

6.0 DOCUMENT PRINTING APPLICATION (DPA)

The ISO 10175 Document Printing Application [DPA] supports printing using any one of the three possible configurations. For configuration 2, the mapping defined herein is performed on a server. Otherwise, the mapping is performed on an agent within the printer.

6.1 jmJobSubmissionId Mapped to DPA

DPA contains a rich set of parameters which allow several methods of creating the jmJobSubmissionId object. To prevent interoperability problems, the preferred method is to use the DPA job-originating-user attribute as follows:

octet 1: '0'

octets 2-40: Contains the DPA job-owner attribute supplied by the submitter. If the job-owner is less than 40 octets, the left-most character in the string shall appear in octet position 2. Any unused portion of this field shall be filled with spaces. Otherwise, only the last 39 bytes shall be included.

octets 41-48: Contains an 8-digit sequential decimal number.

6.2 jmJobIndex Mapped to DPA

The job index (jmJobIndex) assigned by the SNMP job monitoring agent is returned to the client by DPA as a decimal digit string as the value of the DPA job-identifier attribute. (Since DPA does not require consecutively generated job-identifiers, the agent may receive jobs from multiple clients and can assign the jmJobIndex in an ascending sequence independent of the submitting job client.) The DPA job-identifier must be restricted to the range of 1 to 99,999,999 (decimal) to allow the value to be properly represented in jmJobSubmissionId.

6.3 Other MIB Objects Mapped to DPA

MIB Object	DPA Job attribute
jmJobOwner	job-owner
jmJobKOctetsRequested	total-job-octets (note 1)
jmJobKOctetsProcessed	job-octets-completed (note 1)
jmJobImpressionsRequested	job-impression-count
jmJobImpressionsProcessed	impressions-completed
jmJobStateReasons1	job-state-reasons (note 2)
jmNumberOfInterveningJobs	intervening-jobs

Notes:

1. jmJobKOctetsRequested and jmJobKOctetsProcessed is in K octets while the DPA job-total-octets and job-octets-completed is in octets and is 63-bits of significance.
2. JobStateReasons is a bit map described in one object and three attributes. The DPA condition may change one or more of the bits in one or more of these Job MIB items. Also the DPA job-state-reasons is a multi-valued attribute with each value being an OBJECT IDENTIFIER (OID).

6.4 The Attribute Group Mapped to DPA

The following mappings are required if the listed DPA job attribute is provided.

MIB attribute	DPA job attribute	IPP Data type
jobCodedCharSet	every attribute is tagged	Octet String
jobNaturalLanguage	-	Octet String
jobName	job-name	Octet String
documentFormat	document-format	Octet String
jobPriority	job-priority	Integer
jobHoldUntil	job-print-after (note 3)	Octet String
sides	sides (note 4)	Integer
finishing	job-finishing, finishing	Integer
printQualityRequested	print-quality	Integer
printerResolutionRequested	default-printer-resolution (note 5)	Integer
jobCopiesRequested	job-copies-requested	Integer
mediumRequested	page-media-select, default-medium	Octet String
jobSubmissionTime	submission-time (note 6)	Integer
jobStartedProcessingTime	started-printing-time (note 6)	Integer
jobCompletionTime	completion-time (note 6)	Integer
sheetsRequested	job-media-sheet-count	Integer
jobURI	-	Octet String
jobStateReasonsN	job-state-reasons (note 2)	Integer
physicalDevice	printers-assigned	Octet String
sheetsCompleted	job-media-sheets-completed	Integer

Notes:

3. jobHoldUntil is a keyword value of the time period, while DPA job-print-after is a date/time value.
4. The Job MIB sides attribute is an integer '1' or '2' while the DPA sides attribute has one of six OID values that includes plex.
5. printerResolutionRequested has x and y resolution and is intended to override the resolution instruction in the document, if any, while the DPA default-printer-resolution is the same in x and y and only takes effect if the document does not contain a resolution instruction
6. IPP times are the number of seconds since boot time, while DPA times are a date/time.

