745 | 0x0002        | Print-Job                              |
| 3746 | 0x0003        | Print-URI                              |
| 3747 | 0x0004        | Validate-Job                           |
| 3748 | 0x0005        | Create-Job                             |
| 3749 | 0x0006        | Send-Document                          |
| 3750 | 0x0007        | Send-URI                               |
| 3751 | 0x0008        | Cancel-Job                             |
| 3752 | 0x0009        | Get-Job-Attributes                     |
| 3753 | 0x000A        | Get-Jobs                               |
| 3754 | 0x000B        | Get-Printer-Attributes                 |
| 3755 | <u>0x000C</u> | <u>Hold-Job</u>                        |
| 3756 | <u>0x000D</u> | <u>Release-Job</u>                     |
| 3757 | <u>0x000E</u> | <u>Restart-Job</u>                     |
| 3758 | <u>0x000F</u> | <u>reserved for a future operation</u> |
| 3759 | <u>0x0010</u> | <u>Pause-Printer</u>                   |
| 3760 | <u>0x0011</u> | <u>Resume-Printer</u>                  |
| 3761 | <u>0x0012</u> | <u>Purge-Jobs</u>                      |
| 3762 | 0x0013-0x3FFF | reserved for future operations         |
| 3763 | 0x4000-0x8FFF | reserved for private extensions        |
| 3764 |               |  |

3765 This allows for certain vendors to implement private extensions that are guaranteed to not conflict with  
3766 future registered extensions. However, there is no guarantee that two or more private extensions will not  
3767 conflict.

#### 3768 4.4.14 charset-configured (charset)

3769 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the charset that the Printer object has been configured to  
3770 represent 'text' and 'name' Printer attributes that are set by the operator, system administrator, or  
3771 manufacturer, i.e., for "printer-name" (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-  
3772 make-and-model" (text). Therefore, the value of the Printer object's "charset-configured" attribute  
3773 MUST also be among the values of the Printer object's "charset-supported" attribute.

#### 3774 4.4.15 charset-supported (1setOf charset)

3775 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of charsets that the Printer and contained Job objects  
3776 support in attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name'. At least the value 'utf-8' MUST be present,  
3777 since IPP objects MUST support the UTF-8 [RFC20442279] charset. If a Printer object supports a  
3778 charset, it means that for all attributes of syntax 'text' and 'name' the IPP object MUST (1) accept the  
3779 charset in requests and return the charset in responses as needed.

3780 If more charsets than UTF-8 are supported, the IPP object MUST perform charset conversion between  
3781 the charsets as described in Section 3.2.1.2.

#### 3782 4.4.16 natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)

3783 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the natural language that the Printer object has been  
3784 configured to represent 'text' and 'name' Printer attributes that are set by the operator, system  
3785 administrator, or manufacturer, i.e., for "printer-name" (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info"  
3786 (text), and "printer-make-and-model" (text). When returning these Printer attributes, the Printer object  
3787 MAY return them in the configured natural language specified by this attribute, instead of the natural  
3788 language requested by the client in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute. See Section  
3789 3.1.4.1 for the specification of the OPTIONAL multiple natural language support. Therefore, the value  
3790 of the Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute MUST also be among the values of the  
3791 Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute.

#### 3792 4.4.17 generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)

3793 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the natural language(s) that the Printer object and contained  
3794 Job objects support in attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name'. The natural language(s)  
3795 supported depends on implementation and/or configuration. Unlike charsets, IPP objects MUST accept  
3796 requests with any natural language or any Natural Language Override whether the natural language is  
3797 supported or not.

3798 If a Printer object supports a natural language, it means that for any of the attributes for which the Printer  
3799 or Job object generates messages, i.e., for the "job-state-message" and "printer-state-message" attributes

3800 and Operation Messages (see Section 3.1.5) in operation responses, the Printer and Job objects MUST be  
3801 able to generate messages in any of the Printer's supported natural languages. See section 3.1.4 for the  
3802 specification of 'text' and 'name' attributes in operation requests and responses.

3803 Note: A Printer object that supports multiple natural languages, often has separate catalogs of messages,  
3804 one for each natural language supported.

#### 3805 4.4.18 document-format-default (mimeMediaType)

3806 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the document format that the Printer object has been  
3807 configured to assume if the client does not supply a "document-format" operation attribute in any of the  
3808 operation requests that supply document data. The standard values for this attribute are Internet Media  
3809 types (sometimes called MIME types). For further details see the description of the 'mimeMediaType'  
3810 attribute syntax in Section 4.1.9.

#### 3811 4.4.19 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeMediaType)

3812 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of document formats that the Printer object and  
3813 contained Job objects can support. For further details see the description of the 'mimeMediaType'  
3814 attribute syntax in Section 4.1.9.

#### 3815 4.4.20 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean)

3816 This REQUIRED Printer attribute indicates whether the printer is currently able to accept jobs, i.e., is  
3817 accepting Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job requests. If the value is 'true', the printer is accepting  
3818 jobs. If the value is 'false', the Printer object is currently rejecting any jobs submitted to it. In this case,  
3819 the Printer object returns the 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs' status code.

3820 Note: This value is independent of the "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes because its  
3821 value does not affect the current job; rather it affects future jobs. This attribute may cause the Printer to  
3822 reject jobs when the "printer-state" is 'idle' or it may cause the Printer object to accept jobs when the  
3823 "printer-state" is 'stopped'.

#### 3824 4.4.21 queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))

3825 This RECOMMENDED Printer attribute contains a count of the number of jobs that are either 'pending',  
3826 'processing', 'pending-held', or 'processing-stopped' and is set by the Printer object.

#### 3827 4.4.22 printer-message-from-operator (text(127))

3828 This Printer attribute provides a message from an operator, system administrator or "intelligent" process  
3829 to indicate to the end user information or status of the printer, such as why it is unavailable or when it is  
3830 expected to be available.

## 3831 4.4.23 color-supported (boolean)

3832 This Printer attribute identifies whether the device is capable of any type of color printing at all,  
3833 including highlight color. All document instructions having to do with color are embedded within the  
3834 document PDL (none are external IPP attributes in IPP/4.01.1).

3835 Note: end-users are able to determine the nature and details of the color support by querying the  
3836 "printer-more-info-manufacturer" Printer attribute.

## 3837 4.4.24 reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)

3838 This Printer attribute specifies which URI schemes are supported for use in the "document-uri" operation  
3839 attribute of the Print-URI or Send-URI operation. If a Printer object supports these optional operations,  
3840 it MUST support the "reference-uri-schemes-supported" Printer attribute with at least the following  
3841 schemed URI value:

3842     'ftp': The Printer object will use an FTP 'get' operation as defined in RFC 2228 [RFC2228] using  
3843     FTP URLs as defined by [RFC2396] and[RFC2316].  
3844

3845 The Printer object MAY OPTIONALLY support other URI schemes (see section 4.1.6).

## 3846 4.4.25 pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)

3847 This REQUIRED Printer attribute expresses the ability for a particular Printer implementation to either  
3848 attempt to override document data instructions with IPP attributes or not.

3849 This attribute takes on the following values:

- 3850 - 'attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object attempts to make the IPP attribute values  
3851     take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data, however there is no guarantee.
- 3852 - 'not-attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object makes no attempt to make the IPP  
3853     attribute values take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.  
3854

3855 Section 16 contains a full description of how this attribute interacts with and affects other IPP attributes,  
3856 especially the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute.

## 3857 4.4.26 printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))

3858 This REQUIRED Printer attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that this instance of this  
3859 Printer implementation has been up and running. This value is used to populate the Job attributes "time-  
3860 at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed". These time values are all measured in  
3861 seconds and all have meaning only relative to this attribute, "printer-up-time". The value is a  
3862 monotonically increasing value starting from 1 when the Printer object is started-up (initialized, booted,  
3863 etc.).

3864 If the Printer object goes down at some value 'n', and comes back up, the implementation MAY:



- 3865 1. Know how long it has been down, and resume at some value greater than 'n', or  
3866 2. Restart from 1.  
3867

3868 In the first case, the Printer SHOULD not tweak any existing related Job attributes ("time-at-creation",  
3869 "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed"). In the second case, the Printer object SHOULD reset  
3870 those attributes to 0. If a client queries a time-related Job attribute and finds the value to be 0, the client  
3871 MUST assume that the Job was submitted in some life other than the Printer's current life.

#### 3872 4.4.27 printer-current-time (dateTime)

3873 This Printer attribute indicates the current absolute wall-clock time. If an implementation supports this  
3874 attribute, then a client could calculate the absolute wall-clock time each Job's "time-at-creation", "time-  
3875 at-processing", and "time-at-completed" attributes by using both "printer-up-time" and this attribute,  
3876 "printer-current-time". If an implementation does not support this attribute, a client can only calculate  
3877 the relative time of certain events based on the REQUIRED "printer-up-time" attribute.

#### 3878 4.4.28 multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))

3879 This Printer attributes identifies the minimum time (in seconds) that the Printer object waits for  
3880 additional Send-Document or Send-URI operations to follow a still-open multi-document Job object  
3881 before taking any recovery actions, such as the ones indicated in section 3.3.1. If the Printer object  
3882 supports the Create-Job operation (see section 3.2.4), it MUST support this attribute.

3883 It is RECOMMENDED that vendors supply a value for this attribute that is between 60 and 240  
3884 seconds. An implementation MAY allow a system administrator to set this attribute (by means outside  
3885 this IPP/1.1 document). If so, the system administrator MAY be able to set values outside this range.

#### 3886 4.4.29 compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)

3887 This Printer attribute identifies the set of supported compression algorithms for document data.  
3888 Compression only applies to the document data; compression does not apply to the encoding of the IPP  
3889 operation itself. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "compression" operation  
3890 attributes in Print-Job, Send-Document, and Send-URI requests.

3891 Standard values are :

- 3892 'none': no compression is used.  
3893 'deflate': ZIP public domain inflate/deflate) compression technology  
3894 'gzip' GNU zip compression technology described in RFC 1952 [RFC1952].  
3895 'compress': UNIX compression technology  
3896

#### 3897 4.4.30 job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

3898 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds of total sizes of jobs in K octets, i.e., in units  
3899 of 1024 octets. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-k-octets" operation

3900 attributes in create requests. The corresponding job description attribute "job-k-octets" is defined in  
3901 section 4.3.17.

#### 3902 4.4.31 job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

3903 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds for the number of impressions per job. The  
3904 supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-impressions" operation attributes in create  
3905 requests. The corresponding job description attribute "job-impressions" is defined in section 4.3.18.

#### 3906 4.4.32 job-media-sheets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

3907 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds for the number of media sheets per job. The  
3908 supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-media-sheets" operation attributes in create  
3909 requests. The corresponding Job attribute "job-media-sheets" is defined in section 4.3.19.

#### 3910 4.4.33 pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))

3911 This Printer attributes specifies the nominal number of pages per minute to the nearest whole number  
3912 which may be generated by this printer (e.g., simplex, black-and-white). This attribute is informative,  
3913 not a service guarantee. Generally, it is the value used in the marketing literature to describe the device.

3914 A value of 0 indicates a device that takes more than two minutes to process a page.

#### 3915 4.4.34 pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))

3916 This Printer attributes specifies the nominal number of pages per minute to the nearest whole number  
3917 which may be generated by this printer when printing color (e.g., simplex, color). For purposes of this  
3918 attribute, "color" means the same as for the "color-supported" attribute, namely, the device is capable of  
3919 any type of color printing at all, including highlight color. This attribute is informative, not a service  
3920 guarantee. Generally, it is the value used in the marketing literature to describe the color capabilities of  
3921 this device.

3922 A value of 0 indicates a device that takes more than two minutes to process a page.

3923 Note: If a color device has several color modes, it MAY use the pages-per-minute value for this  
3924 attribute that corresponds to the mode that produces the highest number.

3925 Black and white only printers MUST NOT support this attribute. If this attribute is present, then the  
3926 "color-supported" Printer description attribute MUST be present and have a 'true' value.

3927 Note: The values of these two attributes returned by the Get-Printer-Attributes operation MAY be  
3928 affected by the "document-format" attribute supplied by the client in the Get-Printer-Attributes request.  
3929 In other words, the implementation MAY have different speeds depending on the document format  
3930 being processed. See section 3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes.

## 3931 5. Conformance

3932 This section describes conformance issues and requirements. This document introduces model entities  
3933 such as objects, operations, attributes, attribute syntaxes, and attribute values. These conformance  
3934 sections describe the conformance requirements which apply to these model entities.

## 3935 5.1 Client Conformance Requirements

3936 A conforming client **MUST** support all **REQUIRED** operations as defined in this document. For each  
3937 attribute included in an operation request, a conforming client **MUST** supply a value whose type and  
3938 value syntax conforms to the requirements of the Model document as specified in Sections 3 and 3.3.5.  
3939 A conforming client **MAY** supply any registered extensions and/or private extensions in an operation  
3940 request, as long as they meet the requirements in Section 6.

3941 Otherwise, there are no conformance requirements placed on the user interfaces provided by IPP clients  
3942 or their applications. For example, one application might not allow an end user to submit multiple  
3943 documents per job, while another does. One application might first query a Printer object in order to  
3944 supply a graphical user interface (GUI) dialogue box with supported and default values whereas a  
3945 different implementation might not.

3946 When sending a request, an IPP client **NEED NOT** supply any attributes that are indicated as  
3947 **OPTIONALLY** supplied by the client.

3948 A client **MUST** be able to accept any of the attribute syntaxes defined in Section 4.1, including their full  
3949 range, that may be returned to it in a response from a Printer object. In particular for each attribute that  
3950 the client supports whose attribute syntax is 'text', the client **MUST** accept and process both the  
3951 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' forms. Similarly, for each attribute that the client  
3952 supports whose attribute syntax is 'name', the client **MUST** accept and process both the  
3953 'nameWithoutLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' forms. For presentation purposes, truncation of long  
3954 attribute values is not recommended. A recommended approach would be for the client implementation  
3955 to allow the user to scroll through long attribute values.

3956 A query response may contain attribute groups, attributes, and values that the client does not expect.  
3957 Therefore, a client implementation **MUST** gracefully handle such responses and not refuse to inter-  
3958 operate with a conforming Printer that is returning extended registered or private attributes and/or  
3959 attribute values that conform to Section 6. Clients may choose to ignore any parameters, attributes, or  
3960 values that they do not understand.

## 3961 5.2 IPP Object Conformance Requirements

3962 This section specifies the conformance requirements for conforming implementations with respect to  
3963 objects, operations, and attributes.

## 3964 5.2.1 Objects

3965 Conforming implementations MUST implement all of the model objects as defined in this specification  
3966 in the indicated sections:

3967 Section 2.1 - Printer Object

3968 Section 2.2 - Job Object

3969

## 3970 5.2.2 Operations

3971 Conforming IPP object implementations MUST implement all of the REQUIRED model operations,  
3972 including REQUIRED responses, as defined in this specification in the indicated sections:

3973 For a Printer object:

3974 Print-Job (section 3.2.1) REQUIRED

3975 Print-URI (section 3.2.2) OPTIONAL

3976 Validate-Job (section 3.2.3) REQUIRED

3977 Create-Job (section 3.2.4) OPTIONAL

3978 Get-Printer-Attributes (section 3.2.5) REQUIRED

3979 Get-Jobs (section 3.2.6) REQUIRED

3980 Pause-Printer (section 3.2.7) OPTIONAL

3981 Resume-Printer (section 3.2.8) OPTIONAL

3982 Purge-Jobs (section 3.2.9) OPTIONAL

3983

3984 For a Job object:

3985 Send-Document (section 3.3.1) OPTIONAL

3986 Send-URI (section 3.3.2) OPTIONAL

3987 Cancel-Job (section 3.3.3) REQUIRED

3988 Get-Job-Attributes (section 3.3.4) REQUIRED

3989 Hold-Job (section 3.3.5) OPTIONAL

3990 Release-Job (section 3.3.6) OPTIONAL

3991 Restart-Job (section 3.3.7) OPTIONAL

3992

3993 Conforming IPP objects MUST support all REQUIRED operation attributes and all values of such  
3994 attributes if so indicated in the description. Conforming IPP objects MUST ignore all unsupported or  
3995 unknown operation attributes or operation attribute groups received in a request, but MUST reject a  
3996 request that contains a supported operation attribute that contains an unsupported value.

3997 The following section on object attributes specifies the support required for object attributes.

## 3998 5.2.3 IPP Object Attributes

3999 Conforming IPP objects MUST support all of the REQUIRED object attributes, as defined in this  
4000 specification in the indicated sections.

4001 If an object supports an attribute, it MUST support only those values specified in this document or  
4002 through the extension mechanism described in section 5.2.4. It MAY support any non-empty subset of  
4003 these values. That is, it MUST support at least one of the specified values and at most all of them.

#### 4004 5.2.4 Versions

4005 Clients MUST support version 1.1 and MAY also support version 1.0. IPP objects MUST support both  
4006 version 1.0 and 1.1. See section 3.1.7.

#### 4007 5.2.5 Extensions

4008 A conforming IPP object MAY support registered extensions and private extensions, as long as they  
4009 meet the requirements specified in Section 6.

4010 For each attribute included in an operation response, a conforming IPP object MUST return a value  
4011 whose type and value syntax conforms to the requirement of the Model document as specified in  
4012 Sections 3 and 3.3.5.

#### 4013 5.2.6 Attribute Syntaxes

4014 An IPP object MUST be able to accept any of the attribute syntaxes defined in Section 4.1, including  
4015 their full range, in any operation in which a client may supply attributes or the system administrator may  
4016 configure attributes (by means outside the scope of [this IPP/4.01.1 document](#)). In particular for each  
4017 attribute that the IPP object supports whose attribute syntax is 'text', the IPP object MUST accept and  
4018 process both the 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' forms. Similarly, for each attribute that  
4019 the IPP object supports whose attribute syntax is 'name', the IPP object MUST accept and process both  
4020 the 'nameWithoutLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' forms. Furthermore, an IPP object MUST return  
4021 attributes to the client in operation responses that conform to the syntax specified in Section 4.1,  
4022 including their full range if supplied previously by a client.

#### 4023 5.3 Charset and Natural Language Requirements

4024 All clients and IPP objects MUST support the 'utf-8' charset as defined in section 4.1.7.

4025 IPP objects MUST be able to accept any client request which correctly uses the "attributes-natural-  
4026 language" operation attribute or the Natural Language Override mechanism on any individual attribute  
4027 whether or not the natural language is supported by the IPP object. If an IPP object supports a natural  
4028 language, then it MUST be able to translate (perhaps by table lookup) all generated 'text' or 'name'  
4029 attribute values into one of the supported languages (see section 3.1.4). That is, the IPP object that  
4030 supports a natural language NEED NOT be a general purpose translator of any arbitrary 'text' or 'name'  
4031 value supplied by the client into that natural language. However, the object MUST be able to translate  
4032 (automatically generate) any of its own attribute values and messages into that natural language.

#### 4033 5.4 Security Conformance Requirements

4034 Conforming IPP Printer objects ~~MAY-SHOULD~~ support Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol  
4035 ~~Secure Socket Layer~~ Version 1.3 (SSL3/TLS) [SSLRFC2246] access, MAY support access without  
4036 ~~SSL3/TLS~~, or MAY support both means of access.

4037 Conforming IPP clients SHOULD support SSL3/TLS access and non-~~SSL3/TLS~~ access. Note: This client  
4038 requirement recommendation to support both means that conforming IPP clients will be able to inter-  
4039 operate with any IPP Printer object.

4040 For a detailed discussion of security considerations and the IPP application security profile required for  
4041 ~~SSL3/TLS~~ support, see section 8.

#### 4042 6. IANA Considerations (registered and private extensions)

4043 This section describes how IPP can be extended to allow the following registered and private extensions  
4044 to IPP:

- 4045 1. keyword attribute values
- 4046 2. enum attribute values
- 4047 3. attributes
- 4048 4. attribute syntaxes
- 4049 5. operations
- 4050 6. attribute groups
- 4051 7. status codes

4052  
4053 Extensions registered for use with IPP/~~4.0~~1.1 are OPTIONAL for client and IPP object conformance to  
4054 the IPP/~~4.0~~1.1 Model specification.

4055 These extension procedures are aligned with the guidelines as set forth by the IESG [IANA-CON].  
4056 Section 12 describes how to propose new registrations for consideration. IANA will reject registration  
4057 proposals that leave out required information or do not follow the appropriate format described in  
4058 Section 12. IPP/~~4.0~~1.1 may also be extended by an appropriate RFC that specifies any of the above  
4059 extensions.

#### 4060 6.1 Typed 'keyword' and 'enum' Extensions

4061 IPP allows for 'keyword' and 'enum' extensions (see sections 4.1.2.3 and 4.1.4). This document uses  
4062 prefixes to the 'keyword' and 'enum' basic attribute syntax type in order to communicate extra  
4063 information to the reader through its name. This extra information is not represented in the protocol  
4064 because it is unimportant to a client or Printer object. The list below describes the prefixes and their  
4065 meaning.

4066 "type1": The IPP specification must be revised to add a new keyword or a new enum. No private  
4067 keywords or enums are allowed.

4068  
4069 "type2": Implementers can, at any time, add new keyword or enum values by proposing the  
4070 complete specification to IANA:

4071  
4072 iana@iana.org

4073  
4074 IANA will forward the registration proposal to the IPP Designated Expert who will review the  
4075 proposal with a mailing list that the Designated Expert keeps for this purpose. Initially, that list  
4076 will be the mailing list used by the IPP WG:

4077  
4078 ipp@pwg.org

4079  
4080 even after the IPP WG is disbanded as permitted by [IANA-CON]. The IPP Designated Expert  
4081 is appointed by the IESG Area Director responsible for IPP, according to [IANA-CON].

4082  
4083 When a type2 keyword or enum is approved, the IPP Designated Expert becomes the point of  
4084 contact for any future maintenance that might be required for that registration.

4085  
4086 "type3": Implementers can, at any time, add new keyword and enum values by submitting the  
4087 complete specification to IANA as for type2 who will forward the proposal to the IPP Designated  
4088 Expert. While no additional technical review is required, the IPP Designated Expert may, at  
4089 his/her discretion, forward the proposal to the same mailing list as for type2 registrations for  
4090 advice and comment.

4091  
4092 When a type3 keyword or enum is approved by the IPP Designated Expert, the original proposer  
4093 becomes the point of contact for any future maintenance that might be required for that  
4094 registration.

4095  
4096 For type2 and type3 keywords, the proposer includes the name of the keyword in the registration  
4097 proposal and the name is part of the technical review.

4098 After type2 and type3 enums specifications are approved, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with  
4099 IANA assigns the next available enum number for each enum value.

4100 IANA will publish approved type2 and type3 keyword and enum attributes value registration  
4101 specifications in:

4102 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/xxx/yyy.txt

4103 where xxx is the attribute name that specifies the initial values and yyy.txt is a descriptive file name that  
4104 contains one or more enums or keywords approved at the same time. For example, if several additional  
4105 enums for stapling are approved for use with the "finishings" attribute (and "finishings-default" and  
4106 "finishings-supported" attributes), IANA will publish the additional values in the file:

4107 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/finishings/stapling.txt.

4108 Note: Some attributes are defined to be: 'type3 keywords' | 'name' which allows for attribute values to be  
4109 extended by a site administrator with administrator defined names. Such names are not registered with  
4110 IANA.

4111 By definition, each of the three types above assert some sort of registry or review process in order for  
4112 extensions to be considered valid. Each higher numbered level (1, 2, 3) tends to be decreasingly less  
4113 stringent than the previous level. Therefore, any typeN value MAY be registered using a process for  
4114 some typeM where M is less than N, however such registration is NOT REQUIRED. For example, a  
4115 type3 value MAY be registered in a type 1 manner (by being included in a future version of an IPP  
4116 specification), however, it is NOT REQUIRED.

4117 This specification defines keyword and enum values for all of the above types, including type3  
4118 keywords.

4119 For private (unregistered) keyword extensions, implementers SHOULD use keywords with a suitable  
4120 distinguishing prefix, such as "xxx-" where xxx is the (lowercase) fully qualified company name  
4121 registered with IANA for use in domain names [RFC1035]. For example, if the company XYZ Corp.  
4122 had obtained the domain name "XYZ.com", then a private keyword 'abc' would be: 'xyz.com-abc'.

4123 Note: RFC 1035 [RFC1035] indicates that while upper and lower case letters are allowed in domain  
4124 names, no significance is attached to the case. That is, two names with the same spelling but different  
4125 case are to be treated as if identical. Also, the labels in a domain name must follow the rules for  
4126 ARPANET host names: They must start with a letter, end with a letter or digit, and have as interior  
4127 characters only letters, digits, and hyphen. Labels must be 63 characters or less. Labels are separated by  
4128 the "." character.

4129 For private (unregistered) enum extension, implementers MUST use values in the reserved integer range  
4130 which is  $2^{*}30$  to  $2^{*}31-1$ .

## 4131 6.2 Attribute Extensibility

4132 Attribute names are type2 keywords. Therefore, new attributes may be registered and have the same  
4133 status as attributes in this document by following the type2 extension rules. For private (unregistered)  
4134 attribute extensions, implementers SHOULD use keywords with a suitable distinguishing prefix as  
4135 described in Section 6.1.

4136 IANA will publish approved attribute registration specifications as separate files:

4137 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attributes/xxx-yyy.txt

4138 where "xxx-yyy" is the new attribute name.

4139 If a new Printer object attribute is defined and its values can be affected by a specific document format,  
4140 its specification needs to contain the following sentence:



4141 "The value of this attribute returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes response MAY depend on the  
4142 "document-format" attribute supplied (see Section 3.2.5.1)."

4143 If the specification does not, then its value in the Get-Printer-Attributes response MUST NOT depend on  
4144 the "document-format" supplied in the request. When a new Job Template attribute is registered, the  
4145 value of the Printer attributes MAY vary with "document-format" supplied in the request without the  
4146 specification having to indicate so.

### 4147 6.3 Attribute Syntax Extensibility

4148 Attribute syntaxes are like type2 enums. Therefore, new attribute syntaxes may be registered and have  
4149 the same status as attribute syntaxes in this document by following the type2 extension rules described in  
4150 Section 6.1. The value codes that identify each of the attribute syntaxes are assigned in the "Encoding  
4151 and Transport" specification [IPP-PRO], including a designated range for private, experimental use.

4152 For attribute syntaxes, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next attribute  
4153 syntax code in the appropriate range as specified in [IPP-PRO]. IANA will publish approved attribute  
4154 syntax registration specifications as separate files:

4155 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-syntaxes/xxx-yyy.txt

4156 where 'xxx-yyy' is the new attribute syntax name.

### 4157 6.4 Operation Extensibility

4158 Operations may also be registered following the type2 procedures described in Section 6.1, though major  
4159 new operations will usually be done by a new standards track RFC that augments this document. For  
4160 private (unregistered) operation extensions, implementers MUST use the range for the "operation-id" in  
4161 requests specified in Section 4.4.13 "operations-supported" Printer attribute.

4162 For operations, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next operation-id code  
4163 as specified in Section 4.4.13. IANA will publish approved operation registration specifications as  
4164 separate files:

4165 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/Xxx-Yyy.txt

4166 where "Xxx-Yyy" is the new operation name.

### 4167 6.5 Attribute Groups

4168 Attribute groups passed in requests and responses may be registered following the type2 procedures  
4169 described in Section 6.1. The tags that identify each of the attribute groups are assigned in [IPP-PRO].

4170 For attribute groups, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next attribute  
4171 group tag code in the appropriate range as specified in [IPP-PRO]. IANA will publish approved  
4172 attribute group registration specifications as separate files:

4173 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-group-tags/xxx-yyy-tag.txt`

4174 where 'xxx-yyy-tag' is the new attribute group tag name.

## 4175 6.6 Status Code Extensibility

4176 Operation status codes may also be registered following the type2 procedures described in Section 6.1.  
4177 The values for status codes are allocated in ranges as specified in Section 14 for each status code class:

4178 "informational" - Request received, continuing process

4179 "successful" - The action was successfully received, understood, and accepted

4180 "redirection" - Further action must be taken in order to complete the request

4181 "client-error" - The request contains bad syntax or cannot be fulfilled

4182 "server-error" - The IPP object failed to fulfill an apparently valid request

4183

4184 For private (unregistered) operation status code extensions, implementers **MUST** use the top of each  
4185 range as specified in Section 14.

4186 For operation status codes, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next status  
4187 code in the appropriate class range as specified in Section 14. IANA will publish approved status code  
4188 registration specifications as separate files:

4189 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/xxx-yyy.txt`

4190 where "xxx-yyy" is the new operation status code keyword.

## 4191 6.7 Registration of MIME types/sub-types for document-formats

4192 The "document-format" attribute's syntax is 'mimeMediaType'. This means that valid values are Internet  
4193 Media Types (see Section 4.1.9). RFC 2045 [RFC2045] defines the syntax for valid Internet media  
4194 types. IANA is the registry for all Internet media types.

## 4195 6.8 Registration of charsets for use in 'charset' attribute values

4196 The "attributes-charset" attribute's syntax is 'charset'. This means that valid values are charsets names.  
4197 When a charset in the IANA registry has more than one name (alias), the name labeled as "(preferred  
4198 MIME name)", if present, **MUST** be used (see Section 4.1.7). IANA is the registry for charsets  
4199 following the procedures of [RFC2278].

## 4200 7. Internationalization Considerations

4201 Some of the attributes have values that are text strings and names which are intended for human  
4202 understanding rather than machine understanding (see the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes in Sections  
4203 4.1.1 and 4.1.2).

4204 In each operation request, the client

- 4205 - identifies the charset and natural language of the request which affects each supplied 'text' and
  - 4206 'name' attribute value, and
  - 4207 - requests the charset and natural language for attributes returned by the IPP object in operation
  - 4208 responses (as described in Section 3.1.4.1).
- 4209

4210 In addition, the client MAY separately and individually identify the Natural Language Override of a  
4211 supplied 'text' or 'name' attribute using the 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' technique  
4212 described section 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2 respectively.

4213 All IPP objects MUST support the UTF-8 [RFC20442279] charset in all 'text' and 'name' attributes  
4214 supported. If an IPP object supports more than the UTF-8 charset, the object MUST convert between  
4215 them in order to return the requested charset to the client according to Section 3.1.4.2. If an IPP object  
4216 supports more than one natural language, the object SHOULD return 'text' and 'name' values in the  
4217 natural language requested where those values are generated by the Printer (see Section 3.1.4.1).

4218 For Printers that support multiple charsets and/or multiple natural languages in 'text' and 'name'  
4219 attributes, different jobs may have been submitted in differing charsets and/or natural languages. All  
4220 responses MUST be returned in the charset requested by the client. However, the Get-Jobs operation  
4221 uses the 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' mechanism to identify the differing natural  
4222 languages with each job attribute returned.

4223 The Printer object also has configured charset and natural language attributes. The client can query the  
4224 Printer object to determine the list of charsets and natural languages supported by the Printer object and  
4225 what the Printer object's configured values are. See the "charset-configured", "charset-supported",  
4226 "natural-language-configured", and "generated-natural-language-supported" Printer description attributes  
4227 for more details.

4228 The "charset-supported" attributed identifies the supported charsets. If a charset is supported, the IPP  
4229 object MUST be capable of converting to and from that charset into any other supported charset. In  
4230 many cases, an IPP object will support only one charset and it MUST be the UTF-8 charset.

4231 The "charset-configured" attribute identifies the one supported charset which is the native charset given  
4232 the current configuration of the IPP object (administrator defined).

4233 The "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute identifies the set of supported natural languages  
4234 for generated messages; it is not related to the set of natural languages that must be accepted for client  
4235 supplied 'text' and 'name' attributes. For client supplied 'text' and 'name' attributes, an IPP object MUST  
4236 accept ALL supplied natural languages. Just because a Printer object is currently configured to support

4237 'en-us' natural language does not mean that the Printer object should reject a job if the client supplies a  
4238 job name that is in 'fr-ca'.

4239 The "natural-language-configured" attribute identifies the one supported natural language for generated  
4240 messages which is the native natural language given the current configuration of the IPP object  
4241 (administrator defined).

4242 Attributes of type 'text' and 'name' are populated from different sources. These attributes can be  
4243 categorized into following groups (depending on the source of the attribute):

- 4244 1. Some attributes are supplied by the client (e.g., the client supplied "job-name", "document-name",  
4245 and "requesting-user-name" operation attributes along with the corresponding Job object's "job-  
4246 name" and "job-originating-user-name" attributes). The IPP object MUST accept these attributes  
4247 in any natural language no matter what the set of supported languages for generated messages
- 4248 2. Some attributes are supplied by the system administrator (e.g., the Printer object's "printer-name"  
4249 and "printer-location" attributes). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural  
4250 language for these attributes is different than what a client requests, then they must be reported  
4251 using the Natural Language Override mechanism.
- 4252 3. Some attributes are supplied by the device manufacturer (e.g., the Printer object's "printer-make-  
4253 and-model" attribute). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for  
4254 these attributes is different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the  
4255 Natural Language Override mechanism.
- 4256 4. Some attributes are supplied by the operator (e.g., the Job object's "job-message-from-operator"  
4257 attribute). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for these attributes is  
4258 different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural Language  
4259 Override mechanism.
- 4260 5. Some attributes are generated by the IPP object (e.g., the Job object's "job-state-message"  
4261 attribute, the Printer object's "printer-state-message" attribute, and the "status-message" operation  
4262 attribute). These attributes can only be in one of the "generated-natural-language-supported"  
4263 natural languages. If a client requests some natural language for these attributes other than one of  
4264 the supported values, the IPP object SHOULD respond using the value of the "natural-language-  
4265 configured" attribute (using the Natural Language Override mechanism if needed).

4267 The 'text' and 'name' attributes specified in this version of this document (additional ones will be  
4268 registered according to the procedures in Section 6) are:

| 4269 Attributes                      | Source                                  |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 4270 -----                           | -----                                   |
| 4271 Operation Attributes            |   |
| 4272 job-name (name)                 | client                                  |
| 4273 document-name (name)            | client                                  |
| 4274 requesting-user-name (name)     | client                                  |
| 4275 status-message                  | Job or Printer object                   |
| 4276                                 |   |
| 4277 Job Template Attributes:        |   |
| 4278 job-hold-until (keyword   name) | client matches administrator-configured |

|      |   |   |
|------|---|---|
| 4279 | job-hold-until-default (keyword   name)   | client matches administrator-configured |
| 4280 | job-hold-until-supported (keyword   name) | client matches administrator-configured |
| 4281 | job-sheets (keyword   name)               | client matches administrator-configured |
| 4282 | job-sheets-default (keyword   name)       | client matches administrator-configured |
| 4283 | job-sheets-supported (keyword   name)     | client matches administrator-configured |
| 4284 | media (keyword   name)                    | client matches administrator-configured |
| 4285 | media-default (keyword   name)            | client matches administrator-configured |
| 4286 | media-supported (keyword   name)          | client matches administrator-configured |
| 4287 | media-ready (keyword   name)              | client matches administrator-configured |
| 4288 |   |   |
| 4289 | Job Description Attributes:               |   |
| 4290 | job-name (name)                           | client or Printer object                |
| 4291 | job-originating-user-name (name)          | Printer object                          |
| 4292 | job-state-message (text)                  | Job or Printer object                   |
| 4293 | output-device-assigned (name(127))        | administrator                           |
| 4294 | job-message-from-operator (text(127))     | operator                                |
| 4295 |   |   |
| 4296 | Printer Description Attributes:           |   |
| 4297 | printer-name (name(127))                  | administrator                           |
| 4298 | printer-location (text(127))              | administrator                           |
| 4299 | printer-info (text(127))                  | administrator                           |
| 4300 | printer-make-and-model (text(127))        | administrator or manufacturer           |
| 4301 | printer-state-message (text)              | Printer object                          |
| 4302 | printer-message-from-operator (text(127)) | operator                                |

## 4303 8. Security Considerations

4304 ~~Some~~ IPP objects ~~MAY SHOULD~~ be deployed over protocol stacks that support ~~the Transport Layer~~  
 4305 ~~Security (TLS) protocol~~~~Secure Socket Layer Version 3 (SSL3)~~ [SSLRFC2246]. ~~Note: SSL3 is not an~~  
 4306 ~~IETF standards track specification.~~ Other IPP objects MAY be deployed over protocol stacks that do not  
 4307 support ~~SSL3~~TLS. Some IPP objects MAY be deployed over both types of protocol stacks. Those IPP  
 4308 objects that support ~~SSL3~~TLS, are capable of supporting mutual authentication as well as privacy of  
 4309 messages via multiple encryption schemes. An important point about security related information for  
 4310 ~~SSL3~~TLS access to an IPP object, is that the security-related parameters (authentication, encryption  
 4311 keys, etc.) are "out-of-band" to the actual IPP protocol.

4312 An IPP object that does not support ~~SSL3~~TLS MAY elect to support a transport layer that provides other  
 4313 security mechanisms. For example, in a mapping of IPP over HTTP/1.1 [IPP-PRO], if the IPP object  
 4314 does not support ~~SSL3~~TLS, HTTP still allows for client authentication using Digest Access  
 4315 Authentication (DAA) [RFC2069].

4316 It is difficult to anticipate the security risks that might exist in any given IPP environment. For example,  
 4317 if IPP is used within a given corporation over a private network, the risks of exposing document data  
 4318 may be low enough that the corporation will choose not to use encryption on that data. However, if the

4319 connection between the client and the IPP object is over a public network, the client may wish to protect  
4320 the content of the information during transmission through the network with encryption.

4321 Furthermore, the value of the information being printed may vary from one IPP environment to the next.  
4322 Printing payroll checks, for example, would have a different value than printing public information from  
4323 a file. There is also the possibility of denial-of-service attacks, but denial-of-service attacks against  
4324 printing resources are not well understood and there is no published precedents regarding this scenario.

4325 Once the authenticated identity of the requester has been supplied to the IPP object, the object uses that  
4326 identity to enforce any authorization policy that might be in place. For example, one site's policy might  
4327 be that only the job owner is allowed to cancel a job. The details and mechanisms to set up a particular  
4328 access control policy are not part of IPP/4.0.1.1, and must be established via some other type of  
4329 administrative or access control framework. However, there are operation status codes that allow an IPP  
4330 server to return information back to a client about any potential access control violations for an IPP  
4331 object.

4332 During a create operation, the client's identity is recorded in the Job object in an implementation-defined  
4333 attribute. This information can be used to verify a client's identity for subsequent operations on that Job  
4334 object in order to enforce any access control policy that might be in effect. See section 8.3 below for  
4335 more details.

4336 Since the security levels or the specific threats that any given IPP system administrator may be  
4337 concerned with cannot be anticipated, IPP MUST be capable of operating with different security  
4338 mechanisms and security policies as required by the individual installation. Security policies might vary  
4339 from very strong, to very weak, to none at all, and corresponding security mechanisms will be required.  
4340 [SSL3TLS](#) supports the type of negotiated levels of security required by most, if not all, potential IPP  
4341 environments. IPP environments that require no security can elect to deploy IPP objects that do not  
4342 utilize the optional [SSL3TLS](#) security mechanisms.

## 4343 8.1 Security Scenarios

4344 The following sections describe specific security attacks for IPP environments. Where examples are  
4345 provided they should be considered illustrative of the environment and not an exhaustive set. Not all of  
4346 these environments will necessarily be addressed in initial implementations of IPP.

### 4347 8.1.1 Client and Server in the Same Security Domain

4348 This environment is typical of internal networks where traditional office workers print the output of  
4349 personal productivity applications on shared work-group printers, or where batch applications print their  
4350 output on large production printers. Although the identity of the user may be trusted in this environment,  
4351 a user might want to protect the content of a document against such attacks as eavesdropping, replaying  
4352 or tampering.

## 4353 8.1.2 Client and Server in Different Security Domains

4354 Examples of this environment include printing a document created by the client on a publicly available  
4355 printer, such as at a commercial print shop; or printing a document remotely on a business associate's  
4356 printer. This latter operation is functionally equivalent to sending the document to the business associate  
4357 as a facsimile. Printing sensitive information on a Printer in a different security domain requires strong  
4358 security measures. In this environment authentication of the printer is required as well as protection  
4359 against unauthorized use of print resources. Since the document crosses security domains, protection  
4360 against eavesdropping and document tampering are also required. It will also be important in this  
4361 environment to protect Printers against "spamming" and malicious document content.

## 4362 8.1.3 Print by Reference

4363 When the document is not stored on the client, printing can be done by reference. That is, the print  
4364 request can contain a reference, or pointer, to the document instead of the actual document itself.  
4365 Standard methods currently do not exist for remote entities to "assume" the credentials of a client for  
4366 forwarding requests to a 3rd party. It is anticipated that Print-By-Reference will be used to access  
4367 "public" documents and that sophisticated methods for authenticating "proxies" will not be specified for  
4368 version 1 of IPP.

4369 ~~4.28.2~~ URIs for ~~SSL3~~TLS and non-~~SSL3~~TLS Access

4370 As described earlier, an IPP object ~~can~~ **SHOULD** support ~~SSL3~~TLS access, **MAY** non-~~SSL3~~TLS access,  
4371 or both. The "printer-uri-supported" attribute contains the Printer object's URI(s). Its companion  
4372 attribute, "uri-security-supported", identifies the security mechanism used for each URI listed in the  
4373 "printer-uri-supported" attribute. For each Printer operation request, a client **MUST** supply only one  
4374 URI in the "printer-uri" operation attribute. In other words, even though the Printer supports more than  
4375 one URI, the client only interacts with the Printer object using one of its URIs. This duality is not needed  
4376 for Job objects, since the Printer objects is the factory for Job objects, and the Printer object will  
4377 generate the correct URI for new Job objects depending on the Printer object's security configuration.

## 4378 8.3 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) Operation Attribute

4379 Each operation **MUST** specify the user who is performing the operation in both of the following two  
4380 ways:

- 4381 1) via the **REQUIRED** "requesting-user-name" operation attribute that a client **SHOULD** supply in  
4382 all operations. The client **MUST** obtain the value for this attribute from an environmental or  
4383 network login name for the user, rather than allowing the user to supply any value. If the client  
4384 does not supply a value for "requesting-user-name", the printer **MUST** assume that the client is  
4385 supplying some anonymous name, such as "anonymous".
- 4386 2) via an authentication mechanism of the underlying transport which may be configured to give no  
4387 authentication information.

4388

4389 There are six cases to consider:

- 4390 a) the authentication mechanism gives no information, and the client doesn't specify "requesting-  
4391 user-name".
- 4392 b) the authentication mechanism gives no information, but the client specifies "requesting-user-  
4393 name".
- 4394 c) the authentication mechanism specifies a user which has no human readable representation, and  
4395 the client doesn't specify "requesting-user-name".
- 4396 d) the authentication mechanism specifies a user which has no human readable representation, but  
4397 the client specifies "requesting-user-name".
- 4398 e) the authentication mechanism specifies a user which has a human readable representation. The  
4399 Printer object ignores the "requesting-user-name".
- 4400 f) the authentication mechanism specifies a user who is trusted and whose name means that the  
4401 value of the "requesting-user-name", which MUST be present, is treated as the authenticated  
4402 name.
- 4403

4404 Note: Case "f" is intended for a tightly coupled gateway and server to work together so that the "user"  
4405 name is able to be that of the gateway client and not that of the gateway. Because most, if not all, system  
4406 vendors will initially implement IPP via a gateway into their existing print system, this mechanism is  
4407 necessary unless the authentication mechanism allows a gateway (client) to act on behalf of some other  
4408 client.

4409 The user-name has two forms:

- 4410 - one that is human readable: it is held in the REQUIRED "job-originating-user-name" Job  
4411 Description attribute which is set during the job creation operations. It is used for presentation  
4412 only, such as returning in queries or printing on start sheets
- 4413 - one for authorization: it is held in an undefined (by IPP) Job object attribute which is set by the job  
4414 creation operation. It is used to authorize other operations, such as Send-Document, Send-URI,  
4415 Cancel-Job, to determine the user when the "my-jobs" attribute is specified with Get-Jobs, and to  
4416 limit what attributes and values to return with Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs.
- 4417

4418 The human readable user name:

- 4419 - is the value of the "requesting-user-name" for cases b, d and f.
- 4420 - comes from the authentication mechanism for case e
- 4421 - is some anonymous name, such as "anonymous" for cases a and c.
- 4422

4423 The user name used for authorization:

- 4424 - is the value of the "requesting-user-name" for cases b and f.
- 4425 - comes from the authentication mechanism for cases c, d and e
- 4426 - is some anonymous name, such as "anonymous" for case a.
- 4427

4428 The essence of these rules for resolving conflicting sources of user-names is that a printer  
4429 implementation is free to pick either source as long as it achieves consistent results. That is, if a user



4430 uses the same path for a series of requests, the requests MUST appear to come from the same user from  
4431 the standpoint of both the human-readable user name and the user name for authorization. This rule  
4432 MUST continue to apply even if a request could be authenticated by two or more mechanisms. It doesn't  
4433 matter which of several authentication mechanisms a Printer uses as long as it achieves consistent  
4434 results. If a client uses more than one authentication mechanism, it is recommended that an  
4435 administrator make all credentials resolve to the same user and user-name as much as possible.

#### 4436 8.4 Restricted Queries

4437 In many IPP operations, a client supplies a list of attributes to be returned in the response. For security  
4438 reasons, an IPP object may be configured not to return all attributes (or all values) that a client requests.  
4439 The job attributes returned MAY depend on whether the requesting user is the same as the user that  
4440 submitted the job. The IPP object MAY even return none of the requested attributes. In such cases, the  
4441 status returned is the same as if the object had returned all requested attributes. The client cannot tell by  
4442 such a response whether the requested attribute was present or absent on the object.

#### 4443 8.5 Operations performed by operators and system administrators

4444 For the three printer operations Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs (see sections 3.2.7, 3.2.8  
4445 and 3.2.9), the requesting user is intended to be an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see  
4446 section 1). The means for authorizing an operator or administrator of the Printer object are not specified  
4447 in this document.

#### 4448 8.6 Queries on jobs submitted using non-IPP protocols

4449 If the device that an IPP Printer is representing is able to accept jobs using other job submission  
4450 protocols in addition to IPP, it is RECOMMENDED that such an implementation at least allow such  
4451 "foreign" jobs to be queried using Get-Jobs returning "job-id" and "job-uri" as 'unknown'. Such an  
4452 implementation NEED NOT support all of the same IPP job attributes as for IPP jobs. The IPP object  
4453 returns the 'unknown' out-of-band value for any requested attribute of a foreign job that is supported for  
4454 IPP jobs, but not for foreign jobs.

4455 It is further RECOMMENDED, that the IPP Printer generate "job-id" and "job-uri" values for such  
4456 "foreign jobs", if possible, so that they may be targets of other IPP operations, such as Get-Job-Attributes  
4457 and Cancel-Job. Such an implementation also needs to deal with the problem of authentication of such  
4458 foreign jobs. One approach would be to treat all such foreign jobs as belonging to users other than the  
4459 user of the IPP client. Another approach would be for the foreign job to belong to 'anonymous'. Only if  
4460 the IPP client has been authenticated as an operator or administrator of the IPP Printer object, could the  
4461 foreign jobs be queried by an IPP request. Alternatively, if the security policy is to allow users to query  
4462 other users' jobs, then the foreign jobs would also be visible to an end-user IPP client using Get-Jobs and  
4463 Get-Job-Attributes.

## 4464 8.7 IPP Security Application Profile for TLS

4465 The IPP application profile for [TLS SSL3](#) follows the [standard "Mandatory Cipher Suites" "Secure](#)  
4466 [Socket Layer"](#) requirement as documented in the [TLS SSL3](#) specification [[RFC2246SSL](#)]. ~~For~~  
4467 ~~interoperability, the SSL3 cipher suites are:~~

4468 [SSL\\_RSA\\_WITH\\_RC4\\_128\\_MD5](#)  
4469 [SSL\\_RSA\\_WITH\\_3DES\\_EDE\\_CBC\\_SHA](#)  
4470 [SSL\\_RSA\\_WITH\\_DES\\_CBC\\_SHA](#)  
4471 [SSL\\_RSA\\_EXPORT\\_WITH\\_RC4\\_40\\_MD5](#)  
4472 [SSL\\_RSA\\_EXPORT\\_WITH\\_RC2\\_CBC\\_40\\_MD5](#)  
4473 [SSL\\_RSA\\_WITH\\_NULL\\_MD5](#)

4474 If a conforming IPP object supports [TLSSSL3](#), it MUST implement and support the ["Mandatory Cipher](#)  
4475 [Suites" as specified in the TLS specification \[RFC2246\]](#)~~cipher suites listed above~~ and MAY support  
4476 additional cipher suites.

4477 A conforming IPP client SHOULD support [TLSSSL3](#) including the ["Mandatory Cipher Suites" as](#)  
4478 [specified in the TLS specification \[RFC2246\]](#)~~cipher suites listed above~~. A conforming IPP client MAY  
4479 support additional cipher suites. Client implementations MUST NOT assume any other cipher suites are  
4480 supported by an IPP Printer object.

4481 [See the TLS specification \[RFC2246\] for a discussion of any government export restrictions on](#)  
4482 [implementations conforming to the "Mandatory Cipher Suites". It is possible that due to certain](#)  
4483 ~~government export restrictions some non-compliant versions of this extension could be deployed.~~  
4484 ~~Implementations wishing to inter-operate with such non-compliant versions MAY offer the~~  
4485 ~~SSL\_RSA\_EXPORT\_WITH\_RC4\_40\_MD5 and SSL\_RSA\_EXPORT\_WITH\_RC2\_CBC\_40\_MD5~~  
4486 ~~mechanisms. However, since 40-bit ciphers are known to be vulnerable to attack by current technology,~~  
4487 ~~any client which activates a 40-bit cipher MUST NOT indicate to the user that the connection is~~  
4488 ~~completely secure from eavesdropping.~~

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4693  
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4695 discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional attributes and  
4696 values.

4697  
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## 4748 12. Formats for IPP Registration Proposals

4749 In order to propose an IPP extension for registration, the proposer must submit an application to IANA  
4750 by email to "iana@iana.org" or by filling out the appropriate form on the IANA web pages  
4751 (<http://www.iana.org>). This section specifies the required information and the formats for proposing  
4752 registrations of extensions to IPP as provided in Section 6 for:

- 4753
- 4754 1. type2 'keyword' attribute values
  - 4755 2. type3 'keyword' attribute values
  - 4756 3. type2 'enum' attribute values
  - 4757 4. type3 'enum' attribute values
  - 4758 5. attributes
  - 4759 6. attribute syntaxes
  - 4760 7. operations
  - 4761 8. status codes

## 4762 12.1 Type2 keyword attribute values registration

4763 Type of registration: type2 keyword attribute value  
4764 Name of attribute to which this keyword specification is to be added:  
4765 Proposed keyword name of this keyword value:  
4766 Specification of this keyword value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.2.3):  
4767 Name of proposer:  
4768 Address of proposer:  
4769 Email address of proposer:  
4770

4771 Note: For type2 keywords, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved  
4772 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 4773 12.2 Type3 keyword attribute values registration

4774 Type of registration: type3 keyword attribute value  
4775 Name of attribute to which this keyword specification is to be added:  
4776 Proposed keyword name of this keyword value:  
4777 Specification of this keyword value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.2.3):  
4778 Name of proposer:  
4779 Address of proposer:  
4780 Email address of proposer:  
4781

4782 Note: For type3 keywords, the proposer will be the point of contact for the approved registration  
4783 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 4784 12.3 Type2 enum attribute values registration

4785 Type of registration: type2 enum attribute value

4786 Name of attribute to which this enum specification is to be added:  
4787 Keyword symbolic name of this enum value:  
4788 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):  
4789 Specification of this enum value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.4):  
4790 Name of proposer:  
4791 Address of proposer:  
4792 Email address of proposer:  
4793  
4794 Note: For type2 enums, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration  
4795 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

#### 4796 12.4 Type3 enum attribute values registration

4797 Type of registration: type3 enum attribute value  
4798 Name of attribute to which this enum specification is to be added:  
4799 Keyword symbolic name of this enum value:  
4800 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):  
4801 Specification of this enum value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.4):  
4802 Name of proposer:  
4803 Address of proposer:  
4804 Email address of proposer:  
4805  
4806 Note: For type3 enums, the proposer will be the point of contact for the approved registration  
4807 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

#### 4808 12.5 Attribute registration

4809 Type of registration: attribute  
4810 Proposed keyword name of this attribute:  
4811 Types of attribute (Operation, Job Template, Job Description, Printer Description):  
4812 Operations to be used with if the attribute is an operation attribute:  
4813 Object (Job, Printer, etc. if bound to an object):  
4814 Attribute syntax(es) (include 1setOf and range as in Section 4.2):  
4815 If attribute syntax is 'keyword' or 'enum', is it type2 or type3:  
4816 If this is a Printer attribute, MAY the value returned depend on "document-format" (See Section 6.2):  
4817 If this is a Job Template attribute, how does its specification depend on the value of the "multiple-  
4818 document-handling" attribute:  
4819 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.2):  
4820 Name of proposer:  
4821 Address of proposer:  
4822 Email address of proposer:  
4823  
4824 Note: For attributes, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration  
4825 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 4826 12.6 Attribute Syntax registration

4827 Type of registration: attribute syntax

4828 Proposed name of this attribute syntax:

4829 Type of attribute syntax (integer, octetString, character-string, see [IPP-PRO]):

4830 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4831 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1):

4832 Name of proposer:

4833 Address of proposer:

4834 Email address of proposer:

4835

4836 Note: For attribute syntaxes, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved  
4837 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 4838 12.7 Operation registration

4839 Type of registration: operation

4840 Proposed name of this operation:

4841 Numeric operation-id value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4842 Object Target (Job, Printer, etc. that operation is upon):

4843 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 3):

4844 Name of proposer:

4845 Address of proposer:

4846 Email address of proposer:

4847

4848 Note: For operations, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved  
4849 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 4850 12.8 Attribute Group registration

4851 Type of registration: attribute group

4852 Proposed name of this attribute group:

4853 Numeric tag according to [IPP-PRO] (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with  
4854 IANA):

4855 Operation requests and group number for each operation in which the attribute group occurs:

4856 Operation responses and group number for each operation in which the attribute group occurs:

4857 Specification of this attribute group (follow the style of IPP Model Section 3):

4858 Name of proposer:

4859 Address of proposer:

4860 Email address of proposer:

4861

4862 Note: For attribute groups, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved  
4863 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 4864 12.9 Status code registration

4865 Type of registration: status code

4866 Keyword symbolic name of this status code value:

4867 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

4868 Operations that this status code may be used with:

4869 Specification of this status code (follow the style of IPP Model Section 14 APPENDIX B: Status Codes  
4870 and Suggested Status Code Messages):

4871 Name of proposer:

4872 Address of proposer:

4873 Email address of proposer:

4874

4875 Note: For status codes, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration  
4876 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 4877 13. APPENDIX A: Terminology

4878 This specification uses the terminology defined in this section.

## 4879 13.1 Conformance Terminology

4880 The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT",

4881 "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in

4882 RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

## 4883 13.1.1 NEED NOT

4884 This term is not included in RFC 2119. The verb "NEED NOT" indicates an action that the subject of

4885 the sentence does not have to implement in order to claim conformance to the standard. The verb

4886 "NEED NOT" is used instead of "MAY NOT" since "MAY NOT" sounds like a prohibition.

## 4887 13.2 Model Terminology

## 4888 13.2.1 Keyword

4889 Keywords are used within this document as identifiers of semantic entities within the abstract model (see

4890 section 4.1.2.3). Attribute names, some attribute values, attribute syntaxes, and attribute group names

4891 are represented as keywords.

## 4892 13.2.2 Attributes

4893 An attribute is an item of information that is associated with an instance of an IPP object. An attribute

4894 consists of an attribute name and one or more attribute values. Each attribute has a specific attribute

4895 syntax. All object attributes are defined in section 3.3.5 and all operation attributes are defined in  
4896 section 3.

4897 Job Template Attributes are described in section 4.2. The client optionally supplies Job Template  
4898 attributes in a create request (operation requests that create Job objects). The Printer object has  
4899 associated attributes which define supported and default values for the Printer.

#### 4900 13.2.2.1 Attribute Name

4901 Each attribute is uniquely identified in this document by its attribute name. An attribute name is a  
4902 keyword. The keyword attribute name is given in the section header describing that attribute. In running  
4903 text in this document, attribute names are indicated inside double quotation marks (") where the  
4904 quotation marks are not part of the keyword itself.

#### 4905 13.2.2.2 Attribute Group Name

4906 Related attributes are grouped into named groups. The name of the group is a keyword. The group  
4907 name may be used in place of naming all the attributes in the group explicitly. Attribute groups are  
4908 defined in section 3.

#### 4909 13.2.2.3 Attribute Value

4910 Each attribute has one or more values. Attribute values are represented in the syntax type specified for  
4911 that attribute. In running text in this document, attribute values are indicated inside single quotation  
4912 marks ('), whether their attribute syntax is keyword, integer, text, etc. where the quotation marks are not  
4913 part of the value itself.

#### 4914 13.2.2.4 Attribute Syntax

4915 Each attribute is defined using an explicit syntax type. In this document, each syntax type is defined as a  
4916 keyword with specific meaning. The "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] indicates the  
4917 actual "on-the-wire" encoding rules for each syntax type. Attribute syntax types are defined in section  
4918 4.1.

#### 4919 13.2.3 Supports

4920 By definition, a Printer object supports an attribute only if that Printer object responds with the  
4921 corresponding attribute populated with some value(s) in a response to a query for that attribute. A  
4922 Printer object supports an attribute value if the value is one of the Printer object's "supported values"  
4923 attributes. The device behind a Printer object may exhibit a behavior that corresponds to some IPP  
4924 attribute, but if the Printer object, when queried for that attribute, doesn't respond with the attribute, then  
4925 as far as IPP is concerned, that implementation does not support that feature. If the Printer object's "xxx-  
4926 supported" attribute is not populated with a particular value (even if that value is a legal value for that  
4927 attribute), then that Printer object does not support that particular value.

4928 A conforming implementation **MUST** support all **REQUIRED** attributes. However, even for  
4929 **REQUIRED** attributes, conformance to IPP does not mandate that all implementations support all  
4930 possible values representing all possible job processing behaviors and features. For example, if a given  
4931 instance of a Printer supports only certain document formats, then that Printer responds with the  
4932 "document-format-supported" attribute populated with a set of values, possibly only one, taken from the  
4933 entire set of possible values defined for that attribute. This limited set of values represents the Printer's  
4934 set of supported document formats. Supporting an attribute and some set of values for that attribute  
4935 enables IPP end users to be aware of and make use of those features associated with that attribute and  
4936 those values. If an implementation chooses to not support an attribute or some specific value, then IPP  
4937 end users would have no ability to make use of that feature within the context of IPP itself. However,  
4938 due to existing practice and legacy systems which are not IPP aware, there might be some other  
4939 mechanism outside the scope of IPP to control or request the "unsupported" feature (such as embedded  
4940 instructions within the document data itself).

4941 For example, consider the "finishings-supported" attribute.

- 4942 1) If a Printer object is not physically capable of stapling, the "finishings-supported" attribute **MUST**  
4943 **NOT** be populated with the value of 'staple'.
- 4944 2) A Printer object is physically capable of stapling, however an implementation chooses not to  
4945 support stapling in the IPP "finishings" attribute. In this case, 'staple' **MUST NOT** be a value in  
4946 the "finishings-supported" Printer object attribute. Without support for the value 'staple', an IPP  
4947 end user would have no means within the protocol itself to request that a Job be stapled.  
4948 However, an existing document data formatter might be able to request that the document be  
4949 stapled directly with an embedded instruction within the document data. In this case, the IPP  
4950 implementation does not "support" stapling, however the end user is still able to have some  
4951 control over the stapling of the completed job.
- 4952 3) A Printer object is physically capable of stapling, and an implementation chooses to support  
4953 stapling in the IPP "finishings" attribute. In this case, 'staple' **MUST** be a value in the "finishings-  
4954 supported" Printer object attribute. Doing so, would enable end users to be aware of and make  
4955 use of the stapling feature using IPP attributes.

4957 Even though support for Job Template attributes by a Printer object is **OPTIONAL**, it is  
4958 **RECOMMENDED** that if the device behind a Printer object is capable of realizing any feature or  
4959 function that corresponds to an IPP attribute and some associated value, then that implementation  
4960 **SHOULD** support that IPP attribute and value.

4961 The set of values in any of the supported value attributes is set (populated) by some administrative  
4962 process or automatic sensing mechanism that is outside the scope of [this IPP/1.1 document](#). For  
4963 administrative policy and control reasons, an administrator may choose to make only a subset of possible  
4964 values visible to the end user. In this case, the real output device behind the IPP Printer abstraction may  
4965 be capable of a certain feature, however an administrator is specifying that access to that feature not be  
4966 exposed to the end user through the IPP protocol. Also, since a Printer object may represent a logical  
4967 print device (not just a physical device) the actual process for supporting a value is undefined and left up  
4968 to the implementation. However, if a Printer object supports a value, some manual human action may be  
4969 needed to realize the semantic action associated with the value, but no end user action is required.

4970 For example, if one of the values in the "finishings-supported" attribute is 'staple', the actual process  
4971 might be an automatic staple action by a physical device controlled by some command sent to the  
4972 device. Or, the actual process of stapling might be a manual action by an operator at an operator  
4973 attended Printer object.

4974 For another example of how supported attributes function, consider a system administrator who desires  
4975 to control all print jobs so that no job sheets are printed in order to conserve paper. To force no job  
4976 sheets, the system administrator sets the only supported value for the "job-sheets-supported" attribute to  
4977 'none'. In this case, if a client requests anything except 'none', the create request is rejected or the "job-  
4978 sheets" value is ignored (depending on the value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity"). To force the use of job  
4979 start/end sheets on all jobs, the administrator does not include the value 'none' in the "job-sheets-  
4980 supported" attribute. In this case, if a client requests 'none', the create request is rejected or the "job-  
4981 sheets" value is ignored (again depending on the value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity").

#### 4982 13.2.4 print-stream page

4983 A "print-stream page" is a page according to the definition of pages in the language used to express the  
4984 document data.

#### 4985 13.2.5 impression

4986 An "impression" is the image (possibly many print-stream pages in different configurations) imposed  
4987 onto a single media page.

### 4988 14. APPENDIX B: Status Codes and Suggested Status Code Messages

4989 This section defines status code enum keywords and values that are used to provide semantic  
4990 information on the results of an operation request. Each operation response **MUST** include a status  
4991 code. The response **MAY** also contain a status message that provides a short textual description of the  
4992 status. The status code is intended for use by automata, and the status message is intended for the human  
4993 end user. Since the status message is an **OPTIONAL** component of the operation response, an IPP  
4994 application (i.e., a browser, GUI, print driver or gateway) is **NOT REQUIRED** to examine or display the  
4995 status message, since it **MAY** not be returned to the application.

4996 The prefix of the status keyword defines the class of response as follows:

- 4997 "informational" - Request received, continuing process
- 4998 "successful" - The action was successfully received, understood, and accepted
- 4999 "redirection" - Further action must be taken in order to complete the request
- 5000 "client-error" - The request contains bad syntax or cannot be fulfilled
- 5001 "server-error" - The IPP object failed to fulfill an apparently valid request
- 5002

5003 As with type2 enums, IPP status codes are extensible. IPP clients are **NOT REQUIRED** to understand  
5004 the meaning of all registered status codes, though such understanding is obviously desirable. However,



5005 IPP clients MUST understand the class of any status code, as indicated by the prefix, and treat any  
5006 unrecognized response as being equivalent to the first status code of that class, with the exception that an  
5007 unrecognized response MUST NOT be cached. For example, if an unrecognized status code of "client-  
5008 error-xxx-yyy" is received by the client, it can safely assume that there was something wrong with its  
5009 request and treat the response as if it had received a "client-error-bad-request" status code. In such cases,  
5010 IPP applications SHOULD present the OPTIONAL message (if present) to the end user since the  
5011 message is likely to contain human readable information which will help to explain the unusual status.  
5012 The name of the enum is the suggested status message for US English.

5013 The status code values range from 0x0000 to 0x7FFF. The value ranges for each status code class are as  
5014 follows:

5015 "successful" - 0x0000 to 0x00FF  
5016 "informational" - 0x0100 to 0x01FF  
5017 "redirection" - 0x0200 to 0x02FF  
5018 "client-error" - 0x0400 to 0x04FF  
5019 "server-error" - 0x0500 to 0x05FF  
5020

5021 The top half (128 values) of each range (0x0n40 to 0x0nFF, for n = 0 to 5) is reserved for private use  
5022 within each status code class. Values 0x0600 to 0x7FFF are reserved for future assignment and MUST  
5023 NOT be used.

## 5024 14.1 Status Codes

5025 Each status code is described below. Section 14.1.5.9 contains a table that indicates which status codes  
5026 apply to which operations. The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] describe the suggested steps for  
5027 processing IPP attributes for all operations, including returning status codes.

### 5028 14.1.1 Informational

5029 This class of status code indicates a provisional response and is to be used for informational purposes  
5030 only.

5031 There are no status codes defined in IPP/1.01.1 for this class of status code.

### 5032 14.1.2 Successful Status Codes

5033 This class of status code indicates that the client's request was successfully received, understood, and  
5034 accepted.

#### 5035 14.1.2.1 successful-ok (0x0000)

5036 The request has succeeded and no request attributes were substituted or ignored. In the case of a  
5037 response to a create request, the 'successful-ok' status code indicates that the request was successfully  
5038 received and validated, and that the Job object has been created; it does not indicate that the job has been

5039 processed. The transition of the Job object into the 'completed' state is the only indicator that the job has  
5040 been printed.

#### 5041 14.1.2.2 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes (0x0001)

5042 The request has succeeded, but some supplied (1) attributes were ignored or (2) unsupported values were  
5043 substituted with supported values or were ignored in order to perform the operation without rejecting it.  
5044 Unsupported attributes, attribute syntaxes, or values **MUST** be returned in the Unsupported Attributes  
5045 group of the response for all operations. There is an exception to this rule for the query operations: Get-  
5046 Printer-Attributes, Get-Jobs, and Get-Job-Attributes for the "requested-attributes" operation attribute  
5047 only. When the supplied values of the "requested-attributes" operation attribute are requesting attributes  
5048 that are not supported, the IPP object **MAY**, but is **NOT REQUIRED** to, return the "requested-attributes"  
5049 attribute in the Unsupported Attribute response group (with the unsupported values only). See section  
5050 3.2.1.2.

#### 5051 14.1.2.3 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes (0x0002)

5052 The request has succeeded, but some supplied attribute values conflicted with the values of other  
5053 supplied attributes. These conflicting values were either (1) substituted with (supported) values or (2)  
5054 the attributes were removed in order to process the job without rejecting it. Attributes or values which  
5055 conflict with other attributes and have been substituted or ignored **MUST** be returned in the Unsupported  
5056 Attributes group of the response for all operations as supplied by the client. See section 3.2.1.2.

#### 5057 14.1.3 Redirection Status Codes

5058 This class of status code indicates that further action needs to be taken to fulfill the request.

5059 There are no status codes defined in IPP/~~1.0~~1.1 for this class of status code.

#### 5060 14.1.4 Client Error Status Codes

5061 This class of status code is intended for cases in which the client seems to have erred. The IPP object  
5062 **SHOULD** return a message containing an explanation of the error situation and whether it is a temporary  
5063 or permanent condition.

#### 5064 14.1.4.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400)

5065 The request could not be understood by the IPP object due to malformed syntax (such as the value of a  
5066 fixed length attribute whose length does not match the prescribed length for that attribute - see the  
5067 Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] ). The IPP application **SHOULD NOT** repeat the request without  
5068 modifications.

## 5069 14.1.4.2 client-error-forbidden (0x0401)

5070 The IPP object understood the request, but is refusing to fulfill it. Additional authentication information  
5071 or authorization credentials will not help and the request SHOULD NOT be repeated. This status code  
5072 is commonly used when the IPP object does not wish to reveal exactly why the request has been refused  
5073 or when no other response is applicable.

## 5074 14.1.4.3 client-error-not-authenticated (0x0402)

5075 The request requires user authentication. The IPP client may repeat the request with suitable  
5076 authentication information. If the request already included authentication information, then this status  
5077 code indicates that authorization has been refused for those credentials. If this response contains the  
5078 same challenge as the prior response, and the user agent has already attempted authentication at least  
5079 once, then the response message may contain relevant diagnostic information. This status codes reveals  
5080 more information than "client-error-forbidden".

## 5081 14.1.4.4 client-error-not-authorized (0x0403)

5082 The requester is not authorized to perform the request. Additional authentication information or  
5083 authorization credentials will not help and the request SHOULD NOT be repeated. This status code is  
5084 used when the IPP object wishes to reveal that the authentication information is understandable,  
5085 however, the requester is explicitly not authorized to perform the request. This status codes reveals  
5086 more information than "client-error-forbidden" and "client-error-not-authenticated".

## 5087 14.1.4.5 client-error-not-possible (0x0404)

5088 This status code is used when the request is for something that can not happen. For example, there  
5089 might be a request to cancel a job that has already been canceled or aborted by the system. The IPP  
5090 client SHOULD NOT repeat the request.

## 5091 14.1.4.6 client-error-timeout (0x0405)

5092 The client did not produce a request within the time that the IPP object was prepared to wait. For  
5093 example, a client issued a Create-Job operation and then, after a long period of time, issued a Send-  
5094 Document operation and this error status code was returned in response to the Send-Document request  
5095 (see section 3.3.1). The IPP object might have been forced to clean up resources that had been held for  
5096 the waiting additional Documents. The IPP object was forced to close the Job since the client took too  
5097 long. The client SHOULD NOT repeat the request without modifications.

## 5098 14.1.4.7 client-error-not-found (0x0406)

5099 The IPP object has not found anything matching the request URI. No indication is given of whether the  
5100 condition is temporary or permanent. For example, a client with an old reference to a Job (a URI) tries  
5101 to cancel the Job, however in the mean time the Job might have been completed and all record of it at the  
5102 Printer has been deleted. This status code, 'client-error-not-found' is returned indicating that the

5103 referenced Job can not be found. This error status code is also used when a client supplies a URI as a  
5104 reference to the document data in either a Print-URI or Send-URI operation, but the document can not be  
5105 found.

5106 In practice, an IPP application should avoid a not found situation by first querying and presenting a list  
5107 of valid Printer URIs and Job URIs to the end-user.

#### 5108 14.1.4.8 client-error-gone (0x0407)

5109 The requested object is no longer available and no forwarding address is known. This condition should  
5110 be considered permanent. Clients with link editing capabilities should delete references to the request  
5111 URI after user approval. If the IPP object does not know or has no facility to determine, whether or not  
5112 the condition is permanent, the status code "client-error-not-found" should be used instead.

5113 This response is primarily intended to assist the task of maintenance by notifying the recipient that the  
5114 resource is intentionally unavailable and that the IPP object administrator desires that remote links to  
5115 that resource be removed. It is not necessary to mark all permanently unavailable resources as "gone" or  
5116 to keep the mark for any length of time -- that is left to the discretion of the IPP object administrator.

#### 5117 14.1.4.9 client-error-request-entity-too-large (0x0408)

5118 The IPP object is refusing to process a request because the request entity is larger than the IPP object is  
5119 willing or able to process. An IPP Printer returns this status code when it limits the size of print jobs and  
5120 it receives a print job that exceeds that limit or when the attributes are so many that their encoding  
5121 causes the request entity to exceed IPP object capacity.

#### 5122 14.1.4.10 client-error-request-value-too-long (0x0409)

5123 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because one or more of the client-supplied attributes has  
5124 a variable length value that is longer than the maximum length specified for that attribute. The IPP  
5125 object might not have sufficient resources (memory, buffers, etc.) to process (even temporarily),  
5126 interpret, and/or ignore a value larger than the maximum length. Another use of this error code is when  
5127 the IPP object supports the processing of a large value that is less than the maximum length, but during  
5128 the processing of the request as a whole, the object may pass the value onto some other system  
5129 component which is not able to accept the large value. For more details, see the Implementer's Guide  
5130 [IPP-IIG] .

5131 Note: For attribute values that are URIs, this rare condition is only likely to occur when a client has  
5132 improperly submitted a request with long query information (e.g. an IPP application allows an end-user  
5133 to enter an invalid URI), when the client has descended into a URI "black hole" of redirection (e.g., a  
5134 redirected URI prefix that points to a suffix of itself), or when the IPP object is under attack by a client  
5135 attempting to exploit security holes present in some IPP objects using fixed-length buffers for reading or  
5136 manipulating the Request-URI.

## 5137 14.1.4.11 client-error-document-format-not-supported (0x040A)

5138 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data is in a format, as specified in  
5139 the "document-format" operation attribute, that is not supported by the Printer object. This error is  
5140 returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this  
5141 status code, even if there are other attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger  
5142 problem than with Job Template attributes.

## 5143 14.1.4.12 client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported (0x040B)

5144 In a create request, if the Printer object does not support one or more attributes, attribute syntaxes, or  
5145 attribute values supplied in the request and the client supplied the "ipp-attributes-fidelity" operation  
5146 attribute with the 'true' value, the Printer object MUST return this status code. For example, if the  
5147 request indicates 'iso-a4' media, but that media type is not supported by the Printer object. Or, if the  
5148 client supplies an optional attribute and the attribute itself is not even supported by the Printer. If the  
5149 "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute is 'false', the Printer MUST ignore or substitute values for unsupported  
5150 attributes and values rather than reject the request and return this status code.

5151 For any operation where a client requests attributes (such as a Get-Jobs, Get-Printer-Attributes, or Get-  
5152 Job-Attributes operation), if the IPP object does not support one or more of the requested attributes, the  
5153 IPP object simply ignores the unsupported requested attributes and processes the request as if they had  
5154 not been supplied, rather than returning this status code. In this case, the IPP object MUST return the  
5155 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code and MAY return the unsupported attributes  
5156 as values of the "requested-attributes" in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1.2.2).

## 5157 14.1.4.13 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported (0x040C)

5158 The type of the client supplied URI in a Print-URI or a Send-URI operation is not supported.

## 5159 14.1.4.14 client-error-charset-not-supported (0x040D)

5160 For any operation, if the IPP Printer does not support the charset supplied by the client in the "attributes-  
5161 charset" operation attribute, the Printer MUST reject the operation and return this status and any 'text' or  
5162 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset (see Section 3.1.4.1).

## 5163 14.1.4.15 client-error-conflicting-attributes (0x040E)

5164 The request is rejected because some attribute values conflicted with the values of other attributes which  
5165 this specification does not permit to be substituted or ignored.

## 5166 14.1.5 Server Error Status Codes

5167 This class of status codes indicates cases in which the IPP object is aware that it has erred or is incapable  
5168 of performing the request. The IPP object SHOULD include a message containing an explanation of the  
5169 error situation, and whether it is a temporary or permanent condition.

## 5170 14.1.5.1 server-error-internal-error (0x0500)

5171 The IPP object encountered an unexpected condition that prevented it from fulfilling the request. This  
5172 error status code differs from "server-error-temporary-error" in that it implies a more permanent type of  
5173 internal error. It also differs from "server-error-device-error" in that it implies an unexpected condition  
5174 (unlike a paper-jam or out-of-toner problem which is undesirable but expected). This error status code  
5175 indicates that probably some knowledgeable human intervention is required.

## 5176 14.1.5.2 server-error-operation-not-supported (0x0501)

5177 The IPP object does not support the functionality required to fulfill the request. This is the appropriate  
5178 response when the IPP object does not recognize an operation or is not capable of supporting it.

## 5179 14.1.5.3 server-error-service-unavailable (0x0502)

5180 The IPP object is currently unable to handle the request due to a temporary overloading or maintenance  
5181 of the IPP object. The implication is that this is a temporary condition which will be alleviated after  
5182 some delay. If known, the length of the delay may be indicated in the message. If no delay is given, the  
5183 IPP application should handle the response as it would for a "server-error-temporary-error" response. If  
5184 the condition is more permanent, the error status codes "client-error-gone" or "client-error-not-found"  
5185 could be used.

## 5186 14.1.5.4 server-error-version-not-supported (0x0503)

5187 The IPP object does not support, or refuses to support, the IPP protocol version that was used in the  
5188 request message. The IPP object is indicating that it is unable or unwilling to complete the request using  
5189 the same version as supplied in the request other than with this error message. The response should  
5190 contain a Message describing why that version is not supported and what other versions are supported by  
5191 that IPP object.

5192 A conforming IPP/1.1 client MUST specify ~~the~~a valid version ('1.1' or '1.0') on each request. A  
5193 conforming IPP/1.1 object MUST NOT return this status code to a conforming IPP/1.1 or IPP/1.0  
5194 client. An IPP object MUST return this status code to a non-conforming IPP client. The response  
5195 MUST identify in the "version-number" operation attribute the closest version number that the IPP  
5196 object does support. For example, if a client supplies version '1.0', a conforming IPP/1.1 object MUST  
5197 respond with version '1.0'.

## 5198 14.1.5.5 server-error-device-error (0x0504)

5199 A printer error, such as a paper jam, occurs while the IPP object processes a Print or Send operation.  
5200 The response contains the true Job Status (the values of the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons"  
5201 attributes). Additional information can be returned in the optional "job-state-message" attribute value or  
5202 in the OPTIONAL status message that describes the error in more detail. This error status code is only  
5203 returned in situations where the Printer is unable to accept the create request because of such a device  
5204 error. For example, if the Printer is unable to spool, and can only accept one job at a time, the reason it

5205 might reject a create request is that the printer currently has a paper jam. In many cases however, where  
5206 the Printer object can accept the request even though the Printer has some error condition, the  
5207 'successful-ok' status code will be returned. In such a case, the client would look at the returned Job  
5208 Object Attributes or later query the Printer to determine its state and state reasons.

#### 5209 14.1.5.6 server-error-temporary-error (0x0505)

5210 A temporary error such as a buffer full write error, a memory overflow (i.e. the document data exceeds  
5211 the memory of the Printer), or a disk full condition, occurs while the IPP Printer processes an operation.  
5212 The client MAY try the unmodified request again at some later point in time with an expectation that the  
5213 temporary internal error condition may have been cleared. Alternatively, as an implementation option, a  
5214 Printer object MAY delay the response until the temporary condition is cleared so that no error is  
5215 returned.

#### 5216 14.1.5.7 server-error-not-accepting-jobs (0x0506)

5217 A temporary error indicating that the Printer is not currently accepting jobs, because the administrator  
5218 has set the value of the Printer's "printer-is-not-accepting-jobs" attribute to 'false' (by means outside [the](#)  
5219 [scope](#) of [this IPP/4.01.1 document](#)).

#### 5220 14.1.5.8 server-error-busy (0x0507)

5221 A temporary error indicating that the Printer is too busy processing jobs and/or other requests. The client  
5222 SHOULD try the unmodified request again at some later point in time with an expectation that the  
5223 temporary busy condition will have been cleared.

#### 5224 14.1.5.9 server-error-job-canceled (0x0508)

5225 An error indicating that the job has been canceled by an operator or the system while the client was  
5226 transmitting the data to the IPP Printer. If a job-id and job-uri had been created, then they are returned in  
5227 the Print-Job, Send-Document, or Send-URI response as usual; otherwise, no job-id and job-uri are  
5228 returned in the response.

## 5229 14.2 Status Codes for IPP Operations

5230 PJ = Print-Job, PU = Print-URI, CJ = Create-Job, SD = Send-Document  
 5231 SU = Send-URI, V = Validate-Job, GA = Get-Job-Attributes and  
 5232 Get-Printer-Attributes, GJ = Get-Jobs, C = Cancel-Job

| 5233 |  | IPP Operations |    |          |    |          |    |    |    |    |
|------|--|----------------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----|----|----|
| 5234 | IPP Status Keyword                     | PJ             | PU | CJ       | SD | SU       | V  | GA | GJ | C  |
| 5235 | -----                                  | --             | -- | --       | -- | --       | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| 5236 | successful-ok                          | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5237 | successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-  | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5238 | attributes                             |                |    |          |    |          |    |    |    |    |
| 5239 | successful-ok-conflicting-attributes   | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5240 | client-error-bad-request               | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5241 | client-error-forbidden                 | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5242 | client-error-not-authenticated         | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5243 | client-error-not-authorized            | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5244 | client-error-not-possible              | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5245 | client-error-timeout                   |                |    | <u>*</u> | x  | <u>x</u> |    |    |    |    |
| 5246 | client-error-not-found                 | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5247 | client-error-gone                      | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5248 | client-error-request-entity-too-large  | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5249 | client-error-request-value-too-long    | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5250 | client-error-document-format-not-      | x              | x  |          | x  | x        | x  | x  |    |    |
| 5251 | supported                              |                |    |          |    |          |    |    |    |    |
| 5252 | client-error-attributes-or-values-not- | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5253 | supported                              |                |    |          |    |          |    |    |    |    |
| 5254 | client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported  |                | x  |          |    | x        |    |    |    |    |
| 5255 | client-error-charset-not-supported     | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5256 | client-error-conflicting-attributes    | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5257 | server-error-internal-error            | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5258 | server-error-operation-not-supported   |                | x  | x        | x  | x        |    |    |    |    |
| 5259 | server-error-service-unavailable       | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5260 | server-error-version-not-supported     | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5261 | server-error-device-error              | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        |    |    |    |    |
| 5262 | server-error-temporary-error           | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        |    |    |    |    |
| 5263 | server-error-not-accepting-jobs        | x              | x  | x        |    |          | x  |    |    |    |
| 5264 | server-error-busy                      | x              | x  | x        | x  | x        | x  | x  | x  | x  |
| 5265 | server-error-job-canceled              | x              |    |          | x  |          |    |    |    |    |
| 5266 |  |                |    |          |    |          |    |    |    |    |
| 5267 |  |                |    |          |    |          |    |    |    |    |



5268 HJ = Hold-Job, RJ = Release-Job, RS = Restart-Job  
 5269 PP = Pause-Printer, RP = Resume-Printer, PJ = Purge-Jobs

| 5270 |   | IPP Operations (cont.) |           |           |           |           |           |
|------|---|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 5271 |   | HJ                     | RJ        | RS        | PP        | RP        | PJ        |
| 5272 | <u>IPP Status Keyword</u>                     |                        |           |           |           |           |           |
| 5273 | <u>-----</u>                                  | <u>--</u>              | <u>--</u> | <u>--</u> | <u>--</u> | <u>--</u> | <u>--</u> |
| 5274 | <u>successful-ok</u>                          | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5275 | <u>successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-</u>  | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5276 | <u>attributes</u>                             |                        |           |           |           |           |           |
| 5277 | <u>successful-ok-conflicting-attributes</u>   | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5278 | <u>client-error-bad-request</u>               | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5279 | <u>client-error-forbidden</u>                 | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5280 | <u>client-error-not-authenticated</u>         | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5281 | <u>client-error-not-authorized</u>            | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5282 | <u>client-error-not-possible</u>              | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5283 | <u>client-error-timeout</u>                   |                        |           |           |           |           |           |
| 5284 | <u>client-error-not-found</u>                 | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5285 | <u>client-error-gone</u>                      | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5286 | <u>client-error-request-entity-too-large</u>  | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5287 | <u>client-error-request-value-too-long</u>    | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5288 | <u>client-error-document-format-not-</u>      |                        |           |           |           |           |           |
| 5289 | <u>supported</u>                              |                        |           |           |           |           |           |
| 5290 | <u>client-error-attributes-or-values-not-</u> | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5291 | <u>supported</u>                              |                        |           |           |           |           |           |
| 5292 | <u>client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported</u>  |                        |           |           |           |           |           |
| 5293 | <u>client-error-charset-not-supported</u>     | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5294 | <u>client-error-conflicting-attributes</u>    | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5295 | <u>server-error-internal-error</u>            | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5296 | <u>server-error-operation-not-supported</u>   | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5297 | <u>server-error-service-unavailable</u>       | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5298 | <u>server-error-version-not-supported</u>     | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5299 | <u>server-error-device-error</u>              |                        |           |           |           |           |           |
| 5300 | <u>server-error-temporary-error</u>           |                        |           |           |           |           |           |
| 5301 | <u>server-error-not-accepting-jobs</u>        |                        |           |           |           |           |           |
| 5302 | <u>server-error-busy</u>                      | x                      | x         | x         | x         | x         | x         |
| 5303 | <u>server-error-job-canceled</u>              |                        |           |           |           |           |           |

5304

## 5305 15. APPENDIX C: "media" keyword values

5306 Standard keyword values are taken from several sources.

5307 Standard values are defined (taken from DPA[ISO10175] and the Printer MIB[RFC1759]):

- 5308 'default': The default medium for the output device
- 5309 'iso-a4-white': Specifies the ISO A4 white medium
- 5310 'iso-a4-colored': Specifies the ISO A4 colored medium
- 5311 'iso-a4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4 transparent medium
- 5312 'iso-a3-white': Specifies the ISO A3 white medium
- 5313 'iso-a3-colored': Specifies the ISO A3 colored medium
- 5314 'iso-a5-white': Specifies the ISO A5 white medium
- 5315 'iso-a5-colored': Specifies the ISO A5 colored medium
- 5316 'iso-b4-white': Specifies the ISO B4 white medium
- 5317 'iso-b4-colored': Specifies the ISO B4 colored medium
- 5318 'iso-b5-white': Specifies the ISO B5 white medium
- 5319 'iso-b5-colored': Specifies the ISO B5 colored medium
- 5320 'jis-b4-white': Specifies the JIS B4 white medium
- 5321 'jis-b4-colored': Specifies the JIS B4 colored medium
- 5322 'jis-b5-white': Specifies the JIS B5 white medium
- 5323 'jis-b5-colored': Specifies the JIS B5 colored medium

5324

5325 The following standard values are defined for North American media:

- 5326 'na-letter-white': Specifies the North American letter white medium
- 5327 'na-letter-colored': Specifies the North American letter colored medium
- 5328 'na-letter-transparent': Specifies the North American letter transparent medium
- 5329 'na-legal-white': Specifies the North American legal white medium
- 5330 'na-legal-colored': Specifies the North American legal colored medium

5331

5332 The following standard values are defined for envelopes:

- 5333 'iso-b4-envelope': Specifies the ISO B4 envelope medium
- 5334 'iso-b5-envelope': Specifies the ISO B5 envelope medium
- 5335 'iso-c3-envelope': Specifies the ISO C3 envelope medium
- 5336 'iso-c4-envelope': Specifies the ISO C4 envelope medium
- 5337 'iso-c5-envelope': Specifies the ISO C5 envelope medium
- 5338 'iso-c6-envelope': Specifies the ISO C6 envelope medium
- 5339 'iso-designated-long-envelope': Specifies the ISO Designated Long envelope medium
- 5340 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 envelope medium
- 5341 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 envelope medium

5342 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope  
5343 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope medium  
5344 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope  
5345 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope  
5346 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope  
5347 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope  
5348 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 inch envelope  
5349 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 inch envelope  
5350

5351 The following standard values are defined for the less commonly used media (white-only):

5352 'executive-white': Specifies the white executive medium  
5353 'folio-white': Specifies the folio white medium  
5354 'invoice-white': Specifies the white invoice medium  
5355 'ledger-white': Specifies the white ledger medium  
5356 'quarto-white': Specifies the white quarto medium  
5357 'iso-a0-white': Specifies the ISO A0 white medium  
5358 'iso-a1-white': Specifies the ISO A1 white medium  
5359 'iso-a2-white': Specifies the ISO A2 white medium  
5360 'iso-a6-white': Specifies the ISO A6 white medium  
5361 'iso-a7-white': Specifies the ISO A7 white medium  
5362 'iso-a8-white': Specifies the ISO A8 white medium  
5363 'iso-a9-white': Specifies the ISO A9 white medium  
5364 'iso-10-white': Specifies the ISO A10 white medium  
5365 'iso-b0-white': Specifies the ISO B0 white medium  
5366 'iso-b1-white': Specifies the ISO B1 white medium  
5367 'iso-b2-white': Specifies the ISO B2 white medium  
5368 'iso-b3-white': Specifies the ISO B3 white medium  
5369 'iso-b6-white': Specifies the ISO B6 white medium  
5370 'iso-b7-white': Specifies the ISO B7 white medium  
5371 'iso-b8-white': Specifies the ISO B8 white medium  
5372 'iso-b9-white': Specifies the ISO B9 white medium  
5373 'iso-b10-white': Specifies the ISO B10 white medium  
5374 'jis-b0-white': Specifies the JIS B0 white medium  
5375 'jis-b1-white': Specifies the JIS B1 white medium  
5376 'jis-b2-white': Specifies the JIS B2 white medium  
5377 'jis-b3-white': Specifies the JIS B3 white medium  
5378 'jis-b6-white': Specifies the JIS B6 white medium  
5379 'jis-b7-white': Specifies the JIS B7 white medium  
5380 'jis-b8-white': Specifies the JIS B8 white medium  
5381 'jis-b9-white': Specifies the JIS B9 white medium  
5382 'jis-b10-white': Specifies the JIS B10 white medium  
5383

5384 The following standard values are defined for engineering media:

5385 'a': Specifies the engineering A size medium  
5386 'b': Specifies the engineering B size medium  
5387 'c': Specifies the engineering C size medium  
5388 'd': Specifies the engineering D size medium  
5389 'e': Specifies the engineering E size medium  
5390

5391 The following standard values are defined for input-trays (from ISO DPA and the Printer MIB):

5392 'top': The top input tray in the printer.  
5393 'middle': The middle input tray in the printer.  
5394 'bottom': The bottom input tray in the printer.  
5395 'envelope': The envelope input tray in the printer.  
5396 'manual': The manual feed input tray in the printer.  
5397 'large-capacity': The large capacity input tray in the printer.  
5398 'main': The main input tray  
5399 'side': The side input tray  
5400

5401 The following standard values are defined for media sizes (from ISO DPA):

5402 'iso-a0': Specifies the ISO A0 size: 841 mm by 1189 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5403 'iso-a1': Specifies the ISO A1 size: 594 mm by 841 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5404 'iso-a2': Specifies the ISO A2 size: 420 mm by 594 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5405 'iso-a3': Specifies the ISO A3 size: 297 mm by 420 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5406 'iso-a4': Specifies the ISO A4 size: 210 mm by 297 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5407 'iso-a5': Specifies the ISO A5 size: 148 mm by 210 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5408 'iso-a6': Specifies the ISO A6 size: 105 mm by 148 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5409 'iso-a7': Specifies the ISO A7 size: 74 mm by 105 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5410 'iso-a8': Specifies the ISO A8 size: 52 mm by 74 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5411 'iso-a9': Specifies the ISO A9 size: 37 mm by 52 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5412 'iso-a10': Specifies the ISO A10 size: 26 mm by 37 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5413 'iso-b0': Specifies the ISO B0 size: 1000 mm by 1414 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5414 'iso-b1': Specifies the ISO B1 size: 707 mm by 1000 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5415 'iso-b2': Specifies the ISO B2 size: 500 mm by 707 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5416 'iso-b3': Specifies the ISO B3 size: 353 mm by 500 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5417 'iso-b4': Specifies the ISO B4 size: 250 mm by 353 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5418 'iso-b5': Specifies the ISO B5 size: 176 mm by 250 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5419 'iso-b6': Specifies the ISO B6 size: 125 mm by 176 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5420 'iso-b7': Specifies the ISO B7 size: 88 mm by 125 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5421 'iso-b8': Specifies the ISO B8 size: 62 mm by 88 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5422 'iso-b9': Specifies the ISO B9 size: 44 mm by 62 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5423 'iso-b10': Specifies the ISO B10 size: 31 mm by 44 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5424 'na-letter': Specifies the North American letter size: 8.5 inches by 11 inches  
5425 'na-legal': Specifies the North American legal size: 8.5 inches by 14 inches  
5426 'executive': Specifies the executive size (7.25 X 10.5 in)  
5427 'folio': Specifies the folio size (8.5 X 13 in)

5428     `invoice`: Specifies the invoice size (5.5 X 8.5 in)  
5429     `ledger`: Specifies the ledger size (11 X 17 in)  
5430     `quarto`: Specifies the quarto size (8.5 X 10.83 in)  
5431     `iso-c3`: Specifies the ISO C3 size: 324 mm by 458 mm as defined in ISO 269  
5432     `iso-c4`: Specifies the ISO C4 size: 229 mm by 324 mm as defined in ISO 269  
5433     `iso-c5`: Specifies the ISO C5 size: 162 mm by 229 mm as defined in ISO 269  
5434     `iso-c6`: Specifies the ISO C6 size: 114 mm by 162 mm as defined in ISO 269  
5435     `iso-designated-long`: Specifies the ISO Designated Long size: 110 mm by 220 mm as defined in ISO  
5436         269  
5437     `na-10x13-envelope`: Specifies the North American 10x13 size: 10 inches by 13 inches  
5438     `na-9x12-envelope`: Specifies the North American 9x12 size: 9 inches by 12 inches  
5439     `na-number-10-envelope`: Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope size: 4.125  
5440         inches by 9.5 inches  
5441     `na-7x9-envelope`: Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope size  
5442     `na-9x11-envelope`: Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope size  
5443     `na-10x14-envelope`: Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope size  
5444     `na-number-9-envelope`: Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope size  
5445     `na-6x9-envelope`: Specifies the North American 6x9 envelope size  
5446     `na-10x15-envelope`: Specifies the North American 10x15 envelope size  
5447     `monarch-envelope`: Specifies the Monarch envelope size (3.87 x 7.5 in)  
5448     `jis-b0`: Specifies the JIS B0 size: 1030mm x 1456mm  
5449     `jis-b1`: Specifies the JIS B1 size: 728mm x 1030mm  
5450     `jis-b2`: Specifies the JIS B2 size: 515mm x 728mm  
5451     `jis-b3`: Specifies the JIS B3 size: 364mm x 515mm  
5452     `jis-b4`: Specifies the JIS B4 size: 257mm x 364mm  
5453     `jis-b5`: Specifies the JIS B5 size: 182mm x 257mm  
5454     `jis-b6`: Specifies the JIS B6 size: 128mm x 182mm  
5455     `jis-b7`: Specifies the JIS B7 size: 91mm x 128mm  
5456     `jis-b8`: Specifies the JIS B8 size: 64mm x 91mm  
5457     `jis-b9`: Specifies the JIS B9 size: 45mm x 64mm  
5458     `jis-b10`: Specifies the JIS B10 size: 32mm x 45mm

## 5459     16. APPENDIX D: Processing IPP Attributes

5460     When submitting a print job to a Printer object, the IPP model allows a client to supply operation and  
5461     Job Template attributes along with the document data. These Job Template attributes in the create  
5462     request affect the rendering, production and finishing of the documents in the job. Similar types of  
5463     instructions may also be contained in the document to be printed, that is, embedded within the print data  
5464     itself. In addition, the Printer has a set of attributes that describe what rendering and finishing options  
5465     which are supported by that Printer. This model, which allows for flexibility and power, also introduces  
5466     the potential that at job submission time, these client-supplied attributes may conflict with either:

- 5467         - what the implementation is capable of realizing (i.e., what the Printer supports), as well as
- 5468         - the instructions embedded within the print data itself.

5469

5470 The following sections describe how these two types of conflicts are handled in the IPP model.

## 5471 16.1 Fidelity

5472 If there is a conflict between what the client requests and what a Printer object supports, the client may  
5473 request one of two possible conflict handling mechanisms:

- 5474 1) either reject the job since the job can not be processed exactly as specified, or
  - 5475 2) allow the Printer to make any changes necessary to proceed with processing the Job the best it can.
- 5476

5477 In the first case the client is indicating to the Printer object: "Print the job exactly as specified with no  
5478 exceptions, and if that can't be done, don't even bother printing the job at all." In the second case, the  
5479 client is indicating to the Printer object: "It is more important to make sure the job is printed rather than  
5480 be processed exactly as specified; just make sure the job is printed even if client supplied attributes need  
5481 to be changed or ignored."

5482 The IPP model accounts for this situation by introducing an "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute.

5483 In a create request, "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is a boolean operation attribute that is **OPTIONALLY**  
5484 supplied by the client. The value 'true' indicates that total fidelity to client supplied Job Template  
5485 attributes and values is required. The client is requesting that the Job be printed exactly as specified, and  
5486 if that is not possible then the job **MUST** be rejected rather than processed incorrectly. The value 'false'  
5487 indicates that a reasonable attempt to print the Job is acceptable. If a Printer does not support some of  
5488 the client supplied Job Template attributes or values, the Printer **MUST** ignore them or substitute any  
5489 supported value for unsupported values, respectively. The Printer may choose to substitute the default  
5490 value associated with that attribute, or use some other supported value that is similar to the unsupported  
5491 requested value. For example, if a client supplies a "media" value of 'na-letter', the Printer may choose  
5492 to substitute 'iso-a4' rather than a default value of 'envelope'. If the client does not supply the "ipp-  
5493 attribute-fidelity" attribute, the Printer assumes a value of 'false'.

5494 Each Printer implementation **MUST** support both types of "fidelity" printing (that is whether the client  
5495 supplies a value of 'true' or 'false'):

- 5496 - If the client supplies 'false' or does not supply the attribute, the Printer object **MUST** always accept  
5497 the request by ignoring unsupported Job Template attributes and by substituting unsupported  
5498 values of supported Job Template attributes with supported values.
  - 5499 - If the client supplies 'true', the Printer object **MUST** reject the request if the client supplies  
5500 unsupported Job Template attributes.
- 5501

5502 Since a client can always query a Printer to find out exactly what is and is not supported, "ipp-attribute-  
5503 fidelity" set to 'false' is useful when:

- 5504 1) The End-User uses a command line interface to request attributes that might not be supported.
- 5505 2) In a GUI context, if the End User expects the job might be moved to another printer and prefers a  
5506 sub-optimal result to nothing at all.
- 5507 3) The End User just wants something reasonable in lieu of nothing at all.

5508

## 5509 16.2 Page Description Language (PDL) Override

5510 If there is a conflict between the value of an IPP Job Template attribute and a corresponding instruction  
5511 in the document data, the value of the IPP attribute SHOULD take precedence over the document  
5512 instruction. Consider the case where a previously formatted file of document data is sent to an IPP  
5513 Printer. In this case, if the client supplies any attributes at job submission time, the client desires that  
5514 those attributes override the embedded instructions. Consider the case were a previously formatted  
5515 document has embedded in it commands to load 'iso-a4' media. However, the document is passed to an  
5516 end user that only has access to a printer with 'na-letter' media loaded. That end user most likely wants  
5517 to submit that document to an IPP Printer with the "media" Job Template attribute set to 'na-letter'. The  
5518 job submission attribute should take precedence over the embedded PDL instruction. However, until  
5519 companies that supply document data interpreters allow a way for external IPP attributes to take  
5520 precedence over embedded job production instructions, a Printer might not be able to support the  
5521 semantics that IPP attributes override the embedded instructions.

5522 The IPP model accounts for this situation by introducing a "pdl-override-supported" attribute that  
5523 describes the Printer objects capabilities to override instructions embedded in the PDL data stream. The  
5524 value of the "pdl-override-supported" attribute is configured by means outside [the scope of this](#)  
5525 [IPP/1.1 document](#).

5526 This REQUIRED Printer attribute takes on the following values:

- 5527 - 'attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object attempts to make the IPP attribute values  
5528 take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data, however there is no guarantee.
  - 5529 - 'not-attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object makes no attempt to make the IPP  
5530 attribute values take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.
- 5531

5532 At job processing time, an implementation that supports the value of 'attempted' might do one of several  
5533 different actions:

- 5534 1) Generate an output device specific command sequence to realize the feature represented by the  
5535 IPP attribute value.
  - 5536 2) Parse the document data itself and replace the conflicting embedded instruction with a new  
5537 embedded instruction that matches the intent of the IPP attribute value.
  - 5538 3) Indicate to the Printer that external supplied attributes take precedence over embedded instructions  
5539 and then pass the external IPP attribute values to the document data interpreter.
  - 5540 4) Anything else that allows for the semantics that IPP attributes override embedded document data  
5541 instructions.
- 5542

5543 Since 'attempted' does not offer any type of guarantee, even though a given Printer object might not do a  
5544 very "good" job of attempting to ensure that IPP attributes take a higher precedence over instructions  
5545 embedded in the document data, it would still be a conforming implementation.

5546 At job processing time, an implementation that supports the value of 'not-attempted' might do one of the  
5547 following actions:

- 5548 1) Simply pre-pend the document data with the PDL instruction that corresponds to the client-  
5549 supplied PDL attribute, such that if the document data also has the same PDL instruction, it will  
5550 override what the Printer object pre-pended. In other words, this implementation is using the  
5551 same implementation semantics for the client-supplied IPP attributes as for the Printer object  
5552 defaults.
- 5553 2) Parse the document data and replace the conflicting embedded instruction with a new embedded  
5554 instruction that approximates, but does not match, the semantic intent of the IPP attribute value.  
5555

5556 Note: The "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute applies to the Printer's ability to either accept or reject other  
5557 unsupported Job Template attributes. In other words, if "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is set to 'true', a Job is  
5558 accepted if and only if the client supplied Job Template attributes and values are supported by the  
5559 Printer. Whether these attributes actually affect the processing of the Job when the document data  
5560 contains embedded instructions depends on the ability of the Printer to override the instructions  
5561 embedded in the document data with the semantics of the IPP attributes. If the document data attributes  
5562 can be overridden ("pdl-override-supported" set to 'attempted'), the Printer makes an attempt to use the  
5563 IPP attributes when processing the Job. If the document data attributes can not be overridden ("pdl-  
5564 override-supported" set to 'not-attempted'), the Printer makes no attempt to override the embedded  
5565 document data instructions with the IPP attributes when processing the Job, and hence, the IPP attributes  
5566 may fail to affect the Job processing and output when the corresponding instruction is embedded in the  
5567 document data.

### 5568 16.3 Using Job Template Attributes During Document Processing.

5569 The Printer object uses some of the Job object's Job Template attributes during the processing of the  
5570 document data associated with that job. These include, but are not limited to, "orientation-requested",  
5571 "number-up", "sides", "media", and "copies". The processing of each document in a Job Object MUST  
5572 follow the steps below. These steps are intended only to identify when and how attributes are to be used  
5573 in processing document data and any alternative steps that accomplishes the same effect can be used to  
5574 implement this specification.

- 5575 1. Using the client supplied "document-format" attribute or some form of document format detection  
5576 algorithm (if the value of "document-format" is not specific enough), determine whether or not  
5577 the document data has already been formatted for printing. If the document data has been  
5578 formatted, then go to step 2. Otherwise, the document data MUST be formatted. The formatting  
5579 detection algorithm is implementation defined and is not specified by this specification. The  
5580 formatting of the document data uses the "orientation-requested" attribute to determine how the  
5581 formatted print data should be placed on a print-stream page, see section 4.2.10 for the details.  
5582
- 5583 2. The document data is in the form of a print-stream in a known media type. The "page-ranges"  
5584 attribute is used to select, as specified in section 4.2.7, a sub-sequence of the pages in the print-  
5585 stream that are to be processed and images.  
5586



5587 3. The input to this step is a sequence of print-stream pages. This step is controlled by the "number-  
5588 up" attribute. If the value of "number-up" is N, then during the processing of the print-stream  
5589 pages, each N print-stream pages are positioned, as specified in section 4.2.9, to create a single  
5590 impression. If a given document does not have N more print-stream pages, then the completion  
5591 of the impression is controlled by the "multiple-document-handling" attribute as described in  
5592 section 4.2.4; when the value of this attribute is 'single-document' or 'single-document-new-  
5593 sheet', the print-stream pages of document data from subsequent documents is used to complete  
5594 the impression.

5595  
5596 The size(scaling), position(translation) and rotation of the print-stream pages on the impression is  
5597 implementation defined. Note that during this process the print-stream pages may be rendered to  
5598 a form suitable for placing on the impression; this rendering is controlled by the values of the  
5599 "printer-resolution" and "print-quality" attributes as described in sections 4.2.12 and 4.2.13. In  
5600 the case N=1, the impression is nearly the same as the print-stream page; the differences would  
5601 only be in the size, position and rotation of the print-stream page and/or any decoration, such as a  
5602 frame to the page, that is added by the implementation.

5603  
5604 4. The collection of impressions is placed, in sequence, onto sides of the media sheets. This  
5605 placement is controlled by the "sides" attribute and the orientation of the print-stream page, as  
5606 described in section 4.2.8. The orientation of the print-stream pages affects the orientation of the  
5607 impression; for example, if "number-up" equals 2, then, typically, two portrait print-stream pages  
5608 become one landscape impression. Note that the placement of impressions onto media sheets is  
5609 also controlled by the "multiple-document-handling" attribute as described in section 4.2.4.

5610  
5611 5. The "copies" and "multiple-document-handling" attributes are used to determine how many copies  
5612 of each media instance are created and in what order. See sections 4.2.5 and 4.2.4 for the details.

5613  
5614 6. When the correct number of copies are created, the media instances are finished according to the  
5615 values of the "finishings" attribute as described in 4.2.6. Note that sometimes finishing  
5616 operations may require manual intervention to perform the finishing operations on the copies,  
5617 especially uncollated copies. This specification allows any or all of the processing steps to be  
5618 performed automatically or manually at the discretion of the Printer object.

## 5619 17. APPENDIX E: Generic Directory Schema

5620 This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means  
5621 by which service users can locate service providers. In IPP environments, this means that IPP Printers  
5622 can be registered (either automatically or with the help of an administrator) as entries of type printer in  
5623 the directory using an implementation specific mechanism such as entry attributes, entry type fields,  
5624 specific branches, etc. IPP clients can search or browse for entries of type printer. Clients use the  
5625 directory service to find entries based on naming, organizational contexts, or filtered searches on  
5626 attribute values of entries. For example, a client can find all printers in the "Local Department" context.  
5627 Authentication and authorization are also often part of a directory service so that an administrator can

5628 place limits on end users so that they are only allowed to find entries to which they have certain access  
5629 rights. IPP itself does not require any specific directory service protocol or provider.

5630 Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of "aliasing". That is, one directory entry  
5631 object can appear as multiple directory entry object with different names for each object. In each case,  
5632 each alias refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPP Printer object.

5633 The generic schema is a subset of IPP Printer Job Template and Printer Description attributes (sections  
5634 4.2 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the  
5635 directory entry itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the same conformance labeling applied to the  
5636 attributes of IPP Printers objects. The conformance labeling in this Appendix is intended to apply to  
5637 directory templates and to IPP Printer implementations that subscribe by adding one or more entries to a  
5638 directory. RECOMMENDED attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory entry. OPTIONAL  
5639 attributes MAY be associated with the directory entry (if known or supported). In addition, all directory  
5640 entry attributes SHOULD reflect the current attribute values for the corresponding Printer object.

5641 The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPP Printer  
5642 attribute names as shown.

5643 In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPP Printer object, one of the RECOMMENDED  
5644 directory entry attributes is the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The IPP client queries  
5645 the "printer-uri-supported" attribute in the directory entry and then addresses the IPP Printer object using  
5646 one of its URIs. The "uri-security-supported" attribute identifies the protocol (if any) used to secure a  
5647 channel.

5648 The following attributes define the generic schema for directory entries of type PRINTER:

|      |                               |                 |                       |
|------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 5649 | printer-uri-supported         | RECOMMENDED     | Section 4.4.1         |
| 5650 | uri-security-supported        | RECOMMENDED     | Section 4.4.2         |
| 5651 | printer-name                  | RECOMMENDED     | Section 4.4.3         |
| 5652 | printer-location              | RECOMMENDED     | Section 4.4.4         |
| 5653 | printer-info                  | OPTIONAL        | Section 4.4.5         |
| 5654 | printer-more-info             | OPTIONAL        | Section 4.4.6         |
| 5655 | printer-make-and-model        | RECOMMENDED     | Section 4.4.8         |
| 5656 | charset-supported             | OPTIONAL        | Section 4.4.15        |
| 5657 | generated-natural-language-   |                 |                       |
| 5658 | supported                     | OPTIONAL        | Section 4.4.17        |
| 5659 | document-format-supported     | RECOMMENDED     | Section 4.4.19        |
| 5660 | color-supported               | RECOMMENDED     | Section 4.4.23        |
| 5661 | finishings-supported          | OPTIONAL        | Section 4.2.6         |
| 5662 | number-up-supported           | OPTIONAL        | Section 4.2.7         |
| 5663 | sides-supported               | RECOMMENDED     | Section 4.2.8         |
| 5664 | media-supported               | RECOMMENDED     | Section 4.2.11        |
| 5665 | printer-resolution-supported  | OPTIONAL        | Section 4.2.12        |
| 5666 | print-quality-supported       | OPTIONAL        | Section 4.2.13        |
| 5667 | <u>pages-per-minute</u>       | <u>OPTIONAL</u> | <u>Section 4.4.33</u> |
| 5668 | <u>pages-per-minute-color</u> | <u>OPTIONAL</u> | <u>Section 4.4.34</u> |

5669

5670 18. APPENDIX F: Change History for Differences between the IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 "Model and  
5671 Semantics" document Specifications

5672 The following IPP/1.0 [IPP-MOD1.0] extensions and clarifications have been incorporated into IPP/1.1:

- 5673 1. Section 3.1.7 - clarified that only the version number parameter will be carried forward into  
5674 future major or minor versions of the protocol.
- 5675 2. Section 3.2.1.1 - clarified that the Printer object rejects a Print-Job request if it does not support  
5676 the "compression" operation attribute and a client supplies it.
- 5677 3. Sections 3.2.7, 3.2.8, and 3.2.9 - added the OPTIONAL Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and  
5678 Purge-Jobs operations
- 5679 4. Sections 3.3.5, 3.3.6, and 3.3.7 - added the OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job  
5680 operations.
- 5681 5. Section 4.1.9 - added 'image-tiff' and 'application/pdf' values.
- 5682 6. Section 4.2.2 - added the 'indefinite' keyword value to the "job-hold-until" attribute for use with  
5683 the create operations and Hold-Job and Restart-Job operations.
- 5684 7. Section 4.2.6 - added more enum values to the "finishings" Job Template attribute.
- 5685 8. Section 4.3.7.1 - added the Partitioning of Job States section.
- 5686 9. Section 4.3.8 - added the 'job-restartable' keyword value to the "job-state-reasons" attribute for  
5687 use with the Restart-Job operation.
- 5688 10. Section 4.4.2 - added the 'tls' keyword value to the "uri-security-supported" attribute.
- 5689 11. Section 4.4.11 - added the 'moving-to-paused' keyword value to the "printer-state-reasons"  
5690 attribute for use with the Pause-Job operation.
- 5691 12. Section 4.4.11 - replaced the duplicate 'marker-supply-low' keyword with the missing 'toner-  
5692 empty' keyword for the "printer-state-reasons" attribute.
- 5693 13. Section 4.4.13 - added the enum values to the "operations-supported" attribute for the new  
5694 operations. Clarified that the values of this attribute are encoded as any enum, namely 32-bit  
5695 values.
- 5696 14. Sections 4.4.33 and 4.4.34 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-  
5697 color" Printer Description attributes.
- 5698 15. Section 8.5 - added the security discussion around the new operator operations.
- 5699 16. Section 17 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-color" Printer  
5700 attributes to the Directory schema.

5701 The following changes were made to IPP/1.0 [IPP-MOD1.0] to create this IPP/1.1 document:

- 5702 1. Section 3.1.7, 5.2.4, and 14.1.5.4 - IPP objects MUST support both version 1.0 and 1.1. Clients  
5703 MUST support version 1.1 and MAY support version 1.0.
- 5704 2. Section 4.1.9 - deleted 'text/plain; charset=iso-10646-ucs-2', since binary is not legal with the  
5705 'text' type.

5706 3. Section 5.4, 8.2, and 8.7 - changed the IPP object security requirements from OPTIONAL non-  
 5707 standards track SSL3 to RECOMMENDED standards track TLS. Changed the client security  
 5708 requirements from RECOMMENDED non-standards track SSL3 to RECOMMENDED  
 5709 standards track TLS

5710 See also the "IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport" [ipp-pro] document for differences between IPP/1.0 [IPP-  
 5711 PRO1.0] and IPP/1.1 [IPP-PRO].

5712 ~~18.2 Changes to the IPP/1.0 November 16, 1998 version to make the IPP/1.0 January 21, 1999 version~~

5713 ~~The following changes to the IPP/1.0 November 16, 1998 version were made to create the IPP/1.0~~  
 5714 ~~January 21, 1999 version:~~

5715 ~~1. Section 4.4.11 replaced the duplicate 'marker-supply-low' keyword with the missing 'toner-empty'~~  
 5716 ~~keyword for the "printer-state-reasons" attribute.~~

5717 ~~2. Section 16.3 replaced "orientation" with "orientation-requested" to agree with the name of the Job~~  
 5718 ~~Template attribute in section 4.2.10.~~

5719 ~~18.3 Changes to the IPP/1.0 June 30, 1998 version to make the IPP/1.0 November 16, 1998 version~~

5720 ~~The following substantive changes and major clarifications have been made to this document from the~~  
 5721 ~~June 30, 1998 version based on the interoperability testing that took place September 23-25 1998 and~~  
 5722 ~~subsequent mailing list and meeting discussions. They are listed in the order of occurrence in the~~  
 5723 ~~document. These changes are the ones that might affect implementations. Clarifications that are~~  
 5724 ~~unlikely to affect implementations are not listed. The issue numbers refer to the IPP Issues List which is~~  
 5725 ~~available in the following directory:~~

5726

5727 ~~<ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/approved-clarifications/>~~

5728

5729

| Section                      | Description  |
|------------------------------|--|
| global                       | <del>Replaced TLS references with SSL3 references as agreed with our Area Director on 11/12/1998.</del>  |
| global                       | <del>Removed the indications that some of these IPP documents are informational, since the intent is now to publish all IPP/1.0 documents as informational as agreed with our Area Director on 11/12/1998.</del> |
| <del>3.1.2,<br/>16.3.3</del> | <del>Clarify that the IPP object SHOULD NOT validate the range of the request.id being 1 to 2**31-1, but accepts and returns any value. Clients</del>  |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| {now IPP-IIG}  | MUST still keep in the range 1 to 2**31 though. If the request is terminated before the complete "request id" is received, the IPP object rejects the request and returns a response with a "request id" of 0 (Issue 1.36).  |
| 3.1.4.1,<br>14.1.4.14  | Clarified that when a client submits a request in a charset that is not supported, the IPP object SHOULD return any 'text' or 'name' attributes in the 'utf-8' charset, if it returns any, since clients and IPP objects MUST support 'utf-8'. (Issue 1.19)  |
| 3.1.4.1  | Clarified Section 3.1.4.1 Request Operation Attributes that a client MAY use the attribute-level natural language override (text/nameWithLanguage) redundantly in a request. (Issue 1.46)  |
| 3.1.4.2  | Clarified Section 3.1.4.2 Response Operation Attributes that an IPP object MAY use the attribute-level natural language override (text/nameWithLanguage) redundantly in a response. (Issue 1.46)   |
| 3.1.6  | Clarified section 3.1.6: If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, it NEED NOT return a status message for the following error status codes: 'client-error-bad-request', 'client-error-charset-not-supported', 'server-error-internal-error', 'server-error-operation-not-supported', and 'server-error-version-not-supported'. |
| 3.2.1.1  | Clarified that if a client is not supplying any Job Template attributes in a request, the client SHOULD omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group. However, a Printer object MUST be able to accept an empty group. This makes [IPP-MOD] agree with [IPP-PRO]. (Issue 1.16)  |
| 3.2.1.2,<br>3.2.5.2,<br>3.2.6.2,<br>3.3.1.2,<br>3.3.3.2,<br>3.3.4.2, | Clarified that if an IPP object is not returning any Unsupported Attributes in a response, the IPP object SHOULD omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group. However, a client MUST be able to accept an empty group. This makes [IPP-MOD] agree with [IPP-PRO]. (Issue 1.17)   |
| 3.2.1.2,<br>14.1.2.2,<br>14.1.4.12                                   | Clarified that an IPP object MUST treat an unsupported attribute syntax supplied in a request in the same way as an unsupported value. The IPP object MUST return the attribute, the attribute syntax, and the value in the Unsupported Attributes group. (Issue 1.26)   |
| 3.2.5.2,<br>3.2.6.2,<br>3.3.4.2,<br>14.1.2.1,<br>14.1.2.2,           | Clarified for Get-Printer-Attributes, Get-Jobs, and Get-Job-Attributes that an IPP object MUST return 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' (0x1), rather than 'successful-ok' (0x0), when a client supplies unsupported attributes as values of the 'requested-attributes' operation attribute. (Issue 1.24)                                      |

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| 14.1.4.12                    | <del>Also clarified that the response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object. (Issue 1.18)</del>   |
| 3.2.6.2<br>4.1.1.2<br>4.3.24 | <del>Deleted the job-level natural language override (NLO) from Section 3.2.6.2 Get Jobs Response so that all operation responses are the same with respect to NLO. (Issue 1.47)</del>  |
| 3.3.1                        | <del>Clarified that an IPP Printer that supports the Create Job operation MUST handle the situation when a client does not supply Send Document or Send URI operations within a one to four minute time period. Also clarified that a client MUST send documents in a multi-document job without undue or unbounded delay. (Issue 1.28)</del>   |
| 3.3.3                        | <del>Clarified that the IPP object MUST reject a Cancel Job request if the job is in 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted' job states. (Issue 1.12)</del>   |
| 4.1.2.3                      | <del>Added this new sub-section: it specifies that nameWithoutLanguage plus the implicit natural language matches nameWithLanguage, if the values and natural languages are the same. Also added that keyword never matches nameWithLanguage or nameWithoutLanguage. Clarified that if both have countries, that the countries SHOULD match as well. If either do not, then the country field SHOULD be ignored. (Issues 1.33 and 1.34)</del> |
| 4.1.5                        | <del>Clarified regarding the case-insensitivity of URLs to refer only to the RFCs that define them. (Issue 1.10)</del>  |
| 4.1.11                       | <del>Clarified that 'boolean' is not a full-sized integer. (Issue 1.38)</del>   |
| 4.1.15                       | <del>Clarified that 'resolution' is not three full-sized integers. (Issue 1.20)</del>   |
| 4.2.*                        | <del>Clarified that standard values are keywords or enums, not names. (Issue 1.49).</del>   |
| 4.2.4                        | <del>Added the 'single-document-new-sheet' value to Section 4.2.4 multiple-document handling. (Issue 1.54)</del>  |
| 4.4.18,<br>4.4.19            | <del>Clarified that the "document-format-default" and "document-format-supported" Printer Description attributes are REQUIRED to agree with the table. (Issue 1.4)</del>  |
| 4.4.21                       | <del>Changed "queued-job-count" from OPTIONAL to RECOMMENDED. (Issue 1.14)</del>  |
| 4.4.28                       | <del>Clarified that the implementation-supplied value for the "multiple-</del>  |

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
|                           | <del>operation time out" attribute SHOULD be between 30 and 240 seconds, though the implementation MAY allow the administrator to set values, and MAY allow values outside this range. (Issue 1.28)</del>  |
| <del>5.1,<br/>5.2.5</del> | <del>Clarified Client Conformance that if a client supports an attribute of 'text' attribute syntax, that it MUST support both the textWithoutLanguage and the textWithLanguage forms. Same for 'name' attribute syntax. Same for an IPP object (Issue 1.48)</del>   |
| <del>6.5,<br/>12.8</del>  | <del>Added new section to allow Attribute Groups to be registered as extensions for being passed in operation requests and responses. (Issue 1.25)</del>   |
| <del>7.</del>             | <del>Updated the table of text and name attributes to agree with Section 4.2.</del>  |
| <del>8.5</del>            | <del>Added a new section RECOMMENDING that the Get Jobs SHOULD return non-IPP jobs whether or not assigning them a job-id and job-uri. Also RECOMMENDED generating, if possible, job-id and job-uri and supporting other IPP operations on foreign jobs as an implementer option. (Issue 1.32)</del>   |
| <del>9.</del>             | <del>Updated document references.</del>  |
| <del>14.1.4.14</del>      | <del>Clarified 'client error charset not supported' that 'utf-8' must be used for any 'text' or 'name' attributes returned in the error response (Issue 1.19).</del>   |
| <del>14.1.5.9</del>       | <del>Added a new error code 'server error job canceled' (0x0508) to be returned if a job is canceled by another client or aborted by the IPP object while the first client is still sending the document data. (Issue 1.29)</del>  |
| <del>16.3,<br/>16.4</del> | <del>Moved these sections recommending operation processing steps to the new Implementer's Guide (informational). There indicated that all of the error checks are not required, so an IPP object MAY be forgiving and accept non-conforming requests. However, a conforming client MUST supply requests that would pass all of the error checks indicated. (Issue 1.21)</del> |
| <del>17</del>             | <del>Changed directory schema attributes from REQUIRED to RECOMMENDED. Changed some of the OPTIONAL to RECOMMENDED to agree with the SLP template. Changed the "charset-supported" and "natural-language-supported" from REQUIRED to OPTIONAL. Recommended that the names be the same in a directory entry as the IPP attribute names. (Issue 1.53)</del>                      |

5730